





Control User Guide

Digitax HD M750

Variable Speed AC drive for Servo and Induction motors

Part Number: 0478-0530-01 Issue: 1

Original Instructions

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, the English version of this manual is the Original Instructions. Manuals in other languages are Translations of the Original Instructions.

Documentation

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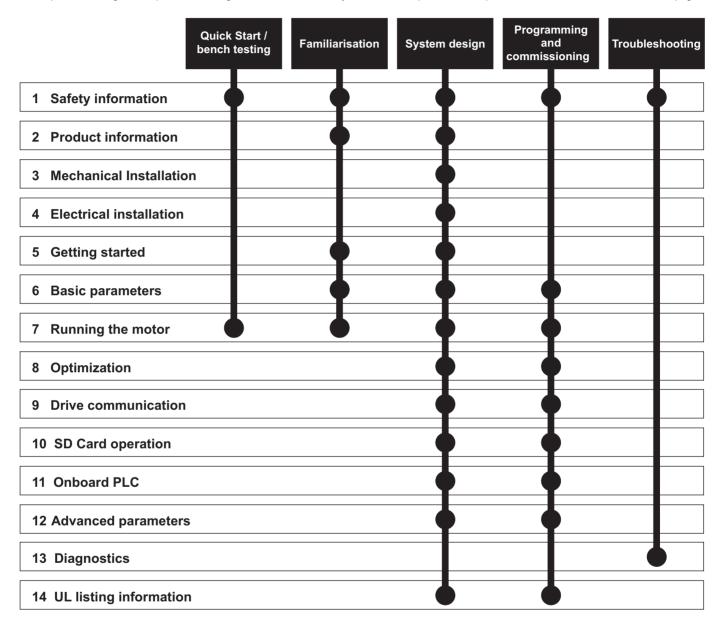
How to use this guide

This guide is intended to be used in conjunction with the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*. The *Installation and Technical Guide* gives information necessary to install the drive. This guide gives information on drive configuration, operation and optimization.

NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 Safety information contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to Contents on page 4:



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EU Declaration of Conformity

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd, The Gro, Newtown, Powys, SY16 3BE, UK.

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant European Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model number	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde
аааа	Basic series	M100, M101, M200, M201, M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, M708, M709, M750, M751, M753, M754, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

The variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4: 2007+ A1:2011	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2014	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤ 16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2013	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-3: Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public, low voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current ≤ 16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection

EN 61000-3-2:2014 Applicable where input current < 16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power ≥ 1 kW.

These products comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2011/65/EU), the Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

Jonathan Holman-White Director of Research and Development Date: 13th August 2018

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

EU Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd, The Gro, Newtown, Powys. UK. SY16 3BE

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model No.	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde							
аааа	Basic series	M600, M700, M701, M702, M708, M709, M750, M751, M753, M754, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT							
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11							
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V							
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A							
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)							

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the Safe Torque Off function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU). EC type examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TUV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

Am Grauen Stein

D-51105 Köln

Germany

Notified body identification number: 0035 The harmonized standards used are shown below: EC type-examination certificate numbers:

01/205/5270.02/17 dated 2017-08-28

EN 61800-5-2:2016	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional
EN 61800-5-1:2016 (in extracts)	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	Safety of Machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems, General principles for design
EN 62061:2005 + AC:2010 + A1:2013 + A2:2015	Safety of machinery, Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems
IEC 61508 Parts 1 - 7:2010	Functional safety of electrical/ electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

Person authorised to complete the technical file:

P Knight Conformity Engineer Newtown, Powys, UK

DoC authorised by:

Jonathan Holman-White Director of Research and Development Date: 13th August 2018

IMPORTANT NOTICE

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the design of the complete machine, including its safety-related control system, is carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Machinery Directive and any other relevant legislation. The use of a safety-related drive in itself does not ensure the safety of the machine. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters. The drive must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all relevant laws in the country where it is to be used. For more information regarding Safe Torque Off, refer to the Product Documentation.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

1 Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

1.2 Important safety information. Hazards. Competence of designers and installers

This guide applies to products which control electric motors either directly (drives) or indirectly (controllers, option modules and other auxiliary equipment and accessories). In all cases the hazards associated with powerful electrical drives are present, and all safety information relating to drives and associated equipment must be observed.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this guide.

Drives and controllers are intended as components for professional incorporation into complete systems. If installed incorrectly they may present a safety hazard. The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury. Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and competence. They must read this safety information and this guide carefully.

1.3 Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment is installed correctly with regard to all instructions given in this guide. They must give due consideration to the safety of the complete system, so as to avoid the risk of injury both in normal operation and in the event of a fault or of reasonably foreseeable misuse.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation of the equipment.

1.4 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This guide contains instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

All machinery to be supplied within the European Union in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.5 Electrical hazards

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive. Hazardous voltage may be present in any of the following locations:

- AC and DC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit.

The drive must be installed in accordance with the instructions given in this guide. Failure to observe the instructions could result in a fire hazard.

1.6 Stored electrical charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

1.7 Mechanical hazards

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive or controller which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.

1.8 Access to equipment

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.9 Environmental limits

Instructions in this guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the equipment must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. This includes temperature, humidity, contamination, shock and vibration. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

1.10 Hazardous environments

The equipment must not be installed in a hazardous environment (i.e. a potentially explosive environment).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
-----------------------	------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------	---------------------	-------------------	--------------	------------------------	----------------------	----------------	---------------------	-------------	---------------------------

1.11 Motor

The safety of the motor under variable speed conditions must be ensured.

To avoid the risk of physical injury, do not exceed the maximum specified speed of the motor.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective, causing a fire hazard. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive must not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in the Motor Rated Current parameter.

1.12 Mechanical brake control

Any brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1.13 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

1.14 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Installation instructions for a range of EMC environments are provided in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*. If the installation is poorly designed or other equipment does not comply with suitable standards for EMC, the product might cause or suffer from disturbance due to electromagnetic interaction with other equipment. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the relevant EMC legislation in the place of use.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
monnation	mormation	Installation	motanation	oldriced	purumetero	the motor		communication	operation	FLC	parametero		intornation

2 Product information

The Digitax HD M75X series is a range of high performance servo drives used as a standalone single axis or easily configured for multi-axis systems. Functionality also allows for this range of drives to be reconfigured for high performance universal AC motor control.

2.1 Introduction

Servo and Universal AC drive

This product family consists of the following variants:

- Digitax HD M750 Ethernet
- Digitax HD M751 Base
- Digitax HD M753 EtherCAT

Common features (Digitax HD M750, M751 and M753)

- Universal high performance open and closed loop control for induction, servo, permanent magnet and linear motors using Unidrive M motor control algorithms.
- Onboard IEC 61131-3 programmable automation and motion control
- · Flexibility with speed and position measurement, supporting multiple devices and all common interfaces
- SD Media Card slot for parameter copying and data storage.
- Dual channel Safe Torque Off (STO) input.
- Simplified wiring and networking for multi-axis arrangements.
- Connect support for quick start commissioning/start up (downloadable from http://www.drive-setup.com).
- · Option module connectable.

Variant description summary (Digitax HD M750, M751 and M753)

Digitax HD M750 Ethernet

- Ethernet fieldbus communications.
- Integrated 2 port Ethernet switch.

Digitax HD M751 Base

- EIA-485 serial communications interface
- · Option module support as standard for configuration and flexibility

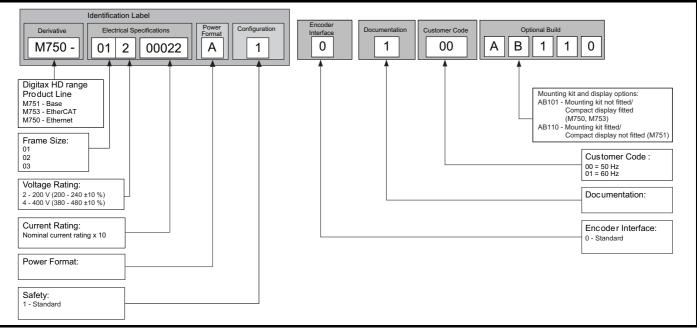
Digitax HD M753 EtherCAT

- · Onboard EtherCAT slave for centralized motion control and accurate synchronization applications.
- · 2 integrated EtherCAT ports

2.2 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the Digitax HD M75X series product range are formed is illustrated below:

Figure 2-1 Model number



Saf inform		Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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2.3 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

1. RFC - S

```
With position feedback sensor
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Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

2. Open loop mode

Open loop vector mode

Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz) Quadratic V/F mode (V/Hz)

3. RFC - A

3. KFC-A

With position feedback sensor Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

As a range of high performance servo drives, the Digitax HD M75X series are initially factory configured for RFC-S mode. The operating mode will need to be re-configured for AC induction motor control (open loop or RFC-A mode).

2.3.1 RFC-S

Rotor Flux Control for Synchronous (permanent magnet brushless) motors (RFC-S) provides closed loop control with position feedback device.

With position feedback

For use with permanent magnet brushless motors with a feedback device installed.

The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device to ensure the rotor speed is exactly as demanded.

Absolute position information is required from the feedback device to ensure the output voltage is accurately matched to the back EMF of the motor. Full torque is available across the entire speed range.

Without position feedback (Sensorless)

For permanent magnet brushless motor control without a feedback device, using current, voltages and key motor parameters for motor control.

2.3.2 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Quadratic V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

2.3.3 RFC-A mode

Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control with a position feedback device.

With position feedback

For use with induction motors with a feedback device installed. The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device to ensure the rotor speed exactly as demanded. Motor flux is accurately controlled at all times to provide full torque all the way down to zero speed.

Without position feedback (Sensorless)

Sensorless mode provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control such as operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

information installation installation started parameters the motor optimization communication Operation PLC parameters Disgression information		Product formation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
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2.4 Compatible position feedback devices

Table 2-1 Supported feedback devices

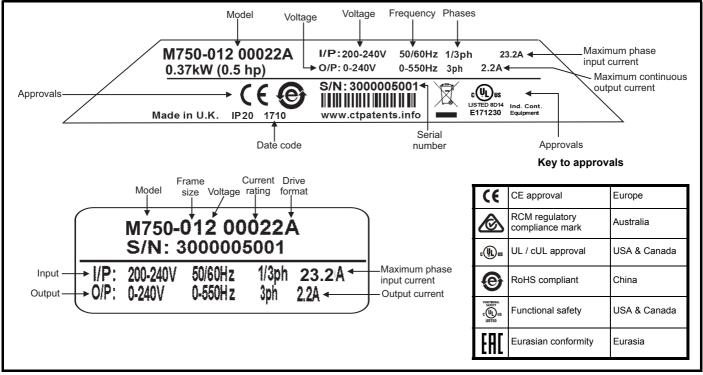
Encoder type	Pr 3.038 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (0)
Quadrature incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	AB Servo (3)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FR Servo (5)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FD Servo (4)
Sincos incremental encoders	SC (6)
Sincos incremental with commutation signals	SC Servo (12)
Heidenhain sincos encoders with EnDat comms for absolute position	SC EnDat (9)
Stegmann sincos encoders with Hiperface comms for absolute position	SC Hiperface (7)
Sincos encoders with SSI comms for absolute position	SC SSI (11)
Sincos incremental with absolute position from single sin and cosine signals	SC SC (15)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (10)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (8)
Resolver	Resolver (14)
UVW commutation only encoders*	Commutation only (16)
BiSS communication only encoders	BiSS (13)
Sincos encoders with BiSS communications	SC BiSS (17)

* This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performancee.

2.5 Nameplate description

The following labels are attached to the drive.

Figure 2-2 Typical drive rating labels



NOTE

Date code format

The date code is four numbers. The first two numbers indicate the year and the remaining numbers indicate the week of the year in which the drive was built.

Example: A date code of 1710 would correspond to week 10 of year 2017.

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters	Running the motor Optimization Drive communication	SD Card Onboard Advance Operation PLC parameter	Diagnostics
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2.6 Options

All standard option modules are color-coded in order to make identification easy. All modules have an identification label on top of the module. Standard option modules can be installed to any of the available option slots on the drive. The following tables shows the color-code key and gives further details on their function.

Table 2-2 Option module identification

Туре	Option module*	Color	Name	Further Details
		Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	PROFIBUS option PROFIBUS adapter for communications with the drive
		Medium Grey	SI-DeviceNet	DeviceNet option DeviceNet adapter for communications with the drive
	Light Grey		SI-CANopen	CANopen option CANopen adapter for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Beige	SI-Ethernet	External Ethernet module that supports EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP/IP and RTMoE. The module can be used to provide high speed drive access, global connectivity and integration with IT network technologies, such as wireless networking
		Yellow Green	SI-PROFINET V2	PROFINET V2 option PROFINET V2 adapter for communications with the drive Note: PROFINET V2 replaces PROFINET RT.
		Brown Red	SI-EtherCAT	EtherCAT option EtherCAT adapter for communications with the drive
Automation (I/O expansion)		Orange	SI-I/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations: • Digital I/O • Digital Inputs • Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) • Analog Output • Relays
Feedback		Light Brown	SI-Encoder	Incremental encoder input interface module.
Teeuback		Dark Brown	SI-Universal Encoder	Additional combined encoder input and output interface supporting Incremental, SinCos, HIPERFACE, EnDAT and SSI encoders.
		Moss Green	MCi200	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software.
Automation (Applications)		Moss Green	MCi210	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor (with Ethernet communications) 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software with Ethernet communications.
		Black	SI-Applications Compact	SyPTPro Compatible Applications Processor (with CTNet) 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software with CTNet support.

*Additional SI option mounting kit required when connecting option modules where not already fitted.

Safety information	Product Mecha nformation install		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Table 2-3		bad identification											
Туре	Keypad	Name		Further Details									
Display	• •	KI-Compact displaySingle segment display optionCompact display with single character code drive status representation, node addreadand a push button reset						e address	setting				
Keypad		Remote-Keyp RTC		Remote LCD keypad option Remote Keypad with a LCD display and a real time clock									

Table 2-4 Additional options

Туре	Option	Name	Further Details
Feedback		Encoder breakout kit (82700000020200)	Drive encoder breakout kit Provides screw terminal interface for encoder wiring.
Accessory		KI-Compact 485 adaptor (82700000020300)	KI-Compact 485 adaptor The M75X Remote Keypad Adaptor provides an EIA-485 port for permanent connection to a KI-Remote Keypad or the temporary attachment for PC tool connection
Accessory		SI-Option Mounting kit (9500-1055)	SI-Option Mounting kit When connecting SI-option modules, an additional SI-Option Mounting kit is required, when the drive is not supplied with a SI-Option Mounting kit fitted.

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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3 Mechanical installation

3.1 SI-Option module installation



Remove the AC/DC power as well as the 24 Vdc supply to the drive before installing / removing the option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

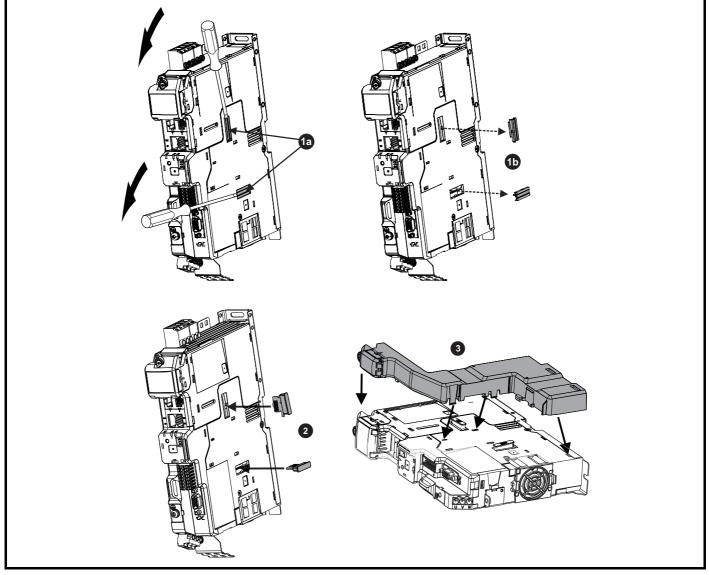


Care must be taken when handling the option module interface card to avoid contaminating the gold contacts. Gold contacts must not be touched directly, handle the interface card using the protective cover provided in the mounting kit.

When connecting SI-option modules, an additional SI-Option mounting kit is required. If the drive is not supplied with a mounting kit fitted, it can be ordered from the supplier of the drive. Refer to Table 2-4 on page 14.

For fitting instructions, refer to Figure 3-1.

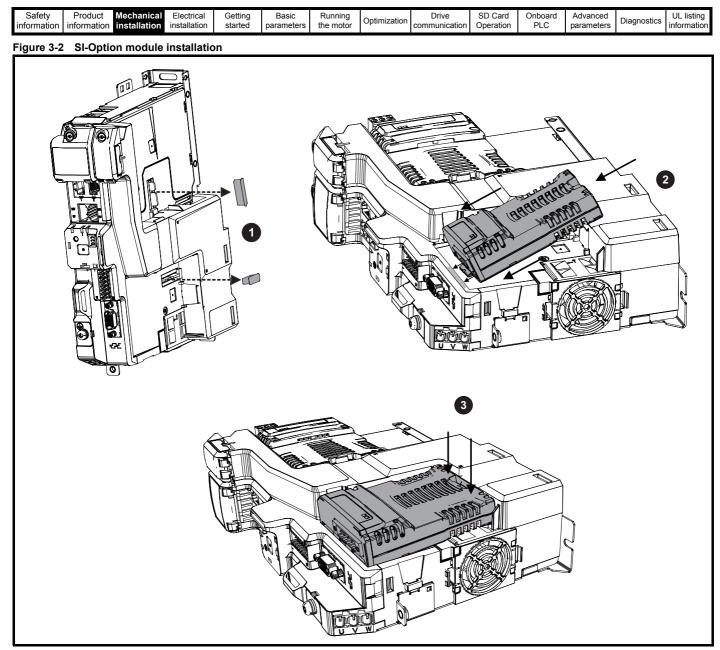
Figure 3-1 SI-Option mounting kit Installation



1a. Insert a flat head terminal screwdriver underneath the option module slot covers and prise both out in the direction shown as highlighted (**1b**).

2. Install the interface card into the option module slot (do not remove the protective cover). The interface card will remain at an angle with respect to the plastic.

3. Line up and clip the SI-option module support mounting frame to the drive in the direction shown.



- 1. Remove the protective interface card cover.
- 2. Align and insert the option module tab into the slot on the drive plastic.
- 3. Once the option module tab is located into the slot on the drive, push down at the rear of the option module until it clicks into place.

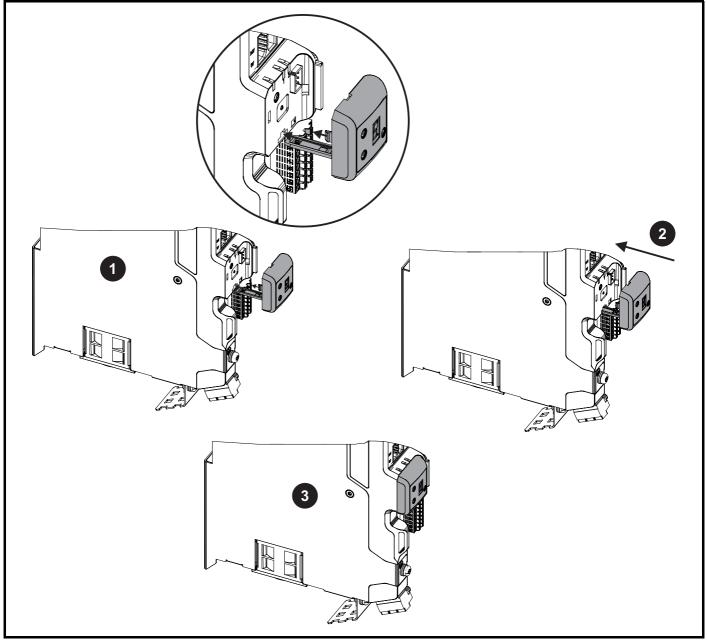
NOTE

Once fitted, the SI-option module remains at an angle with respect to the drive.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
information	iniomation	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters			communication	Operation	FLO	parameters		monnation

3.2 KI-Compact Display installation

Figure 3-3 Installing the display



1. Align display tether with slot.

2. Slide the display and tether in the direction shown.

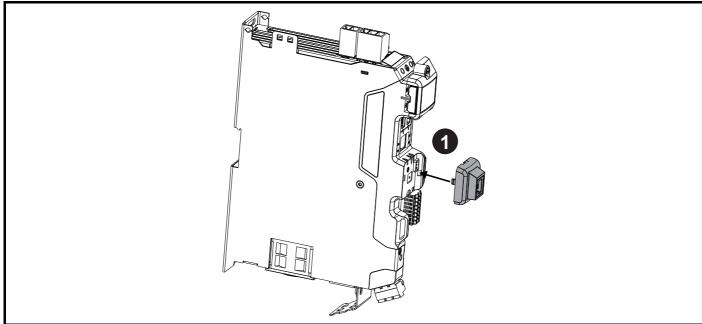
3. Push display until it clicks into position.

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimination	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discretion	UL listing
i	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

3.3 KI-Remote Keypad Adaptor installation

The M75X Remote Keypad Adaptor provides an EIA-485 port for permanent connection to a KI-Remote Keypad or the temporary attachment for PC tool connection. The KI-Remote Keypad Adaptor is available from the supplier of the drive. Refer to Table 2-4 Additional options on page 14.





1. Align the KI-Remote Keypad Adaptor to the display housing and push on until it clicks into place.

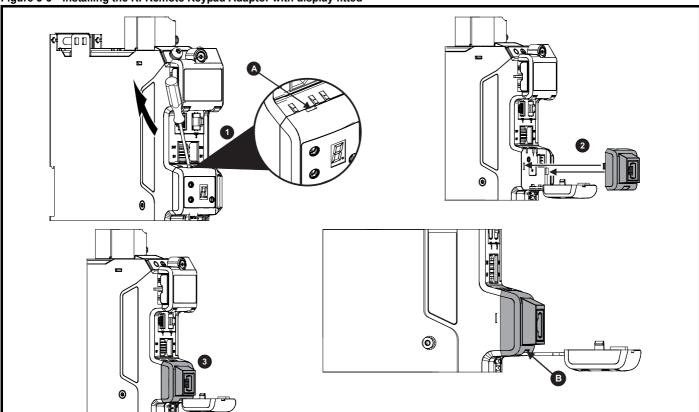


Figure 3-5 Installing the KI-Remote Keypad Adaptor with display fitted

- 1. Unclip and pull the display away from the front cover. The tether keeps the display associated to the drive and should not be removed. A small terminal screwdriver maybe required to unclip the display. A slot in the drive plastic is provided for this purpose (A).
- 2. Align the Remote Keypad Adaptor with the display housing noting the position of the notch (See view **B** above). Install the Remote Keypad Adaptor over the display tether.
- 3. Push the Remote Keypad Adaptor into the housing until it clicks into place.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

4 Electrical installation

4.1 External 24 Vdc supply



The drive will power down and reset if the external 24 Vdc is removed.

An external 24 Vdc supply is required to power all the low voltage circuits within the drive.

The cable length between the 24 Vdc power supply and the drive should not exceed 10 m.

The 0V connection of the external 24 Vdc power supply should be connected to the same ground connection as the drive. Where this is not possible the 0V connection of the 24 Vdc power supply should be floating.

The working voltage range of the drive 24 V power circuit is as follows:

Table 4-1 Working voltage range of the 24 Vdc supply

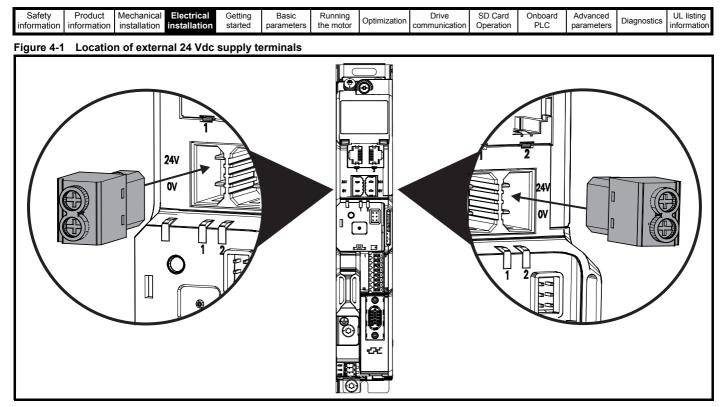
1	0V common							
2	+24 Vdc							
All fram	e sizes							
Nominal operating voltage 24.0 Vdc								
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	20.4 V						
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	28.8 V						
Minimur	n start up voltage	20.4 V						
Maximum fuse rating 30 A								

Table 4-2 24 Vdc typical input current and power requirements

Model / Option / Feature	Frame size	Typical input current (mA) @ 24 V	Typical input power (W)
Digitax HD M75X drive module	1, 2	894	21.5
Digital FID W/ 3A drive module	3	1039	25
SI-option module	Per module	450	11
High current brake output	All	1200	28.8
KI-Compact display	All	10	0.24
KI-Remote LCD keypad	All	73	1.75

NOTE

During start up of the external 24 Vdc supply, allow for an additional 1 A for 300 ms.



NOTE

The 24 Vdc supply connector has been designed to allow wiring from either the left or right hand side of the drive. The same plug should be used but attention is required to the polarity of the wiring. If it is reversed, the drive will not power up but will not be damaged.

For stand alone drives connection to either terminal is permissible.

4.2 Low voltage operation

The drive is able to operate from a low voltage DC supply with a range from 24 Vdc to the maximum DC volts. It is possible for the drive to go from operating on a normal line power supply voltage to operating on a much lower supply voltage without interruption.

Going from low voltage operation to normal mains operation requires the inrush current to be controlled. This may be provided externally. If not, the drive supply can be interrupted to utilise the normal soft starting method in the drive.

To fully exploit the new low voltage mode of operation, the under voltage trip level is now user programmable. For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

The working voltage range of the low voltage DC power supply is as follows:

Minimum continuous operating voltage:	26 Vdc
Minimum start up voltage:	32 Vdc
Maximum over voltage trip threshold:	230 Vac drives: 415 Vdc
	400 Vac drives: 830 Vdc

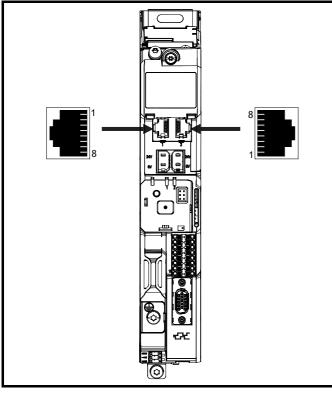
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4.3 Communication connections

The Digitax HD M750 drive offers Ethernet fieldbus communications. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if required.

Care must be taken to ensure the correct interface is fitted before a connection is made to the interface, failure to ensure this may result in damage to the interface and/or communication device.

Figure 4-2 Location of the comms connectors



The M750 provides two RJ45 connections with an Ethernet switch for easy network creation.

Standard UTP (unshielded twisted pair) or STP (shielded twisted pair) cables are supported. It is recommended that a minimum specification CAT5e is used in new installations. As the drive supports the 'Auto cross-over detection' a cross-over cable is not required.

The shell of the RJ45 connector is capacitively coupled to ground.

Table 4-3 Ethernet port pin-outs

Pin	Description
1	Transmit +
2	Transmit -
3	Receive +
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	Receive -
7	Not used
8	Not used

4.4 Control connections

4.4.1 Digitax HD M75X control connections

Table 4-4 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Differential analog input	1	Offset, invert, scaling	9, 10
Digital input	2	Destination, invert, logic select	11, 13
Digital output	2	Source, invert, logic select	14, 16
Drive enable (Safe Torque Off)	2		2, 6
+24 V User output	1	Source, invert	12
0V common	7		1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 15

Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7. All digital terminal functions can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



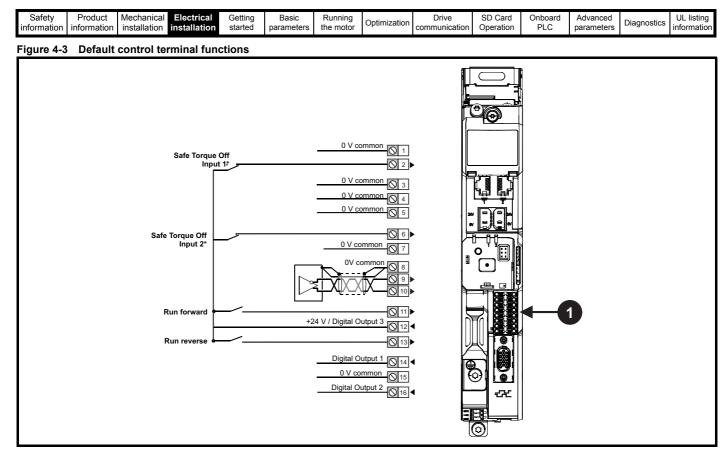
If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor or motor brake) then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.

NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

NOTE

The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by reinforced insulation.



1. Polarized signal connections.

* The Safe Torque Off / Drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only

4.4.2 *Digitax HD M75X* control terminal specification

1	0V common	
3	0V common	
4	0V common	
5	0V common	
7	0V common	
8	0V common	
15	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices. Internally connected to ground.

2	Safe Torque Off function input 1 (drive enable)							
6	Safe Torque Off function input 2 (drive enable)							
Туре		Positive logic only digital input						
Voltage	range	0V to +24 V						
Absolut voltage	e maximum applied	30 V						
Logic T	nreshold	10 V ±5 V						
	te maximum voltage for to SIL3 and PL e	5 V						
Impeda	nce	> 4 mA @15 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1, 3.3 kΩ)						
	te maximum current for to SIL3 and PL e	< 0.5 mA						
Respon	se time	Nominal: 8 ms Maximum: 20 ms						
The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, these terminals are used for enabling the drive.								

Refer to section 4.6 *Safe Torque Off (STO)* on page 29 for further information.

- 1														
	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information

Analo	Analog input				
9	Inverting input				
10	Non-inverting input				
Defau	It function	Frequency/speed reference			
Type of	input	Bipolar differential analog voltage			
Mode c	ontrolled by:	Pr 07.007			
Opera	ting in Voltage mode	·			
Full sca	ale voltage range	±10 V ±2 %			
Maximu	um offset	±10 mV			
Absolut voltage	e maximum range	±36 V relative to 0V			
Absolut input vo	te maximum differential bltage	±36 V			
Working range	g common mode voltage	±13 V relative to 0V			
Input re	esistance	≥100 kΩ			
Monoto	nic	Yes (including 0V)			
Dead b	and	None (including 0V)			
Jumps		None (including 0V)			
Maximu	um offset	20 mV			
Maximu	um non linearity	0.3 % of input			
Maximu	um gain asymmetry	0.5 %			
Input filter bandwidth single pole		~3 kHz			
Resolut	tion	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)			
Sample	e / update period	250 μs with destinations Pr 01.036 , Pr 01.037 , Pr 03.022 or Pr 04.008 in RFC-A and RFC-S modes. 4 ms for open loop mode and all other destinations in RFC-A or RFC-S modes.			

11 Digital Input 4	Digital Input 4					
13 Digital Input 5						
Terminal 11 default function	RUN FORWARD input					
Terminal 13 default function	RUN REVERSE input					
Туре	Negative or positive logic digital inputs					
Voltage range	0V to +24 V					
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V					
Impedance	> 2 mA @15 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1)					
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1)					
Sample / Update period	250 µs when configured as an input with destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036. 600 µs when configured as an input with destination Pr 06.029. 2 ms in all other cases.					

12	+24 V user output / Digital Output 3 (selectable)						
Termin	al 12 default function	+24 V user output					
Program	mability	Can be switched on or off to act as a third digital output (positive logic only) by setting the source Pr 08.028 and source invert Pr 08.018					
Nominal	output current	100 mA					
Maximur	m output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including DO1)					
Protectio	on	Current limit and trip					
Sample	/ update period	2 ms when configured as an output (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter if slower).					

14 Digital Output 1			
Terminal 14 default function	n AT ZERO SPEED output		
Туре	Positive logic voltage source outputs		
Operating as an output			
Nominal maximum output current	100 mA		
Maximum output current	200 mA (combined with +24 V user output/ DO3)		
Voltage range	0V to +24 V		
Sample / Update period	2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter		

16	Digital Output 2	
Termin	nal 16 default function	High current motor brake output
Туре		Positive logic voltage source outputs
Operat	ting as an output	
Nomina	I output current	1 A (1.3 A max)
Voltage	range	0V to +24 V
Sample	/ Update period	2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter

4.5 Position feedback connections

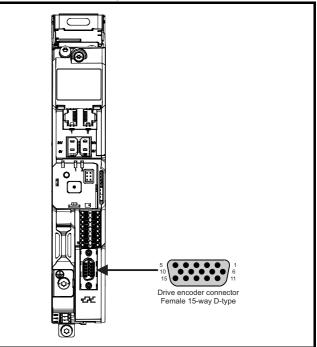
The following functions are provided via the 15-way high density D-type connector on the drive:

- Two position feedback interfaces (P1 and P2).
- One encoder simulation output.
- Two freeze trigger inputs (marker inputs).
- One thermistor input.

The P1 position interface is always available but the availability of the P2 position interface and the encoder simulation output depends on the position feedback device used on the P1 position interface, as shown in Table 4-7.

4.5.1 Location of position feedback connector

Figure 4-4 Location of the position feedback



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4.5.2 Compatible position feedback devices

Table 4-5 Supported feedback devices on the P1 position interface

Encoder type	Pr 03.038 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (0)
Quadrature incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	AB Servo (3)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FR Servo (5)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FD Servo (4)
Sincos incremental encoders	SC (6)
Sincos incremental with commutation signals	SC Servo (12)
Heidenhain sincos encoders with EnDat comms for absolute position	SC EnDat (9)
Stegmann sincos encoders with Hiperface comms for absolute position	SC Hiperface (7)
Sincos encoders with SSI comms for absolute position	SC SSI (11)
Sincos incremental with absolute position from single sin and cosine signals	SC SC (15)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (10)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (8)
Resolver	Resolver (14)
UVW commutation only encoders*	Commutation only (16)
BiSS communication only encoders	BiSS (13)
Sincos encoders with BiSS communications	SC BiSS (17)

* This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performance

Table 4-6 Supported feedback devices on the P2 position interface

Encoder type	Pr 03.138 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (3)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (4)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (5)
BiSS communication only encoders	BiSS (6)

Table 4-7 shows the possible combinations of position feedback device types connected to the P1 and P2 position interfaces and the availability of the encoder simulation output.

Table 4-7 Availability of the P2 position feedback interface and the encoder simulation output

	Functions	
P1 Position feedback interface	P2 Position feedback interface	Encoder Simulation Output
AB Servo FD Servo FR Servo SC Servo SC SC Commutation only	None	None
AB FD FR	AB, FD, FR EnDat, SSI, BiSS	None
SC Resolver SC Hiperface	None	Full
SC EnDat SC SSI SC BISS	AB, FD, FR (No Z marker pulse input) EnDat, SSI (with freeze input), BiSS	None
30 003	None	No Z marker pulse output
EnDat SSI	AB, FD, FR EnDat, SSI (with freeze input), BISS	None
BiSS	None	Full
2.00	EnDat, SSI, BiSS	No Z marker pulse output

The priority of the position feedback interfaces and the encoder simulation output on the 15-way D-type is assigned in the following order from the highest priority to the lowest.

- P1 position interface (highest)
- Encoder simulation output
- P2 position interface (lowest)

For example, if an AB Servo type position feedback device is selected for use on the P1 position interface, then both the encoder simulation output and the P2 position interface will not be available as this device uses all connections of the 15-way D-type connector. Also, if an AB type position feedback device is selected for use on the P1 position interface and Pr 03.085 is set to a valid source for the encoder simulation output, then the P2 position interface will not be available.

Depending on the device type used on the P1 position interface, the encoder simulation output may not be able support a marker pulse output (e.g. SC EnDat or SC SSI device types). Pr **03.086** shows the status of the encoder simulation output indicating whether the output is disabled, no marker pulse is available or full encoder simulation is available.

NOTE

When using the P1 and P2 position interfaces and the encoder simulation output together, the P2 position interface uses alternative connections on the 15-way D-type connector. Pr **03.172** shows the status of the P2 position interface and indicates if alternative connections are being used for the P2 position interface.

Safety informati	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4.5.3 Position feedback connection details

Table 4-8 P1 Position feedback connection details

P1 Position feedback						C	onnec	tions							
interface Pr 03.038	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
AB (0)	А	A\	В	B\	Z	Z١									
FD (1)	F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z١									
FR (2)	F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z١									
AB Servo (3)	А	A\	В	B\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	٧١	W	W\			
FD Servo (4)	F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V	W	W\			
FR Servo (5)	F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V	W	W\			
SC (6)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z١									
SC Hiperface (7)	Cos	Cosref	Sin	Sinref	DATA	DATA\									
EnDat (8)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\									
SC EnDat (9)	А	A\	В	B\	DATA	DATA\					CLK	CLK\	+V	0V	Th
SSI (10)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\									
SC SSI (11)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	DATA	DATA\					CLK	CLK\			
SC Servo (12)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V	W	W\			
BiSS (13)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\									
Resolver (14)	Cos H	Cos L	Sin H	Sin L	Ref H	Ref L									
SC SC (15)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z١	C* ¹	C* ¹	D* ²	D* ²	Freeze2	Freeze2\			
Commutation Only (16)							U	U\	V	V	W	W\			
SC BiSS (17)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	DATA	DATA\					CLK	CLK\			

*1 - One cosine wave per revolution

*2 - One sine wave per revolution

Greyed cells are for P2 position feedback connections or simulated encoder outputs.

NOTE

Freeze and Freeze\ on terminals 5 and 6 are for Freeze input 1. Freeze2 and Freeze2\ on terminals 11 and 12 are for Freeze input 2.

Safety Product information			Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	s UL listing information
Table 4-9 P2 Pos	sition feedback	and encoder s	imulation	output co	nnection de	tails					
P1 Position feedback	P2 Position feedback	Encoder				Con	nections				
interface Pr 03.038	interface Pr 03.138	Simulation Output	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12
	AB (1)				А	A\	В		B\	Z	Z١
	FD (2)				F	F١	D		D\	Z	Z١
AB (0)	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F\	R		R\	Z	Z١
FD (1) FR (2) SC (6)	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CL	k d		Freeze2	Freeze2\
SC Hiperface (7) Resolver (14)		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsi	m E	Bsim∖	Zsim	Zsim\
Resolver (14)	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsi	m D)sim\	Zsim	Zsim\
	None (0)	FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsi	m F	Rsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim	\ CLK	sim CL	.Ksim\		
	AB (1)				А	A١	В		B\		
	FD (2)				F	F\	D		D\		
	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F١	R		R\		
SC EnDat (9) SC SSI (11)	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CL	K C	CLK\		
SC BiSS (17)		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsi	m E	Bsim\		
	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsi	m D)sim\		
		FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsi	m F	Rsim\		
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim	\ CLK	sim CL	.Ksim\		
	AB (1)				А	A\	В		B\	Z	Z١
	FD (2)				F	F\	D		D\	Z	Z١
	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F\	R		R\	Z	Z١
EnDat (8) SSI (10)	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CL	k d		Freeze2	Freeze2\
BiSS (13)		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsi	n E	Bsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsi	m C)sim\	Zsim	Zsim\
	None (0)	FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsi	m F	Rsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim	\ CLK	sim CL	.Ksim\		
EnDat (8)		AB	DATA	DATA\	Asim	Asim\	Bsi	m B	sim\	CLK	CLK\
SSI (10)	EnDat (4)	FD	DATA	DATA\	Fsim	Fsim\	Dsi	m C)sim\	CLK	CLK\
BiSS (13) (with no Freeze	SSI (5) BiSS (6)	FR	DATA	DATA\	Fsim	Fsim\	Rsi	m F	Rsim\	CLK	CLK\
inputs)		SSI	DATA	DATA\	DATAsim	DATAsim	\ CLK	sim CL	.Ksim\	CLK	CLK\

 $^{\ast 1}$ The encoder simulation output is disabled when Pr 03.085 is set to zero.

NOTE

The termination resistors are always enabled on the P2 position interface. Wire break detection is not available when using AB, FD or FR position feedback device types on the P2 position interface.

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Blaghootioo	information

4.5.4 Position feedback terminal specifications

A,F, Cosref, Data, Cos H	
2 AF\ Cosref Data Cos L	
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD S	ervo(4), FR Servo (5)
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	500 kHz
Line loading	< 2 unit loads
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	-7 V to +12 V
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC SSI SC SC (15), SC BISS (17)	(11), SC Servo (12),
Туре	Differential voltage
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-10.
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V
Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-10 shows the information at different frequencies and with differ encoder port.	number of bits of interpolated
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)	
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V
Resolver (14)	
Туре	2 Vrms sinusoidal signal
Operating Frequency	6 - 8 kHz
Input voltage	0.6 Vrms
Minimum impedance	85 Ω
Common to All	
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V
Maximum differential voltage between terminals (with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V

NOTE

The position feedback input will accept 5 V TTL differential signals.

8 B, D, R Sinref, Clock, Sin H	
4 B D R Sinref Clock Sin L	
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD S	ervo(4), FR Servo (5)
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	500 kHz
Line loading	< 2 unit loads
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	-7 V to +12 V
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC SSI SC SC (15), SC BiSS (17)	(11), SC Servo (12),
Туре	Differential voltage
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-10.
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V
Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-10 shows the information at different frequencies and with differ encoder port.	number of bits of interpolated
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)	
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	-7 V to +12 V
Resolver (14)	
Туре	2 Vrms sinusoidal signal
Operating Frequency	6 – 8 kHz
Input voltage	0.6 Vrms
Minimum impedance	85 Ω
Common to All	
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V
Maximum differential voltage between terminals (with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V

							-				-	-	
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					-						-		

5 Z, Data, Freeze, Ref H	
6 Z Data Freeze Ref L	
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD Servo	o(4), FR Servo (5), SC SC (15)
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz
Line loading	< 2 unit loads
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC SSI (1 SC BiSS (17)	11), SC Servo (12),
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V
EnDat (8), SSI (10)	
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V
Resolver (14)	
Туре	Differential voltage
Nominal voltage	0 – 2 Vrms depending on turns ratio
Operating frequency	6 - 8 KHz
Minimum impedance	85 Ω
Common to All	
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V
Maximum differential voltage between terminals (with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V

7 U, C, Not used, Not used									
8 U C Not used, Not used									
AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC Servo (12)									
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers								
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz								
Line loading	1 unit load								
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)								
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V								
SC SC (15)									
Туре	Differential voltage								
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)								
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-10.								
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V								
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)									
Not used									
Resolver (14)									
Not used									
Common to All									
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V								
Maximum differential voltage between terminals (with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V								

9 V, D, Not used, Not used										
10 V D Not used, Not used										
AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC Servo (12)										
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers									
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz									
Line loading	1 unit load									
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)									
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V									
SC SC (15)										
Туре	Differential voltage									
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)									
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-10.									
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V									
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)										
Not used										
Resolver (14)										
Not used										
Common to All										
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V									
Maximum differential voltage between terminals (with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					-				-		-		

W, Clock, Not used, Not used									
12 W Clock Not used, Not used									
AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC Servo (12)									
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers								
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz								
Line loading	1 unit load								
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)								
Working common mode range	-7 V to +12 V								
SC EnDat (9), SC SSI (11)									
Туре	Differential voltage								
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)								
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-10.								
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V								
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)									
Not used									
Resolver (14)									
Not used									
Common to All									
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V								
Maximum differential voltage between terminals (with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V								

Common to all Feedback types

13	Feedback device supply	
Supply	y voltage	5.15 V ±2 %, 8 V ±5 % or 15 V ± 5 %
Maxim	num output current	300 mA for 5 V and 8 V 200 mA for 15 V

The voltage on Terminal 13 is controlled by Pr **03.036**. The default for this parameter is 5 V (0) but this can be set to 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). Setting the encoder voltage too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. The termination resistors should be disabled if the outputs from the encoder are higher than 5 V.

14	0V Common
15	Motor thermistor input

Thermistor type is selected in P1 Thermistor Type (03.118).

Sincos encoder resolution

The sine wave frequency can be up to 500 kHz but the resolution is reduced at high frequency. Table 4-10 shows the number of bits of interpolated information at different frequencies and with different voltage levels at the drive encoder port. The total resolution in bits per revolution is the ELPR plus the number of bits of interpolated information. Although it is possible to obtain 11 bits of interpolation information, the nominal design value is 10 bits.

Table 4-10 Feedback resolution based on frequency and voltage level

Volt/Freq	1 kHz	5 kHz	50 kHz	100 kHz	200 kHz	500 kHz
1.2	11	11	10	10	9	8
1.0	11	11	10	9	9	7
0.8	10	10	10	9	8	7
0.6	10	10	9	9	8	7
0.4	9	9	9	8	7	6

4.6 Safe Torque Off (STO)

The Safe Torque Off function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when the STO input is in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor) is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The Safe Torque Off function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behaviour of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

Note on the use of servo motors, other permanent-magnet motors, reluctance motors and salient-pole induction motors:

When the drive is disabled through Safe Torque Off, a possible (although highly unlikely) failure mode is for two power devices in the inverter circuit to conduct incorrectly.

This fault cannot produce a steady rotating torque in any AC motor. It produces no torque in a conventional induction motor with a cage rotor.

If the rotor has permanent magnets and/or saliency, then a transient alignment torque may occur. The motor may briefly try to rotate by up to 180° electrical, for a permanent magnet motor, or 90° electrical, for a salient pole induction motor or reluctance motor. This possible failure mode must be allowed for in the machine design.

The Safe Torque Off function is fail-safe, so when the Safe Torque Off input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. Safe Torque Off is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
-----------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------	---------------------	-------------------	--------------	---------------------	----------------------	----------------	---------------------	-------------	---------------------------

Machinery Applications

The Safe Torque Off function is suitable for use as a safety component of a machine:

Safety Parameters

According to IEC 61508-1 to 7 / EN 61800-5-2 / EN 62061

Туре	Value	Percentage of SIL 3 allowance					
Proof test interval	20 years						
High demand or a continuous mode of operation							
PFH (1/h)	4.21 x 10 ⁻¹¹ 1/h	<1 %					
Low demand mode of operation (not EN 61800-5-2)							
PFDavg	3.68 x 10 ⁻⁶	< 1 %					

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value	Classification
Category	4	
Performance Level (PL)	е	
MTTF _D (STO1)	>2500 years	High
MTTF _D (STO2)	>2500 years	High
MTTFD (Single channel STO)	>2500 years	High
DC _{avg}	≥99 %	High
Mission time	20 years	

NOTE

Logic levels comply with IEC 61131-2:2007 for type 1 digital inputs rated at 24 V. Maximum level for logic low to achieve SIL3 and PL e 5 V and 0.5 mA.

Two-channel Safe Torque Off

The Digitax HD M75X series has dual channel Safe Torque Off.

The dual channel STO has two fully independent channels.

Each input meets the requirements of the standards as defined above.

If either or both inputs are set at a logic low state, there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven.

It is not necessary to use both channels to meet the requirements of the standards. The purpose of the two channels is to allow connection to machine safety systems where two channels are required, and to facilitate protection against wiring faults.

For example, if each channel is connected to a safety-related digital output of a safety related controller, computer or PLC, then on detection of a fault in one output the drive can still be disabled safely through the other output.

Under these conditions, there are no single wiring faults which can cause a loss of the safety function, i.e. inadvertent enabling of the drive.

In the event that the two-channel operation is not required, the two inputs can be connected together to form a single Safe Torque Off input.

One-channel Safe Torque Off (Including Two- channel Safe Torque off with the inputs connected together).

In a single channel Safe torque Off application there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven. Therefore it is not necessary to have a second channel to interrupt the power connection, nor a fault detection circuit.

It is important to note that a single short-circuit from the Safe Torque Off input to a DC supply of > 5V could cause the drive to be enabled.

This might occur through a fault in the wiring. This can be excluded according to EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

• By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure.

or

By providing the wiring with a grounded (0V of the Drive) shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.

Note on response time of Safe Torque Off, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs:

Safe Torque Off has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.



Safe Torque Off inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and Safe Torque Off in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.



Safe Torque Off does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of Safe Torque Off. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0 V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the Safe Torque Off circuit be provided with a dedicated 0 V conductor which should be connected to either terminals 1, 3,

Safe Torque Off over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the Safe Torque Off function, for example for maintenance purposes.

Lift (Elevator) Applications

The Safe Torque Off function is suitable for use as a safety component in lift (elevator) applications:

The Safe Torque Off function can be used to eliminate

4, 5, 7 or 15 at the drive.

electromechanical contactors, including special safety contactors, which would otherwise be required for safety applications.

For further information, contact the supplier of the drive.

Safety Produ	t Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information informat	on installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

5 Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

5.1 Display and Keypad operation

The drive can be directly fitted with a KI-Compact Display. Or

A Remote-Keypad RTC connected to the drive via a KI-Remote keypad adaptor.

5.1.1 KI-Compact Display

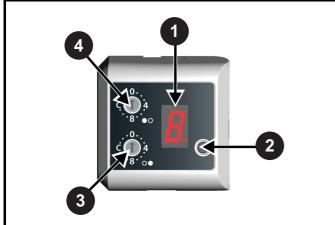
The M75X display provides the following features:

- Displays drive status information.
- Allows the drive to be identified with a unique IP address configured via dials on the front of the display.
- A push button to reset drive trips.

If not already fitted, the display can be ordered from the supplier of the drive. Refer to Table 2-3 *Display / Keypad identification* on page 14.

5.1.2 Drive state representation

Figure 5-1 KI-Compact Display



- 1. Single Character display.
- 2. Reset switch.
- 3. Rotary dial for station alias setting (least significant).
- 4. Rotary dial for station alias setting (Most significant).

The display provides the following drive status information:

A single character code is used to indicate non tripped drive states as a non flashing display, refer to Table 5-1 for further information.

Table 5-1 Single character status indication codes (non tripped drive state)

Display character	Drive status	Description	Drive output stage
n	Non flashing (RED)	Inhibit state	Disabled
	Flashing (RED)	Communications to drive lost for > 10 seconds	N/A
/	Non flashing (RED)	Ready state	Disabled
7	Non flashing (RED)	Under the following status indicators: Stop Scan Run Supply Loss Deceleration DC injection Position Active Heat Phasing	Enabled
	Non flashing (RED)	Under voltage	Disabled

The decimal point on the display is used to alert the user to either of two situations:

- The SD card is being accessed.
 The decimal point on the display will be illuminated constantly whenever the drive is accessing the SD card.
- The drive has an active alarm.
 The decimal point will flash if the drive has an active alarm.

5.1.3 IP Address configuration

When a Digitax HD M750 is fitted with a KI-Compact Display the two rotary dials on the display allow the final octet (host component) of the IP address to be configured when set to a non zero value and a 24 bit subnet (255.255.255.0), see Table 5-2.

Table 5-2 Address components

Address class	IP Address	Subnet component	Host
С	W.X.Y.Z	w.x.y	Z

The final octet of the IP address configured using the KI-Compact Display is an 8 bit value (decimal 1 to 255). The most significant nibble is set by adjusting the top dial and the least significant nibble is set by the bottom dial (see Figure 5-1 *KI-Compact Display*).

Dial settings and equivalent decimal values are shown in Table 5-3.

		-	-										
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Table 5-3 Dial settings and equivalent decimal value

Most signif	icant nibble	Least signif	ficant nibble
Dial setting	Decimal value	Dial setting	Decimal value
1	16	1	1
2	32	2	2
3	48	3	3
4	64	4	4
5	80	5	5
6	96	6	6
7	112	7	7
8	128	8	8
9	144	9	9
А	160	A	10
В	176	В	11
С	192	С	12
D	208	D	13
E	224	E	14
F	240	F	15

The final octet of the IP address will be set to the sum of the most significant nibble and the least significant nibble (in decimal).

As the dials are adjusted each setting is shown on the display. Once the dials are set to the desired configurations the display will confirm the dial settings in hexadecimal followed by the final octet of the IP address in decimal, dial settings and IP address settings are separated with a hyphen (-).

Once the desired dial configurations have been set, the KI-Compact Display will transfer the value to Pr **11.017** *Keypad defined node address* and if the value is not zero Pr **3.00.010** *Active IP Address* is updated with the chosen address.

The drive will use Pr **3.00.006** *IP* Address as the source for the IP address when the dial setting is a zero value. Any non zero rotary dial setting will result in Pr **3.00.006** *IP* Address being ignored and Pr **3.00.010** Active IP Address becoming the chosen address.

Example:

To set a node address of 55 via the display, with reference to Table 5-3, set the most significant dial to 3 (decimal 48) and the least significant dial to 7 (decimal 7).

NOTE

The IP address setting can be configured from the rotary dials of the KI-Compact Display with no power applied to the drive (with the exception of a zero value setting). Non zero configured settings will be transferred to the drive on the next power up.

NOTE

The KI-Compact Display can be installed/removed while the drive is powered. A delay of 10 seconds should be maintained following power up or following a node address dial adjustment before the KI-Compact Display can be removed from the drive, to ensure correct transfer of IP address configuration data.

NOTE

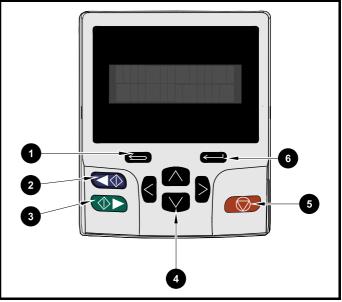
The rotary dials have no effect when the Profinet interface is enabled (Pr **3.02.018** = ProfiNet).

5.1.4 KI-Remote Keypad RTC

The KI-Remote Keypad RTC display consists of two rows of text. The upper row shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being viewed. The lower row of the display line shows the parameter value or the specific trip type. The last two characters on the first row may display special indications. If more than one of these indications is active then the indications are prioritized as shown in Table 5-5.

When the drive is powered up the lower row will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-Up* (11.022).

Figure 5-2 KI-Remote Keypad RTC



- 1. Escape button
- 2. Start reverse (Auxiliary button)
- 3. Start forward
- 4. Navigation keys (x4)
- 5. Stop / Reset (red) button
- 6. Enter button

NOTE

The red stop obtition is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed in the lower row of the keypad display, see table below.

Table 5-4 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value
IP Address	127.000.000.000
MAC Address	01ABCDEF2345
Time	12:34:56
Date	31-12-11 or 12-31-11
Version number	01.02.02.00
Character	ABCD
32 bit number with decimal point	21474836.47
16 bit binary number	0100001011100101
Text	M600
Number	1.5 Hz

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listina
the family of the second	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
					1 · · · · · ·				- p	-	P		

Table 5-5 Active action icon

Active action icon	Description	Row (1=top)	Priority in row
0	Accessing non-volatile media card	1	1
¥	Alarm active	1	2
Û	Keypad real-time clock battery low	1	3
₿°∂	Drive security active and locked or unlocked	1	4
Π	Motor map 2 active	2	1
44	User program running	3	1
4	Keypad reference active	4	1
\$	No entry - read only parameter cannot be edited	1	1

5.2 KI-Remote Keypad operation

5.2.1 Control buttons

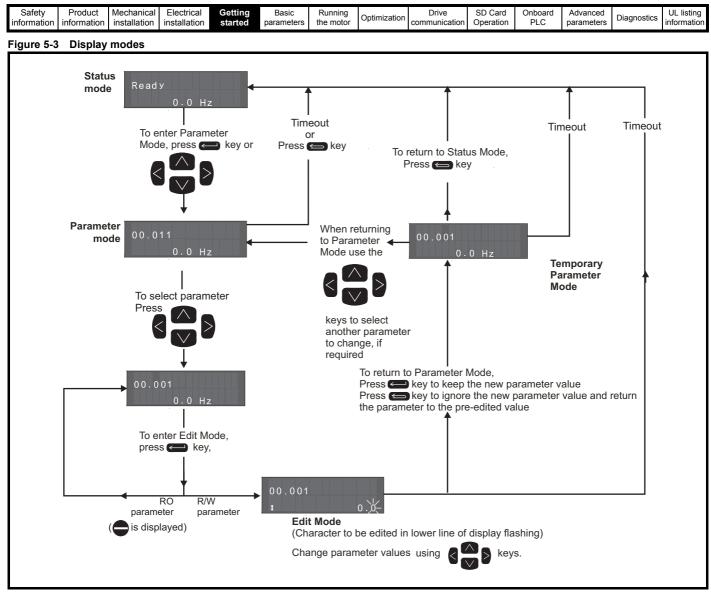
The keypad consists of:

- Navigation Keys Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter / Mode button Used to toggle between parameter edit and view mode.
- Escape / Exit button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the exit button pressed the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Start forward button Use to provide a 'Run' command if keypad mode is selected.
- Start reverse button Used to control the drive if keypad mode is selected and the reverse button is activated. If *Enable Auxiliary Key* (06.013) = 1, then the keypad reference is toggled between run forward and run reverse each time the button is pressed. If *Enable Auxiliary Key* (06.013) = 2, then the button functions as a run reverse key.
- Stop / Reset button Used to reset the drive. In keypad mode can be used for 'Stop'.

NOTE

Low battery voltage is indicated by 📋 low battery symbol on the keypad display.

Figure 5-3 overleaf shows an example on moving between menus and editing parameters.



NOTE

The navigation keys can only be used to move between menus if Pr **00.049** has been set to show 'All Menus'. Refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 38.

5.2.2 Quick access mode

The quick access mode allows direct access to any parameter without scrolling through menus and parameters.

To enter the quick access mode, press and hold the Enter button on the keypad while in 'parameter mode'.

Figure 5-4 Quick access mode



5.2.3 KI-Remote Keypad shortcuts

In 'parameter mode':

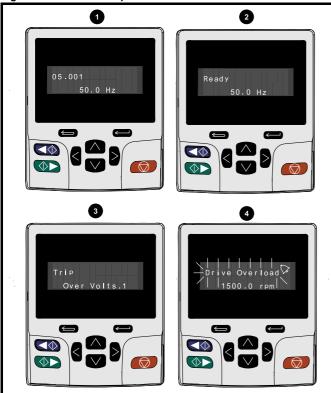
- If the up and down keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the start of the parameter menu being viewed, i.e. Pr 05.005 being viewed, when the above buttons pressed together will jump to Pr 05.000.
- If the left and right keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the last viewed parameter in Menu 0.

In 'parameter edit mode':

- If the up and down vert keypad buttons are pressed together, then the parameter value of the parameter being edited will be set to 0.
- If the left and right keypad buttons are pressed together, the least significant digit (furthest right) will be selected on the keypad display for editing.

Safety information	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	-	information

Figure 5-5 Mode examples



1. Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only 2. Status mode: Drive OK status

2. Status mode: Drive OK status

If the drive is ok and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the upper row of the display will show one of the following:

• 'Inhibit', 'Ready' or 'Run'.

3. Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the upper row of the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the lower row of the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes. refer to Table 13-4 *Trip indications* on page 220.

4. Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the upper row of the display flashes between the drive status (Inhibit, Ready or Run, depending on what is displayed) and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

NOTE

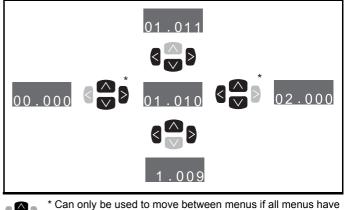
For new parameter-values to apply after the line power supply to the drive is interrupted, new values must be saved. Refer to section 5.7 *KI-Remote Keypad saving parameters* on page 38.

5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr **00.049** has been set to 'All Menus' the left and right buttons are used to navigate between menus. For further information, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 38.

Figure 5-6 Parameter navigation



been enabled (Pr **00.049**). Refer to section 5.9 *Parameter* access level and security on page 38.

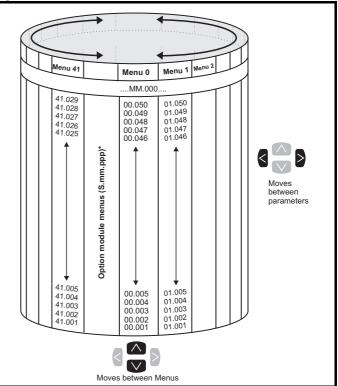
The menus and parameters roll over in both directions.

i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

Figure 5-7 Menu structure

 $\overline{\nabla}$



* The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and the parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

information installation installation istallation started parameters the motor optimization Opti	Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	_	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
--	--------------------	--	-------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------	--	-------------------	--------------	---------------------	---	----------------	---------------------	-------------	---------------------------

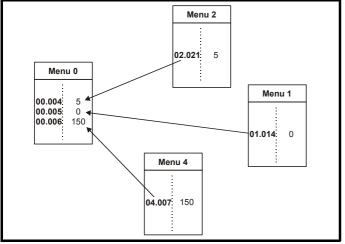
5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 Basic parameters on page 41.

Figure 5-8 Menu 0 copying



5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 41 can be viewed on the Remote Keypad RTC.

The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

Table 5-6	Advanced menu	descriptions
-----------	---------------	--------------

_
Description
Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
programming
Frequency / Speed reference
Ramps
Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control
Torque and current control
Motor control
Sequencer and clock
Analog I/O
Digital I/O
Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and
scope
Status and trips
Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
Threshold detectors and variable selectors
Standard motion control
User PID controller
Option module slot 1 set-up menu
Option module slot 2 set-up menu
Option module slot 3 set-up menu
General option module application menu 1
General option module application menu 2
General option module application menu 3
Second motor parameters
Menu 0 set-up
Not allocated
Option module slot 1 application parameters
Option module slot 2 application parameters
Option module slot 3 application parameters
Reserved menu
Onboard user programming application menu
Advanced motion controller set-up parameters
Slot 1 option menus**
Slot 2 option menus**
Slot 3 option menus**

* Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

5.5.1 KI-Remote Keypad set-up menu

To enter the keypad set-up menu press and hold the escape button on the keypad from status mode. All the keypad parameters are saved to the keypad non-volatile memory when exiting from the keypad set-up menu.

To exit from the keypad set-up menu press the escape 🗲 or < or

> button. Below are the keypad set-up parameters.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimination	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discretion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Table 5-7 KI-Remote Keypad RTC set-up parameters

	Parameters	Range	Туре
Keypad.00	Language*	Classic English (0) English (1) German (2) French (3) Italian (4) Spanish (5) Chinese (6)	RW
Keypad.01	Show Units	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.02	Backlight Level	0 to 100 %	RW
Keypad.03	Keypad Date	01.01.10 to 31.12.99	RO
Keypad.04	Keypad Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	RO
Keypad.05	Show Raw Text Parameter Values	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.06	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO
Keypad. 07	Language version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO
Keypad. 08	Font version	0 to 1000	RO
Keypad. 09	Show menu names	Off or on	RW

NOTE

It is not possible to access the keypad parameters via any communications channel.

5.5.2 KI-Remote Keypad alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the upper row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the upper row. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

Table 5-8 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Brake Resistor	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
Ind Overload	Regen inductor overload. <i>Inductor Protection</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive</i> <i>Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
Limit Switch	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.

5.5.3 KI-Remote Keypad display messages

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-9 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010).	Disabled
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active.	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
Run	The drive is active and running.	Enabled
Scan	The drive is enabled in Regen mode and is trying to synchronize to the supply.	Enabled
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected.	Enabled
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated.	Enabled
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking.	Enabled
Position	Positioning / position control is active during an orientation stop.	Enabled
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display.	Disabled
Active	The Regen unit is enabled and synchronized to the supply.	Enabled
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled
Heat	The motor pre-heat function is active.	Enabled
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'.	Enabled

Salety Product Mechanical Electrical Gatting Basic Running Optimization Drive SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics		Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	-		Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
--	--	---------------------	-------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------	---------------------	----------------------	--------------	---------------------	---	--	---------------------	-------------	------------------------

Table 5-10 Option module and SD card and other status indications at power-up

First row string	Second row string	Status					
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded					
Drive param	eters are being loade	d from an SD Card.					
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded					
User program	m is being loaded fror	n an SD Card to the drive.					
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded					
User program slot X.	m is being loaded fron	n an SD Card to the option module in					
Writing To	Writing To NV Card Data being written to SD Card						
		rd to ensure that its copy of the drive e drive is in Auto or Boot mode.					
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage					
The drive is after power-	. .	sor in the power stage to respond					
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module					
The drive is	waiting for the options	s modules to respond after power-up.					
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database					
held by the o an application structure. The	drive because an optio ons module has reque his may involve data tr	to update the parameter database on module has changed or because sted changes to the parameter ransfer between the drive an option ading From Options' is displayed.					

5.6 KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminals 2 and 6 are open or Pr **06.015** is Off (0)
- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
 Change the setting of Pr 0.048 as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting		Operating mode
00.048 t Open-loop	1	Open-loop
00.048 \$ RFC-A	2	RFC-A
00.048 \$ RFC-S	3	RFC-S

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 4. Either:
- Press the red
 reset button
 - Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr **10.038** to 100.

NOTE

Entering 1253 or 1254 in Pr mm.000 will only load defaults if the setting of Pr 00.048 has been changed.

5.7 KI-Remote Keypad saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when

pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

Procedure

- 1. Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr **mm.000** (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr **mm.000**)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red preset button
- Toggle the reset digital input, or
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 2 & 6 are open or Pr **06.015** is Off (0)
- Select 'Reset 50 Hz Defs' or 'Reset 60 Hz Defs' in Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr mm.000).
- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button on the KI-Compact Display or KI-Remote Keypad.
- Toggle the reset digital input.
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr **10.038** to 100

5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 41) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 5-11.

Safety information	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing information
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	FLC	parameters	-	iniomation

Table 5-11 Parameter access level and security

User security status (11.044)	Access level	User security	Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status
0	Menu 0	Open	RW	Not visible
U		Closed	RO	Not visible
1	All Menus	Open	RW	RW
I	All Merius	Closed	RO	RO
2	Read-only	Open	RO	Not visible
2	Menu 0	Closed	RO	Not visible
3	Read-only	Open	RO	RO
3	Reau-only	Closed	RO	RO
4	Status only	Open	Not visible	Not visible
4	Status only	Closed	Not visible	Not visible
5	No access	Open	RW	Not visible
5	NO access	Closed	Not visible	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (11.044); these are shown below.

User Security Status (Pr 11.044)	Description
Menu 0 (0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible.
All menus (1)	All parameters are visible and all writable parameters are available to be edited.
Read-only Menu 0 (2)	Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only. All parameters are read-only.
Read-only (3)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible.
Status only (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited.
No access (5)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms/ fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module.

5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr **00.049** or Pr **11.044**. The Security Level can be changed through the KI-Remote Keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 2147483647 in Pr 00.034 and press the

button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr **00.049**. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been

activated and the drive returns to Menu 0 and the 🔂 symbol is displayed in the right hand corner of the keypad display. The value of Pr **00.034** will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

Unlocking User Security Code

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the subtron, the upper display will now show 'Security Code'. Use the arrow buttons

to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode.

If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Incorrect security code' is displayed, then the display will revert to parameter view mode.

Disabling User Security

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 00.034

to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'Show non-default' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 38 for further information regarding access level.

5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'Destinations' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 38 for further information regarding access level.

5.12 Communications

The Digitax HD M750 drives offer Ethernet fieldbus Communications. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if required.

5.12.1 Digitax M750 - Ethernet communications

The drive offers fieldbus communications via Ethernet, this enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller. The drive provides two RJ45 connections with an Ethernet switch for easy network creation. The Ethernet option provides support for the following protocols:

- Modbus TCP
- EtherNet/IP or Profinet IO
- Web pages*
- Email**
- Synchronization with IEEE1588
- RTMoE

*Basic Web page functionality only

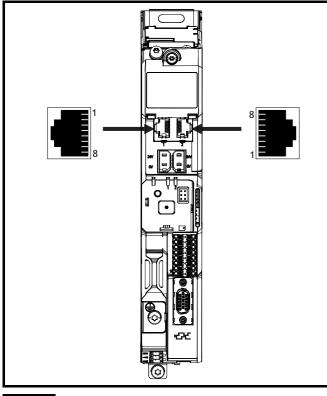
**Features have not been implemented but will be available soon.

In addition to two RJ45 connectors, each port provides a status LED for diagnostic / information purposes.

LED status	Description
Off	Ethernet connection not detected
Solid green	Ethernet connection detected but no data
Flashing green	Ethernet connection detected and data flow

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Drive SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics UL listing information installation installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Optimization Operation PLC Parameters Diagnostics UL listing
--

Figure 5-9 Location of the comms connectors



NOTE

The shell of the RJ45 connector is isolated from the 0V of the drive control terminals but it is connected to ground.

NOTE

Modbus TCP/IP has a maximum number of 4 client connections. Refer to Pr **3.15.006** (Maximum Connections) in the *Parameter Reference Guide*. The default value of Pr **3.15.006** is 2 client connections, but the maximum number of client connections is 10.

Recommended cable

It is recommended that a minimum specification of CAT5e is used in new installations. If the existing cabling is used this may limit the maximum data rate depending on the cable ratings. In noisy environments the use of STP cable will offer additional noise immunity.

Maximum network lengths

The main restriction imposed on the Ethernet cabling is the length of a single segment of the cable, for Copper - UTP/STP CAT 5 cable type, maximum trunk cable length should be limited to 100 m. If distances greater than this are required it may be possible to extend the network with additional switches.

Ethernet set-up parameters

This section covers the parameters necessary to establish an Ethernet connection to the drive.

Table 5-12 Key to parameter table coding

		•	
RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination
IP	IP Address	Mac	Mac Address
Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter		

		007 107}	Reset							
R۱	N	Bit							US	
\hat{U}	Off (0) or On (1)					₽		Off (0))	

Changes to the Ethernet set-up parameters will not take effect until a *Reset* (3.00.007) has been performed.

-	.00. 17.0	010)10}	Active	IP Ad	dress				
R	RO IP							US	
ţ	000.000.000.000 to 255.255.255.255								

This parameter displays the Active IP Address.

3	.02.	005	DHCP	Enabl	e					
R۱	N	Bit							US	
€	Off (0) or On (1)					₽		On (′	1)	

If *DHCP Enable* (3.02.005) is set to On (1), the IP address is acquired from the DHCP server and written to *IP Address* (3.02.006).

NOTE

When using manual / static IP address configuration, ensure *Subnet Mask* (3.02.007) and *Default Gateway* (3.02.008) should also be set manually.

NOTE

If *Protocol Mode Select* (3.02.018) is set to Profinet (2) and the IP address is assigned to a Profinet Controller, *DHCP Enable* (3.02.005) will be ignored and set to Off (0) on initialisation.

3	.02.	006	IP Add	lress						
R١	N	IP							US	
€			000.00 5.255.2		-	Û	192	2.168.0	01.100	

This parameter controls and displays the IP address of the drive. If *DHCP Enable* (3.02.005) is set to On (1) this parameter will become read-only.

3.02	2.007	Subne	et Masl	(
RW	IP							US	
\hat{U}		000.00 5.255.2		-	⇔	25	5.255.2	55.000	

This parameter controls and displays the *Subnet Mask* (3.02.007) of the drive.

3	.02.	800	Defau	lt Gate	way					
R\	N	IP							US	
ţ			000.00 5.255.2		-	⇔	19	92.168.	1.254	

This parameter controls and displays the *Default Gateway* (3.02.008) of the drive.

PC Tools support

The discovery protocol feature, which is supported by the Digitax HD PC tools, is able to discover the drives that are connected to a PC, independent of above parameter settings.

ĺ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by $\{...\}$). Menus 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

6.1 Parameter ranges and variable minimum / maximums

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum value which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

For more information, refer to section 12.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums on page 126.

6.2 Menu 0: Basic parameters

1	- /			Range			Default				_			
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
00.001	Minimum Reference Clamp	{01.007}	VM_NEGATIV	E_REF_CLAMP1 H	lz / rpm	0.0 Hz	0.0 r	pm	RW	Num				US
00.002	Maximum Reference Clamp	{01.006}	VM_POSITIVE	E_REF_CLAMP1 H	z / rpm	50 Hz default: 50.0 Hz 60 Hz default: 60.0 Hz	50 Hz default: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz default: 1800.0 rpm	3000.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.003	Acceleration Rate 1	{02.011}	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	0.000 to VM_AC s/1000 i		5.0 s/100 Hz	2.000 s/1000 rpm	0.200 s/1000 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.004	Deceleration Rate 1	{02.021}	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	0.000 to VM_AC s/1000 i		10.0 s/100 Hz	2.000 s/1000 rpm	0.200 s/1000 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.005	Reference Selector	{01.014}	A1 A2 (0), A1 Prese Keypad (4), Pre	et (1), A2 Preset (2) ecision (5), Keypad			A1 Preset (1)		RW	Txt				US
00.006	Symmetrical Current Limit	{04.007}	0.0 to VM_MOT	OR1_CURRENT_I	LIMIT %	165.0 %	250	%	RW	Num		RA		US
00.007	Open-loop Control Mode	{05.014}	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5)			Ur I (4)			RW	Txt				US
	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1	{03.010}		0.0000 to 200	.000 s/rad		0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
00.008	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	{05.015}	0.0 to 25.0 %			1 %			RW	Num				US
00.008	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1	{03.011}		0.00 to 655.3	35 s²/rad		0.10 s ² /rad	1.00 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
	Dynamic V to F Select	{05.013}	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
00.009	Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd 1	{03.012}		0.00000 to 0.6		0.00000) 1/rad	RW	Num				US	
00.010	Motor Rpm	{05.004}	±180000 rpm						RO	Bit				US
	Speed Feedback	{03.002}		VM_SPEE	D rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.011	Output Frequency	{05.001}	VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF Hz	± 2000.0 Hz					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	P1 Position	{03.029}			0 to 65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.012	Current Magnitude	{04.001}	0.000 to VM_DRI\	/E_CURRENT_UN	IPOLAR A				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.013	Torque Producing Current	{04.002}	VM_DF	RIVE_CURRENT A					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.014	Torque Mode Selector	{04.011}	0 or 1	0 to 5	5		0		RW	Num				US
00.015	Ramp Mode	{02.004}	Fast (0), Standard (1), Std boost (2)	Fast (0), Star	ndard (1)	Standard (1)	Fast	(0)	RW	Txt				US
00.016	Ramp Enable	{02.002}		Off (0) or 0	On (1)		On	(1)	RW	Bit				US
00.017	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant	{04.012}		0.0 to 25.	0 ms		0.0	1	RW	Num				US
00.018	P1 Thermistor Fault Detection	{03.123}	None (0), Tempe	rature (1), Temp or	Short (2)	Nor	ie (0)	Temperature (1)	RW	Txt				US
00.022	Bipolar Reference Enable	{01.010}		f (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	On	(1)	RW	Bit				US
00.023	Jog Reference	{01.005}	0.0 to 400.0 Hz	0.0 to 4000	0.0 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
00.024	Preset Reference 1	{01.021}	_	PEED_FREQ_REF			0.0		RW	Num				US
00.025	Preset Reference 2	{01.022}		PEED_FREQ_REF			0.0		RW	Num				US
00.026	Preset Reference 3	{01.023}	VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF Hz			0.0			RW	Num				US
<u> </u>	Overspeed Threshold	{03.008}		0 to 4000	D rpm		0.0)	RW	Num				US
00.027	Preset Reference 4	{01.024}	VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF Hz			0.0				Num				US
	P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution	{03.034}		1 to 100			1024	4096	RW	Num				US
00.028	Enable Auxiliary Key	{06.013}	Disabled (0), Forwar	d/Reverse (1), Run	Reverse (2)		Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
00.029	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	{11.036}		0 to 999					RO	Num		NC	PT	

Safety informat			Betting Basic Basic Basic Basic Barameter	Running s the motor O	ptimization co		SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advano parame		Diagr	iostic		L listi orma	
	Parameter			Range			Default					Тур	he		
	i didiliotor		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	R	-C-S			. , ,			
00.030	Parameter Cloning	{11.042}	None (0), Read (1),	Program (2), Auto	(3), Boot (4)		None (0)			RW	Txt		NC		US
00.031	Drive Rated Voltage	{11.033}	200	V (0), 400 V (1)						RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
00.032	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	{11.032}) to 99999.999 A			1			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	Catch A Spinning Motor	{06.009}	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd Only (2), Rev Only (3)			Disable (0)				RW	Txt				US
00.033	Rated Speed Optimisation Select	{05.016}		Disabled (0), Classic Slow (1), Classic Fast (2), Combined (3), VARs Only (4), Voltage Only (5)			Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
00.034	User Security Code	{11.030}		0 to 2 ³¹ -1			0			RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
00.038	Current Controller Kp Gain	{04.013}		0 to 30000		20		150		RW	Num				US
00.039	Current Controller Ki Gain	{04.014}		0 to 30000		40		2000		RW	Num				US
00.040	Auto-tune	{05.012}	0 to 2	0 to 5	0 to 6		0			RW	Num		NC		
00.041	Maximum Switching Frequency	{05.018}	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz (1), 12 kH	4 kHz (2), 6 kHz (3 Iz (5), 16 kHz (6)	3), 8 kHz (4),		8 kHz (4)			RW	Txt		RA		US
00.042	Number Of Motor Poles	{05.011}	Automatic	(0) to 480 Poles (2	40)	Auton	natic (0)	6 Pc	oles (3)	RW	Num				US
	Rated Power Factor*	{05.010}	0.000 to	1.000		0.	.850			RW	Num		RA		US
00.043	Position Feedback Phase Angle	{03.025}			0.0 to 359.9°			(0.0°	RW	Num	ND			US
00.044	Rated Voltage	{05.009}	0 to VM_A	C_VOLTAGE_SET	ΓV	50 Hz o	200 V drive: 2 default 400V o default 400V o	Irive: 400 V		RW	Num		RA		US
00.045	Rated Speed	{05.008}	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 3300	0.00 rpm	50 Hz default: 1500 rpm 60 Hz default: 1800rpm	50 Hz defar 1450.00 rp 60 Hz defar 1750.00 rp	m ult: 3000	.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.046	Rated Current	{05.007}	0.000 to VM	_RATED_CURRE	NT A	Maximum	Heavy Duty F	Rating (11.0)32)	RW	Num		RA		US
00.047	Rated Frequency	{05.006}	0.0 to 55	0.0 Hz			ault: 50.0 Hz ault: 60.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
00.047	Volts Per 1000 rpm	{05.033}	0 to 10,000						98	RW	Num				US
00.048	User Drive Mode	{11.031}	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4)			Open-loop (1)	RFC-A (2) RFC	C-S (3)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
00.049	User Security Status	{11.044}	Menu 0 (0), All Mer Read-only (3), St	nus (1), Read-only atus Only (4), No A			Menu 0 (0)		RW	Txt	ND		PT	
00.050	Software Version	{11.029}	0					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
00.051	Action On Trip Detection	{10.037}		0 to 31			0			RW	Bin				US
00.053	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	{04.015}	1.	0 to 3000.0 s			89.0 s			RW	Num				US

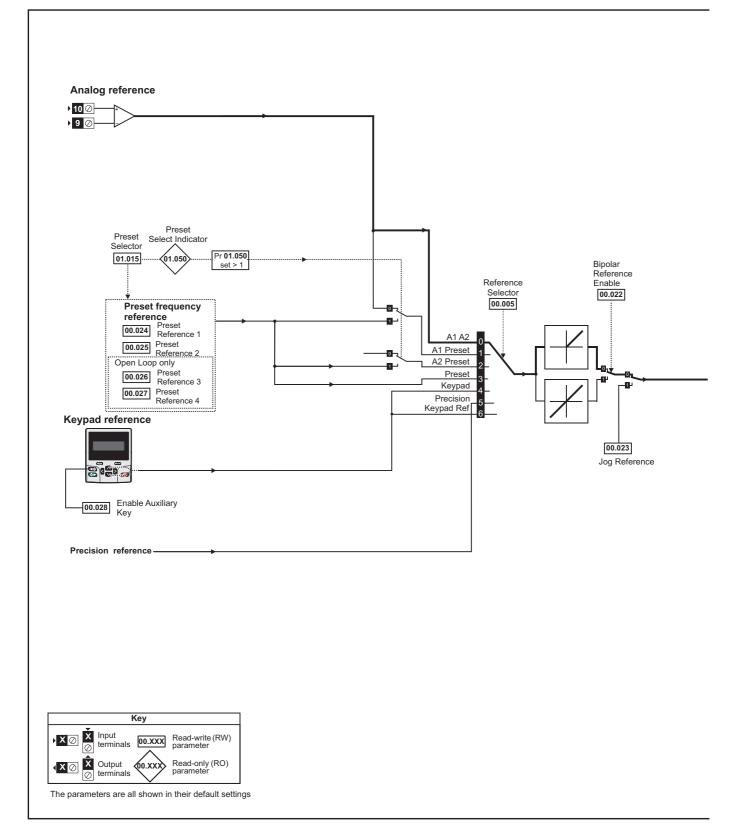
* Following a rotating autotune Pr **00.043** {05.010} is continuously written by the drive, calculated from the value of Stator Inductance (Pr **05.025**). To manually enter a value into Pr **00.043** {05.010}, Pr **05.025** will need to be set to 0. Please refer to the description of Pr **05.010** in the *Parameter Reference Guide* for further details.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

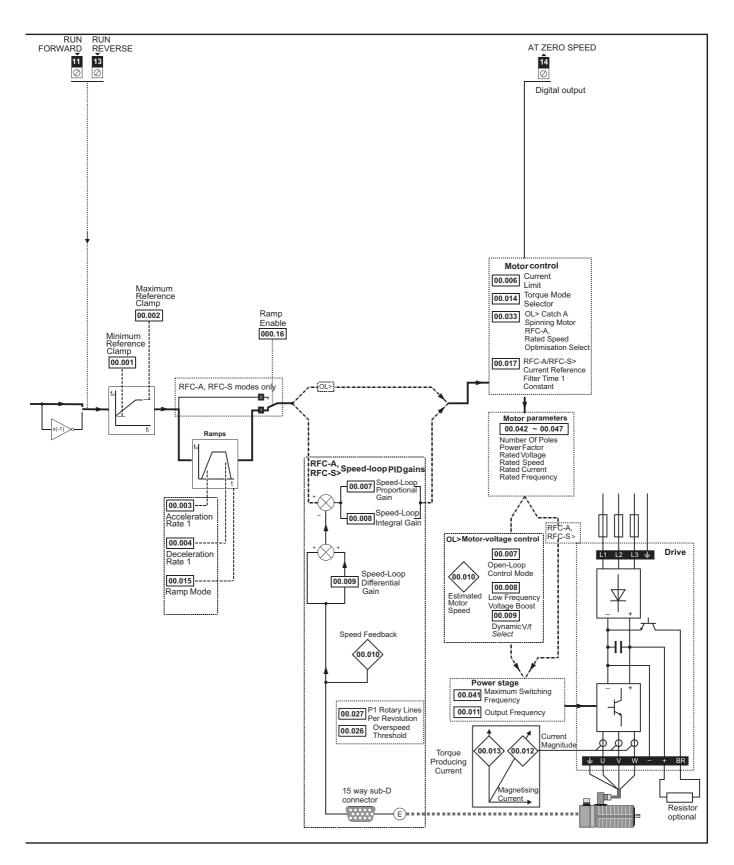
2													
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Safety Product Mechanical information Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor	Optimization Drive communicatio	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 6-1 Menu 0 logic diagram



0-6-6-	Developed	March and and	El contrato en l	0.111	Desta	р ·		D .					10.0.0
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opumization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
											•		



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
monnation	monnation	instantion	motanation	Starteu	parameters			communication	operation	1 20	purumetero		monnation

6.3 Parameter descriptions

6.3.1 Pr mm.000

Pr mm.000 is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr mm.000 shown in Table 6-1. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-2) in Pr mm.000. For example, enter 4001 in Pr mm.000 to store drive parameters on an SD Card.

Table 6-1	Commonly used functions in xx.000
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Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	[No Action]	
1001	1	[Save parameters]	Save parameters under all conditions
6001	2	[Load file 1]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from SD Card file 001
4001	3	[Save to file 1]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001
6002	4	[Load file 2]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from SD Card file 002
4002	5	[Save to file 2]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 002
6003	6	[Load file 3]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from SD Card file 003
4003	7	[Save to file 3]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 003
12000	8	[Show non-default]	Displays parameters that are different from defaults
12001	9	[Destinations]	Displays parameters that are set
1233	10	[Reset 50Hz defs]	Load parameters with standard (50 Hz) defaults
1244	11	[Reset 60Hz defs]	Load parameters with US (60 Hz) defaults
1070	12	[Reset modules]	Reset all option modules
11001	13	[Read enc. NP P1]	Transfer electronic nameplate motor parameters to the drive from the P1 encoder
11051	14	[Read enc. NP P2]	Transfer electronic nameplate motor parameters to the drive from the P2 encoder

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
											-		

Table 6-2Functions in Pr mm.000

Save parameters when Under Voltage Active (Pr 10.016) is not active and Low Under Voltage Threshold Select mode (Pr 06.067 = Off) 1000 Is ave parameters under all conditions 1001 Save parameters under all conditions 1002 Reset all option modules 1013 Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28) 1024 Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28) 1245 Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28) 1255 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1259 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1269 Reset (Stored HF) trip. 12011 Create a boof fie on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyr SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx 6yyr SD card: Coard the drate and ta the drive with file xxx 9yyr SD card: Clear the waning s	Value	Action
1070 Reset all option modules 1231 Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28) 1234 Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28) 1235 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1246 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1255 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 12901* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 59yy* SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xx 59yy* SD card: Create the warming suppression flag 9966* SD card: Set the ead-only flag 9966* SD card: Set the ead-only flag 9988* SD card: Set the ead-only flag 99890 Delete onboard user program	1000	Save parameters when Under Voltage Active (Pr 10.016) is not active and Low Under Voltage Threshold Select mode (Pr 06.067 = Off) is not active.
1233 Load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1234 Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28) 1244 Load US (60 Hz) defaults 1245 Load US (60 Hz) defaults 1246 Load US (60 Hz) defaults 1247 Load US (60 Hz) defaults 1248 Load US (60 Hz) defaults 1254 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1255 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1258 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1259 Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyy* SD card: Transfer the orboad user program for nohoard user program for onboard user program for onboard user program for an onboard user program for onboard user program for ano nohoard user program for ano nohoard user program for ano and and the drive parameters for the axx 9yy* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9866* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9868* SD card: Set the read-only flag 9868* <td>1001</td> <td>Save parameters under all conditions</td>	1001	Save parameters under all conditions
1234 Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28) 1244 Load US (60 Hz) defaults 1255 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1256 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1257 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults 1258 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1259 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1259 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1260* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyy* SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx 5yy* SD card: Clear the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program file xxx 6yy* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9866* SD card: Set the read-only flag 9877* SD card: Set the read-only flag 9888 SD card: Set the read-only flag 9889 Delete onboard user program 11050 Transf	1070	Reset all option modules
1244 Load US (60 Hz) defaults 1253 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1254 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1255 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1257 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1298 Reset (Stored HF) trip. 2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyv SD card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx 5yyy SD card: Cransfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx 7yyv SD card: Clear the varing suppression flag 9966* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888 SD card: Clear the read-only flag 98989 Delet onito and user program 11050 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11081 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11082 As 11050, but for performance object 1	1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1245 Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28) 1253 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1254 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1255 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1299 Reset (Stored HF) trip. 2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyy* SD card: Transfer the drive parameters from parameter file xxx 5yyy* SD card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx 7yyy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx 9yy* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 98799 Delete onboard user program 110S0 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 110S1 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 110S2 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 110S4 As 110S0, but for p	1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1253 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults 1254 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults 1255 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1259 Reset (Stored HF) trip. 2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyv SD card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx 5yyy* SD card: Cload the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program file xxx 5yyy* SD card: Cload the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program file xxx 9yy* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9866* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9868* SD card: Set the read-only flag 98999 Delete onboard user program 11081 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11082 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 11083 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 11084 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 11085 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 11085 As 110S0, but for performance object 2	1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1254 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults 1255 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1266 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1297 Reset (Stored HF) trip. 2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyy* SD card: Transfer the oriboard user program to onboard user program file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 6yyy* SD card: Transfer the oriboard user program to onboard user program file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx 9yy* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9665* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9777* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Set the read-only flag 9889* Delete onboard user program 11052 As 11050, but for performance object 1 11053 As 11050, but for performance object 1 11054 As 11050, but for performance object 2 11055 As 11051, but for performance object 2	1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1255 Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1299 Reset (Stored HF) trip. 2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyy* SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Crase file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Crase file xxx 7yyy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx 8yys* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9777* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9888* SD card: Set the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Set the read-only flag 9999 Delete onboard user program 110SD Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 110S1 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 110S2 As 110S1, but for performance object 1 110S3 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 110S4 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 110S5 <td>1253</td> <td>Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults</td>	1253	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1256 Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28 1299 Reset (Stored HF) trip. 2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyy* SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx 5yyy* SD card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Carafter the onboard user program to onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx 7yy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx 8yys* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 1050 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11051 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11052 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 11053 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11054 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11055 As 110S1, but for performance object 1 11056 Transfer ele	1254	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults
1299 Reset (Stored HF) tip. 2001* Create a bool file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyy* SD card: Transfer the orbized user program to onboard user program file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Transfer the onboard user program file xxx 7yyy* SD card: Transfer the onboard user program file xxx or the onboard user program file xxx 7yyy* SD card: Carafter the warning suppression flag 9555* SD card: Clear the varning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9877* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 98999 Delete onboard user program 11050 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11051 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 11052 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11054 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11055 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format. 11052 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11053 As 110S1, but for performance object 2	1255	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
2001* Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters 4yyy* SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx 5yyy* SD card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Carase file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Carase file xxx 8yyy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx 7yyy* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9777* SD card: Set the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Set the read-only flag 98999 Delete onboard user program 110S1 Transfer electronic nameplate motor objects parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 110S2 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 110S4 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 110S5 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 110S4 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 110S5 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 110S5 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 110S5 As 110S0, but for performance object 2	1256	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
4yyy* SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx 5yyy* SD card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx 6yyy* SD card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx 7yyy* SD card: Clear the varing suppression flag 9555* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Set the warning suppression flag 9777* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 98899 Delete onboard user program 11050 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11051 As 11050, but for performance object 1 11052 As 11051, but for performance object 2 11054 As 11051, but for performance object 2 11055 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the 11054 As 11051, but for performance object 1 11055 As 11051, but for performance object 2 11054 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the 10056	1299	Reset {Stored HF} trip.
Syy* SD card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx Gyyy* SD card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx Gyyy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx Byyy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Clear the read-only flag SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Set the read-only flag SD card: Set the read-only flag 98999 Delete onboard user program Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11050 Transfer electronic nameplate motor objects parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11051 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 11052 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 11053 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11054 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 11055 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11056 Uransfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the ulidrive	2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
Byy* SD card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx 7yyy* SD card: Erase file xxx 8yyy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx 9555* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 99999 Delete onboard user program 11050 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11051 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or option module to the drive parameters. 11052 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 11053 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11054 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11055 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11056 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive reat. 11055 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11056 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive reset. 12000** Onl	4ууу*	SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx
7yy* SD card: Erase file xxx 8yyy* SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx 9555* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9777* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Set the read-only flag 99999 Delete onboard user program 11050 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11051 Transfer electronic nameplate motor objects parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11052 As 110S1, but for performance object 1 11053 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11054 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11055 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11056 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format. 12000** Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset. 12001** Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset. 15xx* Transfer the user program in an option module i	5ууу*	SD card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx
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9555* SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag 9666* SD card: Set the warning suppression flag 9777* SD card: Clear the read-only flag 9888* SD card: Set the read-only flag 9999 Delete onboard user program 11050 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module. 11051 Transfer electronic nameplate motor objects parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or option module to the drive parameters. 11052 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 11053 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11054 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 11055 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11056 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format. 12000** Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset. 12001** Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset. 15xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 17xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot	7ууу*	SD card: Erase file xxx
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11051 parameters. 11052 As 110S0, but for performance object 1 11053 As 110S1, but for performance object 1 11054 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 11055 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 11056 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format. 12000** Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset. 12001** Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset. 15xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 16xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 17xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 18xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1. 19xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	110S0	Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module.
110S3 As 110S1, but for performance object 1 110S4 As 110S0, but for performance object 2 110S5 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 110S6 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format. 12000** Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset. 12001** Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset. 15xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 16xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 17xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 18xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1. 19xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	110S1	
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110S5 As 110S1, but for performance object 2 110S6 Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format. 12000** Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset. 12001** Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset. 15xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 16xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 17xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 18xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1. 19xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	110S3	As 110S1, but for performance object 1
110S6Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format.12000**Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.12001**Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.15xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx16xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx17xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx18xxx*Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1.19xxx*Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	110S4	As 110S0, but for performance object 2
110.56Unidrive SP format.12000**Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.12001**Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.15xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx16xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx17xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx18xxx*Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1.19xxx*Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	110S5	As 110S1, but for performance object 2
12001**Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.15xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx16xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx17xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx17xxx*Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx18xxx*Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1.19xxx*Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	110S6	
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16xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 17xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 18xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1. 19xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.
17xxx* Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx 18xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1. 19xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	15xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
18xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1. 19xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	16xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
19xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.	17xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
	18xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1.
20xxx* Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 3.	19xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.
	20xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 3.

* See Chapter 10 SD Card Operation on page 117 for more information on these functions.

** These functions do not require a drive reset to become active. All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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6.4 Full descriptions

Table 6-3 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) state occurs.

6.4.1 Parameter x.00

	00.(nm.	000 000}	Param	neter zo	ero					
R١	Ν	Num				N	D	NC	PT	
ţ	0 to 65,535									

6.4.2 Speed limits

00.001	{01	.007}	Minim	ium Re	eferenc	e C	lamp				
RW		Num								US	
OL									0.0 H	z	
RFC-A	€		NEGA AMP1	_	_	⇔			0.0 rp	m	
RFC-S											

(When the drive is jogging, [00.001] has no effect.)

Open-loop

Set Pr **00.001** at the required minimum output frequency of the drive for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.001** and Pr **00.002**. **[00.001]** is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr **00.001** at the required minimum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.001** and Pr **00.002**.

00.002	{01	.006}	Maximum Reference Clamp									
RW		Num								US		
OL									default default			
RFC-A	Û	ţ	Û	11 -	_POSIT _AMP1	_	⇔			efault:1 efault:1		•
RFC-S								3	0.000	rpm		

(The drive has additional over-speed protection).

Open-loop

Set Pr **00.002** at the required maximum output frequency for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.001** and Pr **00.002**. [**00.002**] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr 00.002 at the required maximum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.001 and Pr 00.002.

For operating at high speeds see section 8.5 *High speed operation* on page 92.

6.4.3 Ramps, speed reference selection, current limit

00.003	{02	2.011}	Accel	eratior	n Rate	1						
RW										US		
OL		0.0 to	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz					5.0 s/100 Hz				
RFC-A	Û	VA	s/100 Hz 0.000 to VM ACCEL RATE				2.000 s/1000 rpm				ו	
RFC-S		VIV	s/100	_				0.20	0 s/10	00 rpn	า	

Set Pr 00.003 at the required rate of acceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower acceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

00.004				Deceleration Rate 1						-		
RW		Num								US		
OL		0.0 to	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz					10.0 s/100 Hz				
RFC-A	Û	VA						2.00	0 s/10	00 rpn	ı	
RFC-S		010	s/100	_				0.20	0 s/10	00 rpn	า	

Set Pr 00.004 at the required rate of deceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower deceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

00.005	{01	.014}	Refere	ence S	elector	r				
RW		Txt							US	
OL		A1 A2 A1 Pre	(0), eset (1)							
RFC-A	ĵ	A2 Pre	eset (2)	,		⇔	A	l Pres	et (1)	
RFC-S	Ť	Precis	t (3), Ke ion (5), d Ref (4),				(-)	

	Onboard Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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Use Pr **00.005** to select the required frequency/speed reference as follows:

Setting		Description
A1 A2	0	Analog input 1 OR analog input 2 selectable by digital input, terminal 28
A1 Preset	1	Analog input 1 OR preset frequency/speed
A2 Preset	2	Analog input 2 OR preset frequency/speed
Preset (3)	3	Pre-set frequency/speed
Keypad (4)	4	Keypad mode
Precision (5)	5	Precision reference
Keypad Ref (6)	6	Keypad Reference

00.006	{04	.007}	Symmetrical Current Limit								
RW		Num								US	
OL									165 %	%	
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_ CURRENT_LIMIT %					250 %			
RFC-S								230 %			

Pr **00.006** limits the maximum output current of the drive (and hence maximum motor torque) to protect the drive and motor from overload.

Set Pr **00.006** at the required maximum torque as a percentage of the rated torque of the motor, as follows:

$$[00,006] = \frac{T_R}{T_{RATED}} \times 100$$
 (%)

Where:

T_R Required maximum torque

TRATED Motor rated torque

Alternatively, set Pr **00.006** at the required maximum active (torqueproducing) current as a percentage of the rated active current of the motor, as follows:

$$[00,006] = \frac{I_{R}}{I_{RATED}} \times 100 \,(\%)$$

Where:

I_R Required maximum active current

IRATED Motor rated active current

6.4.4 Voltage boost, (open-loop), Speed-loop PID gains (RFC-A / RFC-S)

00.007 {	05.	014}	Open-loop Control Mode (OL)										
00.007 {	00.007 {03.010}		Speed Controller Pro				Proportional Gain Kp1 (RFC)						
RW		Txt / Num								US			
OL	€	Ur S (Fixed Ur I (4	(0), Ur (2), U 1), Squ	(1), r Auto ıare (5	(3),)	仓			Ur I (4)			
RFC-A	☆	0 000	0 to 200.000 s/rad			仓	0.0300 s/rad						
RFC-S	Ŷ	0.000	0 10 21	0.000	3/144	~		0	.0100	s/rad			

Open-loop

There are six voltage modes available, which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost. For further details, refer to ???section *Pr* 00.007 {05.014} *Open Loop Control Mode* on page 82.

RFC-A/ RFC-S

Pr **00.007** (**03.010**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speedcontrol loop in the drive. See Figure 12-4 on page 144 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 76.

00.008 {05.015}			Low Frequency Voltage Boost (OL)									
00.008 {	03.	011}	Spee	^r Integral Gain Ki1 (RFC)								
RW		Num						US				
OL	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$	(0.0 to 25.0 %			₽			1.0 %			
RFC-A	î	0.00) to 65	535 s ²	²/rad	₽	0.10 s²/rad					
RFC-S	Ŷ	0.00	to 655.35 s²/rad			-		1	1.00 s²	/rad		

Open-loop

When *Open-loop Control Mode* (00.007) is set at **Fd** or **SrE**, set Pr **00.008** (**05.015**) at the required value for the motor to run reliably at low speeds.

Excessive values of Pr 00.008 can cause the motor to be overheated.

RFC-A/ RFC-S

Pr **00.008** (**03.011**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speedcontrol loop in the drive. See Figure 12-4 on page 144 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 76.

00.009 {	05.0	013}	Dynamic V to F Select (OL)									
00.009 {	03.0	012}		Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd 1 (RFC)								
RW		Bit								US		
OL	$\hat{\mathbb{T}}$	0	ff (0) c	or On ((1)	₽	Off (0)					
RFC-A RFC-S	Û	(0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad				0.00000 1/rad					

Open-loop

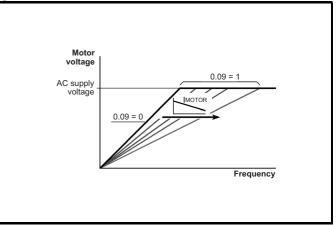
Set Pr 00.009 (05.013) at 0 when the V/f characteristic applied to the motor is to be fixed. It is then based on the rated voltage and frequency of the motor.

Set Pr **00.009** at 1 when reduced power dissipation is required in the motor when it is lightly loaded. The V/f characteristic is then variable resulting in the motor voltage being proportionally reduced for lower motor currents. Figure 6-2 shows the change in V/f slope when the motor current is reduced.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Pr **00.009** (**03.012**) operates in the feedback path of the speed-control loop in the drive. See Figure 12-4 *Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram* on page 144 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 76.

Figure 6-2 Fixed and variable V/f characteristics



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6.4.5 Monitoring

00.01	00.010 {05.004} Motor Rpm												
R	С	Bit								US			
OL	ţ	±180000 rpm											

Open-loop

Pr **00.010** (**05.004**) indicates the value of motor speed that is estimated from the following:

02.001 Post Ramp Reference 00.042 Number Of Motor Poles

00.010	{03	3.002}	Speed	l Feed	back					
RO		Num	FI			N	D	NC	PT	
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	V	M_SPE	EED rp	m	Û				

RFC-A / RFC-S

Pr **00.010** (**03.002**) indicates the value of motor speed that is obtained from the speed feedback.

00.011 {	05.(001}	Outp	ut Fre	quenc	y (C	DL)			
00.011 {	03.0	029}	P1 Pc	ositior	ı (RFC)				
RO		Num	FI			Ν	D	NC	PT	
OL	Û	VM_		D_FR	EQ_	٦ ل				
RFC-A	v		REF	= Hz						
RFC-S	\hat{v}		0 to 6	65535		Ц,				

Open-loop and RFC-A

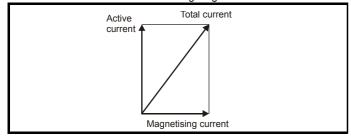
Pr 00.011 displays the frequency at the drive output.

RFC-S

Pr **00.011** displays the position of the encoder in mechanical values of 0 to 65,535. There are 65,536 units to one mechanical revolution.

00.012	{04	.001}	Curre	nt Mag	nitude					
RO		Bit	FI			N	D	NC	PT	
OL			0.00							
RFC-A	₿	VM_E	DRIVE_	-	_	₽				
RFC-S			UNIFC							

Pr **00.012** displays the rms value of the output current of the drive in each of the three phases. The phase currents consist of an active component and a reactive component, which can form a resultant current vector as shown in the following diagram.



The active current is the torque producing current and the reactive current is the magnetizing or flux-producing current.

00.013	{04	.002}	Torqu	e Prod	ucing	Cur	ren	t		
RO		Bit	FI			N	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	\hat{v}	VM_D	RIVE_	CURRE	ENT A	₽				
RFC-S										

When the motor is being driven below its rated speed, the torque is proportional to [**00.013**].

6.4.6 Jog reference, Ramp mode selector, Stop and torque mode selectors

Pr **00.014** is used to select the required control mode of the drive as follows:

00.014	{04	.011}	Torqu	e Mod	e Seleo	ctor				
RW		Num							US	
OL	\hat{v}		0 c	or 1		₽		0		
RFC-A RFC-S	€		0 t	o 5		Ŷ		0		

Setting	Open-Loop	RFC-A/S
0	Frequency control	Speed control
1	Torque control	Torque control
2		Torque control with speed override
3		Coiler/uncoiler mode
4		Speed control with torque feed- forward
5		Bi-directional torque control with speed override

00.015	{02	2.004}	Ramp	Mode	Select	t				
RW		Txt							US	
OL	ŷ	Fast	t (0), St Std bo			⇔	St	andar	d (1)	
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	Fas	t (0), S	tandaro	d (1)	分		Fast (0)	

Pr 00.015 sets the ramp mode of the drive as shown below:

0: Fast ramp

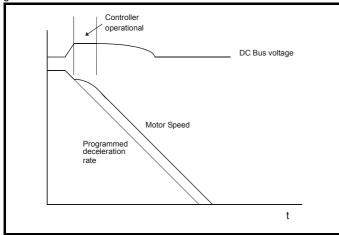
Fast ramp is used where the deceleration follows the programmed deceleration rate subject to current limits. This mode must be used if a braking resistor is connected to the drive.

1: Standard ramp

Standard ramp is used. During deceleration, if the voltage rises to the standard ramp level (Pr **02.008**) it causes a controller to operate, the output of which changes the demanded load current in the motor. As the controller regulates the link voltage, the motor deceleration increases as the speed approaches zero speed. When the motor deceleration rate reaches the programmed deceleration rate the controller ceases to operate and the drive continues to decelerate at the programmed rate. If the standard ramp voltage (Pr **02.008**) is set lower than the nominal DC bus level the drive will not decelerate the motor, but it will coast to rest.

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The output of the ramp controller (when active) is a current demand that is fed to the frequency changing current controller (Open-loop modes) or the torque producing current controller (RFC-A or RFC-S modes). The gain of these controllers can be modified with Pr **00.038** and Pr **00.039**.



2: Standard ramp with motor voltage boost

This mode is the same as normal standard ramp mode except that the motor voltage is boosted by 20 %. This increases the losses in the motor, dissipating some of the mechanical energy as heat giving faster deceleration.

00.016	{02	2.002}	Ramp	Enab	le					
RW		Bit							US	
OL	\hat{v}					令				
RFC-A	介	C)ff (0) c	r On ('	1)	С		On (1	1)	
RFC-S	î		/ii (0) C		''	−v		On (')	

Setting Pr **00.016** to 0 allows the user to disable the ramps. This is generally used when the drive is required to closely follow a speed reference which already contains acceleration and deceleration ramps.

00.017 {	04.012}	O12} Current Reference Filter Time Constant Num US								
RW	Num							US		
RFC-A	Ŷ	0.0 to 2	25 0 mc		J		0.0 m	<u> </u>		
RFC-S	()	0.0 10 2	.5.0 ma	,	~		0.0 11	5		

RFC-A / RFC-S

A first order filter, with a time constant defined by Pr **00.017**, is provided on the current demand to reduce acoustic noise and vibration produced as a result of position feedback quantisation noise. The filter introduces a lag in the speed loop, and so the speed loop gains may need to be reduced to maintain stability as the filter time constant is increased.

00.018	{03	8.123}	P1 Th	ermist	or Fau	lt D	eteo	ction			
RW											
OL			None	e (0),					None	(0)	
RFC-A	\hat{v}		empera	ature (1		₽			None	(0)	
RFC-S		Ie	mp and	i snort	(2)			Terr	nperati	ure (1)	

Defines the fault detection for the P1 thermistor input:

<i>P1 Thermistor Fault Detection</i> (03.123)	Fault detection
0: None	No detection active
1: Temperature	Over temperature detection
2: Temp and short	Over temperature and short circuit detection

If over temperature detection is enabled a *Thermistor*.001 trip is initiated if *P1 Thermistor Feedback* (03.119) is above the level defined by *P1 Thermistor Trip Threshold* (03.120). The trip cannot be reset until *P1 Thermistor Feedback* (03.119) is below *P1 Thermistor Reset Threshold* (03.121).

If short circuit detection is enabled then a *Th Short Circuit*.001 is initiated if *P1 Thermistor Feedback* (03.119) is below 50 Ohms.

00.022	{01	.010}	Bipola	ar Refe	erence	Ena	able			
RW		Bit							US	
OL										
RFC-A	\hat{v}	0	FF (0)	or On ((1)	⇒		OFF (0)	
RFC-S										

Pr **00.022** determines whether the reference is uni-polar or bi-polar as follows:

Pr 00.022	Function	
0	Unipolar speed/frequency reference	
1	Bipolar speed/frequency reference	

00.023	{01	.005}	Jog R	Jog Reference									
RW		Num								US			
OL	\hat{v}	C	0.0 to 400.0 Hz						0.0				
RFC-A RFC-S	€	0.	0.0 to 4000.0 rpm						0.0				

Enter the required value of jog frequency/speed.

The frequency/speed limits affect the drive when jogging as follows:

Frequency-limit parameter	Limit applies
Pr 00.001 Minimum reference clamp	No
Pr 00.002 Maximum reference clamp	Yes

00.024	{01	.021}	Preset Reference 1									
RW		Num								US		
OL) /// 4	0000		-0							
RFC-A	\hat{v}	VIVI	VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF						0.0			
RFC-S												

00.025	{01	.022}	Preset Reference 2								
RW		Num								US	
OL											
RFC-A	ţ	VM.	_SPEE RE	_	EQ_	₽			0.0		
RFC-S											

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00.026 {	00.026 {01.023}			Preset Reference 3 (OL)									
00.026 {03.008}			Overs	Overspeed Threshold (RFC)									
RW		Num								US			
OL	ţ	VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz											
RFC-A	ĵ	0 to 400		200 mm		₽	>	0.0					
RFC-S	Ŷ	0	10 400	500 I pi									

Open-loop

If the preset reference has been selected (see Pr 00.005), the speed at which the motor runs is determined by these parameters.

RFC-A / RFC-S

If the speed feedback (Pr **00.010**) exceeds this level in either direction, an overspeed trip is produced. If this parameter is set to zero, the overspeed threshold is automatically set to 120 % x SPEED_FREQ_MAX.

00.027 {	00.027 {01.024}			Preset Reference 4 (OL)								
00.027 {03.034}			P1 Ro	P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (RFC)								
RW		Num	m							US		
OL	ţ	VM_	VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz			₽	0.0					
RFC-A	ĵ		1 to 100000			Û			1024	1		
RFC-S	Ŷ		1.0 1	00000	00000				4096	6		

Open-loop

Refer to Pr 00.024 to Pr 00.026.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Enter in Pr **00.027** the number of lines per revolution of the drive encoder.

00.028	00.028 {06.013}			Enable Auxiliary Key								
RW		Txt								US		
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€			ed (0), everse /erse (2	· //	Ŷ		D	isableo	d (0)		

When a keypad is installed, this parameter enables the forward/reverse key.

00.029	{11	.036}	NV Me	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded								
RO		Num						NC	PT			
OL												
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to	999		⇔						
RFC-S												

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from an SD Card to the drive.

00.030) {1	1.42}	Parameter Cloning								
RW		Txt						NC		US*	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€		ne (0), gram (2 Boo	2), Auto	. ,	Ŷ			None	(0)	

* Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

NOTE

If Pr **00.030** is equal to 1 or 2 this value is not transferred to the EEPROM or the drive. If Pr **00.030** is set to a 3 or 4 the value is transferred.

Pr Strin g	Pr val ue	Comment
None	0	Inactive
Read	1	Read parameter set from the SD Card
Program	2	Programming a parameter set to the SD Card
Auto	3	Auto save
Boot	4	Boot mode

For further information, please refer to Chapter 10 *SD Card Operation* on page 117.

00.031	{11	.033}	Drive	Rated	Voltage	e				
RO		Txt				N	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	\hat{v}	200	0 V (0),	400 V	(1)	⇒				
RFC-S										

Pr 00.031 indicates the voltage rating of the drive.

00.032 {11.032} Maximum Heavy Duty Rating											
RO		Num				NE)	NC	PT		
OL											
RFC-A	€	0.00	00 to 99	9999.99	99 A	⇔					
RFC-S											

Pr 00.032 indicates the maximum continuous Heavy Duty current rating.

00.033 {	[06.	009}	Catch	Catch A Spinning Motor (OL)								
00.033 {	[05.	016}	Rated Speed Optimi					misation Select (RFC-A)				
RW		Txt								US		
OL	ţ	I	ole (0), Fwd O Rev O	nly (2)	,	Û			Disable	e (0)		
RFC-A	ţ	CI C (V	Disabl assic S lassic C Combir /ARs C oltage	Slow (Fast (2 ned (3 Only (4	1), 2),),),	₽		C	Disable	ed (0)		

Open-loop

When the drive is enabled with Pr **00.033** = 0, the output frequency starts at zero and ramps to the required reference. When the drive is enabled when Pr **00.033** has a non-zero value, the drive performs a start-up test to determine the motor speed and then sets the initial output frequency to the synchronous frequency of the motor.

Restrictions may be placed on the frequencies detected by the drive as follows:

Pr 00.033	Pr string	Function
0	Disable	Disabled
1	Enable	Detect all frequencies
2	Fwd only	Detect positive frequencies only
3	Rev only	Detect negative frequencies only

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RFC-A

The *Rated Frequency* (00.047) and *Rated Speed* (00.045) are used to define the rated slip of the motor. The rated slip is used in sensorless mode (*Sensorless Mode Active* (03.078) = 1) to correct the motor speed with load. When this mode is active *Rated Speed Optimisation Select* (00.033) has no effect.

If sensorless mode is not active (Sensorless Mode Active (03.078) = 0) the rated slip is used in the motor control algorithm and an incorrect value of slip can have a significant effect on the motor performance. If Rated Speed Optimisation Select (00.033) = 0 then the adaptive control system is disabled. However, if Rated Speed Optimisation Select (00.033) is set to a non-zero value the drive can automatically adjust the Rated Speed (00.045) to give the correct value of rated slip. Rated Speed (00.045) is not saved at power-down, and so when the drive is powered-down and up again it will return to the last value saved by the user. The rate of convergence and the accuracy of the adaptive controller reduces at low output frequency and low load. The minimum frequency is defined as a percentage of Rated Frequency (00.047) by Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Frequency (05.019). The minimum load is defined as a percentage of rated load by Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load (05.020). The adaptive controller is enabled when a motoring or regenerative load rises above Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load (05.020) + 5 %, and is disabled again when it falls below Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load (05.020). For best optimisation results the correct values of Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Stator Inductance (05.025), Saturation Breakpoint 1 (05.029), Saturation Breakpoint 2 (05.062), Saturation Breakpoint 3 (05.030) and Saturation Breakpoint 4 (05.063) should be used.

00.034	{11	.030}	User security code									
RW		Num				N	D	NC	PT	US		
OL												
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 2	2 ³¹ -1		⇔			0			
RFC-S												

If any number other than 0 is programmed into this parameter, user security is applied so that no parameters except Pr **00.049** can be adjusted with the keypad. When this parameter is read via a keypad it appears as zero. For further details refer to section 5.9.3 *User Security Code* on page 39.

00.038	{04	.013}	Curre	nt Con	troller	er Kp Gain						
RW		Num								US		
OL									20			
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 3	30000		⇒			150			
RFC-S									130			

00.039	{04	.014}	Curre	Current Controller Ki Gain									
RW		Num								US			
OL	\hat{v}					合			40				
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ		0 to 3		Ŷ			2000)				

These parameters control the proportional and integral gains of the current controller used in the open loop drive. The current controller either provides current limits or closed loop torque control by modifying the drive output frequency. The control loop is also used in its torque mode during line power supply loss, or when the controlled mode standard ramp is active and the drive is decelerating, to regulate the flow of current into the drive.

	.04 .01		Auto-1	tune						
RW		Num						NC		
OL	\hat{v}		0 t	0 to 2						
RFC-A	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$		0 te	o 4		₽			0	
RFC-S	\hat{v}		0 t	0 to 5						

Open-Loop

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Transient Inductance* (05.024), *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and *Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.007), later in this table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (00.043). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 and 6, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

RFC-A

There are four autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test, two mechanical load measurement tests. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A mechanical load measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr **00.040** set to 2).

 A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

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A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (00.047) x 2/ 3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr **05.029**, Pr **05.030**, Pr **06.062** and Pr **05.063**) are modified by the drive. The *Motor Rated Power Factor* (00.043) is also modified by the *Stator Inductance* (05.025). The No-Load motor core losses are measured and written to *No-Load Core Loss* (04.045). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 and 6, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

RFC-S

There are five autotune tests available in RFC-S mode, a stationary autotune, a rotating autotune, two mechanical load measurement tests and a locked rotor test to measure load dependent parameters.

Stationary Autotune

The stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible uncouple the load from motor shaft. This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. During the stationary autotune, a test is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. However this test may not be able to calculate such an accurate value for the Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.043) as compared to rotating autotune. A stationary test is performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059), Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060), No Load Lq (05.072). If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1 then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). The Stator Resistance (05.017) and the Ld (05.024) are then used to set up Current controller Kp Gain (00.038) and Current Controller Ki Gain (00.039). If sensorless mode is not selected then Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.043) is set up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control Feedback Select (03.026). To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Rotating Autotune

The rotating autotune must be performed on unloaded motor. This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for the basic control and parameters for cancelling the effects of the cogging torque. During the rotating autotune, Rated Current (00.046) is applied and the motor is rotated by 2 electrical revolutions (i.e. up to 2 mechanical revolutions) in the required direction. If sensorless mode is not selected then the Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.043) is set-up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control revolutions) in the required direction. If sensorless mode is not selected then the Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.043) is set-up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control Feedback Select (03.026). A stationary test is then performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059), Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) and No Load Lq (05.072). Stator Resistance (05.017) and Ld (05.024) are used to set up Current Controller Kp Gain (00.038) and Current Controller Ki Gain (00.039). This is only done once during the test, and so the user can make further adjustments to the current controller gains if required. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

	.04 .01		Maxin	num S	witchir	ng F	req	uency	1		
RW		Txt				R	A	NC			
OL			Hz (0),								
RFC-A	\hat{v}		Hz (2), ⊣z (4),			⇔			8 kHz	(4)	
RFC-S			16 kl	Hz (6)							

This parameter defines the required switching frequency. The drive may automatically reduce the actual switching frequency (without changing this parameter) if the power stage becomes too hot. A thermal model of the IGBT junction temperature is used based on the heatsink temperature and an instantaneous temperature drop using the drive output current and switching frequency. The estimated IGBT junction temperature is displayed in Pr **07.034**. If the temperature exceeds 135 °C the switching frequency is reduced if this is possible (i.e > 3 kHz). Reducing the switching frequency reduces the drive losses and the junction temperature displayed in Pr **07.034** also reduces. If the load condition persists the junction temperature may continue to rise again above 145 °C and the drive cannot reduce the switching frequency further the drive will initiate an 'OHt Inverter' trip. Every second the drive will attempt to restore the switching frequency to the level set in Pr **00.041**.

See section 8.4 *Switching frequency* on page 91, for the maximum available switching frequency for each drive rating.

6.4.7 Motor parameters

00.042	{05	5.011}	Numb	Number Of Motor Poles									
RW		Num								US			
OL				ti - (0) 4	_	台		Aı	ıtomat	ic (0)			
RFC-A	\hat{v}		Automa 80 Pol	• • •				710	tomat	10 (0)			
RFC-S						飰		6	Poles	s (3)			

Open-loop

This parameter is used in the calculation of motor speed, and in applying the correct slip compensation. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Rated Frequency* (00.047) and the *Rated Speed* rpm (00.045). The number of poles = 120 * rated frequency / rpm rounded to the nearest even number.

RFC-A

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Rated Frequency* (00.047) and the *Rated Speed* (00.045) rpm. The number of poles = $120 \times 120 \times 1$

RFC-S

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When Automatic (0) is selected the number of poles is set to 6.

00.043 {	00.043 {05.010}				Rated Power Factor (OL)									
00.043 {	03.	025}	Posit	ion Fe	edbad	:k F	has	e Ang	gle (RF	FC)				
RW		Num								US				
OL	ţ	C	0.000 to 1.000			₽			0.85	0				
RFC-A	ţ	C	0.000 to 1.0			Û			0.85	0				
RFC-S	$\hat{\mathbb{C}}$	0.0 to 359.9°				₽			0.0)				

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current.

Open-loop

Sofoty	Draduat	Maghaniagl	Flootrical	Getting	Pasia	Dunning		Drive	SD Card	Onhoord	Advonced		LII lieting
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The power factor is used in conjunction with the motor rated current (Pr **00.046**) to calculate the rated active current and magnetizing current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetizing current is used in vector mode Rs compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly.

This parameter is obtained by the drive during a rotational autotune. If a stationary autotune is carried out, then the nameplate value should be entered in Pr **00.043**.

RFC-A

If the stator inductance (Pr **05.025**) contains a non-zero value, the power factor used by the drive is continuously calculated and used in the vector control algorithms (this will not update Pr **00.043**).

If the stator inductance is set to zero (Pr **05.025**) then the power factor written in Pr **00.043** is used in conjunction with the motor rated current and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetizing currents which are used in the vector control algorithm.

This parameter is obtained by the drive during a rotational autotune. If a stationary autotune is carried out, then the nameplate value should be entered in Pr **00.043**.

RFC-S

The phase angle between the rotor flux in a servo motor and the encoder position is required for the motor to operate correctly. If the phase angle is known it can be set in this parameter by the user. Alternatively the drive can automatically measure the phase angle by performing a phasing test (see autotune in RFC-S mode Pr **00.040**). When the test is complete the new value is written to this parameter. The encoder phase angle can be modified at any time and becomes effective immediately. This parameter has a factory default value of 0.0°, but is not affected when defaults are loaded by the user.

00.044	{05	.009}	Rated Voltage												
RW		Num				F	RA			US					
OL			0 to					200 V drive: 230 V							
RFC-A	ţ	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_				⇒	50Hz default 400 V drive: 400 V 60Hz default 400 V drive: 460 V								
RFC-S			SE	= 1			60F	iz defai	JIT 400 V	v arive:	460 V				

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

00.045 {	05.	008}	Rated	Rated Speed							
RW		Num								US	
OL	€	0	0 to 33000 rpm							: 1500 : 1800	
RFC-A	\hat{v}	0.00	to 330	rpm	⇔	50 60) Hz de) Hz de	efault: [·] efault: ·	1450.0 1750.0	0 rpm 0 rpm	
RFC-S					₽		3	000.00) rpm		

Open-loop

This is the speed at which the motor would rotate when supplied with its base frequency at rated voltage, under rated load conditions (= synchronous speed - slip speed). Entering the correct value into this

parameter allows the drive to increase the output frequency as a function of load in order to compensate for this speed drop.

Slip compensation is disabled if Pr 00.045 is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, or if Pr 05.027 is set to 0.

If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the value from the rating plate of the motor, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors. Rated speed is used with motor rated frequency to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter can result in the following:

- Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- Failure to reach maximum speed
- Over-current trips
- Reduced transient performance
- Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot machine, however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate.

The rated speed rpm can be optimized by the drive (For further information, refer to section 8.1.4 *RFC-A mode* on page 84).

RFC-S

Rated Speed (00.045) is used as follows:

- Operation without position feedback, i.e. Sensorless Mode Active (03.078) = 1.
- 2. Where the motor operates above this speed and flux weakening is active.
- 3. In the motor thermal model.

The units for *Rated Speed* (00.045) are always rpm even if a linear motor is used and *Linear Speed Select* (01.055) = 1.

00.046	00.046 {05.007}			Rated Current										
RW	RW Num					RA				US				
OL RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	VM_F		0 to _CURF	RENT	仓	I	Maxim	um He Ratin (00.03	g	uty			

Enter the name-plate value for the motor rated current.

00.047				Rated Frequency (OL, RFC-A)									
00.047 {05.033} Volts per 1000 rpm					(RF	-C-8	5)						
RW		Num								US			
OL	€	(0.0 to 550.0 Hz			٦ ا			default				
RFC-A	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$	().0 to 5	.0 to 550.0 Hz			6	60 Hz (default	: 60.0	Hz		
RFC-S	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$	0 to 1	0000 \	0000 V / 1000 rpm				98 \	//100	0 rpm			

Open-loop and RFC-A

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

6.4.8 Operating-mode selection

00.048	{11	.031}	User Drive Mode									
RW		Txt				ND		NC	PT			
OL		•	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3)					Ор	en-loo	op (1)		
RFC-A	Û	Open-						RFC-A (2)				
RFC-S												

The settings for Pr 00.048 are as follows:

Setting	Operating mode
1	Open-loop
2	RFC-A
3	RFC-S

This parameter defines the drive operating mode. Pr **mm.000** must be set to '1253' (European defaults) or '1254' (USA defaults) before this parameter can be changed. When the drive is reset to implement any change in this parameter, the default settings of all parameters will be

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set according to the drive operating mode selected and saved in memory.

6.4.9 Status information

00.049	00.049 {11.044} User Secu				y Statu	IS				
RW		Txt					ND	PT		
OL		Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), Read-only Menu 0 (2),								
RFC-A	€	Read-only (3),				⇒	Ν	/lenu 0	0) (0)	
RFC-S	C-S Status Only (4), No Access (5)									

This parameter controls access via the drive keypad as follows:

Security level	Description
0 (Menu 0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible.
1 (All Menus)	All writable parameters are visible and available to be edited.
2 (Read-only Menu 0)	All parameters are read-only. Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only.
3 (Read-only)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible.
4 (Status Only)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited.
5 (No Access)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms / fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module.

The keypad can adjust this parameter even when user security is set.

00.050 {11.029}			Software Version								
RO		Num				N	ID	NC	PT		
OL											
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 99999999								
RFC-S											

The parameter displays the software version of the drive.

00.051 {10.037}			Action On Trip Detection									
RW		Bin								US		
OL												
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 tc	31		⇒			0			
RFC-S												

Each bit in this parameter has the following functions:

Bit	Function
0	Stop on non-important trips
1	Disable braking resistor overload detection
2	Disable phase loss stop
3	Disable braking resistor temperature monitoring
4	Disable parameter freeze on trip

Example

Pr 00.051 = 8 (1000_{binary}) Th Brake Res trip is disabled

Pr 00.051 = 12 (1100_{binary}) Th Brake Res and phase loss trip is disabled

Stop on non-important trips

If bit 0 is set to one the drive will attempt to stop before tripping if any of the following trip conditions are detected: I/O Overload, An Input 1 Loss, An Input 2 Loss or Keypad Mode.

Disable braking resistor overload detection

For details of braking resistor overload detection mode see Pr 10.030.

Disable phase loss trip

Normally the drive will stop when the input phase loss condition is detected. If this bit is set to 1 the drive will continue to run and will only trip when the drive is brought to a stop by the user.

Disable braking resistor temperature monitoring

Size 3, 4 and 5 drives have an internal user install braking resistor with a thermistor to detect overheating of the resistor. As default bit 3 of Pr **00.051** is set to zero, and so if the braking resistor and its thermistor is not installed the drive will produce a trip (Th Brake Res) because the thermistor appears to be open-circuit. This trip can be disabled so that the drive can run by setting bit 3 of Pr **00.051** to one. If the resistor is installed then no trip is produced unless the thermistor fails, and so bit 3 of Pr **00.051** can be left at zero. This feature only applies to size 3, 4 and 5 drives. For example if Pr **00.051** = 8, then Th Brake Res trip will be disabled.

Disable parameter freeze on trip

If this bit is 0 then the parameters listed below are frozen on trip until the trip is cleared. If this bit is 1 then this feature is disabled.

Open-loop mode	RFC-A and RFC-S modes
Reference Selected (01.001)	Reference Selected (01.001)
Pre-skip Filter Reference (01.002)	Pre-skip Filter Reference (01.002)
Pre-ramp Reference (01.003)	Pre-ramp Reference (01.003)
Post Ramp Reference (02.001)	Post Ramp Reference (02.001)
Frequency Slaving Demand (03.001)	Final Speed Reference (03.001)
	Speed Feedback (00.010)
	Speed Error (03.003)
	Speed Controller Output (03.004)
Current Magnitude (00.012)	Current Magnitude (00.012)
<i>Torque Producing Current</i> (00.013)	<i>Torque Producing Current</i> (00.013)
Magnetising Current (04.017)	Magnetising Current (04.017)
Output Frequency (00.011)	Output Frequency (00.011)
Output Voltage (05.002)	Output Voltage (05.002)
Output Power (05.003)	Output Power (05.003)
D.c. Bus Voltage (05.005)	D.c. Bus Voltage (05.005)
Analog Input 1 (07.001)	Analog Input 1 (07.001)

00.053 {04.015}			Motor	Therm							
RW		Num								US	
OL											
RFC-A	ŷ		1.0 to 3	000.0 \$	S	⇔		89.0 s			
RFC-S											

Pr **00.053** is the motor thermal time constant of the motor, and is used (along with the motor rated current Pr **00.046**, and total motor current Pr **00.012**) in the thermal model of the motor in applying thermal protection to the motor.

For further details, refer to section 8.3 *Motor thermal protection* on page 91.

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7 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 76.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor.

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.046** *Rated Current.* This affects the thermal protection of the motor.



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr **01.017**). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr **01.017** and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

7.1 Quick start connections

7.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-up* on page 59.

Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Terminal mode	Drive enable Speed / Torque reference Run forward / Run reverse
Keypad mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable Serial communications link

Table 7-2 Minimum control connection requirements for each mode of operation

Operating mode	Requirements						
Open loop mode	Induction motor						
RFC – A mode (with speed feedback)	Induction motor with speed feedback						
RFC – S mode (with speed and position feedback)	Permanent magnet motor with speed and position feedback						

Speed feedback

Suitable devices are:

- Incremental encoder (A, B or F, D with or without Z).
- Incremental encoder with forward and reverse outputs (F, R with or without Z).
- SINCOS encoder (with, or without Stegmann Hiperface, EnDat, BiSS or SSI communications protocols).
- EnDat absolute encoder.
- BiSS absolute encoder.
- Resolver.

Speed and position feedback

Suitable devices are:

- Incremental encoder (A, B or F, D with or without Z) with commutation signals (U, V, W).
- Incremental encoder with forward and reverse outputs (F, R with or without Z) and commutation outputs (U, V, W).
- SINCOS encoder (with Stegmann Hiperface, EnDat, BiSS or SSI communications protocols)
- EnDat absolute encoder.
- BiSS absolute encoder.
- Resolver.

7.2 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User Security Status* (Pr **00.049**) and *User Security Code* (Pr **00.034**) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

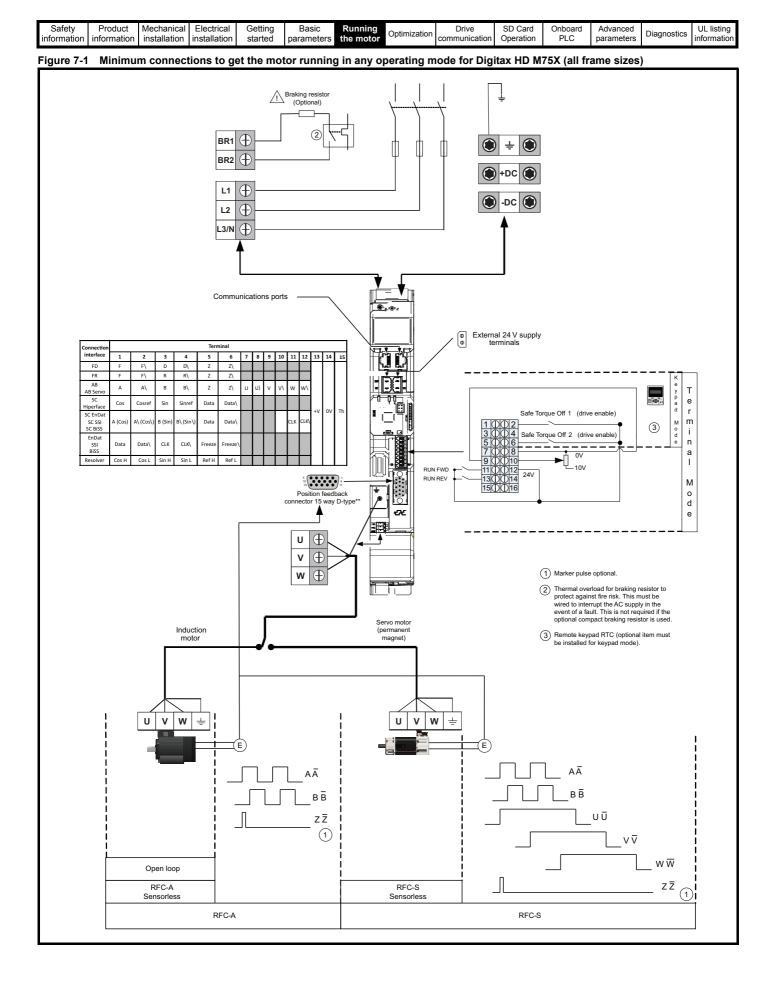
Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency)
 - 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 00.048 as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting		Operating mode
00.048 t Open-loop	1	Open-loop
00.048 ‡ RFC-A	2	RFC-A
00.048 ‡ RFC-S	3	RFC-S

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 3. Either:
 - Press the red or reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr **10.038** to 100 (ensure that Pr. **mm.000** returns to 0).



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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7.3 Quick start commissioning / start-up

7.3.1 **RFC-S** mode (with position feedback)

Permanent magnet motor with position feedback For simplicity only an incremental quadrature encoder with commutation outputs will be considered here. For information on setting up one of the other supported speed feedback devices, refer to section on page 66.

Action	Detail									
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given. Motor and feedback device are connected. 	\times								
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode</i> on page 38. Ensure: Drive displays 'inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 217. 	[7								
Set motor feedback parameters	 Incremental encoder basic set-up Enter: Drive encoder type in Pr. 03.038 = AB Servo (3): Quadrature encoder with commutation outputs. Encoder power supply in Pr. 03.036 = 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr 03.039 to 0. Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. Drive encoder Pulses Per Revolution in Pr 03.034 (set according to encoder) Drive encoder termination resistor setting in Pr 03.039:									
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Ensure that this equal to or less than the Heavy Duty rating of the drive otherwise 'Motor Too Hot' trips may occur during the autotune. Number of poles in Pr 00.042 Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) 									
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02								
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 									
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). Motor thermistor fault detection is enabled as default, it can be deselected in Pr 03.123 . Refer to Pr 03.123 for further information.	— <u> </u>								

Safety P information info	roduct Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running installation installation started parameters the motor	Diagnostics
	Installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization communication Operation PLC parameters Detail Detail The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. The drive is able to perform a stationary, rotating, mechanical load measurement or locked rotor test autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. It is suggested that a rotating auto tune is used for accurate measurement for position feedback phase angle. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance, inductance in flux axis, maximum deadtime compensation, inductance in torque axis with no load on the motor and current at maximum deadtime compensation of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. If Sensorless mode is not selected then <i>Position Feedback Phase Angle</i> (00.043) is set-up for the selected position feedback. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. The rotating autotune will rotate the motor by up to 2 mechanical revolutions in the direction selected, regardless of the reference provided to obtain the position feedback phase angle. A stationary autotune is then perfor	
Save parameters	 The rotating autotune will rotate the motor by up to 2 mechanical revolutions in the direction selected, regardless of the reference provided. After a short delay, the motor is further rotated through a electrical revolution. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune, Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune. Close the run signal (terminal 11 or 13). Close the drive enable signal (terminal 2 & 6). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the test. Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips it cannot be reset until the drive enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) has been removed. See section 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 217. Remove the drive enabled and run signal from the drive. 	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	ţ.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
informat	on information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	" communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

7.3.2 RFC-S mode (Sensorless control)

Permanent magnet motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power- up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given Motor is connected 	\times
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode</i> on page 38, otherwise restore parameter defaults (see section 5.8 <i>Restoring parameter defaults</i> on page 38). Ensure: Drive displays 'inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 217. 	
Select RFC-S (Sensorless control) mode and disable encoder wirebreak trip	 Set Pr 03.024 = 1 or 3 to select RFC-S Sensorless mode. Set Pr 03.040 = 0000 to disable the wire break. 	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Ensure that this equal to or less than the Heavy Duty rating of the drive otherwise 'Motor Too Hot' trips may occur during the autotune. Number of poles in Pr 00.042 Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) 	A series of the
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	8.82
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm). It is recommended that the ramp rates are increased from the default value of 0.200 s/1000 rpm. Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	
Set stop mode	Enter: • Set Stop Mode to Ramp in Pr 06.001	
Set hold zero speed	 Enter: Set Hold Zero Speed to Off (0) in Pr 06.008. 	
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform a stationary autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance. A stationary autotune is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance, inductance in flux axis, inductance in torque axis with no load on the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 or 2 for a stationary autotune. (Both perform the same tests). Close the run signal (terminal 11 or 13). Close the drive enable signal (terminal 2 & 6). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the test. Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips it cannot be reset until the drive enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) has been removed. See Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 217. 	R _a Ld (B) No-load Lq
	Remove the drive enabled and run signal from the drive. In sensorless mode, when the motor speed is below Pr 00.045 / 10, a special low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. There are two modes available, with the mode chosen based on the saliency of the motor.	
Check Saliency	The ratio No-load Lq (Pr 00.056) / Ld (Pr 05.024) provides a measure of the saliency. If this value is > 1.1, then Injection (0) mode may be used. Current (2) mode may be used (but with limitations). If this value is < 1.1, then Current (2) mode must be used (this is the default of Pr 05.064).	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr mm.000) and press red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	*

		Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
	Іоор									
Action		De	tail							
Before power-up	Ensure: • The drive enable signal is not given • Run signal is not given • Motor is connected		\rightarrow							
Power-up the drive	nation installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization communication Operation PLC 3 Open loop Action Detail Detail PLC PLC Action Detail Ensure: • The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). • PLC PLC * Put of rive complex is connected Verify that Open Loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 K/-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode on page 38. Ensure: • Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see section 13 Diagnostics on page 217. r motor pplate details Enter: • Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.046 (A) • Motor rated speed in Pr 00.046 (A) • Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.046 (V) - check if d_{i} or Δ connection naximum Enter: • Maximum frequency in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz) • Coceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz)									
Enter motor nameplate details	Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm	n)	on			$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				
Set maximum frequency		iz)				0.02		t		
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	et acceleration / ecceleration rates in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz) (lf braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too									
Motor thermistor set-up	type is selected in P1 Thermistor Type (03.118). The motor thermisto				_		_		
	before an autotune is enabled. A rotating									
	selected regardless of the restor. The enable signal must required reference. The drive can be stopped at		t cos Ø							
Autotune	 A stationary autotune can be used v load from the motor shaft. A stational inductance in the motor. These are A stationary autotune does not mean nameplate must be entered into Pri A rotating autotune should only be u a stationary autotune before rotating The rotating autotune measures the To perform an autotune: 			<u> </u>						
	 Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary at Close the Drive Enable signal (term The drive will display 'Ready'. Close the run signal (terminal 11 or The upper row of the display will fla: Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 Diagno Remove the drive enable and run si 									
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000		ot 1001 in Pr r	nm.000) ar	d press					
Run	the red	e reset aigital input.								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					-								

7.3.4 RFC - A mode (with position feedback)

Induction motor with position feedback

For simplicity only an incremental quadrature encoder will be considered here. For information on setting up one of the other supported speed feedback devices, refer to section on page 66.

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given Motor and feedback device are connected 	\mathbf{X}
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode</i> on page 38. Ensure: Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 217. 	[7
Set motor feedback parameters	Incremental encoder basic set-up Enter: • Drive encoder type in Pr 03.038 = AB (0): Quadrature encoder • Encoder power supply in Pr. 03.036 = 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr 03.039 to 0. Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. CAUTION • Drive encoder Lines Per Revolution (LPR) in Pr 03.034 (set according to encoder) • Drive encoder termination resistor setting in Pr 03.039: 0 = A-A, B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled 1 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled 2 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if 人 or △ connection 	
Set maximum speed	Enter: Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 03.123 . Refer to Pr 03.123 for further information.	— <u> </u>
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. A rotating autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune. Wait for the drive enable signal (terminal 12 & 6). The drive will display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill lif the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 217. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. <!--</td--><td>R_s d_s T Nm Saturation break- points N rpm</td>	R _s d _s T Nm Saturation break- points N rpm

Safety information	Produc informati	t Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Actio	on						Deta	ail					
Save para	meters		elect 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr mm.000) and press red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.										
Run		Drive is now ready to run										• O	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opumeaton	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

7.3.5 RFC-A mode (Sensorless control) Induction motor with sensorless control

Action	Detail										
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given Motor is connected 	\times									
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Kl- Remote Keypad changing the operating mode on page 38. Ensure: Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 Diagnostics on page 217. 	[]									
Select RFC-A (Sensorless control) mode and disable encoder wire- break trip	 Set Pr 03.024 = 1 or 3 to select RFC-A Sensorless mode Set Pr 03.040 = 0000 to disable the wire break 										
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if										
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02									
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	1000pm									
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 03.123 . Refer to Pr 03.123 for further information.	— <u> </u>									
Select or deselect catch a spinning motor mode	If catch a spinning motor mode is not required then set Pr 06.009 to 0. If catch a spinning motor mode is required then leave Pr 06.009 at the default of 1, but depending on the size of the motor the value in Pr 05.040 may need to be adjusted. Pr 05.040 defines a scaling function used by the algorithm that detects the speed of the motor. The default value of Pr 05.040 is 1 which is suitable for small motors (< 4 kW). For larger motors the value in Pr 05.040 will need to be increased. Approximate values of Pr 05.040 for different motor sizes are as follows, 2 for 11 kW, 3 for 55 kW and 5 for 150 kW. If the value of Pr 05.040 is too large the motor may accelerate from standstill when the drive is enabled. If the value of this parameter is too small the drive will detect the motor speed as zero even if the motor is spinning.										
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform efform a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. NOTE It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2). A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The ortating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune enasures the stator inductance of the motor and calculate	R _s dL _s T Nm Nm Nm Nrpm									

Safety information	Product information		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Actio	on						Deta	ail					
Save para	meters				000 (alterna eset digital ir	,	r a value of	1001 in Pr MI	/I.000) and	press red			
Run		Drive is now r	eady to run	l								•	

7.4 Quick start commissioning / start-up using Connect

Connect is a Windows™ based software commissioning / start-up tool for Digitax HD.

Connect can be downloaded from http://www.drive-setup.com/ctdownloads

Connect system requirements

- Windows 8, Windows 7 SP1, Windows Vista SP2, Windows XP SP3
- Minimum of 1280 x 1024 screen resolution with 256 colours
- Microsoft.Net Frameworks 4.0 (this is provided in the downloaded file)
- Note that you must have administrator rights to install Connect

Any previous copy of Connect should be uninstalled before proceeding with the installation (existing projects will not be lost).

7.4.1 Power-up the drive

1. Start Connect, and on the 'Project Management' screen select 'Scan serial RTU network' (M751 only when connected to the drive communication port or all variants when connecting via the KI-Compact 485 adaptor), 'Scan Ethernet network' (M750 only or M753 when using Ethernet over EtherCAT protocol) or 'Scan all connected drives'. This example uses the 'Scan serial RTU network' option.

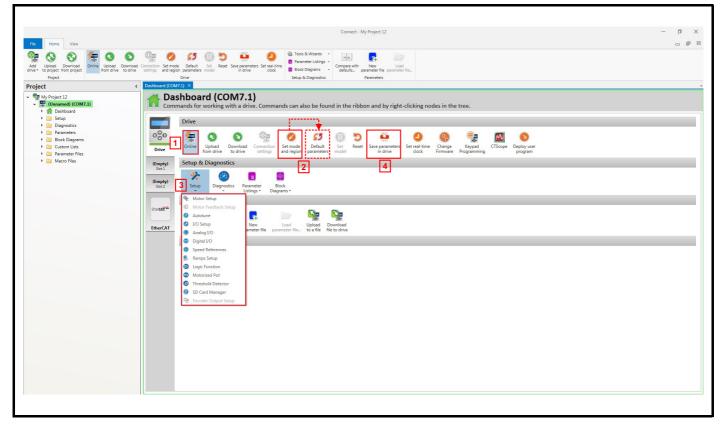
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Fieldbus Support Files	Scan serial RTU network		Scan all connected drives	FAQs, guides and troubleshooting		
Scan serial RTU network Control Techniques Website			Scan serial RTU network			

Safety		Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters		information

Select the discovered drive.

- 1. Select the 'Online' icon to connect with the drive. When a successful connection is made the icon will be highlighted blue.
- 2. Select 'Set mode and region'.
 - If the required control mode is highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialog, then:
 - Change the supply frequency if required and select 'Apply', otherwise select 'Cancel'.
 - If the required control mode is not highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialog then:
 - Select the required mode and supply frequency.
 - Select 'Apply'.

Select 'Default parameters' from the Dashboard and in the 'Default Parameters' dialog, select 'Apply'.



3. Select 'Setup' and perform the steps highlighted:

Action	Detail
Motor set-up	Connect contains a database for induction motors and permanent magnet motors. Provision is also made to enter motor nameplate data.
	This only needs to be performed in RFC-S and RFC-A (with feedback) modes. Enter the encoder type and encoder configuration data as prompted on screen.
Motor feedback set-up	NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is > 5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr 03.039 to 0.
	Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device.
Speed references	Enter preset speeds or a jog reference if required.
Ramps set-up	Enter the required Acceleration rate and Deceleration rate. Note: If a braking resistor is installed, set 'Ramp mode' to 'Fast'. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen.
I/O set-up	Map I/O terminals to parameters (where non default configuration is required).
Analog I/O	Configure Analog input 1 and thermal monitoring parameters (where non default configuration is required).
Digital I/O	Allocate non default digital control functions to digital terminals where necessary.
Autotune	Follow the Autotune set up wizard to automatically tune the drive to the motor.

4. Select 'Save parameters in drive' to perform a parameter save. The drive is now ready to run.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

7.5 Setting up a feedback device

7.5.1 P1 position interface

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use each of the compatible feedback device types with P1 position interface on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Parameter	AB, FD, FR, AB Servo, SC, SC Servo, SC SC FD Servo, FR Servo	SC Hiperface	SC EnDat	SC BiSS	SC SSI	SSI	EnDat	BiSS	Resolver
P1 Marker Mode (03.031)	\checkmark								
P1 Rotary Turns Bits (03.033)		•	•	•	✓	√	•	•	
P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (03.034)	✓	•	•	٠	✓				
P1 Comms Bits (03.035)		•	•	٠	✓	✓	•	•	
P1 Supply Voltage (03.036)*	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	
P1 Comms Baud Rate (03.037)			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	
P1 Device Type (03.038)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	✓
P1 Auto-configuration Select (03.041)		✓	✓	✓			✓	√	
P1 SSI Binary Mode (03.048)					✓	✓			
P1 Calculation time (03.060)							✓	\checkmark	
P1 Resolver Poles (03.065)									✓
P1 Resolver Excitation (03.066)									✓
P1 Additional Configuration (03.074)				•				•	

✓ Information required to be entered by the user.

• Parameter can be set-up automatically by the drive through auto-configuration parameter. Must be set by the user if auto-configuration is disabled (i.e. Pr 03.041 = Disabled (0)).

* Pr 03.036: If the output voltage from the encoder is > 5 V, then termination resistors must be disabled by setting Pr 03.039 to 0.

Table 7-3 shows a summary of the parameters required to set-up each feedback device. More detailed information follows.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical information information installation installation		Betting tarted		Basi Irame							
7.5.2 P1 position interface	: De	taile	ed fo	ed	back device commissioning / start-up information						
Standard quadrature encoder with o Sincos encoder with or without UVW Sincos encoder with absolute positi	l com on fro	imuta om si	ation ingle	sig sin	and cosine signals						
Device Type (03.038)	 AB (0) for a quadrature encoder without commutation signals * AB Servo (3) for a quadrature encoder with commutation signals SC (6) for a Sincos encoder without commutation signals * SC Servo (12) for a Sincos encoder with commutation signals SC SC (15) for a Sincos encoder with absolute position from single sin and cosine signals 										
Supply Voltage (03.036)	NOT If ou	5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2) NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled. Set Pr 03.039 to 0									
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.034)	Set	Set to the number of lines or sine waves per revolution of the encoder.									
<i>Termination Select</i> (03.039) (AB or AB Servo only)	 0 = A, B, Z termination resistors disabled 1 = A, B termination resistors enabled and Z termination resistors disabled 2 = A, B, Z termination resistors enabled 										
	Bit 3 2 1 0			0	Description						
	х	Х	Х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs						
Marker Mode (03.031)	х	х	1	х	Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero						
	x	1	x	x	Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset. Pr 03.058 is transferred to Pr 03.059 and Pr 03.032 is set to 1.						
	1	х	x	x	Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse is only recognized if the pulse is 10 μs wide.						
Error Detection Level (03.040)	3	E 2	Bit 1	0	Description						
	х	Х	Х	1	Enable wire break detection						
	1	х	х	х	Disable trips Encoder 1 to Encoder 6						

* These settings should only be used in RFC-A mode. If used in RFC-S mode a phase offset test must be performed after every power up.

												-		
	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Disgnostics	UL listing
in	formation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Incremental encoder with Frequence signals.	y and Dire	ction	(F a	nd D) or Forward and Reverse (CW and CCW) signals with or without commutation				
Device Type (03.038)	 FD (1) for frequency and direction signals without commutation signals* FR (3) for forward and reverse signals without commutation signals* FD Servo (4) for frequency and direction signals with commutation signals FR Servo (5) for forward and reverse signals with commutation signals 							
Supply Voltage (03.036)	NOTE	If output voltage from the encoder is > 5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled. Set Pr 03.039						
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.034)	Set to the	ne nu	mbe	r of pulses per revolution of the encoder divided by 2.				
Termination Select (03.039)	0 = F or CW, D or CCW, Z termination resistors disabled 1 = F or CW, D or CCW termination resistors enabled and Z termination resistors disabled 2 = For CW, D or CCW, Z termination resistors enabled							
	3 2	Bit 1	0	Description				
	x x	Х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs				
Marker Mode (03.031)	x x	1	х	Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero				
	x 1	x	x	Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset. Pr 03.058 is transferred to Pr 03.059 and Pr 03.032 is set to 1.				
	1 x	x	x	Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse is only recognized if the pulse is 10 μs wide.				
	3 2	Bit 1	0	Description				
Error Detection Level (03.040)			4					
Error Detection Level (03.040)	x x	х	1	Enable wire break detection				

* These settings should only be used in RFC-A mode. If used in RFC-S mode a phase offset test must be performed after every power up.

	S	C Hi	perf	ace	(7) f	or a Sincos encoder with Hiperface serial con	mmunications						
	E	nDa	t (8)	for a	an Er	Dat communications only encoder							
Device Type (03.038)		SC EnDat (9) for a Sincos encoder with EnDat serial communications											
			· /			SS communications only encoder	<i>t</i> ²						
0 1 1 ((0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0						Sincos encoder with BiSS serial communica	ations						
Supply Voltage (03.036)		•	<i>,</i> .	• • •		5 V (2)							
	Auto-configuration is enabled at default and automatically sets up the following parameters.												
		Rotary Turns Bits (03.033)											
Auto-configuration Select (03.041)		Rotary Lines Per Revolutions (03.034)											
	<i>Comms Bits</i> (03.035) These parameters can be entered manually when Pr 03.041 is set to Disabled (0).												
						,	set to Disabled (U).						
Comms Baud Rate (03.037)	10)0 k,	200	k, 3	00 k	, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M							
			E	lit		Description							
		3	2	1	0	Description							
Error Detection Level (03.040)		х	х	х	1	Enable wire break detection							
		х	х	1	х	Enable phase error detection							
				х	х								

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Absolute SSI communications only of	enco	oder	, or	Abs	olut	e Sincos encoder with SSI communications				
Device Type (03.038)		SSI (10) for a SSI communications only encoder SC SSI (11) for a Sincos encoder with SSI serial communications								
Supply Voltage (03.036)	5	5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2)								
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.034)	Se	et th	e nu	mbe	r of :	sine waves per revolution of the encoder				
SSI Binary Mode (03.048)		Off = Gray Code On = Binary Mode								
Rotary Turns Bits (03.033)	Se	Set to the number of turns bits for the encoder (this is normally 12 bits for a SSI encoder)								
Comms Bits (03.035)	To	Total number of bits of position information (this is usually 25 bits for a SSI encoder)								
Comms Baud Rate (03.037)	10	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M								
	Bit 3 2 1 0		0	Description						
		х	х	Х	1	Enable wire break detection				
Error Detection Level (03.040)		х	х	1	х	Enable phase error detection				
		х	1	х	х	Enable SSI power supply alarm bit monitor				
		1	х	х	х	Disable trips Encoder 1 to Encoder 6				
	So	o for	exa	mple	e, to	enable the wire break and phase error detection	n, set Pr 03.040 to 0011.			

UVW commutation signal only encoders*									
Device Type (03.038)	Commutation Only (16) for a quadrature encoder with commutation signals*								
Supply Voltage (03.036)	5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2)								
Error Detection Level (03.040)	Set to zero to disable wire break detection								

* This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performance.

Due to the low resolution of UVW communication only encoders, it is recommended that the *P1 Feedback Filter* (03.042) is set to its maximum value. A value of 1 ms to 2 ms may also be required in the *Current Reference Filter* (00.017) and it is also recommended that the speed loop gains are set to a low value to obtain stable operation.

Resolver								
Device Type (03.038)	Resolver (14)							
Resolver Poles (03.065)	Set number of Resolver poles 2 poles (1) to 20 poles (10)							
Resolver Excitation (03.066)	Set Resolver excitation voltage and frequency 6 kHz 3V (0), 8 kHz 3V (1), 6 kHz 2V (2), 8 kHz 2V (3)							
	Bit Description							
	3 2 1 0							
Error Detection Level (03.040)	x x 1 Enable wire break detection							
	1 X X Disable trips Encoder 1 to Encoder 6							
	So for example, to enable the wire break error detection, set Pr 03.040 to 0001.							

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7.5.3 P2 position interface

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use each of the compatible feedback device types with the P2 position interface on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*. If the position feedback device connected to the P2 position interface is required to be used for motor control feedback then Pr **03.026** will need to be set to P2 Drive (1).

Table 7-4	Parameters required for feedback	device set-up on the P2	position interface

Parameter	AB, FD, FR	EnDat	SSI	BiSS
P2 Marker Mode (03.131)	\checkmark			
P2 Rotary Turns Bits (03.133)		٠	•	•
P2 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (03.134)	✓	•	•	•
P2 Comms Bits (03.135)		٠	•	•
P2 Comms Baud Rate (03.137)		\checkmark	✓	✓
P2 Device Type (03.138)	√	\checkmark	✓	✓
P2 Auto-configuration Select (03.141)		\checkmark		✓

✓ Information required to be entered by the user.

• Parameter can be set-up automatically by the drive through auto-configuration. Parameter must be set by the user if auto-configuration is disabled (i.e. Pr 03.141 = Disabled (0)).

The P2 position interface does not have its own independent power supply output. Therefore, any position feedback device connected to the P2 position interface must either share the P1 power supply output on pin 13 of the 15-way D-type, or be supplied from an external source.

NOTE

The termination resistors are always enabled on the P2 position interface. Wire break detection is not available when using AB, FD or FR position feedback device types on the P2 position interface.

Table 7-4 shows a summary of the parameters required to set-up each feedback device. More detailed information follows.

Standard quadrature encoder (A, B, Z)							
Device Type (03.138)	AB (1) for a quadrature encoder						
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.134)	Set to the number of lines per revolution of the encoder						
Marker Mode (03.131)	Bit				Description		
	3	2	1	0	Description		
	х	х	х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs		
	х	х	1	х	Pr 03.128 and Pr 03.158 are set to zero		
	x	1	x	x	Pr 03.128, Pr 03.129, Pr 03.130 and the related part of Pr 03.158 are not reset. Pr 03.158 is transferred to Pr 03.159 and Pr 03.132 is set to 1.		
	1	х	х	х	This Bit in has no effect.		

Incremental encoder with Frequency and Direction (F and D), or Forward and Reverse (CW and CCW) signals							
Device Type (03.138)	FD (2) for frequency and direction signals without commutation signals FR (3) for forward and reverse signals without commutation signals						
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.134)	Set to the number of pulses per revolution of the encoder divided by 2						
Marker Mode (03.131)	Bit				Description		
	3	2	1	0	2000.19.00.0		
	х	х	х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs		
	х	х	1	х	Pr 03.128 and Pr 03.158 are set to zero		
	x	1	x	x	Pr 03.128, Pr 03.129, Pr 03.130 and the related part of Pr 03.158 are not reset. Pr 03.158 is transferred to Pr 03.159 and Pr 03.132 is set to 1.		
	1	х	х	х	This Bit in has no effect.		

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Absolute EnDat communication of Absolute BiSS coomunication only	
Device Type (03.138)	EnDat (4) for an EnDat communications only encoder BiSS (6) for a BiSS communication only encoder
Auto-configuration Select (03.141)	Auto-configuration is enabled at default and automatically sets up the following parameters: <i>Rotary Turns Bits</i> (03.133) <i>Comms Bits</i> (03.135) These parameters can be entered manually when Pr 03.141 is set to Disabled (0).
Comms Baud Rate (03.137)	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M
Error Detection Level (03.140)	Bit Description 3 2 1 1 x x X X Disable trips Encoder 4 to Encoder 6

Absolute SSI communications of	nly encoder							
Device Type (03.138)	SSI (5) for a SSI communications only encoder							
SSI Binary Mode (03.148)	Off (0) = Gray Code On (1) = Binary Mode							
Rotary Turns Bits (03.133)	Set to the number of turns bits for the encoder (this is usually 12 bits for a multi-turn SSI encoder)							
Comms Bits (03.135)	Total number of bits of position information for the encoder (this is usually 25 bits for a multi-turn SSI encoder)							
Comms Baud Rate (03.137)	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M							
Error Detection Level (03.140)	Bit Description							
	x 1 x x Enable SSI power supply alarm bit monitor							
	1 x x x Disable trips Encoder 4 to Encoder 6							

7.6 Encoder Simulation Output Set-up

The drive supports four modes of encoder simulation output.

- Hardware mode Incremental signals (AB, FD, FR)
- Software mode Incremental signals (AB, FD, FR)
- Software mode Ratio
- Software mode Absolute SSI data

The availability of the encoder simulation output on the 15-way D-type on the drive is dependent on the type of feedback device connected to the P1 position interface. See Table 4-7 on page 24 for more information on the availability of the encoder simulation output. The status of the encoder simulation output can be seen in *Encoder Simulation Status* (03.086) as follows:

- None (0) The encoder simulation output is not enabled or is not available
- Full (1) Full encoder simulation with marker output is available
- No Marker (2) Encoder simulation without marker output is available

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use the encoder simulation output on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the Parameter Reference Guide.

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7.6.1 Hardware mode - Incremental signals (AB, FD, or FR)

Hardware mode provides incremental signals derived via hardware from the P1 position feedback interface on the drive, with negligible delay. The supported incremental output signals are AB, FD and FR. Hardware mode only produces an output when the input device connected to the P1 position interface is AB, FD, FR, SC, SC Hiperface, SC EnDat or SC SSI type devices. It should be noted that with a SINCOS source device the output is based on the zero crossings of the sine wave inputs and does not include interpolation.

Hardware mode set-up	
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	This parameter must be set to 03.029 to select the P1 position interface as the source.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Hardware (0)
Encoder Simulation Hardware Divider (03.089)	This parameter defines the divider ratio between the device connected to the P1 position feedback interface and the output. 0 = 1/1 1 = 1/2 2 = 1/4 3 = 1/8 4 = 1/16 5 = 1/32 6 = 1/64 7 = 1/128
Encoder Simulation Hardware Marker Lock (03.090)	 0 = The marker output is derived directly from the marker input 1 = The incremental output signals are adjusted on each marker event so that the A and B are high with an AB type output, or F is high with an FD or FR type output
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	 AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals

7.6.2 Software mode - Incremental signals (AB, FD, or FR)

In software mode the encoder simulation output is derived via software from the selected source with a minimum delay of 250 µs which may be extended with *Encoder Simulation Sample Period* (03.087). For incremental output signals, the resolution of the output can be defined by either selecting the required output lines per revolution or by an output ratio.

Lines per revolution

The output resolution of the encoder simulation output is defined by Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092).

AB quadrature output signals, software mode setup – Lines per revolution							
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.						
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Lines Per Rev (1)						
Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092)	Set to the required output lines per revolution. The maximum output lines per revolution are 16384.						
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals						

Frequency and Direction or Forward and	Reverse output signals, software mode setup – Lines per revolution
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Lines Per Rev (1)
Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092)	Set to the required output pulse per revolution divided by 2. For example if 2000 pulses per revolution is required, set this parameter to 1000.
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals

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Ratio

In ratio mode the resolution of the input source is based on a 16 bit position feedback device (i.e. equivalent to an AB quadrature encoder with a resolution of 16384 lines per revolution). The output resolution of the encoder simulation output is defined by the ratio of *Encoder Simulation Numerator* (03.093) and *Encoder Simulation Denominator* (03.094).

AB quadrature output signals, software mode setup – Ratio Frequency and Direction or Forward and Reverse output signals, software mode setup							
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.						
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Ratio (2)						
Encoder Simulation Numerator (03.093) and Encoder Simulation Denominator (03.094)	Set these two parameters to give the required output ratio.						
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	 AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals 						

Software mode - Absolute SSI data

In software mode the encoder simulation output is derived via software from the selected source with a minimum delay of 250 µs which may be extended with *Encoder Simulation Sample Period* (03.087). In SSI output mode drive will simulate an SSI encoder, where the number of bits and the format of the position message can be adjusted.

Absolute SSI data, software mode setup	
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of SSI (3)
Encoder Simulation SSI Turns Bits (03.096)	Set to the number of bits representing the number of turns in the position message.
Encoder Simulation SSI Comms Bits (03.097)	Set to the number bits in the whole position message.
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	AB/Gray (0) for position data in Gray code format FD/Binary (1) or FR/Binary (2) for position data in binary format

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Optimization 8

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

8.1 Motor map parameters

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F

8.1.1 RFC-S mode	
Permanent magnet motor with Position feedback	
Pr 00.046 {05.007} Rated Current	Defines the maximum motor continuous current
The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuo	0
 Current limits (see section 8.2 Current limits on page 91, for more infi Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.3 Motor thermal pro- 	,
Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
The number of motor poles parameter defines the number of electrical rest correctly for the control algorithms to operate correctly. When Pr 00.0	volutions in one whole mechanical revolution of the motor. This parameter must be 42 is set to "Automatic" the number of poles is 6.
Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune	
There are four autotune tests available in RFC-S mode, a stationary auto dependent parameters.	tune, a rotating autotune, mechanical load measurement tests to measure load
the necessary parameters for basic control. During the stationary autotum be able to calculate such an accurate value for the <i>Position Feedback Ph</i> to measure <i>Stator Resistance</i> (05.017), <i>Ld</i> (05.024), <i>Maximum Deadtime</i> <i>No Load Lq</i> (05.072). If <i>Enable Stator Compensation</i> (05.049) = 1 then S The <i>Stator Resistance</i> (05.017) and the <i>Ld</i> (05.024) are then used to set If sensorless mode is not selected then <i>Position Feedback Phase Angle</i> (<i>Motor Control Feedback Select</i> (03.026). To perform a Stationary autotum and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).	ot possible uncouple the load from motor shaft. This test can be used to measure all the, a test is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. However this test may not ase Angle (00.043) as compared to rotating autotune. A stationary test is performed a Compensation (05.059), Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060), tator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). up Current controller Kp Gain (00.038) and Current Controller Ki Gain (00.039). (00.043) is set up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with he, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2
parameters for cancelling the effects of the cogging torque. During the rotating autotune, <i>Rated Current</i> (00.046) is applied and the m required direction. If sensorless mode is not selected then the <i>Position Fe</i> interface selected with <i>Motor Control Feedback Select</i> (03.026). A station <i>Maximum Deadtime Compensation</i> (05.059), <i>Current At Maximum Deadt</i> and <i>Ld</i> (05.024) are used to set up <i>Current Controller Kp Gain</i> (00.038) a	an be used to measure all the necessary parameters for the basic control and notor is rotated by 2 electrical revolutions (i.e. up to 2 mechanical revolutions) in the eedback Phase Angle (00.043) is set-up for the position from the position feedback hary test is then performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), time Compensation (05.060) and No Load Lq (05.072). Stator Resistance (05.017) and Current Controller Ki Gain (00.039). This is only done once during the test, and f required. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive or 13).
speed defined by the present speed reference and injecting a series of sp parameters (including <i>Torque Per Amp</i> (05.032)) have been set-up correc as the default values, so that the motor is stable when it runs. The test mi speed controller gains and in producing a torque feed-forward term. If <i>Me</i> level of the injection signal will be 1 % of the maximum speed reference s <i>Load Test Level</i> (05.021) should be set to a non-zero value to define the le of 500 rpm. The user defined speed reference which defines the speed of flux weakening to become active. In some cases, however it is possible to necessary to increase the test signal from the default value. The test will presence of mechanical damping. This test should be used if possible, how	the mechanical characteristic of the motor and load by rotating the motor at the peed test signals. This test should only be used provided all the basic control ctly and the speed controller parameters should be set to conservative levels, such easures the motor and load inertia, which can be used in automatic set-up of the echanical Load Test Level (05.021) is left at its default value of zero then the peak subject to a maximum of 500 rpm. If a different test level is required then Mechanical evel as a percentage of the maximum speed reference, again subject to a maximum if the motor should be set to a level higher than the test level, but not high enough for o perform the test at zero speed provided the motor is free to move, but it may be give the correct results when there is a static load applied to the motor and in the powever for sensorless mode, or if the speed controller cannot be set up for stable series of torque levels are applied to accelerate and decelerate the motor to measure
 A rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated this speed is maintained for the duration of the test. Motor And L 	with the currently selected ramps up to the currently selected speed reference, and <i>oad Inertia</i> (03.018) and <i>Inertia Times 1000</i> (04.033) are set up. It both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
Auto-tune test 3 should normally be used for mechanical load measurements likely to give incorrect results if standard ramp mode is active. A series of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to 3/4 x Rated Speed (00.045) to reach the required speed within 5s, but if this fails the next torque level be reached, but if this is unsuccessful, a trip is initiated. To reduce the time by setting <i>Mechanical Load Test Level</i> (05.021) to a non-zero value. When	ent, but under some circumstances this test may be used as an alternative. This test of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20% , 40% 100%) to determine the inertia from the acceleration/deceleration time. The test attempts i is used. When 100 % torque is used the test allows 60 s for the required speed to he taken for the test it is possible to define the level of torque to be used for the test and the test level is defined the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60 ed that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible

- s is allowed for the motor to reached the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor fast enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced.

 - The motor is accelerated with progressively higher torques until the required speed is reached.
 The test is repeated with progressively higher torques until the required speed is reached.
 Motor And Load Inertia (03.018) and Inertia Times 1000 (04.033) are set up. To perform this autotune test, set Pr 00.040 to 4 and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

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Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The proportional gain (Pr 00.038) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Speed loop gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {03.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

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Speed	loop gains (cont) (Pr 0	0.007 {03.	010}, Pr	00.008 {03	.011}, Pr 0	0.009 {03.0 [,]	12})					
There a	re three meth	ods of tuning	g the speed	loop gair	ns dependar	nt on the							
setting	of Pr 03.017 :				•								
1. Pr	03.017 = 0, Us	er set-up.											
Thi	s involves the	connecting	of an oscillo	oscope to	analog outp	out 1 to		Speed demai	nd				
mo	nitor the spee	d feedback.											
	e the drive a s		•		nd monitor	the							
	ponse of the c		•		T I I						_		
	e proportional	• • • •		•				Insufficient pr					
	reased up to tl htly.	ie point write	ere me spee	eu oversni		inteduced		gain [00.007]					
0	e integral gain	(Ki) should	then he inci	reased un	to the poin	t where the				/			
	ed becomes u									Δ.			
•	ay now be po			•		igher value				$/ \mathcal{N}$	\sim		
and	the process	should be re	peated unti	I the syste	em response	e matches		Excessive pro gain [00.007]		1	\		
the	ideal respons	e as shown								/	$\setminus \wedge$	$\wedge -$	
	e diagram sho		t of incorrec	t P and I	gain settings	s as well as					VV	, *	
	ideal respons									\sim	\frown		
	03.017 = 1, Ba		•	a deixa aa		(n and Ki if		Excessive int	egral gain	/			
	andwidth base following para	•	•		n calculate	Np and Ki li		[00.008]		/			
uie	Pr 03.020 - F		•	Solly.						1	\cup	\sim	
	Pr 03.021 - F		,	r.							_		
	Pr 03.018 - N			,				Ideal respons	e	/			
The	e drive can be	made to me	easure the n	notor and	load inertia	by				1			
per	forming a med	hanical load	d measurem	nent autot	une (see Aı	ıtotune				1	\subseteq		
	00.040, earlier		,										
	0 3.017 = 2, Co	•	•					3.017 = 4 - 6					
	ompliance and		• •			lculate Kp	•	Controller Set	•	. ,			
and	l Ki if the follov Pr 03.019 - F	•••		•	cuy:		•	ontroller Prop			,	•	
	Pr 03.021 - F	•	•	•			-	<i>Gain Ki1</i> (03.0 he table belov	,				
	Pr 03.018 - M		1 0	,	an be made	to measure	-	dard or high p			or or unity.	inese settii	ngs give
	the motor an	d load inertia	a by perforn	ning a me	chanical loa	id autotune	-			••			_
	(see Autotun			his table).				l Controller	Ban	formon		andwidth	
	03.017 = 3, Kp	•						up Method 03.017)	Per	formance	В	andwidth	
	peed Controll				e selected p	roportional	,						
gai	n used by the	urive is mul	upilea by 16).				4	Low	-1	5 Hz	_	_
								5	Standar	a	25 Hz		_
								6	High		100 H	lZ	
							6. Pr 03.01	7 = 7					
							10 10	ontroller Set-u		(00.047)			

Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010), Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 (03.012) are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / ($s\tau$ + 1), where τ = 1/ ω bw and ω bw = 2 π x Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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8.1.2 RFC-S Sensorless mode

Permanent magnet motor without Position feedbac	ck
Pr 00.046 {05.007} Rated Current	Defines the maximum motor continuous current
	continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:
 Current limits (see section 8.2 <i>Current limits</i> on page 91, for Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.3 <i>Motor the</i>) 	
Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
The number of motor poles parameter defines the number of ele set correctly for the control algorithms to operate correctly. When	ectrical revolutions in one whole mechanical revolution of the motor. This parameter must be n Pr 00.042 is set to "Automatic" the number of poles is 6.
Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune	
There are three autotune tests available in RFC-S sensorless m	ode, a stationary autotune and an inertia measurement test.
No Load Lq \dot{Pr} 00.056 {05.072} , Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.049) = 1 then Stator Base Temperature (05.0 (05.024) are then used to set up <i>Current controller Kp Gain</i> Pr 0 autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an	The tests measures <i>Stator Resistance</i> (05.017), <i>Ld</i> (05.024), <i>ation</i> (05.059) and <i>Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation</i> (05.060). If <i>Enable Stator</i> 148) is made equal to <i>Stator Temperature</i> (05.046). <i>The Stator Resistance</i> (05.017) and <i>Ld</i> 100.038 {04.013} and <i>Current Controller Ki Gain</i> Pr 00.039 {04.014}. To perform a Stationary enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
 Rotating Autotune (Pr 00.040 {05.012} = 2) In sensorless mode, if Rotating autotune is selected (Pr 00.040 = 	= 2) then a stationary autotune is performed
 Inertia measurement test (Pr 00.040 {05.012} = 4) 	
NOTE: It is not possible to perform this test if, after autotune, the to Non-salient.	e ratio <i>No load Lq</i> Pr 00.056 {05.072 } / <i>Ld</i> (05.024) < 1.1 and Pr 00.054 {05.064} has been set
provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration for the motor, or if standard ramp mode is active. During the iner (20 %, 40 % 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is un define the level of torque to be used for the test by setting <i>Mech</i> only carried out at the defined test level and 60 s is allowed for th flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required	e load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see Speed loop gains) and to b. The test may give inaccurate results, if the motor rated speed is not set to the correct value rtia measurement test a series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor p to 3/4 x Rated Speed Pr 00.045 {05.008} to determine the inertia from the acceleration/ d within 5 s, but if this fails the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used the test nsucessful an Autotune trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test it is possible to <i>trainical Load Test Level</i> (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined the test is the motor to reach the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for ed torque level to accelerate the motor quickly enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed and the autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 4, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 2
o	b the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 sabling the drive via the control word (Pr 06.042 & Pr 06.043).
Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gai	ns
values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for improve the performance. The proportional gain Pr 00.038 {04.0	control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default or optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to D13 } is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop utotune (see <i>Autotune</i> Pr 00.040 , earlier in this table) the drive measures the <i>Stator</i> notor and calculates the current loop gains.
	tep change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5

giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

	-			A									III Bathara
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontinuination	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discussion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
					1				•		•		

Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

NOTE: In sensorless mode, the speed controller bandwidth may need to be limited to 10 Hz or less for stable operation.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-S Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {0 3.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are six methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017:

1. Pr 03.017 = 0, User set-up.

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr 03.017 = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.020 Required bandwidth,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,
- Pr 03.018 Motor and load inertia.

The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see Autotune Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up

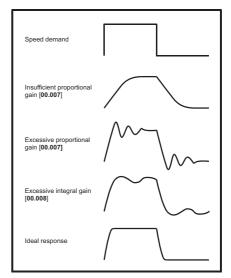
If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.019 Required compliance angle,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table).

4. Pr 03.017 = 3, Kp gains times 16

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



5. Pr 03.017 = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 Pr 00.008 {03.011} are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Pr 03.017	Performance	Bandwidth
4	Low	5 Hz
5	Standard	25 Hz
6	High	100 Hz

6. Pr 03.017 = 7

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 7 then Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 Pr **00.007** {**03.010**}, Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 Pr **00.008** {**03.011**} and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 Pr **00.009** {**03.012**} are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / (st + 1), where t= 1/wbw and wbw = 2p x Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
8.1.3	Open	loop mo	tor contr	ol									
Pr 00.04	6 {05.007}	Rated Cu	rrent				Defines th	e maximur	n continu	ous moto	or current		
		•					ous current o	f the motor.	The motor	r rated cui	rrent is use	ed in the fo	llowing:
MotorVectorSlip of	r thermal of or mode vol	verload prote tage control on (see <i>Ena</i>	ection (see s (see <i>Open</i>)	section 8. Loop Con		<i>mal protec</i> 0.007), late	<i>tion</i> on page 9 er in this table)		nformation)				
Pr 00.04	4 {05.009}	Rated Vol	tage				Defines th	e voltage a	pplied to	the moto	r at rated	frequency	1
Pr 00.04	7 {05.006}	Rated Fre	quency				Defines th	e frequenc	y at whicl	n rated vo	oltage is a	pplied	
define the Loop Con (00.047) i	e voltage to htrol Mode (is also used	frequency c (00.007), late d in conjunct	characteristic er in this tab ion with the	e applied f le). The F motor rat	v (00.047) an to the motor Rated Freque ed speed to I (00.045), la	(see Open ency calculate	,	F	0.044 / 2	t voltage chara		,	
Pr 00.04	5 {05.008}	Rated Spe	eed				Defines th	e full load	rated spe	ed of the	motor		
		Number C						e number o	•				
							d frequency to					es in Hz.	
Rateo	d slip (Hz) :	= Motor rate	d frequency	- (Numbe	er of pole pai	rs x [Motor	rated speed /	60]) = 00.0 4	$47 = \left(\frac{00,0}{2}\right)$	$\frac{042}{2} \times \frac{00,0}{6}$	$\frac{145}{0}$		
value, wh nameplate compensa speed to Pr 00.042	ich should e value ma ation is nor deliberately tis also use	give the corr y be inaccur mally used t y introduce s ed in the cal	rect rpm for rate. Slip cor o correct for speed droop. culation of th	a hot mad npensatio the moto This can ne motor s	chine. Some on will operat r speed to p be useful to speed displa	times it will te correctly revent spe aid load s y by the dr	d. If slip compe- be necessary both below ba ed variation wi haring with me- ive for a given	to adjust thi ase speed an th load. The echanically c output frequ	s when the nd within th rated load oupled mot ency. Whe	drive is co e field-wea rpm can b cors. n Pr 00.04	ommissione akening reg e set highe 2 is set to 5	d because ion. Slip r than sync	the hronous
							Pr 00.047 , and 045)) rounded						
		Rated Pov	•		47)7 Naleu (<i>Speed</i> (00.		e angle be			oltage and	current	
The powe Rated Cu drive, and	er factor is t errent (00.04 I the magne	the true pow 46), to calcu etising curre	er factor of t late the rate nt is used in	he motor, d active c vector m	urrent and n ode stator re	nagnetising sistance co	the motor volt current of the ompensation. I Autotune (Pr	age and cur motor. The t is importan	rent. The p rated active t that this p	ower facto e current is	r is used in s used exte	conjunction	ontrol the
Pr 00.04	0 {05.012}	Autotune											
		une tests ava	•	•		nary and a	rotating test.	A rotating au	totune sho	uld be use	d wheneve	r possible s	so the
 A sta the S Comp statio 	tionary auto tator Resis pensation (nary autot	otune can be <i>tance</i> (05.01 05.060) whic une does no	e used when 17), <i>Transier</i> ch are requir t measure th	the moto the moto difference ne power t	or is loaded a nce (05.024) od performar factor of the	, <i>Maximun</i> nce in vecto motor so tl	possible to re a Deadtime Co or control mod ne value on the an enable signa	<i>mpensation</i> es (see Ope e motor nam	(05.059) ai n <i>Loop Cor</i> eplate mus	nd <i>Current</i> atrol Mode t be entere	t <i>At Maximu</i> (00.007), la ed into Pr 0	<i>im Deadtim</i> iter in this ta 0.043 . To p	e able). The
perfo maint calcu	rmed in wh tained at th late <i>Rated</i>	iich the moto at level for 4	or is accelera seconds. S or (05.010).	ated with Stator Indu	currently sel <i>ictance</i> (05.0	ected ramp)25) is mea	ng autotune fir os up to a frequ ssured and this set Pr 00.040 t	uency of <i>Rat</i> s value is use	ed Frequer ed in conjur	ncy (05.006 action with	6) x 2/3, and other moto	d the freque or paramete	ency is rs to
can be ma	ade to run a	at the require	ed reference	e. The driv	e can be pu	t in to a coi	ate. The drive htrolled disable e <i>Control Wor</i> d	condition b	y removing	the Safe 1	Forque Off s	signal from t	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to motor *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Rated Power Factor* (00.043), *Stator Resistance* (05.017) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr 00.040 *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

(0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance is measured and the parameter for the selected motor map is over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

(1) **Ur** = The stator resistance is not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance.

(3) **Ur_Auto** = The stator resistance is measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.007) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) parameter is written to, and along with the *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.007), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode changes to Ur mode but *Stator Resistance* (05.017) is not updated.

(4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance is measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode (cont)

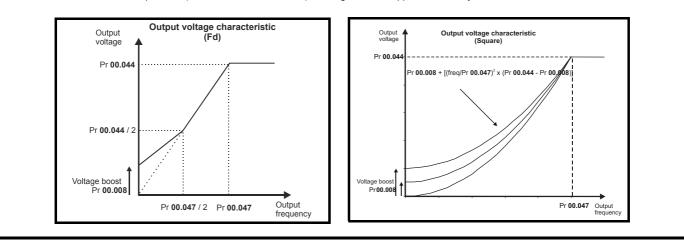
Fixed boost

The stator resistance is not used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by parameter Pr **00.008**, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

(2) Fixed = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to Rated Frequency (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.

(5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.

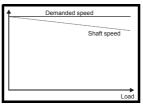
For both these modes, at low frequencies (from 0Hz to ½ x Pr 00.047) a voltage boost is applied defined by Pr 00.008 as shown below:



Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic parameters	Running	Optimization		SD Card Operation	Onboard	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	0	information

Pr 05.027 Enable Slip Compensation

When a motor, being controlled in open loop mode, has load applied a characteristic of the motor is that the output speed droops in proportion to the load applied as shown:



In order to prevent the speed droop shown above slip compensation should be enabled. To enable slip compensation Pr **05.027** must be set to a 1 (this is the default setting), and the motor rated speed must be entered in Pr **00.045** (Pr **05.008**).

The motor rated speed parameter should be set to the synchronous speed of the motor minus the slip speed. This is normally displayed on the motor nameplate, i.e. for a typical 18.5 kW, 50 Hz, 4 pole motor, the motor rated speed would be approximately 1465 rpm. The synchronous speed for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr **00.045**, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr **00.045**, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6 pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running information installation installation installation started parameters the motor	Optimization Drive communication SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
8.1.4 RFC-A mode	
Induction motor with Position feedback	
Pr 00.046 {05.007} Motor Rated Current	Defines the maximum motor continuous current
 The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous Current limits (see section 8.2 <i>Current limits</i> on page 91, for more inform Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.3 <i>Motor thermal protection</i>) Vector control algorithm 	lation).
Pr 00.044 {05.009} Rated Voltage	Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Pr 00.047 {05.006} Rated Frequency	Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied
The Rated Voltage (00.044) and the Rated Frequency (00.047) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Oper Loop Control Mode (00.007), detailed in section 8.1.3). The motor rated frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see motor Rated Speed (00.045), later in this table).	Pr 00.044 / 2 Pr 00.044 / 2 Pr 00.047 / 2 Pr 00.047 Output frequency
Pr 00.045 {05.008} Rated Speed	Defines the full load rated speed of the motor
Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
The motor rated speed and motor rated frequency are used to determine the	full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm.
Rated Speed Optimisation Select (00.033), later in this table).	n optimization system may be used to automatically adjust this parameter (see
When Pr 00.042 is set to 'Automatic', the number of motor poles is automatic <i>Speed</i> (00.045).	cally calculated from the motor <i>Rated Frequency</i> (00.047), and the motor <i>Rated</i>
Number of poles = 120 x (Motor Rated Frequency (00.047 / Motor Rated Sp	eed (00.045) rounded to the nearest even number.
Pr 00.043 {5.10} Rated Power Factor	Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current
then the power factor is used in conjunction with the motor Rated Current (00	the motor voltage and current. If the <i>Stator Inductance</i> (05.025) is set to zero 0.046) and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetising ator inductance has a non-zero value this parameter is not used by the drive, but uctance can be measured by the drive by performing a rotating autotune

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Pr 00.040	{05.012}	Autotune											
			ilable in RF	C-A mode	e, a stationa	ry autotune	, a rotating a	utotune, two r	nechanical	load mea	surement te	ests. A statio	onary
	0				0	0	• •	erformance a ed separately					
NOTE		by the drive.	Ameenam		leasuremen		u be perioriti	eu separatery		nary or rot	ating autott	ine.	
				-	-		00.040 set 1	-					
	•							emove the loa otor. These ar				•	
end of	the test the	e values in F	Pr 00.038 ar	nd Pr 00.0	39 are upda	ited. A statio	onary autotu	ne does not m	easure the	e power fac	ctor of the m	notor so the	value on
	•	late must be			•	rm a Station	hary autotune	e, set Pr 00.0 4	40 to 1, and	d provide t	he drive wit	h both an e	nable
Ũ		,	U (,	d. A rotating	g autotune fir	st performs a	stationary	autotune,	a rotating te	est is then p	erformed
					•	• •		d Frequency (ne motor satu	· /				
								so modified b					
		neasured an ignal (termin				. ,	•	Rotating auto	otune, set l	[⊃] r 00.040 1	to 2, and pr	ovide the dr	ive with
		measureme			•		•						
								motor at the	•		• •		
	0	•	0		,			asic control p so that the m					
						•	•	gains and in p jection signal	Ũ	•			
								st Level (05.0					
		0			, 0	,		of 500 rpm. Tl gh for flux we					
is poss	sible to per	form the test	t at zero spe	eed provid	led the moto	r is free to r	nove, but it n	hay be necess	sary to incr	ease the te	est signal fro	om the defa	ult value.
	-							in the preser stable opera					
= 4) wi	here a seri	es of torque	levels are a	applied to	accelerate a	and deceler	ate the moto	r to measure	the inertia.				
	•	•						selected ram)3.018) is set-	•	e currently	selected sp	beed referer	nce, and
								signal (termir		ind a run s	ignal (termi	nal 11 or 13	i).
		<i>measureme</i> Id normally l		• • •	•	surement h	ut under son	ne circumstar	ices this te	st may be	used as an	alternative	This test
will not give	e such acc	urate results	s as test 3 if	f the moto	r rated spee	d is not set	to the correc	t value for the	e motor. Als	so this test	is likely to	give incorre	ct results
				-		•		o the motor (2) eleration time.					
5 s, but if th	his fails the	e next torque	e level is us	ed. When	100 % torqu	ue is used tl	he test allows	s 60 s for the	required sp	beed to be	reached, b	ut if this is	
		•					•	ble to define t test is only c		•			U
for the mot	or to reach	the require	d speed. It	should be	noted that i	f the maxim	um speed al	lows for flux v	veakening	then it may	y not be pos		
-	•				•			speed reference				eed	
2.	The test is	repeated w	ith progress	sively high	ner torques ι	until the req	uired speed i						
		Load Inertia	. ,			. ,	•						
-				-				signal (termir must be plac			•		
can be mad	de to run a	t the require	d reference	. The driv	e can be put	in to a con	trolled disabl	e condition by	removing	the Safe T			
			,	()		ive via the c	control word ((Pr 06.042 & I	Pr 06.043).				
		Rated Spe	-			d to define	the rated clir	o of the motor	The rated	elin ie uee	d in sensor	less mode	
								de is active F					as no
effect.	ss mode is	not active (Sensorless	Mode Act	tive (03 078)	= 0) the ration	ted slin is us	ed in the moto	or control a	loorithm a	nd an incor	rect value o	f slin can
have a sigr	nificant effe	ect on the m	otor perform	nance. If F	Rated Speed	l Optimisatio	on Select (00	.033) = 0 the	n the adapt	ive control	system is o	disabled. Ho	owever, if
	•		. ,					tically adjust t /ered-down ar		• •	, 0		
user. The r	ate of conv	vergence an	d the accur	acy of the	adaptive co	ntroller red	uces at low c	output frequer	icy and low	load. The	minimum f	requency is	defined
	-							<i>quency</i> (05.01 s enabled whe					-
Speed Opt	imisation N	Ainimum Loa	ad (05.020)	+ 5%, an	d is disabled	l again whe	n it falls belo	w Rated Spee	ed Optimis	ation Minin	num Load (05.020). Fo	r best
								(05.024), Sta on Breakpoint				ion Breakpo	אוחד 1
<u>-</u>													

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Pr 00.038	{04.013} /	Pr 00.039	{04.014} (Current L	.oop Gains								

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (00.038) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Cafab	Dreduct	Mashaniaal	E la atria a l	Catting	Desia	Dunanina		Data	CD Card	Orthograd	Ashiranaad		LIL Cating a
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
									•		•		

Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr $00.007~\{03.010\}$ and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {0 3.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are six methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the

setting of Pr 03.017:

- 1. Pr 03.017 = 0, User set-up.
 - This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr 03.017 = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.020 Required bandwidth,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,
- Pr 03.018 Motor and load inertia.

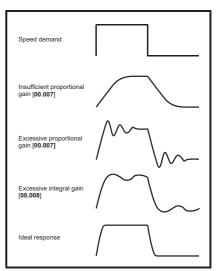
The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing a mechanical load measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

- 3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up
- If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:
 - Pr 03.019 Required compliance angle,
 - Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing a mechanical load measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

4. Pr 03.017 = 3, Kp gains times 16

If *Speed Controller Set-up Method* (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



Pr 03.017 = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017)	Performance	Bandwidth
4	Low	5 Hz
5	Standard	25 Hz
6	High	100 Hz
0 D 00 01		

6. Pr **03.017 =** 7

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 7 then Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010), Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 (03.012) are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / ($s\tau$ + 1), where τ = 1/ ω bw and ω bw = 2 π x Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

Safety information Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running information installation installation started parameters the motor	Optimization Drive communication SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
8.1.5 RFC-A Sensorless mode	
Induction motor without position feedback	
Pr 00.046 {05.007} Motor Rated Current	Defines the maximum motor continuous current
 The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous cu Current limits (see section 8.2 <i>Current limits</i> on page 91, for more informal Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.3 <i>Motor thermal protection</i> Vector control algorithm 	tion).
Pr 00.044 {05.009} Rated Voltage	Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Pr 00.047 {05.006} Rated Frequency	Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied
The Rated Voltage (00.044) and the Rated Frequency (00.047) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table). The motor rated frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see motor Rated Speed (00.045), later in this table).	Output voltage characteristic Pr 00.044 Pr 00.044 / 2 Pr 00.047 / 2 Pr 00.047 Output frequency
Pr 00.045 {05.008} Rated Speed	Defines the full load rated speed of the motor
Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
The motor rated speed and motor rated frequency are used to determine the fu	Il load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm.
 Incorrect setting of this parameter has the following effects: Reduced efficiency of motor operation Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor Reduced transient performance Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot motor; however, some adjuvalue is inaccurate. Either a fixed value can be entered in this parameter or an (see <i>Rated Speed Optimization Select</i> (05.016), later in this table). 	optimization system may be used to automatically adjust this parameter
When Pr 00.042 is set to 'Automatic', the number of motor poles is automatical <i>Speed</i> (00.045).	
Number of poles = 120 x (Motor Rated Frequency (00.047) / Motor Rated Spec	
Pr 00.043 {5.010} Rated Power Factor	Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current
The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the then the power factor is used in conjunction with the motor <i>Rated Current</i> (00.0 currents of the motor, which are used in the vector control algorithm. If the state is continuously written with a calculated value of power factor. The stator induct (see <i>Autotune</i> (Pr 00.040), later in this table).	046) and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetising or inductance has a non-zero value this parameter is not used by the drive, but

Safety information	Product information	Mechanica installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
Pr 00.04	0 {05.012}	Autotune											
give mod	erate perfor	mance whe	reas a rota	ting autotur	ne will give ir	nproved pe	erformance as	nd a mechanie it measures t nary or rotatin	he actual v	alues of th		•	
A sta meas end c <i>Com</i> is ma must	tionary auto sures the <i>St</i> of the test th <i>pensation</i> (lade equal to	otune can b ator Resista ie values in 05.060) for t Stator Tem into Pr 00.0	e used whe nce (05.01 Pr 00.038 he drive ard perature (0 43 . To perf	n the moto 7) and <i>Tra</i> and Pr 00 . e also mea 5.046). A s	<i>nsient Induc</i> 039 are upda sured. Additi tationary aut	and it is not tance (05.0 ated. <i>Maxir</i> onally, if <i>Er</i> otune does	possible to re 24) of the mo num Deadtim nable Stator C not measure	emove the loa otor. These are compensation the power fac nd provide the	e used to c ion (05.059 (05.049) = ctor of the r	alculate th 9) and <i>Cur</i> 1, then <i>St</i> motor so th	ne current lo rrent At Max tator Base T ne value on	oop gains, a kimum Dead femperature the motor n	and at the d <i>time</i> (05.048 ameplate
A rota in wh the le Pr 06 induc	ating autotu hich the mot evel for up to 5.062 and P	ne should c or is accele o 40 s. Duri r 05.063) ar ed in the ve	nly be used rated with o ng the rotate e modified ctor contro	currently se ting autotur by the drive I algorithm	elected ramp ne the <i>Stator</i> e. The power instead. To p	s up to a fr <i>Inductanc</i> factor is al	equency of <i>R</i> e (05.025), ar lso modified f	rst performs a ated Frequence nd the motor s or user inform une, set Pr 00	cy (00.047 aturation t ation only,) x 2/3, an preakpoint but is not i	d the freque s (Pr 05.02 used after t	ency is mair 9, Pr 05.03(his point as	ntained a) , the stato
gains Appl stanc 40 % The t the re level carrie flux v spee	s) and to pro ied torque lard ramp m 100 % o test attempt equired spe of torque to ed out at the veakening t	vide torque (sensorles node is activ f rated torq s to reach t ed to be reach be used for e defined tes hen it may should be	feed-forwa s mode) T e. During th ue) to acce he required iched, but i r the test b st level and not be poss educed. To	ards when his test ma he mechan lerate the n speed with f this is uns y setting <i>M</i> 60 s is allo ble to ach perform a	required dur y give inacci ical load mei notor up to ³ hin 5 s, but it successful at lechanical Lo wed for the ieve the requ mechanical	ing acceler urate result asurement $J_4 \times Rated$ this fails th a Autotune bad Test Le motor to re uired torque	ation. s, if the moto test a series of <i>Speed</i> (00.04 ne next torque 1 trip is initiat evel (05.021) f ach the requi e level to acce	ne motor. This r rated speed of progressive 5) to determin e level is used ted. To reduce to a non-zero red speed. It s elerate the mo tune, set Pr 0	is not set t ly larger to ne the inert . When 10 the time t value. Who should be r tor quickly	to the corre- rque levels ia from the 0 % torque aken for the en the test noted that is enough. I	ect value fo s are applie e accelerati e is used th ne test it is p level is de if the maxin f this is the	r the motor, d to the mot on/decelera e test allow possible to d fined the test num speed case, the m	or if tor (20 % tion time s 60 s for define the st is only allows for naximum

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 & 6, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (00.038) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listina
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnootioo	information
intornation	internation	motunation	motanation	oturtou	parametero			oominamoution	oporadori	. 20	paramotoro		

Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {0 3.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are six methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017:

- 1. Pr 03.017 = 0, User set-up.
 - This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr 03.017 = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.020 Required bandwidth,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,
- Pr 03.018 Motor and load inertia.

The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing a mechanical load measurement autotune (see Autotune Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up

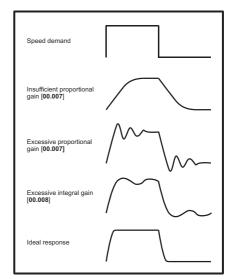
If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.019 Required compliance angle,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing a mechanical load measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

4. Pr 03.017 = 3, Kp gains times 16

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



5. Pr **03.017 =** 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Pr 03.017	Performance	Bandwidth
4	Low	5 Hz
5	Standard	25 Hz
6	High	100 Hz

6. Pr **03.017** = 7

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 7 then Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010), Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 (03.012) are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / (s τ + 1), where τ = 1/ ω bw and ω bw = 2 π x Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
--------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	-----------------	---------------------	-------------------	--------------	---------------------	----------------------	----------------	---------------------	-------------	---------------------------

8.2 Current limits

The default setting for the current limit parameters is:

165 % x motor rated torque producing current for open loop mode
 250 % x motor rated torque producing current for RFC-A and RFC-S modes

There are three parameters which control the current limits:

- · Motoring current limit: power flowing from the drive to the motor
- Regen current limit: power flowing from the motor to the drive
- Symmetrical current limit: current limit for both motoring and regen
 operation

The lowest of either the motoring and regen current limit, or the symmetrical current limit applies.

The maximum setting of these parameters depends on the values of motor rated current, drive rated current and the power factor.

The drive can be oversized to permit a higher current limit setting to provide higher accelerating torque as required up to a maximum of 1000 %.

8.3 Motor thermal protection

A dual time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses + Iron losses] Where:

Load related losses = $(1 - K_{fe}) \times [(I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated}))]^2$

Iron losses = $K_{fe} \times (w / w_{Rated})^{1.6}$

Where:

I = Current Magnitude (00.012)

I_{Rated} = *Rated Current* (00.046)

K_{fe} = Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses (04.039) / 100 %

The *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) is given by:

Pr **04.019** = Percentage Losses x [(1 - K_2) (1 - $e^{-t/\tau 1}$) + K_2 (1 - $e^{-t/\tau 2}$)] Where:

T = *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019)

K₂ = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling (04.038) / 100 %

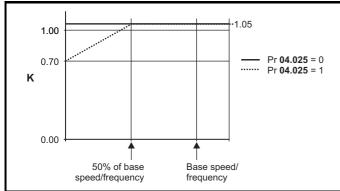
 τ^1 = Motor Thermal Time Constant 1 (00.053)

 τ^2 = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 (04.037)

 K_1 = Varies, see below

If Rated Current (00.046) ≤ Maximum Heavy Duty Current (00.032)

Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Heavy Duty)



If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is for a motor which can operate at rated current over the whole speed range. Induction motors with this type of characteristic normally have forced cooling. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect of motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed below 50 % of base speed/ frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.05, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 105 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr **04.019** reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr **04.016**. If Pr **04.016** is 0, the drive trips when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %. If Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %. If Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr **04.019** falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator accumulates the temperature of the motor while the drive remains powered-up. By default, the accumulator is set to the power down value at power-up. If the rated current defined by Pr **00.046** is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr 00.053) is 89 s which is equivalent to an overload of 150 % for 100 s from cold.

8.4 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 8 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr **00.041** (dependent on drive size). The available switching frequencies are shown below.

Table 8-1 Available switching frequencies

Drive size	Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
1								
2	All	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
3								

If switching frequency is increased from 8 kHz the following apply:

- Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.
 See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient temperature in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.
- 2. Reduced heating of the motor due to improved output waveform quality.
- 3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.
- Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

Level	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open Ioop	RFC-A RFC-S
Level 1	3 kHz - 167 μs 6 kHz - 83 μs 12 kHz - 83 μs	2 kHz - 250 µs 4 kHz - 125 µs 8 kHz - 62.5 µs 16 kHz - 62.5 µs	Peak limit	Current controllers
Level 2	250 μs	2 kHz - 500 µs 4 kHz - 250 µs 8 kHz - 250 µs 16 kHz - 250 µs	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps
Level 3	1	ms	Voltage	controller
Level 4	4	ms		tical user rface
Background				critical user rface

 Table 8-2
 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

8.5 High speed operation

8.5.1 Encoder feedback limits

The maximum encoder frequency should be prevented from exceeding 500 kHz. In RFC-A and RFC-S modes the maximum speed that can be entered in to the speed reference clamps (Pr **00.002** and Pr **00.001**) can be limited by the drive. This is defined by the following (subject to an absolute maximum of 33,000 rpm):

Maximum speed limit (rpm) =
$$\frac{500 \text{ kHz x } 60}{\text{ELPR}}$$

= $\frac{3.0 \text{ x } 10^7}{\text{FL PR}}$

Where:

ELPR is the equivalent encoder lines per revolution and is the number of lines that would be produced by a quadrature encoder.

- Quadrature encoder ELPR = number of lines per revolution
- F and D encoder ELPR = number of lines per revolution / 2
- SINCOS encoder ELPR = number of sine waves per revolution

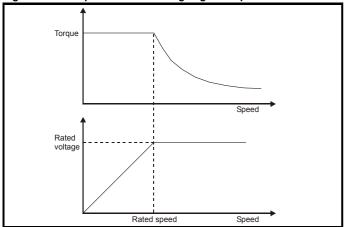
This maximum speed limit is defined by the device selected with the speed feedback selector (Pr 03.026), and the ELPR set for the position feedback device. In RFC-A mode it is possible to disable this limit via Pr 03.024, so that the drive can be switched between operation with and without feedback when the speed becomes too high for the feedback device.

8.5.2 Field weakening (constant power) operation (Open loop and RFC-A mode only)

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. The characteristics below show the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased

Figure 8-2 Torque and rated voltage against speed

above the rated value.



Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily. The saturation breakpoint parameters (Pr **05.029**, Pr **05.030**, Pr **05.062** and Pr **05.063**) found during the autotune in RFC-A mode ensure the magnetizing current is reduced in the correct proportion for the specific motor. (In open loop mode the magnetizing current is not actively controlled).

8.5.3 Permanent magnet motor high speed operation

High speed servo mode is enabled by setting Pr **05.022** =1. Care must be taken when using this mode with permanent magnet motor to avoid damaging the drive. The voltage produced by the permanent magnet motor magnets is proportional to speed. For high speed operation the drive must apply currents to the motor to counter-act the flux produced by the magnets. It is possible to operate the motor at very high speeds that would give a very high motor terminal voltage, but this voltage is prevented by the action of the drive.

If however, the drive is disabled (or tripped) when the motor voltages would be higher than the rating of the drive without the currents to counter-act the flux from the magnets, it is possible to damage the drive. If high speed mode is enabled the motor speed must be limited to the levels given in the table below unless an additional hardware protection system is used to limit the voltages applied to the drive output terminals to a safe level.

Drive voltage rating	Maximum motor speed (rpm)	Maximum safe line to line voltage at the motor terminals (V rms)
200	400 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	400 / √2
400	800 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	800 / √2
575	955 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	955 / √2
690	1145 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	1145 / √2

Ke is the ratio between r.m.s. line to line voltage produced by the motor and the speed in V/1000 rpm. Care must also be taken not to demagnetize the motor. The motor manufacturer should always be consulted before using this mode.

By default, high speed operation is disabled (Pr 05.022 = 0).

It is also possible to enable high speed operation and allow the drive to automatically limit the motor speed to the levels specified in the table and generate an *Overspeed.1* trip if the level is exceeded (Pr 05.022 = -1).

8.5.4 Switching frequency

Ideally a minimum ratio of 12:1 should be maintained between the switching frequency and the output frequency. This ensures the number of switchings per cycle is sufficient to ensure the output waveform quality is maintained at a minimum level. If this is not possible, quasi-square switching should be enabled (Pr **05.020** =1). The output waveform will be quasi square above base speed ensuring a symmetrical output waveform, which results in a better quality output than would otherwise result.

8.5.5 Maximum speed / frequency

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A and RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz. However, in RFC-S mode the speed is also limited by the voltage constant (Ke) of the motor. Ke is a specific constant for the servo motor being used. It can normally be found on the motor data sheet in V/k rpm (volts per 1,000 rpm).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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8.5.6 Quasi-Square wave (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr **05.020** (Quasi-square wave enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage. The modulation depth will increase beyond unity; first producing trapezoidal and then quasi-square waveforms.

This can be used for example:

 To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth,

or

In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage.

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

Cofety	Draduat	Machanical	Fleatrical	Catting	Deeie	Dunning		Drive	SD Card	Onhoard	Advanced		LII listing
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
					P					0	P		

9 Drive communication

9.1 Ethernet communication

This section describes the adaptation of the Ethernet interface offered on the Digitax HD M750. The portable software class which implements this protocol is also defined.

9.1.1 Features

The following list gives an overview of the functionality available:

- Dual RJ45 connectivity with support for shielded twisted pair.
- 100 Mbs Ethernet with auto-negotiation.
- Full and half duplex operation with auto-negotiation.
- Auto crossover detection.
- TCP/IP.
- Modbus TCP/IP.
- EtherNet/IP or Profinet IO.
- Switch or Gateway mode.
- VLAN tagging.
- SyPTPro.
- Connect.
- Machine Control Studio.
- Static IP configuration or DHCP client.
- Non-cyclic data transfer with user program.
- Up to 3 transmit and 3 receive cyclic links (easy mode).
- IEEE1588 Precision Time Protocol synchronization.
- RTMoE (Real Time Motion over Ethernet).

9.1.2 Backup/auxiliary supply

Some drives provide a method of powering up the control circuits (and therefore any option module installed) if the AC supply is removed, this allows Ethernet communication to continue operating when the main AC supply is switched off.

9.1.3 Network design considerations

Ethernet is an open system allowing many different vendors to design and supply equipment. When designing an industrial network you must carefully consider the topology and data traffic on the network to avoid potential problems. To avoid bandwidth issues it is recommended that the control network is logically separate from any other network. Where possible a physically separate network should be used. If this is not possible, the use of managed network devices should be considered to prevent unnecessary traffic such as broadcasts reaching the control network.

NOTE

The use of un-switched hubs is not supported.

9.1.4 Addressing

The addressing system used on Ethernet uses two essential numbers for making connection, these are the IP address and the subnet mask.

The address allows a specific device to be located and the subnet mask defines how many bits represent the subnet part of the address and how many bits represent the node address (see section 9.1.7 *Generating the complete address* on page 94). Generally devices on different subnets can only communicate by using a gateway (typically a router or firewall).

9.1.5 Where do IP addresses come from

Every address on a network must be unique. If you do not connect your network to any other networks the assignment of IP addresses is not critical (although using a standard system is recommended), as you have full control of the addresses used. The issue of addressing becomes important when connecting multiple networks together or connecting to the Internet where there is a strong possibility of duplication of addresses if a scheme is not followed.

9.1.6 Addressing etiquette

The following list details some points that should be considered when selecting addresses:

- Reserve address space: Ensure you have enough reserve address space on your chosen addressing scheme to allow for future expansion.
- Uniqueness: Ensure your addresses are unique, every device on a subnet must have a unique address.
- Avoid reserved addresses: For example the address 127.0.0.1 is reserved as the loop back address.
- Broadcast and system addresses: The highest and lowest host address on a subnet are reserved addresses.
- Use a system: Have a scheme for assigning your addresses, for example typically servers may have a low IP address and routers a high IP address. It is not necessary to allocate consecutive IP addresses so it is possible to reserve ranges for specific uses such as servers, work stations or routers.

9.1.7 Generating the complete address

A complete IP address consists of an IP address and a subnet mask, these two numbers are required to allow communication on Ethernet using TCP/IP.

The IP address

The IP address is made up from four 8 bit decimal numbers (octets) and is written as follows:

w.x.y.z for example 192.168.0.1

The subnet mask

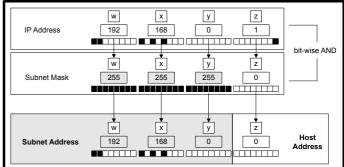
The subnet mask defines what part of the address constitutes the subnet within the IP address and what part of the address constitutes the host address. The subnet mask is bit-wise ANDed with the address to give the subnet to which the host belongs. A typical subnet mask would be 255.255.255.0, this may alternatively be written as '/24' as in the example below, showing an IP address of 192.168.0.1 with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0. This alternative notation indicates the number of bits representing the subnet part of the address, starting from the most significant bit.

Alternative subnet mask notation: 192.168.0.1 /24

Completing the address

To determine which part of the address constitutes the network address and which part constitutes the node address, the IP address is bit-wise ANDed with the subnet mask. Figure 9-1shows how the IP address and subnet mask are used to determine the subnet address and the host address.

Figure 9-1 Completing the address



9.1.8 DHCP considerations Using fixed IP addressing

Using fixed IP addresses (manually configured) means that if a module fails, the IP address can be restored to a replacement module without the need to reconfigure the DHCP server. Using fixed addresses also prevents the DHCP server from changing the address. When using fixed IP addresses, it is vital that the IP address is reserved on the DHCP server to prevent duplicate addressing.

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization Drive communication SD Card Onboard	Advanced Diagnostics UL info	L listing prmation
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NOTE

If using manual IP address configuration please note that the IP address subnet mask and the default gateway must also be set manually.

NOTE

In Profinet mode, Pr **3.02.005** (DHCP Enable) will be forced off on initialization.

9.1.9 Basic principles of routing

Routing is required to get TCP/IP packets from one subnet to another. In an IP network, nodes from one subnet cannot communicate directly with nodes on a different subnet. To allow nodes to communicate, a router (or similar device) is required to allow the two subnets to exchange data.

This means that any node wishing to communicate with a node that is not on its own subnet, must know the address of a router that is on its own subnet. This is sometimes called a gateway or default gateway.

9.2 CT Modbus TCP/IP specification

Modbus TCP/IP

Modbus TCP/IP is one of the most widely supported industrial Ethernet based protocols offering the functionality and simplicity of the Modbus protocol, with the flexibility of Ethernet. Table 9-1 shows the supported Modbus function codes.

Modbus TCP/IP uses the standard Modbus RTU Protocol Data Unit (PDU) but without the CRC bytes and encapsulates it within a Modbus TCP/IP Application Data Unit (ADU) for transmission. This means that the Modbus PDU is the same for both standard (RTU) and Ethernet based transmission.

Table 9-1 Supported Modbus function codes

Code	Description
3	Read multiple 16 bit registers.
6	Write single 16 bit register.
16	Write multiple 16 bit registers.
23	Read and write multiple 16 bit registers.

9.2.1 Data structure

Communication between devices is based upon Modbus Application Data Units (ADUs), the ADU consists of 2 parts, the Modbus Application Protocol (MBAP) header and the Modbus Protocol Data Unit (PDU).

Figure 9-2 Modbus Data Structure

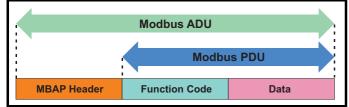


Table 9-2 MBAP HeaderMBAP Header

Field	Length (Bytes)	Description
Transaction Identifier	2	Uniquely identifies the transaction (0 to 65535)
Protocol Identifier	2	Identifies the protocol (0 = Modbus)
Length	2	Number of following bytes in the message
Unit Identifier	1	Uniquely identifies the destination node (0 to 255)

The unit identifier within the MBAP header is used to identify whether the destination node is the host drive or an option module.

Table 9-3 MBAP Unit Identifier

Unit Identifier	Destination
0 or 255	Drive
1	Slot 1
2	Slot 2
3	Slot 3 (Factory Fit Ethernet)
254	Self

9.2.2 Data access

Data access using Modbus TCP/IP takes the form of a request for data by the master, followed by a response from the slave indicating success or failure. If no response is received this indicates that the message has not been received or the message is invalid or the node is unable to reply.

Each drive or option module parameter is internally mapped to a single 16-bit Modbus register, all Modbus function codes access 16-bit registers only. To access a 32-bit parameter, two contiguous Modbus registers must be specified in the request and the 32-bit data access scheme must be used.

9.2.3 32-bit data access

Standard Modbus registers are 16 bits in size and reference a single drive/option module parameter. To access a 32-bit data value the multiple read/write services must be used to transfer a contiguous array of 16-bit registers. To instruct the client to select either 16-bit or 32-bit access bit 14 of the register address is used.

NOTE

Bit b15 of the register address is reserved for future use.

Figure 9-3 Data type selection

bit 15	bit 14		bit 13 to 0	
Туре		F	Register address	
b	14	Data type	7	r
(C	16-bit	1	
	1	32-bit		

If 32-bit data type is selected then this effectively adds 16384 (0x4000) to the start register address.

e.g. For drive parameter Pr **01.021** in standard addressing mode, the start register value is 16384 + 120 = 16504 (0x4078)

9.2.4 Supported Modbus function codes

The following table details the supported Modbus function codes.

Table 9-4 Supported Modbus function codes

Functio	on Code	Description	
Decimal	Hex (0x)	Description	
3	03	Read multiple 16-bit registers	
6	06	Write single 16-bit register	
16	10	Write multiple 16-bit registers	
23	17	Read and write multiple 16-bit registers	

information installation installation stated parameters the mater Optimization	PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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9.2.5 Register addressing

The Modbus register address is 16 bits in size, of which the upper two bits are used for data type selection leaving 14 bits to represent the parameter address, taking into account the slave increments the address value by 1, this results in a theoretical maximum parameter address of 163.84 (limited to 162.99 in software) when the default standard addressing mode (see Modbus Register Addressing Mode (**3.15.013**)) is used.

To access a parameter number above 99 then the modified addressing mode must be used (see Modbus Register Addressing Mode (**3.15.013**)), this will allow access to parameter numbers up to 255 but also limit the maximum menu number to 63.

NOTE

A reset is not required to activate the change, the addressing mode is effectively made active immediately on changing.

The Modbus slave device increments the register address by 1 before processing the command, this effectively prevents access to parameter Pr **00.000** in the drive or option module.

Table 9-5 shows how the start register address is calculated for both addressing modes.

Table 9-5 Start register addressing

CT Parameter	Addressing mode		Protoco	register			
e mm ppp	Standard		mm * 100 + ppp - 1				
s.mm.ppp	Modified		mm * 256	+ ppp - 1			
		Example	es				
		16	-bit	32	-bit		
		Decimal	Hex (0x)	Decimal	Hex (0x)		
0.01.021	Standard	120	00 78	16504	40 78		
0.01.021	Modified	276	01 14	16660	41 14		
0.01.000	Standard	99	00 63	16483	40 63		
0.01.000	Modified	255	00 FF	16639	40 FF		
S.70.001	Standard	7000	1B 58	23384	5B 58		
3.70.001	Modified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
0.03.161	Standard	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
0.03.101	Modified	928	03 A0	17312	43 A0		

9.2.6 FC03 - Read multiple registers

This function code allows a contiguous array of registers to be read. The maximum number of registers that can be read is 120, this allows up to 120 16-bit parameters or 60 32-bit parameters to be read in a single transaction. If this is exceeded the server will issue an exception response code 2.

SI

Master request data

Byte	Description
7	Function code 0x03
8	Start register address (MSB)
9	Start register address (LSB)
10	Number of 16-bit registers (MSB)
11	Number of 16-bit registers (LSB)

ave	response	data
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Byte	Description
7	Function code 0x03
8	Length of data in read block (Bytes)
9	Register data (MSB)
10	Register data (LSB)

The normal response includes the function code, number of data bytes in the read block followed by the register data (unless an exception occurs). If 32-bit parameter addressing is used, then for each parameter read:

- Two 16-bit registers must be used in the request
- The register data in the response will contain 4 bytes of data

Example

To read drive parameters **0.20.021** to **0.20.023** (transaction ID = 42) with 32-bit data access and standard addressing:

Master request data

Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	00 2A	Transaction ID (42)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID (0=TCP/IP)
4-5	00 06	Length (Bytes=6)
6	FF	Unit identifier (FF= Drive)
7	03	Function code (3)
8-9	47 E4	Start register (20.20)
10-11	00 06	Number of registers (6)

	-	
Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	00 2A	Transaction ID (42)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID (0=TCP/IP)
4-5	00 0F	Length (Bytes=15)
6	FF	Unit identifier (FF= Drive)
7	03	Function code (3)
8	0C	Data length (Bytes=12)
9-12	?*	Pr 0.20.021 data
13-16	?*	Pr 0.20.022 data
17-20	?*	Pr 0.20.023 data

Slave response data

* Value dependent on data read

9.2.7 FC06 - Write single register

This function code writes a single 16-bit value to a register. The normal response is an echo of the request (unless an exception occurs) returned after the parameter has been written.

The register address can be a 32-bit parameter address but only the lower 16 bits of the value will be written.

Master request data

Slave response data

Byte	Description
7	Function code 0x06
8	Start register address (MSB)
9	Start register address (LSB)
10	Register data (MSB)
11	Register data (LSB)

Dyte	Description
7	Function code 0x06
8	Start register address (MSB)
9	Start register address (LSB)
10	Register data (MSB)

Register data (LSB)

Example

To write the value 12345 to drive parameter **0.20.001** (transaction ID = 42) using standard addressing:

11

Master request data

Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	00 2A	Transaction ID (42)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID (0=TCP/IP)
4-5	00 06	Length (Bytes=6)
6	FF	Unit identifier (FF= Drive)
7	06	Function code (06)
8-9	07 D0	Start register (20.000)
10-11	30 39	Register data (12345)

Slave response data

Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	00 2A	Transaction ID (42)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID (0=TCP/IP)
4-5	00 06	Length (Bytes=6)
6	FF	Unit identifier (FF= Drive)
7	06	Function code (6)
8-9	07 D0	Start register (20.000)
10-11	30 39	Register data (12345)

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9.2.8 FC16 - Write multiple registers

This function code allows a contiguous series of registers to be written.

The maximum number of registers that can be written is 120, this allows up to 120 16-bit parameters or 60 32-bit parameters to be read in a single transaction. If this is exceeded the server will issue an exception response code 2. The normal response includes the function code, start register address and number of 16-bit registers written (unless an exception occurs), returned after the parameters have been written.

If 32-bit parameter addressing is used, then for each parameter written:

- Two 16-bit registers must be used in the request.
- Four bytes must be specified in the request.
- The number of registers written in the response will be twice the number of parameters written.

Master request data

SI

Byte	Description
7	Function code 0x10
8	Start register address (MSB)
9	Start register address(LSB)
10	Number of 16-bit registers (MSB)
11	Number of 16-bit registers (LSB)
12	Length of register data to write (Bytes)
13	Register data (MSB)
14	Register data (LSB)

lave response data			
Byte	Description		
7	Function code 0x10		
8	Start register address (MSB)		
9	Start register address (LSB)		
10	Number of 16-bit registers written (MSB)		
11	Number of 16-bit registers written (LSB)		

9.2.9 FC23 - Read/Write multiple registers

This function code allows a contiguous series of registers to be written and another contiguous series of registers to be read. The maximum number of registers that can be read is 120 and similarly the maximum number of registers that can be written is 120, this allows up to 120 16bit parameters or 60 32-bit parameters to be read and / or written in a single transaction. If this is exceeded the server will issue an exception response code 2

Master request data

Byte	Description
7	Function code 0x17
8	Start read register address (MSB)
9	Start read register address (LSB)
10	Number of registers to read (MSB)
11	Number of registers to read (LSB)
12	Start write register address (MSB)
13	Start write register address (LSB)
14	Number of registers to write (MSB)
15	Number of registers to write (LSB)
16	Length of register data to write (Bytes)
17	Register data 0 (MSB)
18	Register data 0 (LSB)

Slave response data	Slave	res	ponse	data
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Byte	Description
7	Function code 0x17
8	Length of data in read block (Bytes)
9	Register data (MSB)
10	Register data (LSB)

The normal response includes the function code, number of data bytes in the read block followed by the register data (unless an exception occurs).

If 32-bit parameter addressing is used:

- For each parameter read or written, two 16-bit registers must be used in the request.
- For each parameter written, four bytes must be specified in the request.
- For each parameter read, four bytes of data will be used in the response.

Example

To write the value 12345 to drive parameters 0.20.021 through 0.20.023 (Transaction ID=42) using standard 32-bit addressing:

Master request data

Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	00 2A	Transaction ID (42)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID (0=TCP/IP)
4-5	00 13	Length (Bytes=19)
6	FF	Unit identifier (FF= Drive)
7	10	Function code (16)
8-9	47 E4	Start register (20.020)
10-11	00 06	Number of registers (6)
12	0C	Register data length (Bytes)
13-16	00 00 30 39	Register data 0
17-20	00 00 30 39	Register data 1
21-24	00 00 30 39	Register data 2

Slave response data

Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	00 2A	Transaction ID (42)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID (0=TCP/IP)
4-5	00 06	Length (Bytes=6)
6	FF	Unit identifier (FF= Drive)
7	10	Function code (16)
8-9	47 E4	Start register (20.020)
10-11	00 06	Registers written (6)

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Example

To write the value 12345 to drive parameters **0.20.021** through **0.20.023** and read the values of parameters **0.20.024** through **0.20.026** (Transaction ID=42) using standard addressing:

Master request data

Slave response data

Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	00 2A	Transaction ID (42)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID (0=TCP/IP)
4-5	00 17	Length (Bytes=6)
6	FF	Unit identifier (FF= Drive)
7	17	Function code (23)
8-9	47 E7	Start read register (20.023)
10-11	00 06	Number of read registers (6)
12-13	47 E4	Start write register (20.020)
14-15	00 06	Number of write registers (6)
16	0C	Length of register data to write (Bytes=12)
17-20	00 00 30 39	Register data 0 (12345)
21-24	00 00 30 39	Register data 1 (12345)
25-28	00 00 30 39	Register data 2 (12345)

	-	
Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	00 2A	Transaction ID (42)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID (0=TCP/IP)
4-5	00 0F	Length (Bytes=15)
6	FF	Unit identifier (FF= Drive)
7	17	Function code (23)
8	0C	Length of data (Bytes=12)
9-12	?? ?? ?? ??*	Register data 0 (Pr 20.024)
13-16	?? ?? ?? ??*	Register data 1 (Pr 20.025)
17-20	?? ?? ?? ??*	Register data 2 (Pr 20.026)

9.3 RTMoE (Real Time Motion over Ethernet

This is a communication protocol developed to provide Ethernet synchronisation and data transfer between Control Techniques drives.

RTMoE provides:

Drive synchronisation

 Drive synchronisation using the Precision Time Protocol (PTP) otherwise known as IEEE1588 V2. Each PTP device has a tuneable clock running. Following an arbitration process the devices select a master and tune their clocks until they are synchronized to that master. This process may take several seconds to complete.
 Data transfer

 Cyclic data (synchronous and non-synchronous) is sent using the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)

- Non-cyclic data is sent using the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
- Cycle time down to 250 µs (Using Machine Control Studio)

Jitter less than 1 µs

RTMoE can be configured in two ways:

- Via Machine Control Studio using the Advanced link editor or
- Via parameters using the Easy Mode menus (10 and 11)

The full capabilities of RTMoE are available only when using Machine Control Studio.

Table 9-7 shows the comparison between Easy Mode and Machine Control Studio support levels.

Table 9-7 RTMoE Support levels

	Suppor	rt Level
Capability	Easy Mode	Machine Control Studio ^{(1) (3)}
Non-cyclic communication	No	Yes
Total number of transmit cyclic links	3	11
Total number of receive cyclic links	3	11
Max transmit synchronous links	1	1
Max receive synchronous links	1	1
Max length of non-synchronous link	10 x 32-bit	10 x 32-bit ⁽²⁾
Max length of synchronous link	3 x 32-bit	3 x 32-bit
Minimum transmission period (non-synchronised)	1 ms	1 ms
Maximum transmission period (non-synchronised)	100 ms	100 ms ⁽³⁾
Minimum transmission period (Synchronised)	1 ms	250 µs
Maximum transmission period (Synchronised)	8 ms	8 ms
Synchronised with onboard program	Yes (when cycle time = 4 ms)	Yes (when cycle time = 4 ms)
Max parameter accesses per second	6000	6000
Max messages per second (S.02.004)	8000	8000

⁽¹⁾ MCi2x0 firmware version V01.08.04.06 and later.

⁽²⁾ Maximum number of parameter in a non-synchronous link between two MCi210 modules (V01.08.04.06 and later) is 20.

⁽³⁾ Currently the Ethernet interface only supports cyclic links using Easy Mode (Menu 10), cyclic links using Machine Control Studio will be available in a future release of the Ethernet interface firmware.

NOTE

The number of cyclic links is limited to a maximum of 2 when accessing the option module internal parameters (e.g. the PLC register menus 7x).

* Value dependent on data read

9.2.10 Modbus Exception Response Message

If the master request is rejected then an exception response message will be returned.

Table 9-6 Exception Response Message

Byte	Hex value	Description
0-1	?? ??*	Transaction ID (defined by Modbus Master)
2-3	00 00	Protocol ID
4-5	00 03	Number of data bytes to follow
6	??*	Unit identifier
7	??*	Function code (request FC with bit b7 set to 1)
8	??*	Exception code 01 = Function code not supported 02 = Invalid register address

* Value dependent on data read

The master request function code will be returned but with bit b7 set (e.g. function code 0x03 will be returned as 0x83).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina	• • • •	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	D : ()	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC.	parameters	Diagnostics	information
mormation	information	matanation	installation	Starteu	parameters			communication	operation	FLC	parameters		monnation

9.3.1 RTMoE Message rate capability

When designing a network, the message loading for each device should be checked to ensure the number of messages do not exceed the maximum recommended value.

Consider the following example where a Digitax HD M750 is communicating with three other devices over Ethernet using Modbus TCP/IP (10 parameters read every 100 ms), EtherNet/IP (5 parameters read every 10 ms and 5 parameters written every 10 ms) and RTMoE (2 parameters written every 500 μ s).

Protocol	Number of Parameters	Rate	Parameters accessed / second	Message rate / second
Modbus TCP/IP	10 x read	100 ms	100	10
EtherNet/IP	5 x read	10 ms	500	100
Luienveun	5 x write	10 ms	500	100
RTMoE	2 x write	500 µs	4000	2000
	Total		5100	2210
Maxi	mum supported		6000	8000
Wit	hin capability?		✓	✓

9.3.2 RTMoE Message type

From the system design, it should be known how many drives will be used and what data needs to be sent where. There are two fundamental ways of sharing data:

- Cyclic data use cyclic links for important information relating to the dynamic behavior of the machine (e.g. control word, speed reference, etc.)
- Non-cyclic data used for non time-critical information (e.g. drive setup data) A user program must be used to control the transfer of non-cyclic messages. (see Non cyclic enable (S.02.035) and Non cyclic base parameter (S.02.036))

Each cyclic message can be one of three types:

1 Unicast – used if data needs to go from one device to another



2 Broadcast – used if data needs to go from one device to all other devices



Multicast – used if data needs to go from one device to a subset of the other devices

By choosing the most appropriate transmission type an efficient and reliable network can be designed.

For example:

3

- Three drives must use an ELS (Electronic Line Shaft) to follow a Smart Drive. In this case a **multicast** message should be used to transmit the reference position from the Smart Drive.
- Three drives need to return general status information to the Smart Drive. In this case, each drive should send a **unicast** message to the Smart Drive.
- The Smart Drive needs to command all other drives to stop/ start. The Smart Drive should use a broadcast message to transmit the command to all the other drives.

NOTE

Broadcast messages should be used with care, bottlenecks in the network can be easily created by using broadcast messages, this will reduce the performance of the network and, in extreme situations, seriously impair the system operation.

9.3.3 Checking for bottlenecks

There are three main reasons why a bottleneck occurs:

- 1. A drive is receiving more Ethernet messages than it can handle (8000 frames per second).
- 2. A drive is being asked to access more parameters than it can handle (6000 parameters per second).
- 3. A segment of the network has reached it's bandwidth limit.

For a full duplex 100Mbit/sec Ethernet network, assuming all Ethernet messages are the maximum 1500 bytes in length, the bandwidth is 8000 frames/sec in each direction.

NOTE

- It is unrealistic to assume that all messages will be full frames.
- In reality the maximum number of frames/sec will be higher.
- A more detailed frame analysis may be performed if necessary but the values stated can be used to quickly determine whether bottlenecks could be a problem.

9.3.4 RTMoE Message synchronization

Cyclic messages can be synchronized or non-synchronized.

Only one synchronized cyclic link in each direction (one transmit and one receive) is possible so these should only be used for high precision applications where the motion of multiple drives must be closely coupled (e.g. printing applications). All other messages should be sent using a non-synchronized cyclic link.

Synchronized cyclic data links utilise the IEEE1588 clock time distributed across the network. The IEEE1588 clock can synchronize the drive's control loops to within a 1 µs accuracy, Pr **0.11.002** *Option Synchronisation Active* displays the active option slot providing synchronization. With synchronized control loops the Ethernet interface can be used to transfer drive parameters containing motion information, including those from the AMC.

With normal Ethernet there are a number of variables that can impact upon the performance of the network. These include:

- Delays through switches Ethernet is a switched network and messages are typically copied completely into a switch before being forwarded on. This is fundamental to modern Ethernet and cannot be influenced by system design.
- Message length the longer a message, the longer it will take to transmit and copy into a switch before forwarding it on. For a synchronous cyclic link frame this delay is 12 μs, for a full Ethernet frame it is 120 μs.

Message length can be controlled, but to maximise compatibility with other Ethernet traffic, it is sensible to allow for full frame Ethernet messages where possible.

 Length of daisy chain - A daisy chain with Ethernet is really a chain of three port switches.

This can be controlled through physical network design e.g. using a tree structure to limit the length of daisy chains.

The above delays (Latency) are managed in software, in conjunction with PTP, to ensure that all device use synchronous data at the same time, but the length of the daisy chain must be controlled by careful network design.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
				5			Optimization		-			Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters		information
					1 · · · · · · ·					-	1		

9.3.5 General guidelines for synchronous cyclic data

The following guidelines provide a simple way of specifying a network supporting synchronous cyclic data that offers accurate synchronization and guaranteed determinism, whilst maintaining compatibility with standard Ethernet traffic.

- Limit daisy chains to 10 drives.
- Where more than 10 drives are used, create a tree structure using a switch.
- Any Ethernet switches used must support IEEE1588 V2.
- Segregate the network using VLANs and gateways.

Assign one device to be the synchronization master for each segregated network. $% \label{eq:second}$

9.3.6 Segregating the network

If synchronous cyclic links are used, for best reliability it is sensible to segregate the network. This means:

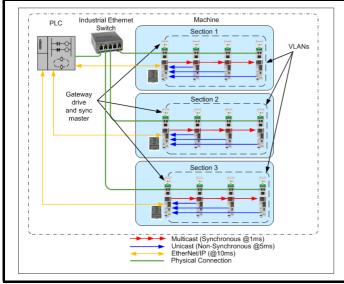
- Assign one (or more) drive(s) to be a gateway, which ensures messages entering the segregated section are stripped of any existing prioritisation information. (See *Gateway Mode* (3.02.025)
- Ensure that VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) is enabled on all devices so that synchronous data can be prioritized as it is passed between switches. (See VLAN Enable (3.02.030))
- Use multiple Master Clock Domains. (See Master Clock Domain (3.11.002))

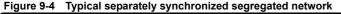
9.3.7 Synchronization master

If a synchronous cyclic link is used then one device must be a synchronous master, if this is an existing 3rd party device then, to minimize the initialization time, all other devices/drives on the network should not be allowed to become the synchronous master. To disable the drive from becoming the synchronous master then set the value in *Preferred Sync Master* (3.11.001) to 0, this ensures the drive does not become the synchronous master.

If there is no existing synchronous master then a suitable drive should be chosen (see *Preferred Sync Master* (3.11.001)), in choosing which drive to be the synchronous master, the physical position of the drives and network layout should be considered so as to minimize the number of switches each message has to pass through.

A typical segregated network using VLANs and gateways consisting of three separate sections of a machine controlled by one master PLC is shown in the following diagram.





NOTE

Configuring a single drive to act as both gateway and synchronization master will increase the message loading on that drive, in some situations this may result in a reduction of the network performance. In these situations, separate drives should be used for the gateway and synchronization master.

NOTE

For the gateway mode to operate correctly, the standard Ethernet network must be connected to port 1 on the drive and the real-time Ethernet to port 2 as shown in Figure 9-4.

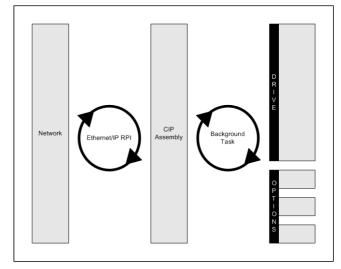
9.3.8 VLANs

To guarantee the timing of synchronous links VLANs must be enabled using VLAN Enable (**3.02.030**). VLANs include a priority field that is applied to all messages. This field is used to apply a higher priority to synchronous cyclic data than other non-deterministic traffic.

9.3.9 Parameter Update Rate

Parameters are exchanged over the network. The value exchanged over the network must be exchanged with the drive or option parameter. The rate of data exchange differs for synchronous and non-synchronous cyclic links as well as for drive and option destinations.

The diagram below depicts the update cycles used within the Ethernet interface. Cyclic link mappings being exchanged with the drive will be updated at the background task rate. This rate (*Background cycles per second* (3.09.008)) varies with the load on the Ethernet interface; EtherNet/IP data exchange also takes place in the background task.



9.4 EtherNet/IP specification

The Ethernet interface supports the EtherNet/IP protocol and conforms to the EtherNet/IP adaptation of the Common Industrial Protocol (CIP) Specification. This is the same upper-layer protocol and object model as used in DeviceNet.

The Ethernet interface module will operate as a slave device and the following functionality is supported:

- Variable length input assembly object (instance 100) with consistency for up to 32 parameters
- Variable length output assembly object (instance 101) with consistency for up to 32 parameters
- User selectable RPI timeout action
- Identity object (class 0x01)
- Motor data object (class 0x28)
- Control supervisor object (class 0x29)
- AC/DC Drive object (class 0x2A)
- Control Techniques objects (classes 0x64 to 0x69)
- Explicit (non-cyclic) access to parameters

Safety Product Mechanical information information	Electrical Gettin installation starte		Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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9.4.1 Requested Packet Interval (RPI) timeout

This timeout is defined by the EtherNet/IP protocol and is configured in the PLC master. If enabled, the Ethernet interface will monitor the data traffic once the cyclic data has been established, and if data is not received within the specified time, it will perform the requested action as defined by Pr **3.20.011** *RPI timeout action*. This indicates that the interface has detected that the cyclic data communication has been interrupted.

NOTE

The RPI timeout action will only occur on a loss of cyclic data message, i.e. after cyclic data has been established and subsequently lost. No action will be taken if no cyclic data has been detected.

9.4.2 Read consistency

Under normal conditions, cyclic data is sampled and transmitted at the Requested Packet Interval (RPI). However, if an option module was in the process of modifying the mapped parameters while these parameters were being sampled, then the data transmitted across the network may not be consistent across the entire assembly object. If read consistency is enabled (**3.20.026** *In Consistency Enable*) and a trigger parameter specified in *In Consistency Trigger Param* (**3.20.027**) then data will only be sampled and transmitted when the trigger parameter *In Consistency Trigger Param* (**3.20.027**) contains a non-zero value. This trigger parameter will then be set to zero after the data has been sampled.

It is therefore possible, by controlling the trigger parameters, that a user program in the drive or option module can ensure that the values in the cyclic data parameters are not sampled until all values are updated.

Whether consistency is enabled or not, data will always be consistent for an individual parameter, i.e. all 4 bytes of a 32-bit value will be consistent.

9.4.3 Write consistency

Under normal conditions, cyclic data is sampled and written at the Requested Packet Interval (RPI). However, if an option module was in the process of reading the mapped parameters while these parameters were being written, then the data obtained may not be consistent across the entire assembly object. If write consistency is enabled (*Out Consistency Enable* (**3.20.028**)) and a trigger parameter specified in *Out Consistency Trigger Param* (**3.20.029**) then new data will only be written to the drive (or option module) when the trigger parameter *Out Consistency Trigger Param* (**3.20.029**) contains a value of zero. This trigger parameter will then be set to one after the data has been written.

It is therefore possible, by controlling the trigger parameters, that a user program in the drive or option module can ensure that the values in the cyclic data parameters are not sampled until all values are updated.

Whether consistency is enabled or not, data will always be consistent for an individual parameter, i.e. all 4 bytes of a 32-bit value will be consistent.

Example

In this example, Pr 0.18.031 is set as the input trigger and Pr 0.18.032 is set as the output trigger. The EtherNet/IP master is configured to check the values of Pr 0.20.011 and Pr 0.20.012 are equal and write the same value to Pr 0.20.021. The SI-Applications Compact module is configured to generate a ramp value between -32768 and 32767 to write to Pr 0.20.011 and Pr 0.20.012 when the value of Pr 0.20.021 is equal to the ramp value.

With the input and output consistency enabled, parameters Pr **0.20.011** and Pr **0.20.012** will be sampled and transmitted to the EtherNet/IP master when the input trigger parameter Pr **0.18.031** is a non-zero value, Pr **0.20.021** will be written to when the output trigger parameter Pr **0.18.032** is a value of zero.

= 8 (bytes)

= 4 (bytes)

= On

The parameter changes required are:

3.20.020 Input assembly object size

3.20.021 Output assembly object size	
3.20.026 In Consistency Enable	

3.20.027 In Consistency Trigger Param	= 0.18.031
3.20.028 Out Consistency Enable	= On
3.20.029 Out Consistency Trigger Param	= 0.18.032
3.21.001 Input mapping parameter 1	= 0.20.011
3.21.002 Input mapping parameter 2	= 0.20.012
3.22.001 Output mapping parameter 1	= 0.20.021

The user program in the SI-Applications Compact module may be written as follows (some changes may be necessary to account for bus cycle times and parameter update rates):

Initial{

```
// Initialise variables
```

NewValue% = 0 #86.03 = 0 // Set digital output0 off #86.04 = 0 // Set digital output1 off #20.011 = 0 // Set input parameter 1 to 0 #20.021 = 0 // Set output parameter 2 to 0 #20.021 = 0 // Set output parameter 1 to 0 REINIT // Initialise configuration

} //Initial

Background{

top:

```
IF #18.32 = 1 THEN
```

// Output trigger set

// Check first sum value against NewValue
IF #20.021 = NewValue% THEN

// OK increment values by 1

NewValue% = NewValue% + 1 IF NewValue% > 32767 THEN NewValue = -32768 #20.011 = NewValue% #20.012 = NewValue%

// Set input trigger – Read input parameters and transmit to master #18.031 = 1

LOOP

```
// Reset output trigger
#18.032 = 0
```

NewValue% = NewValue%

LOOP

ELSE

// ERROR - set DOP0 ON

#86.03 = 1

ENDIF

ENDIF

goto top: // main background loop
} //Background

	ľ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
--	---	-----------------------	------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------	---------------------	-------------------	--------------	---------------------	----------------------	----------------	---------------------	-------------	------------------------

9.4.4 Non-cyclic (explicit) data transfer

Non-cyclic or explicit messaging is used to read and write parameters non-cyclically by means of assembly objects. All of the AC Drives profile attributes can be accessed using explicit messaging.

The *Control Techniques* objects provide access to all drive and slot parameters using the following format.

Object	CT Group	CT This Slot	CT Slot 1	CT Slot 2	CT Slot 3	CT Slot 4			
Class code	100 (0x64)	105 (0x69)							
Instance		Menu							
Attribute		Parameter							
Read code	14 (0x0E) Get_Attribute_Single								
Write code		16 (0x10) Set_Attribute_Single							

NOTE

An instance value of 0 is not a valid value in this context, therefore an instance value of 200 (0xC8) should be used to access menu 0 parameters. For more information on the *Control Techniques* object see section 9.4.21 Control Techniques objects on page 112.

9.4.5 Cyclic (implicit or polled) data transfer

Cyclic data is a method of data transfer that must be setup during network configuration, but is transmitted automatically at the determined rate once configuration is complete.

EtherNet/IP transfers cyclic data using assembly objects, "cyclic data" is sometimes referred to as "Polled data" or "implicit data".

The terms "input" and "output" refer to data from the perspective of the PLC, an "output" assembly object transfers data from the PLC to the drive, an "input" assembly object transfers data from the drive to the PLC.

NOTE

Some PLCs provide the option of transmitting a configuration assembly object. The Ethernet interface does not use a configuration object; if one is required by the PLC then instance 1 should be specified with a length of 0 bytes.

9.4.6 Configuring EtherNet/IP cyclic parameters

In order to use cyclic data over EtherNet/IP, the EtherNet/IP interface must be configured to map the required parameter data to the assembly object.

For drive parameter access, object 100 (0x64) is used for reading parameters and object 101 (0x65) is used for writing parameters. The pre-defined assembly objects as listed in Table 9-8 *Supported drive assembly objects* can also be configured as cyclic data.

9.4.7 Assembly objects

An assembly object is an object which contains a group of attributes to control or monitor the drive operation. These attributes can be members of EtherNet/IP objects or drive parameters. The Ethernet interface supports a series of standard assembly objects and two *Control Techniques* objects (100 and 101) to access the drive parameters (see *Table 9-8 Supported drive assembly objects* on page 102).

NOTE

Conformance with the pre-defined assembly objects specification can only be guaranteed if the speed reference configuration of the drive has not been changed from the default settings. For information on setting default values, refer to the appropriate *Control User Guide*.

Assembly	Clas	S	Length		Default Mappings		
object name	Decimal	Hex (0x)	(Bytes)	Туре	Bytes 0 to 3	Bytes 4 to 7	
Primaryl	100	64	4 to 80	Input	0.10.040	0.02.001	
BscSpdCtrll	70	46	4	Input			
ExtSpdCtrll	71	47	4	Input			
SpdTrqCtrll	72	48	6	Input			
ExtSpdTrqCtrll	73	49	6	Input			
PrimaryO	101	65	4 to 80	Output	0.06.042	0.01.021	
BscSpdCtrIO	20	14	4	Output			
ExtSpdCtrlO	21	15	4	Output			
SpdTrqCtrIO	22	16	6	Output			
ExtSpdTrqCtrlO	23	17	6	Output			

9.4.8 Basic speed control

Output assembly object 0x14 (20₁₀) The PLC or scanner must be configured for 4 output by

Table 9-8 Supported drive assembly objects

The PLC or scanner must be configured for 4 output bytes (or 2 output words) if this assembly object is to be used.

Table 9-9 Basic speed control

Data word	Function
Word 0	Basic control word.
Word 1	Speed reference (SpeedRef).

Basic control word

The basic control word consists of 2 bytes (16 bits), with only 2 bits of the low byte being used as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
					FaultRst		RunFwd

The individual bit functions are described as follows:

Name	Control Word	Description
RunFwd	b0	Set this bit to command the drive to run in the forward direction.
FaultRst	b2	A 0 to 1 transition will reset the drive if the drive was in a trip state.

NOTE

For the drive to run at the speed specified in Word 1, Pr **0.06.043** must be *ON* and bit 0, bit 7 and bit 8 of the drive control word (Pr **0.06.042**) must all be set to 1 and the external hardware enable signal must be present.

3 Optimization	Drive SD Card Operation PLC Advanced Diagnostics UL listing information
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The individual bit functions for the drive control word are shown in Table 9-10 below.

Table 9-10 Drive control word bit functions

Bit	Function	Equivalent parameter
0	Drive enable	Pr 0.06.015
1	Run forward	Pr 0.06.030
2	Jog forward	Pr 0.06.031
3	Run reverse	Pr 0.06.032
4	Forward/reverse	Pr 0.06.033
5	Run	Pr 0.06.034
6	Not stop	Pr 0.06.039
7	Auto/manual	N/A
8	Analog/preset reference	Pr 0.01.042
9	Jog reverse	Pr 0.06.037
10	Reserved	N/A
11	Reserved	N/A
12	Trip drive	N/A
13	Reset drive	Pr 0.10.033
14	Keypad watchdog	N/A

Speed reference (SpeedRef)

The speed reference word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8		
SpeedRef (high byte)									
b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0									
SpeedRef (low byte)									

For more information on the setting of the speed reference see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

9.4.9 Extended speed control Output assembly object 0x15 (21₁₀)

The PLC or scanner must be configured for 4 output bytes (or 2 output words) if this assembly object is to be used.

Table 9-11 Extended speed control

Data word	Function
Word 0	Extended control word.
Word 1	Speed reference (SpeedRef).

Extended control word

The extended control word consists of 2 bytes (16 bits), with only the low byte used as shown.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	NetRef	NetCtrl			FaultRst	RunRev	RunFwd

The individual bit functions are described as follows:

Name	Control Word	Description
RunFwd	b0	Set this bit to command the drive to run in the forward direction.
RunRev	b1	Set this bit to command the drive to run in the reverse direction.
FaultRst	b2	A 0 to 1 transition will reset the drive if the drive was in a trip state.
NetCtrl	b5	Used in conjunction with Pr 0.06.043 to enable the drive control word bits b0-b6 and bit 9 (Pr 0.06.042).
NetRef	b6	Set this bit to command the drive to use the remote speed reference value specified in Word 1.

NOTE

For the drive to run at the speed specified in Word 1, Pr **0.06.043** must be *ON* and bit 0, bit 7 and bit 8 of the drive control word (Pr **0.06.042**) must all be set to 1 and the external hardware enable signal must be present.

NOTE

For information on the drive control word see *Table 9-10 Drive control* word bit functions on page 103.

NOTE

Conformance with the pre-defined assembly objects specification can only be guaranteed if the speed reference configuration of the drive has not been changed from the default settings. For information on setting default values, refer to the appropriate *Control User Guide*.

Speed reference (SpeedRef)

The speed reference word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	
SpeedRef (high byte)								
SpeedRef (high byte)								
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	

For more information on the setting of the speed reference see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

9.4.10 Basic speed and torque control Output assembly object 0x16 (22₁₀)

The PLC or scanner must be configured for 6 output bytes (or 3 output words) if this assembly object is to be used.

Table 9-12 Basic speed and torque control

Data Word	Function
Word 0	Basic control word.
Word 1	Speed reference (SpeedRef).
Word 2	Torque reference (TorqueRef).

Basic control word

The basic control word consists of 2 bytes (16 bits), with only 2 bits of the low byte being used as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
					FaultRst		RunFwd

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
internation	internation	motanation	motandition	otartoa	paramotoro			oominanoation	operation	1 20	parametere		internation

The individual bit functions are described as follows:

Name	Control Word	Description
RunFwd	b0	Set this bit to command the drive to run in the forward direction.
FaultRst	b2	A 0 to 1 transition will reset the drive if the drive was in a trip state.

NOTE

For the drive to run at the speed specified in Word 1, Pr **0.06.043** must be *ON* and bit 0, bit 7 and bit 8 of the drive control word (Pr **0.06.043**) must all be set to 1.

NOTE

For information on the drive control word see *Table 9-10 Drive control* word bit functions on page 103.

Speed reference (SpeedRef)

The speed reference word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
			SpeedRef	(high byte)			
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

For more information on the setting of the speed reference see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

Torque reference (TorqueRef)

The torque reference word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
		-	TorqueRef	(high byte)		
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

For more information on the setting of the torque reference see Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes on page 111.

9.4.11 Extended speed and torque control Output assembly object 0x17 (23₁₀)

The PLC or scanner must be configured for 6 output bytes (or 3 output words) if this assembly object is to be used.

Table 9-13 Extended speed and torque control

Data word	Function
Word 0	Extended control word.
Word 1	Speed reference (SpeedRef).
Word 2	Torque reference (TorqueRef).

Extended control word

The extended control word consists of 2 bytes (16 bits), with only 5 bits of the low byte used as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

Name	Control Word	Description
RunFwd	b0	Set this bit to command the drive to run in the forward direction.
RunRev	b1	Set this bit to command the drive to run in the reverse direction.
FaultRst	b2	A 0 to 1 transition will reset the drive if the drive was in a trip state.
NetCtrl	b5	Used in conjunction with Pr 06.043 to enable the drive control word bits b0-b6 and bit 9 (Pr 06.042).
NetRef	b6	Set this bit to command the drive to use the remote speed reference value specified in Word 1.

a individual bit for attance and dependence as faller.

NOTE

For the drive to run at the speed specified in Word 1, Pr **06.043** must be *ON* and bit 0, bit 7 and bit 8 of the drive control word (Pr **06.042**) must all be set to 1 and the external hardware enable signal must be present.

NOTE

For information on the drive control word see *Table 9-10 Drive control* word bit functions on page 103.

Speed reference (SpeedRef)

The speed reference word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8		
SpeedRef (high byte)									
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0		
			SpeedRef	(low byte)					

For more information on the setting of the speed reference see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

Torque reference (TorqueRef)

The torque reference word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
	TorqueRef (high byte)						
b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0							
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

For more information on the setting of the torque reference see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

9.4.12 Basic speed feedback

Input assembly object 0x46 (70₁₀)

The PLC or scanner must be configured for 4 input bytes (or 2 input words) if this assembly object is to be used.

Table 9-14 Basic speed feedback

Data word	Function
Word 0	Basic status word.
Word 1	Speed feedback (SpeedActual).

Basic status word

The basic status word consists of 2 bytes (16 bits), with only 2 bits of the low byte used as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
					Running 1 (Fwd)		Faulted

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The individual bit functions are described as follows:

Bit	Name	Description
b0	Faulted	Indicates whether the drive is OK or tripped (0=OK, 1=Tripped).
b2	Running1 (Fwd)	Indicates if the drive is running in the forward direction (0=False, 1=True).

Speed feedback (SpeedActual)

The speed feedback word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
	SpeedActual (high byte)						
-							
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

For more information on the speed feedback see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

9.4.13 Extended speed feedback

Input assembly object 0x47 (7110)

The PLC or scanner must be configured for 4 input bytes (or 2 input words) if this assembly object is to be used.

Table 9-15 Extended speed feedback

Data word	Function
Word 0	Extended status word.
Word 1	Speed feedback (SpeedActual).

Extended status word

The extended status word consists of 2 bytes (16 bits), with the bits having functions as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
			Drives	State			
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

The DriveState byte returns a code to indicate the operating state of the drive as shown in Table 9-16 following.

Table 9-16 Drive State codes

Code	b15 - b8	State	Description
1	00000001	Startup	This state is skipped over on CT drives.
2	00000010	Not_Ready	Inhibit.
3	00000011	Ready	Ready.
4	00000100	Enabled	Run or Stop.
5	00000101	Stopping	Deceleration or Injection.
6	00000110	Fault_Stop	AC_UU (this will only occur if Mains Loss is enabled).
7	00000111	Faulted	Tripped.
0	00000000	Vendor Specific	All other DriveType states, e.g. Scan, Orienting, Regen Active, etc.

The individual bits of the low byte of the extended status word are described below.

Table 9-17 Extended status word (low byte)

Name	Bit	Description
Faulted	b0	Indicates whether the drive is OK or tripped. 0=OK (Pr 0.10.001 =1). 1=Tripped (Pr 0.10.001 =0).
Warning	b1	Indicates if one of the drive alarms is active.
Running1 (Fwd)	b2	Indicates if the drive is running in the forward direction. 0=False, 1=True.
Running2 (Rev)	b3	Indicates if the drive is running in the reverse direction. 0=False, 1=True.
Ready	b4	The 'Ready' bit is set depending on which state the drive is in. Ready = True. Enabled = True. Stopping = True. All others = False.
CtrlFromNet	b5	Indicates if the drive is being controlled from the 'Drive Control Word'. 0=False, 1=True.
RefFromNet	b6	Indicates if the speed reference is derived from Pr 0.01.021. 0=False (Pr 0.01.050 <>1 OR Pr 0.01.049 <>3). 1=True (Pr 0.01.050 =1 AND Pr 0.01.049 =3).
AtReference	b7	Indicates if the drive speed has reached the set reference. 0=False (Pr 0.10.006 =0). 1=True (Pr 0.10.006 =1).

Speed feedback (SpeedActual)

The speed feedback word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
		S	peedActua	al (high byt	e)		
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
-	SpeedActual (low byte)						

For more information on the speed feedback see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

9.4.14 Basic speed and torque feedback Input assembly object 0x48 (72₁₀)

The PLC or scanner must be configured for 6 input bytes (or 3 input words) if this assembly object is to be used.

Table 9-18 Basic speed and torque feedback

Data word	Function
Word 0	Basic status word.
Word 1	Speed feedback (SpeedActual).
Word 2	Torque feedback (<i>TorqueActual</i>).

Basic status word

The basic status word consists of 2 bytes (16 bits), with only the low byte used as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					-				-		-		

The individual bit functions are described as follows:

]	Bit	Name	Description
	b0	Faulted	Indicates whether the drive is OK or tripped (0=OK, 1=Tripped).
	b2	Running1 (Fwd)	Indicates if the drive is running in the forward direction (0=False, 1=True).

Speed feedback (SpeedActual)

The speed feedback word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
		S	peedActua	l (high byte	e)		
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

For more information on the speed feedback see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

Torque feedback (TorqueActual)

The torque feedback word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
		To	orqueActua	al (high byt	e)		
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

For more information on the torque feedback see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

9.4.15 Extended speed and torque feedback Input assembly object 0x49 (73₁₀)

The PLC or scanner must be configured for 6 input bytes (or 3 input words) if this assembly object is to be used.

Table 9-19 Basic speed and torque feedback

Data word	Function
Word 0	Extended status word.
Word 1	Speed feedback (SpeedActual).
Word 2	Torque feedback (TorqueActual).

Extended status word

The extended status word consists of 2 bytes (16 bits), with the bits having functions as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
			Drives	State			
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
At Reference	RefFrom Net	CtrlFrom Net	Ready	Running2 (Rev)	Running1 (Fwd)	Warning	Faulted

The DriveState byte returns a code to indicate the operating state of the drive as shown in Table 9-20.

Table 9-20 Drive State codes

Code	b15 - b8	State	Description
1	00000001	Startup	This state is skipped over on CT drives.
2	00000010	Not_Ready	Inhibit.
3	00000011	Ready	Ready.
4	00000100	Enabled	Run or Stop.
5	00000101	Stopping	Deceleration or Injection.
6	00000110	Fault_Stop	AC_UU (this will only occur if Mains Loss is enabled).
7	00000111	Faulted	Tripped.
0	00000000	Vendor Specific	All other DriveType states, e.g. Scan, Orienting, Regen Active, etc.

The individual bits of the low byte of the extended status word are described in Table 9-21 *Extended status word (low byte)* on page 106.

Table 9-21 Extended status word (low byte)

Name	Bit	Description
Faulted	b0	Indicates whether the drive is OK or tripped. 0=OK (Pr 0.10.001 =1). 1=Tripped (Pr 0.10.001 =0).
Warning	b1	Indicates if one of the drive alarms is active.
Running1 (Fwd)	b2	Indicates if the drive is running in the forward direction. 0=False, 1=True.
Running2 (Rev)	b3	Indicates if the drive is running in the reverse direction. 0=False, 1=True.
Ready	b4	The 'Ready' bit is set depending on which state the drive is in. Ready = True. Enabled = True. Stopping = True. All others = False.
CtrlFromNet	b5	Indicates if the drive is being controlled from the 'Drive Control Word'. 0=False, 1=True.
RefFromNet	b6	Indicates if the speed reference is derived from Pr 0.01.021. 0=False (Pr 0.01.050 <>1 OR Pr 0.01.049 <>3). 1=True (Pr 0.01.050 =1 AND Pr 0.01.049 =3).
AtReference	b7	Indicates if the drive speed has reached the set reference. 0=False (Pr 0.10.006 =0). 1=True (Pr 0.10.006 =1).

Speed feedback (SpeedActual)

The speed feedback word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
		S	peedActua	ll(high byte	e)		
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

For more information on the speed feedback see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization Drive installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Optimization		Onboard Advanced PLC parameter	Diagnostics
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Torque feedback (TorqueActual)

The torque feedback word utilises 2 bytes (16 bits) as shown below.

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
		To	orqueActua	al (high byt	e)		
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0

For more information on the torque feedback see *Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes* on page 111.

9.4.16 Object Model

The Object Model has the following object classes present.

Table 9-22 Supported Objects

	Class C	Code	Number of			
Object Class	Decimal	Hex Instances		Effect		
Identity	1	01	1	Provides device specific information.		
Assembly	4	04	16	Defines the I/O data format (parameter mapping).		
Motor Data	40	28	2	Defines the motor data.		
Control Supervisor	41	29	1	Provides drive control and monitoring information.		
AC/DC Drive	42	2A		Provides drive configuration and running state information.		
CT Group	100	64	<no monues<="" of="" td=""><td>Provides access to drive parameters.</td></no>	Provides access to drive parameters.		
CT This Slot	101	65	<no manues<="" of="" td=""><td>Provides access to the local option module parameters.</td></no>	Provides access to the local option module parameters.		
CT Slot 1	102	66		Provides access to the option module parameters in slot 1.		
CT Slot 2	103	67		Provides access to the option module parameters in slot 2.		
CT Slot 3	104	69	<no. menus="" of=""></no.>	Provides access to the onboard Ethernet interface parameters.		

9.4.17 Identity object

Class: 0x01 (1₁₀)

The identity object provides identification of and general information about the device.

Table 9-23 Identity object

Attribute	Access	Name	Data Type
1	Get	VendorID	UINT
2	Get	DeviceType	UINT
3	Get	ProductCode	UINT
4	Get	Revision	USINT
6	Get	SerialNumber	UDINT
7	Get	ProductName	SHORT_STRING

Vendor ID

Name:	VendorID		
Class	0x01	Default	0x101 (257 ₁₀)
Instance	0x01	Data Type	UINT
Attribute	0x01	Access	Get

Returns the vendor ID code 0x101 (257₁₀) for *Control Techniques*.

Device type

Name:	DeviceType		
Class	0x01	Default	0x02
Instance	0x01	Data Type	UINT
Attribute	0x02	Access	Get

Returns the device type code. The following codes are used:

Device Type code	Drive type
0x02	AC Drive

Product code

Name:	Product C	ode	
Class	0x01	Default	See below
Instance	0x01	Data Type	UINT
Attribute	0x03	Access	Get

Returns a 16 bit value to identify the drive type and drive mode and also links a node to the installed EDS files. The product code is calculated as shown in Table 9-24 *Product code bit allocation* below.

Table 9-24 Product code bit allocation

b15 b14 b13 b12 b11	b10 b9 b8 b7 b6	b5 b4 b3	b2 b1 b0
Drive Type	Drive Derivative	Drive Mode	CIP code

Drive Type (b15 to b11)

The drive type is defined as follows:

Value	Drive Type
2	Digitax HD

Drive Derivative (b10 to b6)

The drive derivative as shown in Pr 0.11.028.

For more information on the drive derivative codes please refer to the relevant drive documentation.

Drive Mode (b5 to b3)

The drive operating mode is defined as follows:

Value	Operating Mode
0	Open-loop
1	RFC-A
2	RFC-S
3	Regen

CIP code (b2 to b0)

The CIP (Common Industrial Protocol) interface code is defined as follows:

Value	Interface ID	Description
0	437	Unidrive M750 Factory Fit Ethernet
1	447	SI-DeviceNet
2	310	MCi210
3	433	SI-Ethernet

Revision

Name:	Revision		
Class	0x01	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	ARRAY of USINT
Attribute	0x04	Access	Get

Returns 2 bytes to indicate the major and minor revision numbers of the Ethernet interface firmware version.

The Ethernet interface firmware version (Pr **17.002**) consists of four 2-digit decimal numbers with the following significance:

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
											•		

[Major].[Minor].[Bugfix].[Build].

The revision code returns the major and minor revisions of the Ethernet interface firmware version in two unsigned bytes, the major revision being returned first followed by the minor revision.

Table 9-25 Revision specification

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	Major revision (Pr 17.002 / 1000000)						
R		Minor	revision (F	Pr 17.002 /	10000) Mo	od 100	

Where "Mod 100" refers to the fractional value of the result from Pr **17.002**/10000, (the value after the decimal point).

e.g. For a value of 12345678 in Pr **17.002** (12.34.56.78 on the keypad display), the major revision is 12 and the minor revision is 34.

The returned data will consist of 2 unsigned bytes, the first byte will be the major revision value 12 (0x0C) and the second byte will be the minor revision value 34 (0x22).

Major revision

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
	Major revision = 12 (0x0C)						

Minor revision

b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Minor revision = 34 (0x22)						

Serial Number

Name:	SerialNumber		
Class	0x01	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	UDINT
Attribute	0x06	Access	Get

Returns the lower 4 bytes (32 bits) of the Ethernet interface serial number.

The Ethernet interface serial number is contained within two adjacent parameters, Pr **17.004** *Serial Number LS* displays the least 8 significant decimal digits and Pr **17.005** *Serial Number MS* displays the most 8 significant decimal digits.

For example, if the serial number of the onboard Ethernet interface is 123456789 then Pr **17.005** *Serial Number MS* will display 1 and Pr **17.004** *Serial Number LS* will display 23456789.

The Ethernet interface serial number is set during manufacture and cannot be changed.

Product Name

Name:	Produ	ctName		
Class	0x01	Default	Onboard Ethernet	Factory Fit Ethernet
			SI-Ethernet	SI-Ethernet
Instance	0x01	Data Type	SHORT	_STRING
Attribute	0x07	Access	Get	

Returns the product name as a short string of ASCII Bytes. The first byte specifies the number of following bytes that constitute the product name.

9.4.18 Motor data object

Class: 0x28 (40₁₀)

There are 2 instances of the Motor data object. Instance 1 will represent menu 5 motor information (motor 1) and instance 2 will represent menu 21 motor information (motor 2). The instance being used by the other dependant objects will be determined by Pr **0.11.045**, to use the second motor map objects (instance 2), Pr **0.11.045** should be set to *Motor 2*. Pr **0.11.045** is polled in the background task, so the user should be aware that during motor map changeover, the RPM speed reference

may not be accurate. The available attributes and associated functions for the AC motor data object are shown in Table 9-26 AC Motor data object attributes below.

Table 9-26 AC Motor data object attributes

AC Moto	or Instance Attri	Drive Parameter		
Attribute ID	Name	Access	Instance 1	Instance 2
0x03 (3 ₁₀)	MotorType (*)	Get/Set	None	None
0x06 (6 ₁₀)	RatedCurrent	Get/Set	Pr 0.05.007 (scaled to 100 mA units)	Pr 0.21.007 (scaled to 100 mA units)
0x07 (7 ₁₀)	RatedVoltage	Get/Set	Pr 0.05.009	Pr 0.21.009
0x09 (9 ₁₀)	RatedFreq	Get/Set	Pr 0.05.006 (scaled to Hz)	Pr 0.21.006 (scaled to Hz)
0x0F (15 ₁₀)	BaseSpeed	Get/Set	Pr 0.05.008 (scaled to rpm units)	Pr 0.21.008 (scaled to rpm units)
0x64 (100 ₁₀)	Motor2Select	Get	Pr 0.21.015	Pr 0.21.015
0.00.00010)	101012061601	Set	Pr 0.11.045	Pr 0.11.045

(* The MotorType attribute has no effect on drive operation, it is only used to provide information to the user as shown in Table 9-27 *Supported motor types* below).

Table 9-27 Supported motor types

Value	Motor Type
6	Wound rotor induction motor
7	Squirrel cage induction motor (default)
9	Sinusoidal PM BL motor
10	Trapezoidal PM BL motor

NOTE

In Open loop mode, only values 6 and 7 will be supported.

Motor type

Name:	MotorType1		
Class	0x28	Default	7
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x03	Access	Get/Set

Returns or sets the motor type to be used by the drive for instance 1.

Name:	MotorType	2		
Class	0x28	Default	7	
Instance	0x02	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x03	Access	Get/Set	

Returns or sets the motor type to be used by the drive for instance 2.

Rated current

Name:	RatedCurrent1			
Class	0x28	Default	Pr 0.05.007 / 10	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x06	Access	Get/Set	

Returns or sets the rated motor current in Amps for instance 1. This attribute is linked to Pr 0.05.007.

- Set Pr 0.05.007 = RatedCurrent1 * 10.
- Get RatedCurrent1 = Pr 0.05.007 / 10.

0.61		M 1 1 1		0	D .								111 12 12
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
					•						•		

Name:	RatedCurr	ent2	
Class	0x28	Default	Pr 0.21.007 / 10
Instance	0x02	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x06	Access	Get/Set

Returns or sets the rated motor current in Amps for instance 2. This attribute is linked to Pr **0.21.007**.

Get RatedCurrent2 = Pr 0.21.007 / 10.

Rated voltage

Name:	RatedVolta	age1	
Class	0x28	Default	Pr 0.05.009
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x07	Access	Get/Set

Returns or sets the rated motor voltage in Volts for instance 1. This attribute is linked to Pr **0.05.009**.

Name:	RatedVolta	age2	
Class	0x28	Default	Pr 0.21.009
Instance	0x02	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x07	Access	Get/Set

Returns or sets the rated motor voltage in Volts for instance 2. This attribute is linked to Pr **0.21.009**.

Rated frequency

Name:	RatedFreq1		
Class	0x28	Default	Pr 0.05.006 / 10
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x09	Access	Get/Set

Returns or sets the rated motor frequency in Hertz for instance 1. This attribute is linked to Pr 0.05.006.

Set Pr 0.05.006 = RatedFreq1 * 10.

Get RatedFreq1 = Pr 0.05.006 / 10.

Name:	RatedFreq2	2	
Class	0x28	Default	Pr 0.21.006 / 10
Instance	0x02	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x09	Access	Get/Set

Returns or sets the rated motor frequency in Hertz for instance 2. This attribute is linked to Pr **21.006**.

Set Pr 0.21.006 =RatedFreq2 * 10.

Get RatedFreq2 = Pr 0.21.006 / 10.

Base speed

Name:	BaseSpeed1		
Class	0x28	Default	Pr 0.05.008
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x0F	Access	Get/Set

Returns or sets the base speed of the motor in RPM for instance 1. This attribute is linked to Pr **0.05.008**.

Name:	BaseSpeed2		
Class	0x28	Default	Pr 0.21.008
Instance	0x02	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x0F	Access	Get/Set

Returns or sets the base speed of the motor in RPM for instance 2. This attribute is linked to Pr **0.21.008**.

Motor2Select

Name:	Motor2Sele	ect	
Class	0x28	Default	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x64	Access	Get/Set

Selects between Motor 1 and Motor 2. This attribute is linked to Pr **0.11.045**. When this bit is set to 1, Motor 2 will be active.

NOTE

Any change in this attribute will be implemented when the drive is disabled.

9.4.19 Control Supervisor object Class: 0x29 (41₁₀)

The Control Supervisor object provides access to various attributes which control or monitor the drive running state. The available attributes and their associated functions are shown in Table 9-28 following.

Table 9-28 Control Supervisor object attribute

Attribut	Attribute ID				
Decimal	Hex (0x)	Access	Name		Parameter dependence
3	03	Get/Set	RunFwd		0.06.042 bit1
4	04	Get/Set	RunRev		0.06.042 bit3
5	05	Get/Set	NetCtrl		0.06.042 bit7
6	06	Get	State		See Table 9-29 Control Supervisor state attributes on page 110
7	07	Get	RunningFwd	1	(0.10.040 AND 0x2002) = 0x0002
1	07	Gei	Kunningi wu	0	(0.10.040 AND 0x2002) <> 0x0002
8	08	Get	RunningRev	1	(0.10.040 AND 0x2002) = 0x2002
0	00	Gel	RunningRev	0	(0.10.040 AND 0x2002) <> 0x2002
9	09	Get	Ready		See Table 9-29 Control Supervisor state attributes on page 110
10	0A	Get	Faulted		Inverse of 0.10.001
11	0B	Get	Warning		0.10.019
12	0C	Get/Set	FaultRst		Sets 0.10.038 to 100 on a 0 to 1 transition
13	0D	Get	FaultCode		See Table 9-29 Control Supervisor state attributes on page 110
15	0F	Get	CtrlFromNet		0.06.042 bit7 AND 0.06.043
102	66	Get/Set	DriveEnable		0.06.042 bit0

RunFwd

Name:	RunFwd		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x03	Access	Get/Set

Set to 1 to run the drive in the forward direction.

Get/Set Pr 0.06.042 (bit 1).

RunRev

Name:	RunRev		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x04	Access	Get/Set

Set to 1 to run the drive in the reverse direction.

Set Pr 0.21.007 = RatedCurrent2 * 10.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Get/Set Pr 0.06.042 (bit 3).

NetCtrl

Name:	NetCtrl		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x05	Access	Get/Set

Switches between terminal and fieldbus control.

Get/Set Pr 0.06.042 (bit 7)

0 = Terminal control.

1 = Fieldbus control.

State

Name:	State		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x06	Access	Get

This returns a code to indicate the current running state of the drive as shown in Table 9-29 following.

Table 9-29 Control Supervisor state attributes

Code	State	Parameter Dependence	Description
1	Startup	N/A	This state is skipped over
2	Not_Ready	0.10.101 = 0	Inhibit
3	Ready	0.10.101 = 1	Ready
4	Enabled	0.10.101 = 2 OR 0.10.101 = 4	Stop or Run
5	Stopping	0.10.101 = 6 OR 0.10.101 = 7	Decelerating or DC injection braking
6	Fault_Stop	0.10.101 = 5	AC supply loss
7	Faulted	0.10.101 = 9	Tripped
0	Vendor Specific	0.10.101 = All other drive states	See parameter reference guide

RunningFwd

Name:	RunningF	wd		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x07	Access	Get	

Indicates that the drive is running in the forward direction.

This attribute will be set to 1 when Pr 0.10.014 = 0 and Pr 0.10.002 = 1.

RunningRev

Name:	RunningR	ev		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x08	Access	Get	

Indicates that the drive is running in the reverse direction.

This attribute will be set to 1 when Pr 0.10.014 = 0 and Pr 0.10.002 = 1.

Ready

Name:	Ready		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x09	Access	Get

The Ready attribute will be set in accordance with the state as shown in Table 9-30.

Table 9-30 Control Supervisor Ready attributes

Code	State	Ready state
3	Ready	True
4	Enabled	True
5	Stopping	True
	All others	False

Faulted

Name:	Faulted			
Class	0x29	Default	N/A	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x0A	Access	Get	

Indicates that the drive is tripped, i.e. not OK (inverse of Pr 0.10.001).

Get 1 = Pr 0.10.001 = 0.

Get 0 = Pr 0.10.001 = 1.

Warning

Name:	Warning		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x0B	Access	Get

Indicates that one of the drive alarms is active.

Get Pr 0.10.019.

FaultRst

Name:	FaultRst		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x0C	Access	Get/Set

Resets the drive from a tripped condition.

Sets Pr 0.10.038 to 100 on a 0 to 1 transition.

FaultCode

Name:	FaultCode			
Class	0x29	Default	N/A	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x0D	Access	Get	

The fault code attribute will return the ODVA fault code as follows:

If the drive is not OK, the drive fault code is obtained from Pr **0.10.020**, if the drive fault code is listed in Table 9-31, then the ODVA fault code as shown in Table 9-31 below will be returned.

If the drive fault code is not listed in Table 9-31 then the Ethernet interface will return the ODVA code as follows:

ODVA Fault Code = 0x1000 + drive fault code.

Table 9-31 Control Supervisor fault code attributes

Drive Fault Code	ODVA Fault Code	Drive Fault Code	ODVA Fault Code
1	0x3220	20	0x2310
2	0x3210	21	0x4300
3	0x2300	26	0x5112
4	0x7112	32	0x3130
6	0x9000		

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Op	Deptimization Drive SD Card Onboard PLC Planameters Diagnostics UL listing information
---	--

CtrlFromNet

Name:	CtrlFrom	let		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x0F	Access	Get	

Indicates whether the drive is operating under fieldbus or terminal control.

This attribute will be set to 1 if Pr **0.06.042** (bit 7) = 1 and Pr **0.06.043** = 1 (fieldbus).

DriveEnable

Name:	DriveEnabl	e		
Class	0x29	Default	N/A	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x66	Access	Get/Set	

Enables the drive. This puts the drive into the "Ready" state, allowing the **RunFwd** and **RunRev** attributes to control the drive. **RunFwd** and **RunRev** will have no effect if **DriveEnable** is not set to 1.

Get/Set Pr 0.06.042 bit 0.

NOTE

The external hardware enable signal must also be present before the drive will enter the Ready state.

9.4.20 AC/DC Drive object

Class: 0x2A (4210)

The AC/DC Drive object provides information on the drive running state and supports the following attributes:

Table 9-32 AC/DC Drive object attributes

Attribute ID	Name	Access	Par	ameter dependence				
0x03 (3 ₁₀)	AtReference	Get		Pr 0.10.006				
0x04 (4 ₁₀)	NetRef	Get/Set		Pr 0.06.042 (bit 8)				
0x06 (6 ₁₀)	DriveMode	Get/Set		(See Table 9-33 on page 111)				
0x07 (7 ₁₀)	SpeedActual	Get	RFC-A or RFC-S	Pr 0.03.002				
GXG1 (110)	opecurioladi	001	Open Loop	Pr 0.05.004				
		Get/Set	RFC-A or RFC-S	Pr 0.01.021 (scaled to 0 decimal places)				
0x08 (8 ₁₀)	SpeedRef	SpeedRef	SpeedRef	SpeedRef	Get	Open Loop	Pr 0.01.021 * 60 / <i>NofPP</i> (scaled to 0 decimal places)	
			Set	Open Loop	Pr 0.01.021 = SpeedRef * <i>NofPP /</i> 60 (scaled to 0 decimal places)			
0x0B (11 ₁₀)	TorqueActual	Get		Pr 0.04.020 (scaled to 1 decimal place)				
0x0C (12 ₁₀)	TorqueRef	Get/Set		Pr 0.04.008 (scaled to 1 decimal place)				
0x1D (29 ₁₀)	RefFromNet	Get	1	Pr 0.01.049= 3 AND Pr 0.01.050= 1				
(2010)		061	0	Pr 0.01.049 <>3 OR Pr 0.01.050 <>1				

NOTE

NofPP = Number of Pole Pairs.

AtReference

Name:	AtReferen	се	
Class	0x2A	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x03	Access	Get

Indicates that the drive is running at the requested speed.

Get Pr 0.10.006

- 0 = Drive not running at requested speed.
- 1 = Drive running at requested speed.

NetRef

Name:	NetRef		
Class	0x2A	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x04	Access	Get/Set

Selects the source of the speed reference.

- Get/Set Pr 0.06.042 bit 8
 - 0 = analog speed reference.
 - 1 = digital speed reference.

NOTE

The NetRef can only be changed between local and remote when the drive is configured in speed control mode. If a change is requested when in torque mode then a 'Device State Conflict' error code 0x10 will be returned.

DriveMode

Name:	DriveMode		
Class	0x2A	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x06	Access	Get/Set

DriveMode does not allow the operating mode of the drive to be changed. Pr **0.04.011** will be written to as shown in Table 9-33 below, provided that the drive is already in the correct operating mode.

Table 9-33 AC/DC Drive object DriveMode attribute (Get)

Access	Driv	eMode	Actual	Torque Mode (0.4.011)
A00035	value Mode		Drive Mode	
	1	Open Loop Speed	Open-loop	
	2	Closed Loop	RFC-A	Speed control mode (0)
_	2	Speed	RFC-S	
	3	Torque Control	Open-loop	
0-1			RFC-A	Torque control (3)
Get			RFC-S	
	0 User Defined		Regen	Don't care
		Don't care	Torque control with speed override (2) or Coiler / uncoiler mode (3) or Speed control with torque feed- forward (4)	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnootice	information

Table 9-34 AC/DC Drive object DriveMode attribute (Set)

Access	Driv	veMode	Actual Drive	Action								
ALLESS	Value	Mode	Mode	Action								
	0	User Defined	Don't care	Return Invalid Attribute Value' (0x09)								
			Open-loop	Pr 0.04.011 = Speed control mode (0)								
	1	1 Speed R	RFC-A or RFC-S or Regen	Return 'Drive state conflict' error (0x10)								
Set	2	2 Closed Loop Speed 3 Torque Control	RFC-A or RFC-S	Pr 0.04.011 = Speed control mode (0)								
			Speed	opeeu	Opeeu	opeeu	Opeeu	opeeu	opeeu	opceu	Open-loo or Regen	•••
	3		Open-loop or RFC-A or RFC-S	Pr 0.04.011 = Torque control mode (1)								
			Regen	Return 'Drive state conflict' error (0x10)								

NOTE

Pr **0.11.031** will never be changed by setting the DriveMode attribute. An error (0x10) will be generated if the requested DriveMode value does not correspond to the current DriveType operating mode.

SpeedActual

Name:	SpeedActua	I	
Class	0x2A	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x07	Access	Get

Returns the actual speed of the motor in RPM. The source of the motor speed depends on the operating mode of the drive.

Get Pr 0.05.004 (Open Loop).

Get Pr 0.03.002 (RFC-A or RFC-S).

SpeedRef

Name:	SpeedRef		
Class	0x2A	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x08	Access	Get/Set

Sets or returns the speed reference in RPM.

RFC-A or RFC-S

Get/Set SpeedRef = Pr 0.01.021 (Scaled to 0 decimal places).

Open loop

Get SpeedRef = (Pr 0.01.021 * 60) / Pole Pairs (Scaled to 0 decimal places).

Set Pr 0.01.021 = (SpeedRef * Pole Pairs) / 60 (Scaled to 0 decimal places).

TorqueActual

Name:	TorqueAct	ual		
Class	0x2A	Default	N/A	
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x0B	Access	Get	

Returns the actual load on the motor as a percentage of the rated motor load. This attribute has 1 decimal place precision, a value of 1000 represents 100.0 % load.

Get Pr 0.04.020 (Scaled to 1 decimal place).

TorqueRef

Name:			
Class	0x2A	Default	N/A
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT
Attribute	0x0C	Access	Get/Set

Sets the load (torque) reference as % of rated motor load (torque). This attribute has 1 decimal place precision, so a value of 1000 represents 100.0 % load.

Set Pr 0.04.008 = TorqueRef / 10 (Scaled to 1 decimal place).

Get TorqueRef = Pr 0.04.008 * 10 (Scaled to 1 decimal place).

RefFromNet

Name:	RefFromN	et		
Class	0x2A	Default		
Instance	0x01	Data Type	USINT	
Attribute	0x1D	Access	Get	

Indicates the source of the speed reference.

TRUE if Pr 0.01.049 = 3 and Pr 0.01.050 = 1.

FALSE otherwise.

9.4.21 Control Techniques objects

The Control Techniques objects (classes 0x64 to 0x69) allow access to all drive and option module parameters. The class instance number is used to reference the drive or option module menu number (except menu 0) and the class attribute number references the parameter within that menu.

For example, the drive parameter *Percentage Load* (**0.04.020**) would be accessed as class 0x64, instance 0x04 and attribute 0x14.

An instance value of 0 is invalid therefore to allow access to menu 0 parameters, the instance value 200 (0xC8) must be used.

The number of instances and therefore the number of menus for each class depends on the destination device. If the drive is the destination then the number of menus will depend on the drive operating mode. If the destination is one of the option slots (or onboard Ethernet interface) then the number of menus depends on the type of option module fitted (or the onboard Ethernet interface).

Six individual classes are provided, the following table shows the classes used when accessing the drive or option module parameters.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
inionnauon	intornation	installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters			communication	Operation	FLO	parameters		monnation

Table 9-35 Control Techniques object classes

Class	Code		
Dec	Hex (0x)	Name	Description
100	64	CT Group	Provides access to all drive parameters
101	65	CT This Slot	Provides access to the connected Ethernet interface parameters
102	66	CT Slot 1	Provides access to the option module in slot 1 parameters
103	67	CT Slot 2	Provides access to the option module in slot 2 parameters
104	68	CT Slot 3	Provides access to the option module in slot 3 parameters (Factory fit Ethernet)

9.5 Profinet IO specification

9.5.1 What is PROFINET?

PROFINET is an Ethernet based industrial network protocol adapting Ethernet hardware and protocols to the real time needs of industrial automation. Profinet enables distributed IO control from a PLC.

9.5.2 Features / Specification

- Dual 100 BASE-TX RJ45 connectors with support for shielded twisted pair, full-duplex 100 M bps connectivity with auto crossover correction
- Both RJ45 ports operate in full duplex mode as a network switch
- PROFINET Real Time class RT_Class_1 and conformance class A
- Cycle times from 1 ms to 512 ms specified during configuration
- Automatic device replacement using the LLDP protocols
- · LED indication of network port activity
- Up to 64 cyclic IO module slots (maximum 32 inputs and 32 outputs configured by network configuration tool and GSDML file)
- Identification and Maintenance functions I&M0 to I&M4 supported

NOTE

When referring to the cyclic data, the terms input and output are with respect to the PROFINET IO controller (PLC).

NOTE

The terms 'network controller' and 'PLC' are mutually used in this manual to refer to the PROFINET network controller. This is generally a PLC with a PROFINET interface and possibly a programming interface to connect to the programming device or PC. However this interface is not necessary, as the PROFINET interface can be used to program the PLC.

9.5.3 GSDML Files

A GSDML (General Station Description Markup Language) file is required to describe the drive interface to a PROFINET controller or PLC. This is an XML file, the structure of which is specified by the PROFIBUS INTERNATIONAL organization (www.profibus.org).

The GSDML file is used in conjunction with the network configuration software to configure the Profinet interface for cyclic data exchange. Many commonly used drive parameters are available as direct mapping 'modules' to be added to the cyclic data 'slots'.

Non-specific 'Flexible modules' are also provided so that the user can allocate a parameter within the drive (or option module), that is not directly available as a specific 'module'. These options will be available from a drop-down selection list within the 'Parameters' tab of the 'module' properties.

NOTE

For further information regarding the use of the GSDML file please refer to the PLC documentation.

9.5.4 Network topology

The Ethernet interface has two Ethernet ports with integrated switches to allow the use of line networks. However, when using line networks, a break in the connection (for example when replacing a device) will cause all devices downstream from the failure to also stop communicating with the controller.

Other Ethernet network topologies can be used but care must be taken to ensure that the system still operates within the constraints specified by the designer.

Generally a star or tree network structure using switches gives improved availability in the event of a device failure or replacement.

Although the Profinet protocol does support all major topologies, line networks are normally used for practical or financial reasons, other topologies (e.g. star) may not be suitable for real time communications due to their inherent use of switches or other network equipment.

Any network devices used, such as switches, must be capable of real time communication. Standard office grade equipment is not normally suitable and should not be used in an industrial environment.

NOTE

For the device replacement feature to work, the physical network topology must be configured in the controller. For further information please refer to the controller or network configuration software documentation.

9.5.5 Configuring the PROFINET IO communications

No module parameters need to be configured by the user in order to achieve PROFINET cyclic communications. All the necessary configuration is undertaken by the network controller or PLC during the start-up sequence, and after the network configuration is programmed into the network controller or PLC.

It must be noted that when configuring the cyclic data modules, if a module is configured but the associated drive parameter does not actually exist in the drive, then the PLC will not start up correctly and will indicate a configuration fault.

Parameters of slot option module menus can also be configured for cyclic data communication via correctly configured 'Flexible Modules'. The source of the associated parameter can be set to drive or any possible slot within the 'Flexible Module' parameter properties.

9.5.6 Setting the Profinet device name

Each Profinet device must have it's own unique device name assigned during network configuration. Device names are used by the controller to communicate with the device for real time messages and alarms. Without a device name the device will not enter data exchange with the controller.

The actual device name is not important to the Profinet system itself, however, a suitable name should be chosen so that it is easily recognised on the network and identifies the location and function of the device.

A typical device name may contain up to four labels, each label is separated by a dot (.) and may be up to 63 characters in length.

The following rules must be observed when choosing the device name:

- · Maximum length of 127 characters
- Characters must be lower case letters, numbers, dashes (-) or dots (.)
- The device name must start with a letter and end with either a letter or number
- The device name must not be in the format n.n.n.n (where n is a number from 0 to 999)
- The device name must not begin with the character sequence 'portxyz (where x, y and z are numbers from 0 to 9).

A typical example of a device name may be:

motor-1.conveyor-2.line-3.ct-4

The default device name is specified in the GSDML file under the section 'DNS_CompatibleName'.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

9.5.7 Profinet transmission cycle (send cycle)

The Profinet transmission cycle is the time required to update all the devices on the Profinet network, the duration of the transmission cycle is determined by the Profinet device with the slowest update rate.

The transmission cycle can be split into a number of phases, where each phase contains one or more devices with similar update rates, the duration of each phase will be equal to the fastest update rate.

Base clock

The base clock is the minimum time unit used and is equal to 31.25 $\ensuremath{\mu s}$.

Send clock factor

The send clock factor determines the duration of each phase and is the number of base clock periods within each phase.

The following table illustrates the relationship between the supported send clock values and the phase duration.

Send Clock Factor	Phase Duration (ms)
32	1
64	2
128	4

Phase duration

The duration (or length) of each phase is determined by the formula:

Phase duration = Send clock factor x Base clock.

Reduction ratio

The reduction ratio acts as a multiplier of the minimum update time (or phase duration) and is determined for each device by the formula:

Reduction ratio = Device update time / Phase duration

Number of phases

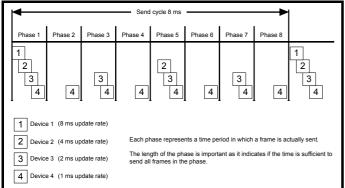
The number of phases is determined by the formula:

Number of phases = Send cycle / fastest update rate.

Example:

In the following example, a system uses four devices, device 1 has an update rate of 8 ms, device 2 has an update rate of 4 ms, device 3 has an update rate of 2 ms and device 4 has an update rate of 1 ms.

Figure 9-5 Profinet transmission cycle



The Profinet transmission cycle is effectively the slowest update rate (8 ms in this example), and the phase duration is effectively the quickest update rate (1 ms in this example).

		nd clock factor x Base clock x 31.25 µs = 1 ms
Reduction ratio = De	vice	update time / Phase duration
Reduction ratio (devic	e1)	= 8 ms / 1 ms = 8
Reduction ratio (devic	e2)	= 4 ms / 1 ms = 4
Reduction ratio (devic	e3)	= 2 ms / 1 ms = 2
Reduction ratio (devic	e4)	= 1 ms / 1 ms = 1
•		nd cycle / fastest update rate ns / 1 ms = 8

9.5.8 Update rates

In contrast to some other fieldbus networks, Profinet devices can be configured with different update rates, these rates are specified in the device GSDML file. The Profinet interface on the Digitax HD M750 supports update rates of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256 and 512 ms.

It is recommended that to avoid the possibility of overloading any sections of the Profinet network, the slowest update rate necessary is used.

The update rate can be configured in one of three ways:

- Automatic the update rate selected is the time calculated by the I/ O system that can be reliably achieved, based on the configuration.
- Fixed update time the update rate is selected by the user from a list of supported rates specified in the GSDML file
- Fixed factor the update rate is selected by the user from a list of supported rates specified in the GSDML file

NOTE

This information only applies to the Siemens I/O configuration system (TIA Portal/SIMATIC STEP7), other I/O configuration systems may provide different configuration options.

9.5.9 Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)

LLDP is a manufacturer independent layer 2 protocol defined in accordance with the IEEE802.1AB standard.

During start-up and at regular intervals, LLDP messages are used to transfer device information between neighbouring devices. This information includes the device name and connection port numbers. LLDP messages use a special multicast destination MAC address that the IEEE802.1D compliant bridges and switches should not forward.

If all devices in a network support LLDP messages then an accurate network topology view can be presented in the I/O system configuration / diagnostic tool.

9.5.10 Discovery and Configuration Protocol (DCP)

The Discovery and Configuration Protocol is used in the event of a device replacement to automatically configure the new device. All the necessary configuration is done by an appropriate neighbouring device when the new device is detected.

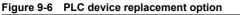
In order to use the network discovery and configuration protocol, the PLC must be correctly configured and programmed with the physical network topology, the following information is intended as a guide only, for more specific information (in particular for other types of PLC's), then please consult the PLC documentation.

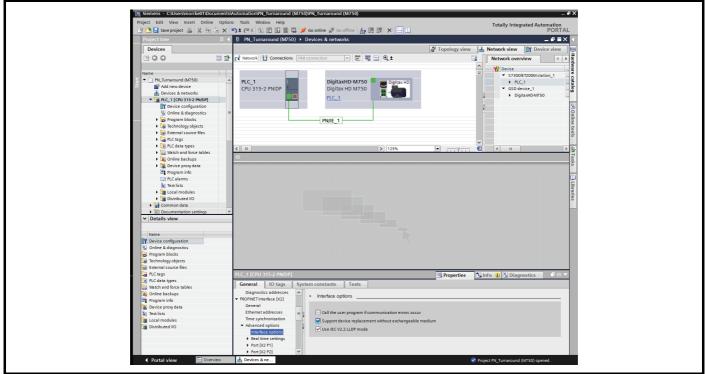
NOTE

Although the Siemens PLC is mentioned in this manual, Control Techniques does not recommend or endorse any particular PLC or controller manufacturer.

The following information relates to the Siemens S7-1215C PLC. The PLC must be configured to support device replacement, this is an option in the properties of the PROFINET port. In the device configuration screen of the TIA PORTAL application, open the properties of the PLC PROFINET port, click 'Interface options' under 'Advanced options' as shown in Figure 9-6. Ensure the option 'Support device replacement without exchangeable medium' is selected.

	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization		SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information in	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Ţ.	information





The network topology must now be configured. From the hardware configuration screen, select the port, right click it and select 'PROFINET IO Topology...', the topology editor will be displayed, select the 'Graphic view' tab and using 'drag and drop', connect the relevant device ports together to match the physical network wiring. The program must then be compiled and downloaded to the PLC in the normal manner. Once the PLC has been configured, if a device is replaced then the new device will be automatically configured with the original device's properties, including the device name and IP address.

NOTE

For the discovery protocol to work, the replacement device must not have a device name programmed, i.e. it must be blank or unused. If a device name exists in the module and that name is different to the device name set in the network configuration then the PLC will indicate a configuration error and will not enter data exchange with it.

9.5.11 Identification and Maintenance (I&M)

Identification and Maintenance (I&M) functions can be used to read and change various information about devices, such as manufacturer, ordering information, serial number, etc. This information can be used to assist the user in tracking the drive's life cycle through commissioning/ start-up, parameterization, diagnosis, repair, etc. The Ethernet interface supports I&M0 to I&M4 inclusively; I&M0 is mandatory for all PROFINET devices, I&M1 to I&M4 are optional. Each I&M function returns specific information about the device and is explained in the following tables.

Table 9-36 I&M0 Description

Attribute	Value (Read only)
Manufacturer ID	0x0160
Order ID	DigitaxHD M750
Serial number	(Pr 17.00.005 x 1,000,000,000 + Pr 17.00.004)
Hardware revision	(Pr 17.00.003)
Software revision	(Pr 17.00.002)
Revision counter	(Pr 17.24.006)
Profile ID	(as read)
Profile specific type	(as read)
I&M version	(as read)
I&M supported	(as read)

Manufacturer ID: 2-byte unsigned hexadecimal number assigned by the PROFIBUS business office and specified in the GSDML file. For Control Techniques this value is 0x0160.

Order ID: 20-byte string to identify the device. This value is specified in the GSDML file. For the Ethernet interface this value is 'DigitaxHD M750'.

Serial number: 16 character string indicating the module serial number. This value is read from Pr **3.00.004** and Pr **3.00.005** of the Ethernet interface.

Hardware revision: 2-byte unsigned hexadecimal number indicating the hardware revision of the Ethernet interface.

This value is read from Pr 3.00.003 of the Ethernet interface.

Software revision: 4-byte value consisting of a single character 'V' and 3 unsigned 8-bit decimal numbers indicating the software revision of the Ethernet interface.

This value is taken from Pr 3.00.002 of the Ethernet interface.

Revision counter: 2-byte unsigned decimal number.

This value will increment by one for each of the following conditions:

- > Drive parameter save
- > Drive parameter default
- > Drive mode change

Will wrap back to 1 after a value of 65535.

Profile ID: 2-byte unsigned hexadecimal number indicating the application profile.

Devices not following any particular profile use the generic profile value 0xF600.

Profile specific type: 2-byte unsigned hexadecimal number indicating the application profile specific type. This value is not applicable to devices using the generic profile and in these instances this value will be zero.

I&M version: 2 unsigned 8-bit numbers indicating the version of the implemented I&M functions.

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization Drive communication SD Card	Onboard PLC	PLC			Advanced parameters				PLC	ard	SD Car		n i i	Optimization	5									ſ
--	----------------	-----	--	--	------------------------	--	--	--	-----	-----	--------	--	-------	--------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---

I&M supported: 2-byte unsigned number indicating the availability of the implemented I&M functions as shown in Table 9-37.

Table 9-37 Supported I&M bit descriptions

Bit	Value	Description
0		Profile specific I&M
1	0	I&M1 Not supported
1	1	I&M1 Supported
2	0	I&M2 Not supported
2	1	I&M2 Supported
3	0	I&M3 Not supported
5	1	I&M3 Supported
4	0	I&M4 Not supported
-	1	I&M4 Supported
5 to 15		Reserved

I&M1

Table 9-38 I&M1 Description

Attribute	Value (Read/Write)
Drive function (32 bytes)	(User defined)
Drive location (22 bytes)	(User defined)

Drive function: 32-byte string indicating the drive function. **Drive location**: 22-byte string indicating the drive location.

I&M2

Table 9-39 I&M2 Description

Attribute	Value (Read/Write)
Installation date	(User defined)

Installation date: 16-byte string indicating the installation or commissioning date of the device. The installation date is in the format DD/MM/YYYY.

I&M3

Table 9-40 I&M3 Description

Attribute	Value (Read/Write)
Descriptor (54 bytes)	(User defined)

Descriptor: 54-byte string used to store additional information on the location, function or maintenance status of the device.

I&M4

Table 9-41 I&M4 Description

Attribute	Value (Read/Write)
Signature (54 bytes)	(User defined)

Signature: 54-byte octet string used to allow parameterization tools to store a security code as a reference for a particular parameterization session and audit trail tools to retrieve the code for integrity checks.

NOTE

All unused bytes of the I&M functions will be set to 0x20 (space).

9.5.12 IP Address configuration

When a Digitax HD M750 is fitted with a KI-Compact Display the two rotary dials on the display allow the final octet (host component) of the IP address to be configured when set to a non zero value and a 24 bit subnet (255.255.255.0), see Table 9-42.

Table 9-42 Address components

Address class	IP Address	Subnet component	Host	
С	w.x.y.z	w.x.y	Z	

The final octet of the IP address configured using the KI-Compact Display is an 8 bit value (decimal 1 to 255). The most significant nibble is set by adjusting the top dial and the least significant nibble is set by the bottom dial (see Figure 5-1 *KI-Compact Display* on page 31).

Dial settings and equivalent decimal values are shown in Table 9-43.

Table 9-43 Dial settings and equivalent decimal value

Most signif	icant nibble	Least signif	icant nibble		
Dial setting	Decimal value	Dial setting	Decimal value		
1	16	1	1		
2	32	2	2		
3	48	3	3		
4	64	4	4		
5	80	5	5		
6	96	6	6		
7	112	7 7			
8	128	8	8		
9	144	9	9		
A	160	А	10		
В	176	В	11		
С	192	С	12		
D	208	D	13		
E	224	E	14		
F	240	F	15		

The final octet of the IP address will be set to the sum of the most significant nibble and the least significant nibble (in decimal).

As the dials are adjusted each setting is shown on the display. Once the dials are set to the desired configurations the display will confirm the dial settings in hexadecimal followed by the final octet of the IP address in decimal, dial settings and IP address settings are separated with a hyphen (-).

Once the desired dial configurations have been set, the KI-Compact Display will transfer the value to Pr **11.017** *Keypad defined node address* and if the value is not zero Pr **3.00.010** *Active IP Address* is updated with the chosen address.

The drive will use Pr **3.00.006** *IP* Address as the source for the IP address when the dial setting is a zero value. Any non zero rotary dial setting will result in Pr **3.00.006** *IP* Address being ignored and Pr **3.00.010** Active IP Address becoming the chosen address.

Example:

To set a node address of 55 via the display, with reference to Table 9-43, set the most significant dial to 3 (decimal 48) and the least significant dial to 7 (decimal 7).

NOTE

The IP address setting can be configured from the rotary dials of the KI-Compact Display with no power applied to the drive (with the exception of a zero value setting). Non zero configured settings will be transferred to the drive on the next power up.

NOTE

The KI-Compact Display can be installed/removed while the drive is powered. A delay of 10 seconds should be maintained following power up or following a node address dial adjustment before the KI-Compact Display can be removed from the drive, to ensure correct transfer of IP address configuration data.

NOTE

The rotary dials have no effect when the Profinet interface is enabled (Pr **3.02.018** = ProfiNet).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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10 SD Card Operation

10.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up, storing / reading PLC programs and drive copying using an SD card storing / reading PLC programs.

The SD Card can be used for:

- Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets
- Saving an onboard user program

The SC Card slot is located at the middle of the module, adjacent to the drive compact display (if installed) on the right-hand side.

Ensure the SD Card is inserted with the contacts facing the left-hand side of the drive.

The drive only communicates with the SD Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".

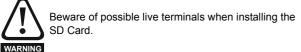
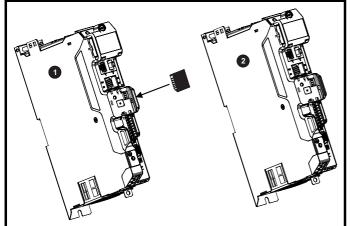


Figure 10-1 Installation of the SD Card



1. Installing the SD Card

2. SD Card installed

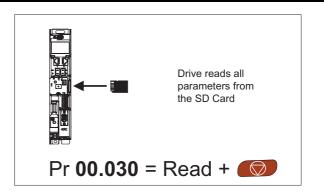
10.2 SD Card support

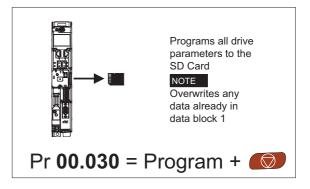
The SD Card can be used to store drive parameter sets and / or PLC programs set from the Digitax HD in data blocks 001 to 499 on the card.

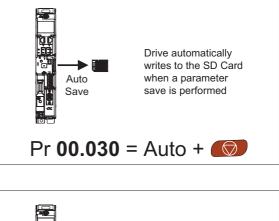
NOTE

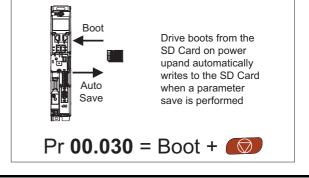
If the read only flag is set then only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

Figure 10-2 Basic SD Card operation









The whole card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read-only flag as detailed section 10.3.9 *9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the SD Card read only flag* on page 119.

The card should not be removed during data transfer, as the drive will produce a trip. If this occurs then either the transfer should be reattempted or in the case of a card to drive transfer, default parameters should be loaded.

Sa inforr	fety nation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
												•		

10.3 Transferring data

Data transfer, erasing and protecting the information is performed by entering a code in Pr **mm.000** and then resetting the drive as shown in Table 10-1.

Table 10-1 SD card codes

Code	Operation	SD card
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	\checkmark
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	\checkmark
5ууу	Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file yyy.	√
бууу	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy or the onboard user program from onboard user program file yyy.	✓
7ууу	Erase file yyy.	✓
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with file yyy. If the files are the same then <i>Pr mm.000</i> (mm.000) is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated. All other SD card trips also apply.	\checkmark
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag	\checkmark
9666	Set the warning suppression flag	✓
9777	Clear the read-only flag	✓
9888	Set the read-only flag	\checkmark
9999	Erase and format the SD card	

Where yyy indicates the block number 001 to 999.

NOTE

If the read only flag is set then only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

10.3.1 Writing to the SD Card 4yyy - Writes defaults differences to the SD Card

The data block only contains the parameter differences from the last time default settings were loaded.

All parameters except those with the NC (Not copied) coding bit set are transferred to the SD Card. In addition to these parameters all menu 20 parameters (except Pr **20.000**), can be transferred to the SD Card.

Writing a parameter set to the SD Card (Pr 00.030 = Program (2))

Setting Pr **00.030** to Program (2) and resetting the drive will save the parameters to the SD Card, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 4001 to Pr **mm.000**. All SD Card trips apply except 'Card Change'. If the data block already exists it is automatically overwritten. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to None (0).

10.3.2 Reading from the SD Card 6yyy - Reading from SD Card

When the data is transferred back to the drive, using 6yyy in Pr **mm.000**, it is transferred to the drive RAM and the EEPROM. A parameter save is not required to retain the data after-power down. Set up data for any option modules installed stored on the card are transferred to the drive. If the option modules installed are different between source and destination drives, the menus for the option module slots where the option module categories are different are not updated from the card and will contain their default values after the copying action. The drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip if the option module installed to the source and the destination drives are different or are in different slots. If the data is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur.

The following drive rating dependant parameters (RA coding bit set) will not be transferred to the destination drive by a SD Card when the voltage rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file.

However, drive rating dependent parameters will be transferred if only the current rating is different. If drive rating dependant parameters are not transferred to the destination drive they will contain their default values. Pr 02.008 Standard Ramp Voltage

Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007 and Pr 21.027 to Pr 21.029 Motoring Current Limits

Pr 04.024, User Current Maximum Scaling

- Pr 05.007, Pr 21.007 Rated Current
- Pr 05.009, Pr 21.009 Rated Voltage
- Pr 05.010, Pr 21.010 Rated Power Factor
- Pr 05.017, Pr 21.012 Stator Resistance
- Pr 05.018 Maximum Switching Frequency
- Pr 05.024, Pr 21.014 Transient Inductance
- Pr 05.025, Pr 21.024 Stator Inductance
- Pr 06.006 Injection Braking Level
- Pr 06.048 Supply Loss Detection Level
- Pr 06.065 Standard Under Voltage Threshold
- Pr 06.066 Low Under Voltage Threshold
- Pr 06.073 Braking IGBT Lower Threshold

Pr 06.074 Braking IGBT Upper Threshold

Pr 06.075 Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold

Reading a parameter set from the SD Card (Pr 00.030 = Read (1))

Setting Pr **00.030** to Read (1) and resetting the drive will transfer the parameters from the card into the drive parameter set and the drive EEPROM, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 6001 to Pr **mm.000**.

All SD Card trips apply. Once the parameters are successfully copied this parameter is automatically reset to None (0). Parameters are saved to the drive EEPROM after this action is complete.

10.3.3 Auto saving parameter changes (Pr 00.030 = Auto (3))

This setting causes the drive to automatically save any changes made to menu 0 parameters on the drive to the SD Card. The latest menu 0 parameter set in the drive is therefore always backed up on the SD Card. Changing Pr **00.030** to Auto (3) and resetting the drive will immediately save the complete parameter set from the drive to the card, i.e. all parameters except parameters with the NC coding bit set. Once the whole parameter set is stored only the individual modified menu 0 parameter setting is updated.

Advanced parameter changes are only saved to the SD Card when Pr **mm.000** is set to 'Save Parameters' or a 1001 and the drive reset.

All SD Card trips apply, except 'Card Change'. If the data block already contains information it is automatically overwritten.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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If the card is removed when $Pr \ 00.030$ is set to 3 $Pr \ 00.030$ is then automatically set to None (0).

When a new SD Card is installed Pr **00.030** must be set back to Auto (3) by the user and the drive reset so the complete parameter set is rewritten to the new SD Card if auto mode is still required.

When Pr **00.030** is set to Auto (3) and the parameters in the drive are saved, the SD Card is also updated, and therefore the SD Card becomes a copy of the drives stored configuration.

At power up, if Pr **00.030** is set to Auto (3), the drive will save the complete parameter set to the SD Card. The drive will display 'Card Write' during this operation. This is done to ensure that if a user puts a new SD Card in during power down the new SD Card will have the correct data.

NOTE

When Pr **00.030** is set to Auto (3) the setting of Pr **00.030** itself is saved to the drive EEPROM but not the SD Card.

10.3.4 Booting up from the SD Card on every power up (Pr 00.030 = Boot (4))

When Pr **00.030** is set to Boot (4) the drive operates the same as Auto mode except when the drive is powered-up. The parameters on the SD Card will be automatically transferred to the drive at power up if the following are true:

- A card is inserted in the drive
- Parameter data block 1 exists on the card
- The data in block 1 is type 1 to 4 (as defined in Pr 11.038)
- Pr **00.030** on the card set to Boot (4)

The drive will display 'Booting Parameters during this operation. If the drive mode is different from that on the card, the drive gives a 'Card Drive Mode' trip and the data is not transferred.

If 'Boot' mode is stored on the copying SD Card this makes the copying SD Card the master device. This provides a very fast and efficient way of re-programming a number of drives.

NOTE

'Boot' mode is saved to the card, but when the card is read, the value of Pr **00.030** is not transferred to the drive.

10.3.5 Booting up from the SD Card on every power up (Pr mm.000 = 2001)

It is possible to create a bootable parameter data block by setting Pr **mm.000** to 2001 and initiating a drive reset. This data block is created in one operation and is not updated when further parameter changes are made.

Setting Pr **mm.000** to 2001 will overwrite the data block 1 on the card if it already exists.

10.3.6 8yyy - Comparing the drive full parameter set with the SD Card values

Setting 8yyy in Pr **mm.000**, will compare the SD Card file with the data in the drive. If the compare is successful Pr **mm.000** is simply set to 0. If the compare fails a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated.

10.3.7 7yyy - Erasing data from the SD Card values Data can be erased from the SD Card one block at a time.

• Setting 7yyy in Pr mm.000 will erase SD Card data block yyy.

10.3.8 9666 / 9555 - Setting and clearing the SD Card warning suppression flag

If the option modules installed to the source and destination drive are different or are in different slots the drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip.

If the data is being transferred to a drive of a different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur. It is possible to suppress these trips by setting the warning suppression flag. If this flag is set the drive will not trip if the option module(s) or drive ratings are different between the source and destination drives. The options module or rating dependent parameters will not be transferred.

- Setting 9666 in Pr mm.000 will set the warning suppression flag
- Setting 9555 in Pr mm.000 will clear the warning suppression flag

10.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the SD Card read only flag

The SD Card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read only flag. If an attempt is made to write or erase a data block when the read only flag is set, a 'Card Read Only' trip is initiated. When the read only flag is set only codes 6yyy or 9777 are eff.

- Setting 9888 in Pr mm.000 will set the read only flag
- Setting 9777 in Pr mm.000 will clear the read only flag

10.4 Data block header information

Each data block stored on an SD Card has header information detailing the following:

- NV Media Card File Number (11.037)
- NV Media Card File Type (11.038)
- NV Media Card File Version (11.039)
- NV Media Card File Checksum (11.040)

The header information for each data block which has been used can be viewed in Pr **11.038** to Pr **11.040** by increasing or decreasing the data block number set in Pr **11.037**. If there is no data on the card Pr **11.037** can only have a value of 0.

10.5 NV Media / SD Card parameters

Table 10-2 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.036	{00	.029}	NV Me	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded									
RO		Num						NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 999						0				
RFC-S													

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from an SD Card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11	.03	7	NV Me	NV Media Card File Number									
RW		Num											
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 999			⊳			0				
RFC-S													

This parameter is used to select a data block file by its file identification number and can only be changed to values that correspond to files that are recognised by the drive on the SD card or a value of 0. When *NV Media Card File Number* (Pr **11.037**) corresponds to the number of a data block file, Pr **11.038**, Pr **11.039** and Pr **11.040** are populated with data relating to that specific file number.

11	.03	8	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	е Ту	ре			
RO	RO Txt					ND		NC	PT	
OL			(0), O		• • • •					
RFC-A	ţ		C-A (2), n (4), U			♪				
RFC-S	Regell (4), User Flog (5),)					

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running information installation installation started parameters the motor	Optimization Drive communication Operation Operation PLC Diagnostics Diagnosti
---	--

Displays the type/mode of the data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open-loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file
3	RFC-S	RFC-S mode parameter file
4	Regen	Regen mode parameter file
5	User Prog	Onboard user program file
6	Option App	Option module application file

11	.03	9	NV Media Card File Version									
RO		Num				Ν	D	NC	PT			
OL												
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 9999									
RFC-S			0 10 9999									

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11	.04	D	NV Media Card File Checksum										
RO		Num				N	D	NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}	-	214748 21474		0	⇒							
RFC-S													

Displays the checksum of the data block selected in Pr 11.037.

11.042	{00	.030}	Param	neter C	loning					
RW		Txt				NC		US*		
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€		one (0), gram (2 Boo	2), Auto		仓		None	(0)	

* Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

NOTE

If Pr **11.042** is equal to 1 or 2, this value is not transferred to the drive or saved to the EEPROM. If Pr **11.042** is set to 3 or 4 the value is saved to the EEPROM

None (0) = Inactive

Read (1) = Read parameter set from the SD Card

Program (2) = Program a parameter set to the SD Card

Auto (3) = Auto save

Boot (4) = Boot mode

11	.07	2	NV Media Card Create Special File								
RW		Num						NC			
OL											
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 1						0		
RFC-S											

If *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) = 1 when a parameter file is transferred to an SD card the file is created as a macro file. *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) is reset to 0 after the file is created or the transfer fails.

11	.073	3	NV Media Card Type									
RO		Txt		ND NC PT								
OL												
RFC-A	\hat{v}	Non	e (0), S	SD Car	d (1)	⇔						
RFC-S												

This will display the type of media card inserted; it will contain one of the following values:

"None" (0) - No SD Card has been inserted.

"SD Card" (1) - A FAT formatted SD card has been inserted.

11	.07	5	NV Me	NV Media Card Read-only Flag									
RO		Bit				ND	NC	PT					
OL													
RFC-A	ţ	C	Off (0) c	or On (1	1)	⇔							
RFC-S													

NV Media Card Read-only Flag (11.075) shows the state of the readonly flag for the currently installed card.

11	.076	6	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag										
RO		Bit				Ν	D	NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}	C	Off (0) c	or On (1	1)	⊳							
RFC-S													

NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag (11.076) shows the state of the warning flag for the currently installed card.

11	.07	7	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	Re	qui	red Ve	rsion	
RW		Num				Ν	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 9	9999		₽				
RFC-S										

The value of *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is used as the version number for a file when it is created on an SD Card. *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is reset to 0 when the file is created or the transfer fails.

10.6 SD Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from an SD ard, a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 13 *Diagnostics* on page 217 for more information on SD Card trips.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

11 Onboard PLC

11.1 Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio

The drive has the ability to store and execute a 16 kB Onboard PLC user program without the need for additional hardware in the form of an option module.

Machine Control Studio is an IEC61131-3 development environment designed for use with Digitax HD and compatible application modules.

All of the programming languages defined in the IEC standard IEC 61131-3 are supported in the Machine Control Studio development environment.

- ST (Structured text)
- LD (Ladder diagram)
- FBD (Function block diagram)
- IL (Instruction list)
- SFC (Sequential function chart)
- CFC (Continuous Function Chart). CFC is an extension to the standard IEC programming languages

Machine Control Studio provides a complete environment for the development of user programs. Programs can be created, compiled and downloaded to a Digitax HD for execution, via the communications port on the front of the drive. The run-time operation of the compiled program on the target can also be monitored using Machine Control Studio and facilities are provided to interact with the program on the target by setting new values for target variables and parameters.

The Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio form the first level of functionality in a range of programmable options for Digitax HD.

Machine Control Studio can be downloaded from www.drive-setup.com.

See the Machine Control Studio help file for more information regarding using Machine Control Studio, creating user programs and downloading user programs to the drive.

11.2 Benefits

The combination of the Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio, means that the drive can replace nano and some micro PLCs in many applications Machine Control Studio benefits from access to function and function block libraries as well as those from third parties. Functions and function blocks available as standard in Machine Control Studio include, but not limited to, the following:

- Arithmetic blocks
- Comparison blocks
- Timers
- Counters
- Multiplexers
- Latches
- Bit manipulation

Typical applications for the Onboard PLC include:

- Ancillary pumps
- · Fans and control valves
- Interlocking logic
- Sequences routines
- Custom control words.

11.3 Features

The Digitax HD M Onboard PLC user program has the following features:

11.3.1 Tasks

The Onboard PLC allows use of two tasks.

 Clock: A high priority real time task. The clock task interval can be set from 4 ms to 262 s in multiples of 4 ms. The parameter Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used (11.051) shows the percentage of the available time used by clock task. A read or write of a drive parameter by the user program takes a finite period of time. It is possible to select up to 10 parameters as fast access parameter which reduced the amount of time it takes for the user program to read from or write to a drive parameter. This is useful when using a clock task with a fast update rate as selecting a parameter for fast access reduces the amount of the clock task resource required to access parameters.

• Freewheeling: A non-real time background task. The freewheeling task is scheduled for a short period once every 64 ms. The time for which the task is scheduled will vary depending on the loading of the drive's processor. When scheduled, several scans of the user program may be performed. Some scans may execute in microseconds. However, when the main drive functions are scheduled there will be a pause in the execution of the program causing some scans to take many milliseconds. The parameter *Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second* (11.050) shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

11.3.2 Variables

The Onboard PLC supports the use of variables with the data types of Boolean, integer (8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit, signed and unsigned), floating point (64 bit only), strings and time.

11.3.3 Custom menu

Machine Control Studio can construct a custom drive menu to reside in menu 30 on the drive. The following properties of each parameter can be defined using Machine Control Studio:

- Parameter name
- Number of decimal places
- The units for the parameter to be display on the keypad.
- The minimum, maximum and default values
- Memory handling (i.e. power down save, user save or volatile)
- Data type. The drive provides a limited set of 1 bit, 8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit integer parameters to create the customer menu.

Parameters in this customer menu can be accessed by the user program and will appear on the keypad.

11.3.4 Limitations

The Onboard PLC user program has the following limitations:

- The flash memory allocated to the Onboard PLC is 16 kB which includes the user program and its header which results in a maximum user program size of about 12 kB
- The Onboard PLC is provided with 2 kB of RAM.
- The drive is rated for 100 program downloads. This limitation is imposed by the flash memory used to store the program within the drive.
- There is only one real-time task with a minimum period of 4 ms.
- The freewheeling background task runs at a low priority. The drive is
 prioritized to perform the clock task and its major functions first, e.g.
 motor control, and will use any remaining processing time to execute
 the freewheeling task as a background activity. As the drive's
 processor becomes more heavily loaded, less time is spent
 executing the freewheeling task.
- Breakpoints, single stepping and online program changes are not possible.
- The Graphing tool is not supported.
- The variable data types REAL (32 bit floating point), LWORD (64 bit integer) and WSTRING (Unicode string), and retained variables are not supported.

11.4 Onboard PLC parameters

The following parameters are associated with the Onboard PLC user program.

11.	047	Onboard User Program: Enable								
RW	Txt				US					
ţ	Stop	(0) or Ru	n (1)	₽	Rur	า (1)				

This parameter stops and starts the user program.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					P						•		

0 - Stop the User Program

The onboard user program is stopped. If it is restarted by setting *Onboard User Program: Enable* (11.047) to a non-zero value the background task starts from the beginning.

1 - Run the User Program

The user program will execute.

11.	048	Onboard User Program: Status								
RO	Txt		NC	PT						
ţ		47483648 14748364		⇔						

This parameter is read-only and indicates the status of the user program in the drive. The user program writes the value to this parameter.

- 0: Stopped
- 1: Running
- 2: Exception
- 3: No user program present

11.	049	Onboard	User Pro	ogram: Pr	ogramming	g Events
RO	Uni		NC	PT	PS	
$\hat{\mathbf{x}}$		0 to 65535	5	⇒		

This parameter holds the number of times an Onboard PLC user program download has taken place and is 0 on dispatch from the factory. The drive is rated for one hundred program downloads. This parameter is not altered when defaults are loaded.

11.0	050	Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second									
RO	Uni		NC	PT							
ţ		0 to 65535	5	₽							

This parameter shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

11.	051	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used									
RO			NC	PT							
ţ	0.0	0 to 100.0	%	⇒							

This parameter shows the percentage of the available time used by the user program clock task.

11.	055	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Scheduled Interval									
RO			NC	PT							
$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$	0 t	o 262128	ms	₽							

This parameter shows the interval at which the clock task is scheduled to run at in ms.

11.5 Onboard PLC trips

If the drive detects an error in the user program it will initiate a User Program trip. The sub-trip number for the User Program trip details the reason for the error. See Chapter 13 *Diagnostics* on page 217 for more information on the User Program trip.

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
inf	ormation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Table 12-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
U	programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O / Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
13	Standard motion control
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
25	Option module slot 1 application parameters
26	Option module slot 2 application parameters
27	Option module slot 3 application parameters
29	Reserved menu
30	Onboard user programming application menu
31-41	Advanced motion controller setup parameters
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*

* Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

Operation mode abbreviations:

Open-loop: Sensorless control for induction motors

RFC-A: Asynchronous Rotor Flux Control for induction motors

RFC-S: Synchronous Rotor Flux Control for synchronous motors including permanent magnet motors.

Default abbreviations:

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)

USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

The Range - RFC-A / S column applies to both RFC-A and RFC-S. For some parameters, this column applies to only one of these modes, this is indicated accordingly in the Default columns.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Table 12-2 Key to parameter table coding

	Rey to parameter table county
Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) state occurs.

			-										
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 Table 12-3
 Feature look-up table

Feature						Related	parame	ters (Pr)					
Acceleration rates	02.010		11 to	02.032	02.033	02.034	02 002						
		-	019										
Analog speed reference 1	01.036	07.010	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.025	07.026	07.030				
Analog I/O Analog input 1	Menu 7	07.007	07.000	07.000	07.010	07.025	07.006	07.030					
Application menu	Men		07.008 Men			07.025 iu 20	07.020	07.030					
At speed indicator bit	-	03.007	03.009		-								
Auto reset		10.035			10.005	10.007							
Autotune		05.012			05.025	05.029	05.030	05.059	05.060	05.062			
Binary sum			09.031			09.034	00.000	00.000	00.000	00.002			
Bipolar speed	01.010	00.000	00.001	00.002	00.000	00.001							
Brake control		40 to 12	055										
Braking	10.011			10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040	10.061		
Catch a spinning motor	06.009	05.040											
Coast to stop	06.001												
Comms	11.0	23 to 11	.027										
Copying	11.042	11.0	36 to 11	.040									
Cost - per kWh electricity	06.016	06.017		06.025	06.026	06.027	06.028						
Current controller	04.013	04.014											
Current feedback		04.002	04.017	04.004	04.012	04.020	04.023	04.024	04.026	10.008	10.009	10.017	
Current limits		04.006	04.007	04.018			04.016		05.010	10.008	10.009		
DC bus voltage	05.005	02.008											
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007	06.001										
Deceleration rates	02.020		21 to 029	02.004		35 to 037	02.002	02.008	06.001	10.030	10.031	10.039	02.009
Defaults	11.043	11.046											
Digital I/O	Menu 8												
Digital I/O read word	08.020												
Digital Output 1 T14	08.001	08.011	08.021	08.031									
Digital Output 2 T16	08.002	08.012	08.022	08.032									
Digital input 4 T11	08.004	08.014	08.024										
Digital input 5 T13	08.005	08.015	08.025										
Digital lock	13.010	13.0	01 to 13	.009	13.011	13.012	13.016	03.022	03.023	13.0	19 to 13	.023	
Digital output T12	08.008	08.018	08.028										
Direction	10.013	06.030	06.031	01.003	10.014	02.001	03.002		08.004	10.040			
Drive active	10.002	10.040											
Drive derivative	11.028												
Drive OK	10.001	08.027			10.036	10.040							
Dynamic performance	05.026												
Dynamic V/F	05.013												
Enable		08.009											
Encoder reference			03.045										
Encoder set-up	03.033		034 to 03	.042	03.047	03.048							
External trip		08.010											
Fan speed	06.045												
Fast disable	06.029												
Field weakening - induction motor					05.062	05.063							
Field weakening - servo			05.009										
Filter change			06.021	06.022	06.023								
Frequency reference selection		01.015	00.01	00.0	00.015	00.0.1-							
Frequency slaving			03.014	03.015	03.016	03.017							ļļ
Hard speed reference		03.023											ļļ
Heavy duty rating	05.007	11.032											ļļ
High stability space vector	05.019												
modulation I/O sequencer	06.020	06.021	06.022	06.022	06.034	06.042	06.042	06.041					┟────┦
Inertia compensation			06.032		00.034	00.042	00.043	00.041					┟────┦
Jog reference			04.022		 								┟────┦
Keypad reference					06.012	06.012							┟────┦
Keypad reference	05.032	01.014	01.043	01.001	00.012	00.013							
Limit switches		06.036											┝───┦
Line power supply loss			10.016	05 005	06.048								
Local position reference		10.015 20 to 13		00.000	00.040								├────┦
Logic function 1				09 006	09.007	09 008	09 000	09.010					├────┦
	00.001	00.004	00.000	00.000	00.007	00.000	00.009	00.010	1		1	1	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameter	Runnin s the mot		ization c	Drive ommunication	SD Car Operation			neters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Feature)						Relate	d parame	ters (Pr)					
Logic func	ction 2		09.002	09.014	09.015	09.016	09.017		09.019						
Low voltag			06.044												
Marker pu			03.032	03.031											
Maximum	speed		01.006												
Menu 0 se			11.(018 to 11	.022	Men	u 22								
Minimum s	speed		01.007	10.004											
Motor map			05.006			05.009	05.010	05.011							
Motor map				nu 21	11.45										
	potentiom		09.021			09.024	09.025	09.026	09.027	09.028					
	ed referen	ce	01.004												
Onboard F				047 to 11	.051										
	o vector mo	ode	05.014												
Operating			00.048		03.024										_
Orientation	n		13.010		013 to 13										_
Output			05.001	05.002	05.003	05.004									_
	d threshold		03.008												
Phase and				05.012											<u> </u>
PID control		drivo	-	14	02.000	02.050								_	
	edback - o		03.028		03.030	03.050								_	
	parameter		11.022	11.021	01.000	01.044								_	+
Precision			01.018		01.020		01.040	01 04 4	01.040	04.0	15 to 01	049	04 054		
Preset spe			01.015 Monu 0	01.0	021 to 01	.uzŏ	01.016	01.014	01.042	01.0)45 to 01	.04ŏ	01.050	,	
	nable logic iare operat	ion	Menu 9 05.020												+
	cel / decel)		05.020	02.000	06.001	02.002	02.002	10.020	10.031	10.039					'
	ed autotur		02.004	02.008	06.001	02.002	02.003	10.030	10.031	10.039				-	
Regenera		IE	10.010		10.030	10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040		-	_
Relative jo				017 to 13		10.031	00.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040		-	_
Relay out			08.007	08.017											
Reset	ραι		10.033	00.017	00.027	10.034	10.035	10.036	10.001	10.038					
	e (encoder					10.034	10.055	10.050	10.001	10.050				-	
mode)			03.024	03.042	04.012										
S ramp			02.006	02.007											
Sample ra	ates		05.018		1										
	ue Off inpu	ıt	08.009	08.040											-
Security c			11.030	11.044											
Serial corr			11.0	023 to 11	.027	11.020									
Skip spee			01.029	01.030	01.031	01.032	01.033	01.034	01.035						
Slip comp	ensation		05.027	05.008											
NV media	card		11.0	036 to 11	.040	11.042									
Firmware	version			11.034											
Speed cor	ntroller		03.0	010 to 03	.017	03.019	03.020	03.021	1		1	1		1	1
Speed fee	edback		03.002	03.003	03.004	1			1						1
Speed fee	edback - dr	ive	03.026	03.027	03.028	03.029	03.030	03.031	03.042						
Speed fee				01.040											
Speed refe	erence sel	ection	01.014	01.015	01.049	01.050	01.001								
Status wor	rd		10.040												
Supply				05.005											
	frequency				07.034										
	rotection -								07.035	07.036	10.018				
Thermal p	rotection -	motor			04.019	04.016	04.025	07.015							
Thermisto	or input			18 to 123											
Threshold	detector 1		12.001		003 to 12	.007									1
	detector 2		12.002		023 to 12										
Time - filte					06.021		06.023								1
	wered up lo	og		06.020					1						1
Time - run			06.019			1	1		1		1	1			1
Torque	-		04.003	04.026	05.032	1	1		1		1	1			1
Torque mo	ode		04.008	04.011	04.009	04.010			1						1
Trip detect	tion			10.038		20 to 10	.029								
Trip log			10.0	020 to 10	.029	10.0	041 to 10	.060		10.0	70 to 10	.079			
Under volt	tage			10.016											
V/F mode				05.014											
Variable s	elector 1		12.0	008 to 12	.016										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the moto		nization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Advanced parameters	UL listing information
	Feature)						Relat	ed paramet	ers (Pr)		
Variable s	elector 2		12.0)28 to 12	.036							
Voltage co	ontroller		05.031									
Voltage m	ode		05.014	05.017		05.015						
Voltage ra	iting		11.033	05.009	05.005							
Voltage su	upply		06.044		05.005							
Warning			10.019	10.012	10.017	10.018	10.040					
Zero spee	ed indicator	[·] bit	03.005	10.003								

12.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum value which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_\	VOLTAGE Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 930
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 12-4. VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_AC_VO	TAGE SET Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 690
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 12-4.
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_	CEL_RATE Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters
Units	s / 100 Hz, s / 1000 rpm, s / 1000 mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 3200.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000 to 3200.000
	Open-loop mode If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 1: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 x Pr 01.006 / 100.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.0 DED A DED 0 modes
Definition	RFC-A, RFC-S modes If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 1: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 x Pr 01.006 / 1000.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.000
	If the second motor map is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006.

VM_AMC_JER	K_UNIPOLAR Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC jerk
Units	User units / ms / ms
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	107374.1823
Definition	VM_AMC_JERK_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = 107374.1823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_AMC_JERK_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0

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VM_A	MC_POSITION	Range applie	Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC position							
Unit	User units									
Range of [MIN]	-2147483648									
Range of [MAX]	2147483647	2147483647								
	table below.	er Limit (31.010)	C Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) and a	> 0						
Definition	VM_AMC_PO	OSITION[MAX]	2147483647 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1						
	VM_AMC_POSITION[MIN]		-2147483648 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	0						
			1							

VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM		Range applied	Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC cam position								
Unit	User units	User units									
Range of [MIN]	-1073741824	-1073741824									
Range of [MAX]	1073741823	1073741823									
	See the table below.	VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM is modified by AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) and AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010). See the table below. AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) = 0 > 0									
Definition	VM_AMC_POSITION	_CAM[MAX]	1073741823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1							
	VM_AMC_POSITION	I_CAM[MIN]	-1073741824 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	-AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) + 1							

VM_AMC_POSI	TION_CAM_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM	_AMC_POSITION_CAM								
Unit	User units	User units								
Range of [MIN]	0	0								
Range of [MAX]	1073741823	1073741823								
	VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM_UNIPOLAR is modified Limit (31.010). See the table below.	= 0	>0							
Definition	VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM_UNIPOLAR[MAX]	1073741823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1							
	VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM_UNIPOLAR[MIN]	0	0							
			·							

POSITION_REF Range a	pplied to the AMC position re	ference	
User units			
-2147483648			
2147483647			
AMC Rotary Mode (34.005). See th	e table below.	> 0	> 0
AMC Rotary Mode (34.005)	Not active	< 4	= 4
VM_AMC_POSITION_REF[MA	X] 2147483647 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1	1073741823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)
VM_AMC_POSITION_REF[MI	-2147483648 / AMC N] Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	0	-1073741824 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)
	User units -2147483648 2147483647 VM_AMC_POSITION_REF is modif AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010 AMC Rotary Mode (34.005) VM_AMC_POSITION_REF[MA	User units -2147483648 2147483647 VM_AMC_POSITION_REF is modified by AMC Auto Resolution AMC Rotary Mode (34.005). See the table below. AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) = 0 AMC Rotary Mode (34.005) Not active UM_AMC_POSITION_REF[MAX] VM_AMC_POSITION_REF[MAX] -2147483648 / AMC VM_AMC_POSITION_REF[MIN] -2147483648 / AMC Auto Resolution	User units -2147483648 2147483647 VM_AMC_POSITION_REF is modified by AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016), AMC R AMC Rotary Mode (34.005). See the table below. AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) = 0 > 0 AMC Rotary Mode (34.005) Not active < 4

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VM_AMC_PC	OSITION_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version	of VM_AMC_POSITION					
Unit	User units						
Range of [MIN]	0	0					
Range of [MAX]	2147483647						
	VM_AMC_POSITION_UNIPOLAR is modified (31.010). See the table below. AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010)	= 0	> 0				
Definition	VM_AMC_POSITION_UNIPOLAR[MAX]	2147483647 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1				
	VM_AMC_POSITION_UNIPOLAR[MIN]	0	0				
		•					

VM_AMC_RATE		Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC acceleration
Unit	User units / ms / ms	3
Range of [MIN]	1073742.824	
Range of [MAX]	1073741.823	
Definition	VM_AMC_RATE_U	NIPOLAR[MAX] = 1073741.823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)
	VM_AMC_RATE_U	NIPOLAR[MIN] = 1073741.824 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)

VM_AMC_RA	ATE_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_AMC_RATE
Unit	User units / ms / ms
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	1073741.823
Definition	VM_AMC_RATE_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = 1073741.823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_AMC_RATE_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0

VM_AMC_	ROLLOVER Maximum applied to the AMC Rollover parameter
Unit	User units / ms / ms
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	1073741823
Definition	VM_AMC_ROLLOVER[MAX] = 1073741823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_AMC_ROLLOVER[MIN] = 0

VM_AMC_SPEED		Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC speed	
Unit	User units / ms / ms		
Range of [MIN]	-21474836.48		
Range of [MAX]	21474836.47		
Definition	nition VM_AMC_SPEED[MAX] = 21474836.47 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_AMC_SPEED[MIN] = -21474836.48 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)		

VM_AMC_S	SPEED_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_AMC_SPEED
Unit	User units / ms
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	21474836.47
Definition	VM_SPEED_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = 21474836.47 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_SPEED_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0

V	M_DC_VOLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1190	
Definition		E[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback (over voltage trip level) for the drive. This level is g dependent. See Table 12-4. E[MIN] = 0

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VM_DC_VO	TAGE_SET Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 12-4.
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

VM_DI	RIVE_CURRENT	Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Units	A	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	0
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	Scale Current Kc (1	ENT[MAX] is equivalent to the full scale (over current trip level) for the drive and is given by <i>Full</i> I1.061). ENT[MIN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]

VM_DRIVE_CU	URRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_DRIVE_CURRENT
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	0.000
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.000

VM_HIGH_D	C_VOLTAGE Range applied to parameters	showing high DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1500	
Definition	VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link which can measure the voltage if it goes above the norm VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0	voltage feedback for the high d.c. link voltage measurement al full scale value. See Table 12-4.

VM_LOV	UNDER_VOLTS	Range applied to the low under-voltage threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	24	
Range of [MAX]	24 to 1150	
Definition	If Back-up Mode Er	_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] hable (06.068) = 1: _VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] / 1.1.

VM_MIN_SWITCH	ING_FREQUENCY	Range applied to the minimum switching frequency parameter
Units	User units	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 6	
Definition		REQUENCY[MAX] = <i>Maximum Switching Frequency</i> (05.018) REQUENCY[MIN] = 0 for motor control modes, or 1 for Regen mode (subject to the

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	R1_CURRENT_LIMIT Range applied to current limit parameters
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MIN] = 0.0
	Open-loop VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I _{Tlimit} / I _{Trated}) x 100 % Where:
	$I_{\text{Tlimit}} = I_{\text{MaxRef}} \times \cos(\sin^{-1}(I_{\text{Mrated}} / I_{\text{MaxRef}}))$ $I_{\text{Mrated}} = \Pr 05.007 \sin \phi$
	I _{Trated} = Pr 05.007 x cos φ cos φ = Pr 05.010
	I _{MaxRef} is 0.7 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty).
	RFC-A VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I _{Tlimit} / I _{Trated}) x 100 %
Definition	Where:
Demnition	I _{Tlimit} = I _{MaxRef} x cos(sin ⁻¹ (I _{Mrated} / I _{MaxRef}))
	$I_{Mrated} = Pr 05.007 \times \sin \phi_1$
	ITrated = Pr 05.007 x cos ϕ_1
	$\phi_1 = \cos - 1$ (Pr 05.010) + ϕ_2 . ϕ_1 is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculations in the <i>Parameter Reference Guide</i> for more information regarding ϕ_2 .
	I _{MaxRef} is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty).
	RFC-S and Regen VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I _{MaxRef} / Pr 05.007) x 100 % Where: I _{MaxRef} is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032
	(i.e. Heavy duty).
	For VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] use Pr 21.007 instead of Pr 05.007 and Pr 21.010 instead of Pr 05.010.

VM_NEGATIVE		Limits applied to the	negative frequency or speed clamp						
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm	n/s							
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 t	FC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0							
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 500	00.0							
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MIN]	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MAX]					
Definition	0	0	0.0	Pr 01.006					
Definition	0	1	0.0	0.0					
	1	Х	-VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX]	0.0					
	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CL4	AMP2 is defined in the	same way except that Pr 21.001 is used i	nstead of Pr 01.006 .					

	Mechanical Electrical Getting Basinstallation installation started param		Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
	TIVE_REF_CLAMP1 TIVE_REF_CLAMP2	imits applied to	the positive	frequency c	or speed re	eference o	lamp			
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s	3								
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0									
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000	0.0								
	below. The limit is based on possible to disable this limit so that the motor can be ope mode. It should be noted that	where the drive the position fee f the <i>RFC Feed</i> erated at a spee it the position fe	the drive can no longer interpret the feedback signal correctly as given in the table osition feedback device selected with <i>Motor Control Feedback Select</i> (03.026). It is <i>RFC Feedback Mode</i> (03.024) \geq 1 (i.e. VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1 = 50000.0) at a speed above the level where the drive can interpret the feedback in sensorle position feedback device itself may have a maximum speed limit that is lower than all be taken not to exceed a speed that would cause damage to the position feedback						he table 26). It is 0000.0), ensorless er than	
	Feedback device		VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX]							
	AB, AB Servo		(500 kHz x 60 / rotary lines per revolution) rpm (500 kHz x linear line pitch in mm) mm/s							
Definition	FD, FR, FD Servo, FR Servo		(500 kHz x 60 / rotary lines per revolution)/2 rpm (500 kHz x linear line pitch in mm)/2 mm/s							
Dominion	SC, SC Hiper, SC EnDat, SC SSI, SC Servo	•	(500 kHz x 60 / sine waves per revolution) rpm (500 kHz x linear line pitch in mm) mm/s							
	Resolver	•	(250 Hz x 60) rpm (250 Hz x pole pitch in mm) mm/s							
	Any other device	Any other device 50000.0 rpm or mm/s								
	In open-loop mode VM_POS	ITIVE_REF_C	LAMP1[MA>	(] is fixed at	550.0 Hz					
	In RFC mode a limit is applie limit for VM_POSITIVE_REF				lotor pole	pairs. The	erefore, with	n a 4 pole i	motor the	
	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAM	P1[MIN] = 0.0								
	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAM VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAM <i>Clamp</i> (21.001), which in tur	P2[MAX] define	es the range	· —	_			•	ence	

	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	with maximum a.c. or	s rating dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive utput voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor.
Dennition	VM_POWER[MAX] =	√3 x VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] x VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000
	VM_POWER[MIN] =	-VM_POWER[MAX]

VM_RATED	CURRENT	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	A	
Range of [MIN]	0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT [N Heavy Duty rating of the du VM_RATED_CURRENT [N	

information Linstallation Linstallation Linstallation Listarted Liparameters Lithe motor Liphanness Communication Coperation Lipperation	ety ati	Product on informatio	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
information installation installation started parameters the motor is communication operation PEC parameters	au		Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	FLC	parameters		mormation

VM_REGE	REACTIVE Range applied to the reactive current reference in Regen mode
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_REGEN_REACTIVE[MAX] Applies a limit to the reactive current reference in Regen mode so that the total curren reference does not exceed its maximum allowed level. VM_REGEN_REACTIVE[MIN] = - VM_REGEN_REACTIVE[MAX]

	VM_SPEED	Range applied to parameters showing speed
Units	Open-loop, RFC	C-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop, RFC	C-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop, RFC	C-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0
		nimum/maximum defines the range of speed monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for overshoot to twice the range of the speed references.
Definition	VM_SPEED[MA	X] = 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]
	VM_SPEED[MII	N] = 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]

VM_SPEED_	FREQ_KEYPAD_REF	Range applied to the keyp	bad reference
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/	s	
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to	50000.0	
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5000	0.0	
	parameters is the same as o VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER	other frequency reference _REFS [MAX] = VM_SPE	•
Definition			
	0	0	If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 Minimum Reference Clamp (01.007), otherwise M2 Minimum Reference Clamp (21.002)
	0	0	Minimum Reference Clamp (01.007), otherwise
		0 1 0	Minimum Reference Clamp (01.007), otherwise M2 Minimum Reference Clamp (21.002)
		1	Minimum Reference Clamp (01.007), otherwise M2 Minimum Reference Clamp (21.002) -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]

VM_SPE	ED_FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency or speed reference parameters
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or m	nm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0	
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50	000.0
Definition	If Pr 01.008 = 1: VM_SPI If the second motor map Pr 01.007 .	EED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 EED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 , whichever is larger. is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006 and Pr 21.002 instead of ^F [MIN] = -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX].

	ſ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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VM_SPEED_FREQ	
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.0

VM_SPEED	_FREQ_USER_REFS	Range applied to Anal	og reference parameters		
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/	S			
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.00 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to				
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5000	0.0			
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_ Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	_REFS= VM_SPEED_ Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)			
D - film itil - m	0	0	Pr 01.007		
Definition	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]		
	1	0	0.0		
		4	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]		

VM_STD_	UNDER_VOLTS	Range applied to the standard under-voltage threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150	
Definition		OLTS[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET / 1.1 OLTS[MIN] is voltage rating dependent. See Table 12-4

VM_SUPPLY_	LOSS_LEVEL Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]
	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 12-4

VM_SWITCHING	FREQUENCY Range applied to the maximum switching frequency parameters
Units	User units
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 6
Definition	VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MAX] = Power stage dependent VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MIN] = 0 for motor control modes, or 1 for Regen mode (subject to the maximum)

Diagnostics	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listir informat
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VM_TORQUE	E_CURRENT	Range applied to torque and Regen mode it refers to the a	torque producing current parameters (where this is used in active current)			
Units	%					
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0					
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0					
	Select Motor 2	Parameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT [MAX]			
Definition		0	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]			
Demition		1	VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]			
	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT	[MIN] = -VM_TORQUE_CUR	RENT[MAX]			

VM_TORQUE_CUR	RENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT	
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] =0.0	

VM_USER_	CURRENT	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT[MI User Current Maximum Sc VM_USER_CURRENT_HI Torque Offset (04.009). Th output value to be defined The maximum value (VM_	AX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) N] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX] caling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and IGH_RES which are applied to <i>Percentage Load</i> (04.020), <i>Torque Reference</i> (04.008) and is is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale by the user. TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX]) varies between drive sizes with default me drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter

VM_USER_C	URRENT_HIGH_RES Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with two decimal places
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	-1000.00 to 0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 1000.00
Definition	 VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) with an additional decimal place VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX] User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES which are applied to Percentage Load (04.020), Torque Reference (04.008) and Torque Offset (04.009). This is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale output value to be defined by the user. The maximum value (VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX]) varies between drive sizes with default parameters loaded. For some drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter range limiting.

Table 12-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

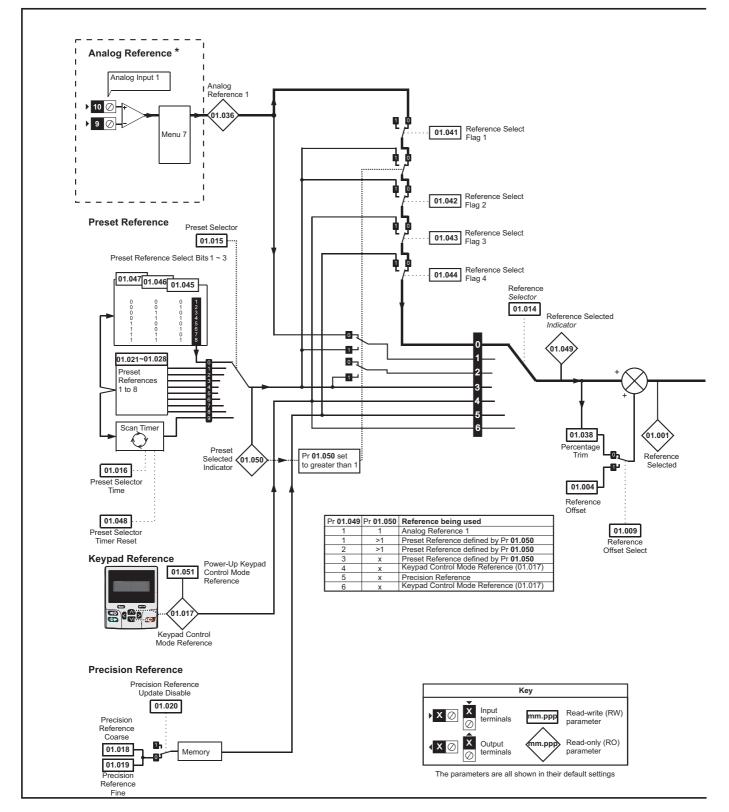
Variable min/max	Voltage	level (V)
Valiable min/max	200 V	400 V
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	400	800
VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	415	830
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	265	530
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	325	650
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	175	330
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN]	205	410
VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	1500	1500

Cafatu	Decalvet	Mashaniaal	Electrical	Catting	Pacia	Dummina		Data	CD Cand	Orchesend	Adversed		LH. Bathan
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Unboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

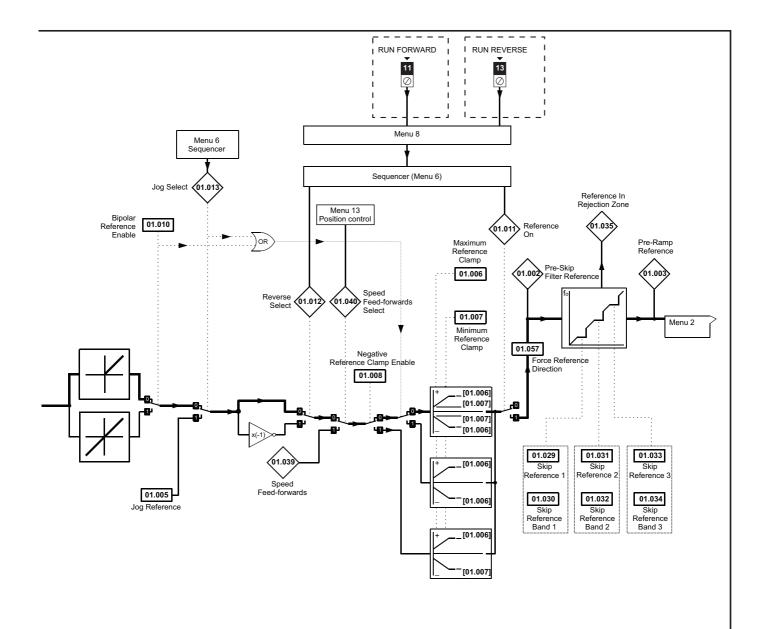
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.2 Menu 1: Frequency / speed reference

Figure 12-1 Menu 1 logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
intornation	information	installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters			communication	Operation	FLC	parameters		monnation



Ĩ	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimination	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discussofies	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

		Rano	ge(\$)		Default(⇔)		1					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	be		
01.001	Reference Selected	VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm		ILL OF A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	_
01.002	Pre-Skip Filter Reference	VM_OFEED_FREQ_REF Hz	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.003	Pre-Ramp Reference	VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.004	Reference Offset	VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.005	Jog Reference	0.0 to 400.0 Hz	0.0 to 4000.0 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.006	Maximum Reference Clamp	VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm	50 Hz: 50.0 60 Hz: 60.0	50Hz: 1500.0 60Hz: 1800.0	3000.0	RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Reference Clamp	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm		0.0		RW	Num			_	US
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.009	Reference Offset Select	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.010	Bipolar Reference Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
01.011	Reference On		or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.012	Reverse Select	,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	-
01.013	Jog Select		or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.014	Reference Selector	A1 A2 (0), A1 Preset (1), A2 Pr Precision (5), I	eset (2), Preset (3), Keypad (4),		A1 Preset (1)		RW	Txt				US
01.015	Preset Selector		0 9		0		RW	Num				US
01.016	Preset Selector Time		400.0 s		10.0 s		RW	Num				US
01.017	Keypad Control Mode Reference		Q_KEYPAD_REF		0.0		RO	Num		NC	PT	PS
01.018	Precision Reference Coarse		FREQ REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.019	Precision Reference Fine	0.000 to 0.099 Hz	0.000 to 0.099 rpm		0.000		RW	Num				US
01.020	Precision Reference Update Disable		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		00
01.020	Preset Reference 1		FREQ REF		0.0		RW	Num		NO		US
01.021	Preset Reference 2		FREQ_REF		0.0		RW					US
			FREQ_REF	-		Num						
01.023	Preset Reference 3				RW	Num				US		
01.024	Preset Reference 4		_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.025	Preset Reference 5		_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.026	Preset Reference 6		_FREQ_REF			RW	Num				US	
01.027	Preset Reference 7		_FREQ_REF	0.0			RW	Num				US
01.028	Preset Reference 8	VM_SPEED		0.0			RW	Num				US
01.029	Skip Reference 1	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.030	Skip Reference Band 1	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.031	Skip Reference 2	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.032	Skip Reference Band 2	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.033	Skip Reference 3	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.035	Reference In Rejection Zone	Off (0) c	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.036	Analog Reference 1	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_		0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.037	Analog Reference 2	REFS Hz	REFS rpm		0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.038	Percentage Trim	±100	.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num		NC		
01.039	Speed Feed-forwards	VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.040	Speed Feed-forwards Select	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.041	Reference Select Flag 1	Off (0) c	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.042	Reference Select Flag 2	Off (0) c	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
	Reference Select Flag 3		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.044	Reference Select Flag 4		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
	Preset Select Flag 1	,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.046	Preset Select Flag 2	.,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.047	Preset Select Flag 3	,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.048	Preset Selector Timer Reset		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		<u> </u>
01.049	Reference Selected Indicator		0 6		(0)	_	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.049	Preset Selected Indicator		0 8				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	_
	Power-up Keypad Control Mode									140		\vdash
01.051 01.055	Reference Linear Speed Select	Reset (0), Las	t (1), Preset (2) Off (0) or On (1)		Reset (0)	0)	RW RW	Txt Bit				US US
	•		., .,			0)			ND	NO	DT	05
01.056	Linear Speed Selected		Off (0) or On (1)		No. (0)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.057	Force Reference Direction	None (0), Forwar	d (1), Reverse (2)		None (0)		RW	Txt				1

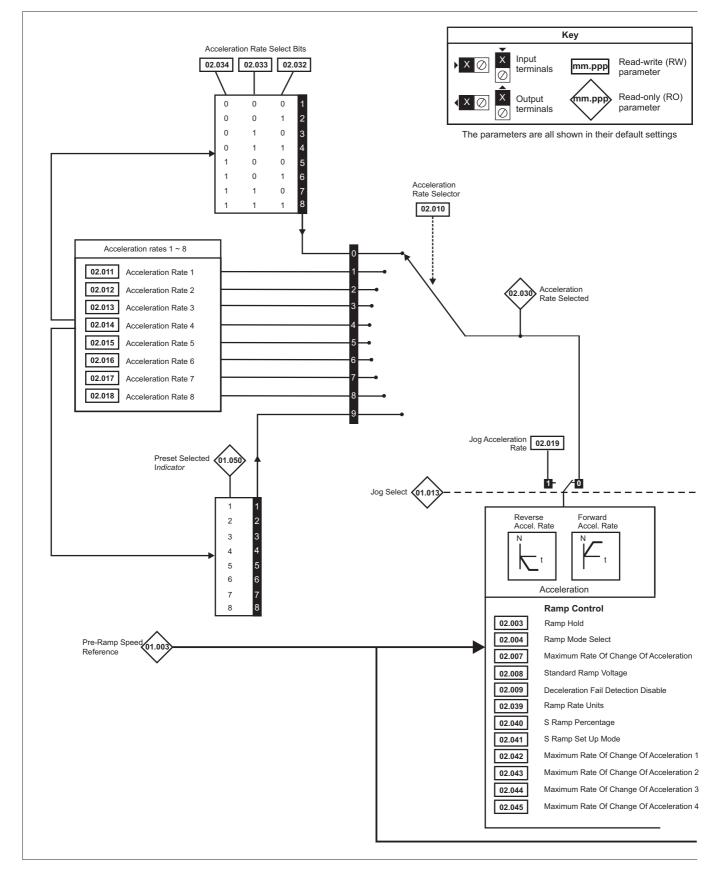
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Cafatu	Decalvet	Mashaniaal	Electrical	Catting	Pacia	Dummina		Data	CD Cand	Orchesend	Adversed		LH. Bathan
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Unboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

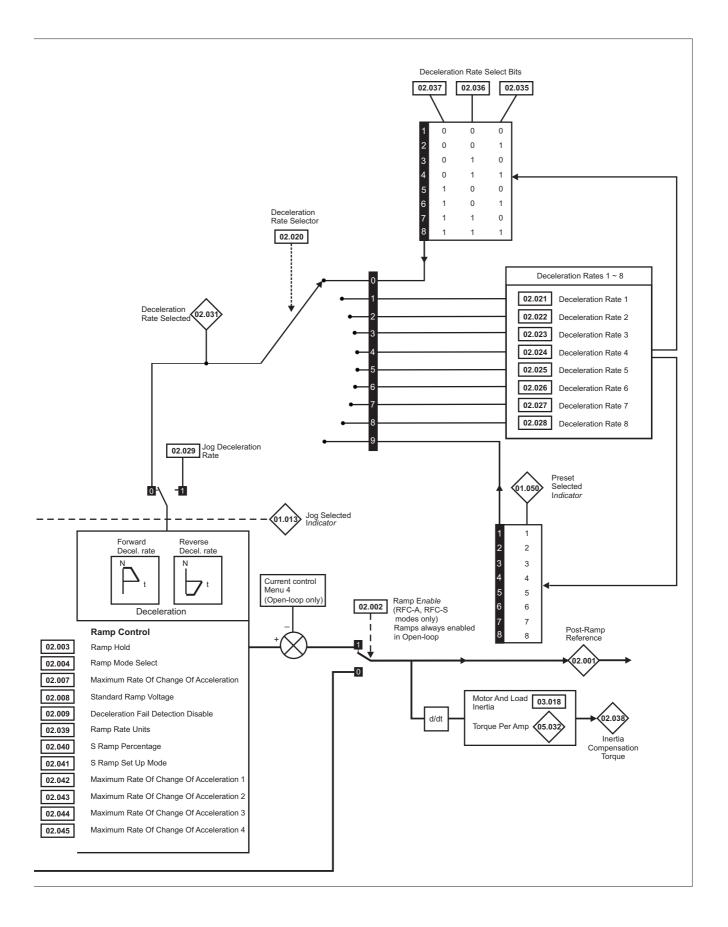
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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12.3 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 12-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



<u></u>		-											
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

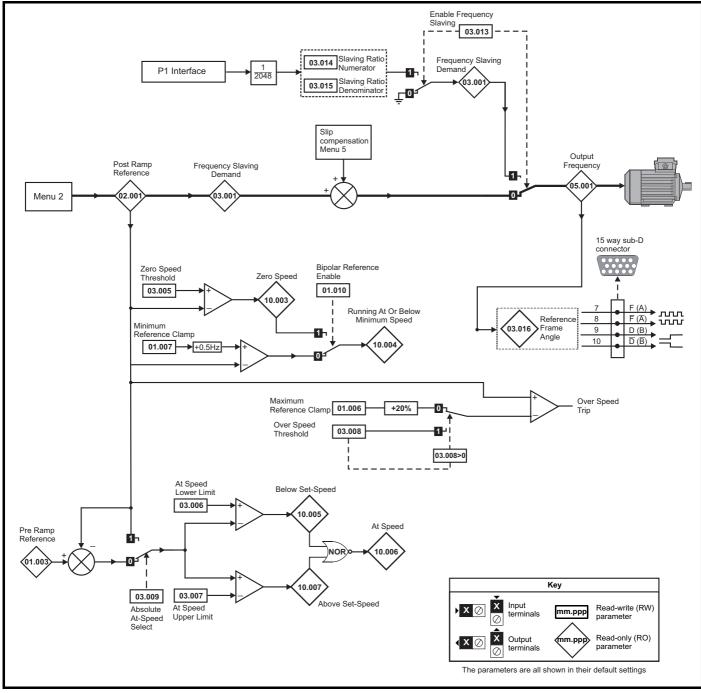


Safety informat		Product formation	Mechani installati		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the moto)rive unicatior	SD C Opera		nboa PLC		vance amete		gnosti		JL list forma	
						Range(û)					Default(⇔)					_					
Parameter						OL RFC-A / S				OL RFC-A RFC-S					Туре						
02.001	Post R	amp Refere	ence				PEED_FREQ_ REF Hz	V	M_SPEED_FREG)_						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.002	Ramp Enable					REF Hz REF rpm Off (0) or On (1)					On (1)				RW	Bit				US	
02.003	Ramp Hold					Off (0) or On (1)					Off (0)				RW	Bit				US	
02.004	Ramp Mode				Fast (0), Standard (1), East (0), Standard (1)					Standard (1) Fast (0)				RW	Txt				US		
02.005						Sto	l boost (2)		Off (0) or On (1)	,		. ,		Off (0		RW	Bit				US
02.006		p Enable	iiput			Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)							Off (0)	011 (0	·)	RW	Bit				US
02.007	Maxim	um Rate O	f Change	Of Acc	celeration	0.0 to 3	00.0 s²/100 Hz	0.000	to 100.000 s²/100	0 rpm	3	.1	1.500)	0.030	RW	Num				US
02.008	Standa	ard Ramp V	/oltage				0 to VM_D	C_VOLTAG	E_SET V			0 Hz - 40	′ drive: 37 00 V drive 00 V drive	e: 750		RW	Num		RA		US
02.009	Decele	eration Fail	Detection	Disabl	le		Off	(0) or On (1)				Off (0)		•	RW	Bit				US
02.010	Accele	ration Rate	Selector					0 to 9					0			RW	Num				US
02.011	Accele	ration Rate	e 1				LACCEL_RAT	E 0.00	to VM_ACCEL_F	RATE	5.)s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
00.040	A l .	nation Data	0				ACCEL RAT	E 0.00	s/1000 rpm to VM ACCEL F	RATE	-		0.000	_	0.000 -	DW	News				
02.012	Accele	ration Rate	2			-	/100 Hz		s/1000 rpm		5.) s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.013	Accele	ration Rate	93			s	I_ACCEL_RAT		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		5.) s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.014	Accele	ration Rate	e 4			s	I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		5.) s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.015	Accele	ration Rate	95			s	I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		5.) s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.016	Accele	Acceleration Rate 6				s	I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		5.) s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.017	Accele	Acceleration Rate 7				s	I_ACCEL_RAT #/100 Hz) to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		5.) s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.018	Accele	ration Rate	8			s	LACCEL_RAT		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		5.) s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.019	Jog Ac	Jog Acceleration Rate					I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz	E 0.00	to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm	RATE	0.:	2 s		0.000	S	RW	Num				US
02.020	Decele	Deceleration Rate Selector				0 to 9 0.0 to VM ACCEL RATE 0.000 to VM ACCEL RATE					0				RW	Num				US	
02.021	Decele	Deceleration Rate 1		s	/100 Hz) to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		10	0 s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US		
02.022	Decele	eration Rate	e 2			s	LACCEL_RAT		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		10	0 s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.023	Decele	eration Rate	e 3			s	I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		10	0 s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.024	Decele	eration Rate	e 4			s	I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		10	0 s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.025	Decele	Deceleration Rate 5		s	I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		10	0 s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US		
02.026	Decele	Deceleration Rate 6			s	I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		10	0 s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US	
02.027	Decele	eration Rate	e 7			s	I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz		0 to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		10	0 s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.028	Decele	Deceleration Rate 8			s	LACCEL_RAT		to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm		10	0 s	2.000	s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US	
02.029	Jog De	eceleration	Rate				I_ACCEL_RAT /100 Hz	E 0.00	0 to VM_ACCEL_F s/1000 rpm	RATE	0.:	2 s		0.000	s	RW	Num				US
02.030	Accele	ration Rate	Selected					0 to 8								RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.031	02.031 Deceleration Rate Selected				0 to 8									RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
02.032							(0) or On (,		Off (0)				RW	Bit		NC				
02.033 02.034								(0) or On (Off (0)				RW RW	Bit Bit		NC NC			
02.034						Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)					Off (0) Off (0)				RW	Bit		NC		-	
02.036			Off (0) of On (1)					Off (0)				RW	Bit	-	NC						
02.037	02.037 Deceleration Rate Select Bit 2		Off (0) or On (1)					Off (0)				RW	Bit		NC						
02.038 Inertia Compensation Torque		±1000.0 %									RO	Num	ND	NC	PT						
02.039 Ramp Rate Units				Off (0) or On (1)					Off (0)				RW	Blt				US			
02.040 S Ramp Percentage			0.0 to 50.0 %					0.0 %				RW	. .				US				
02.041 02.042				Single (0), Percentage (1), Independent (2)				Single (0) 0.0 0.000				RW RW	Txt Num				US US				
02.042	ů – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –				0.0 to 300.0 0.0 to 300.0			0.000 to 100.000 0.000 to 100.000		0.0			0.000		RW	Num	<u> </u>			US	
02.044	-						0.000 to 100.000			0.0		0.000		RW	Num	-			US		
02.045			-		celeration 4	0.0 to 300.0 0.000 to 100.000				0.0 0.000			RW	Num				US			
RW R	lead / W	/rite	RO F	Read c	only Nu	m Numbe	r parameter	Bit	Bit parameter		Txt	ext string	g Bi	in E	Binary p	aramet	er	FI	Filte	ered	
ND N	lo defau	ilt value	NC 1	Not co	pied P		ed parameter	RA	Rating depender	nt		Jser save	-		Power-d			DE	Des	tinatio	วท

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

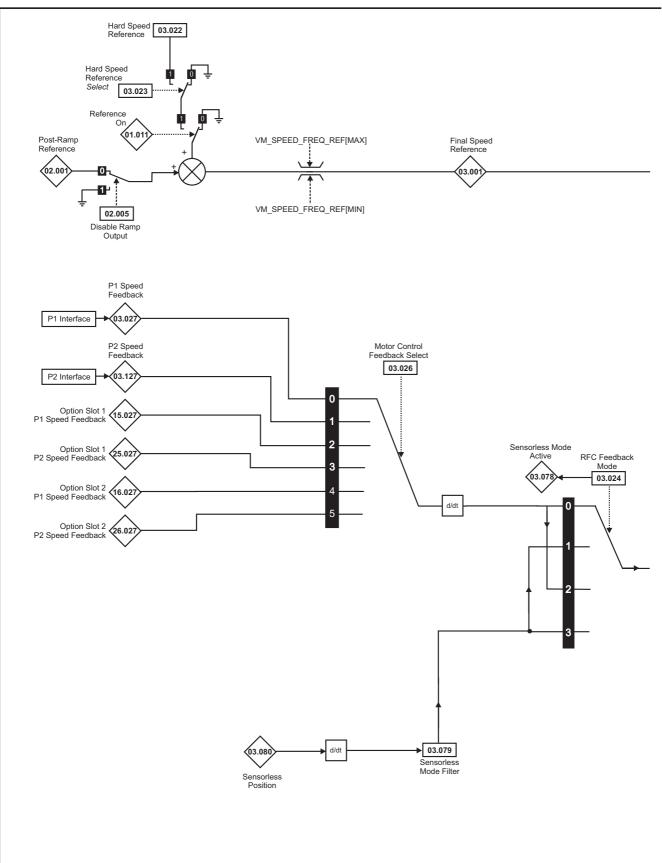
12.4 Menu 3: Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control

Figure 12-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram



				_									
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	mization Drive SD Card Onboard Ad	Advanced	Discretion	UL listing		
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

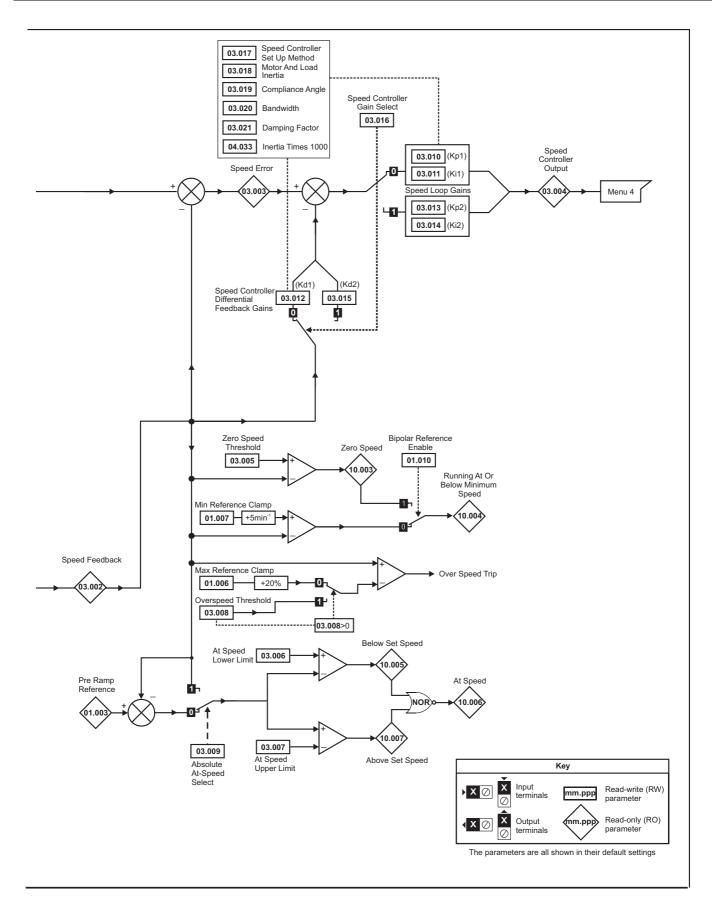


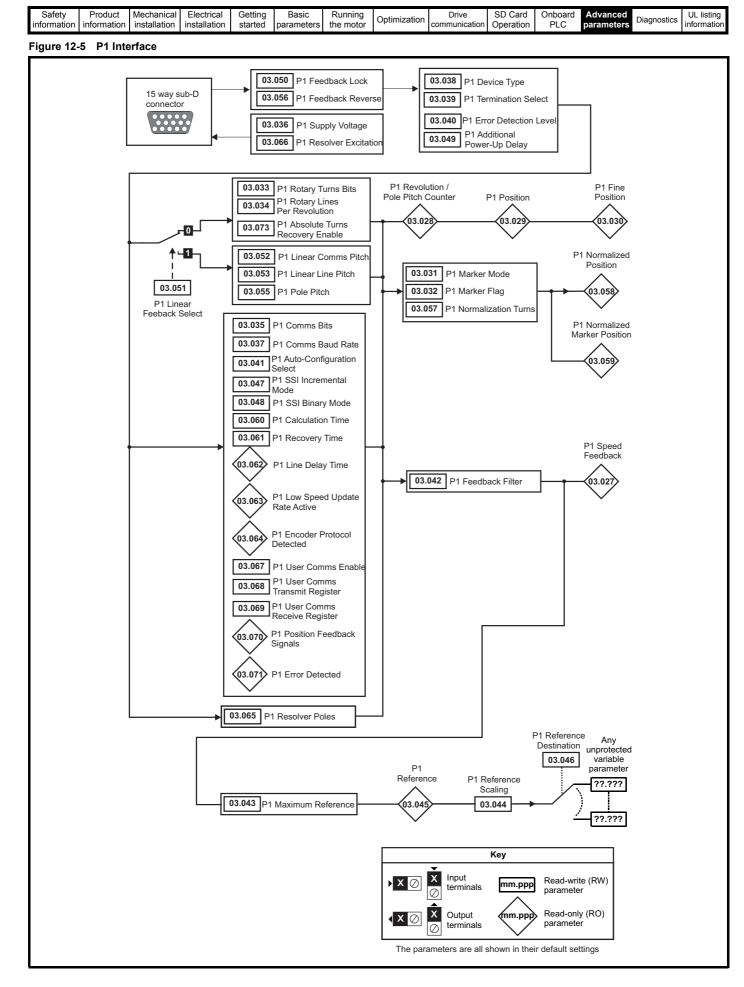


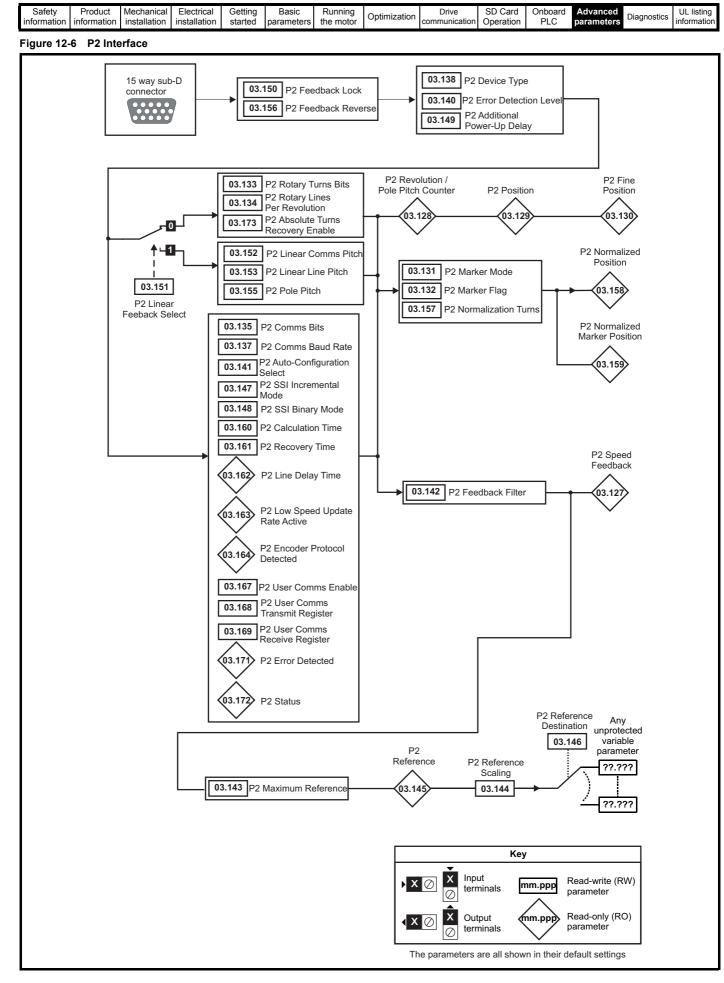
NOTE

* Automatic change over if the relevant 'bit' of Position Feedback Initialized (03.076) is 0.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opamization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information







momation momation installation installation started parameters the motor	Safety	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card		Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	information	Information	Installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	-	iniomation



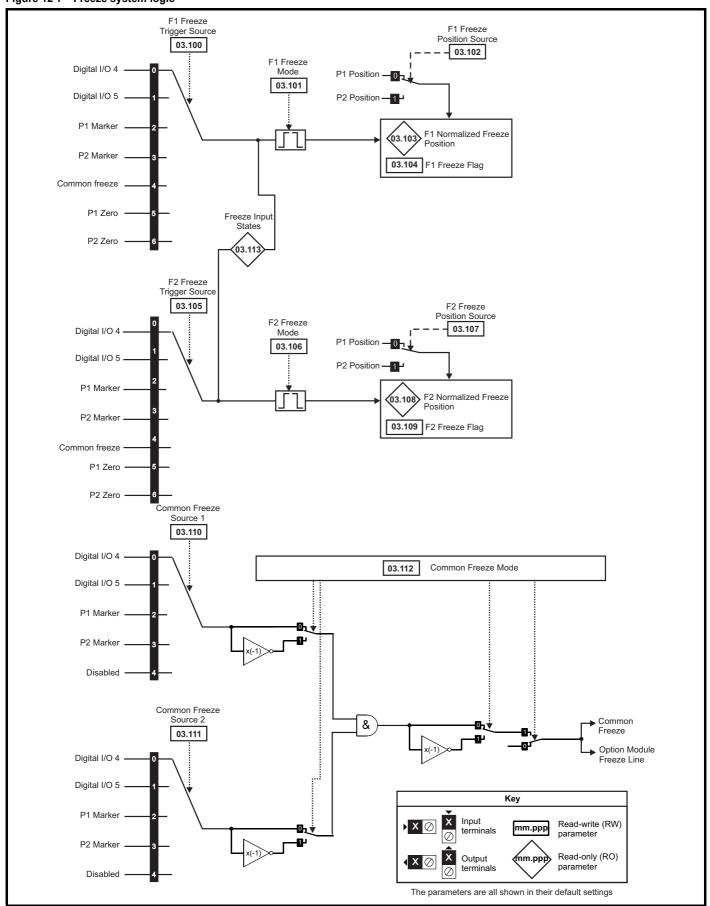
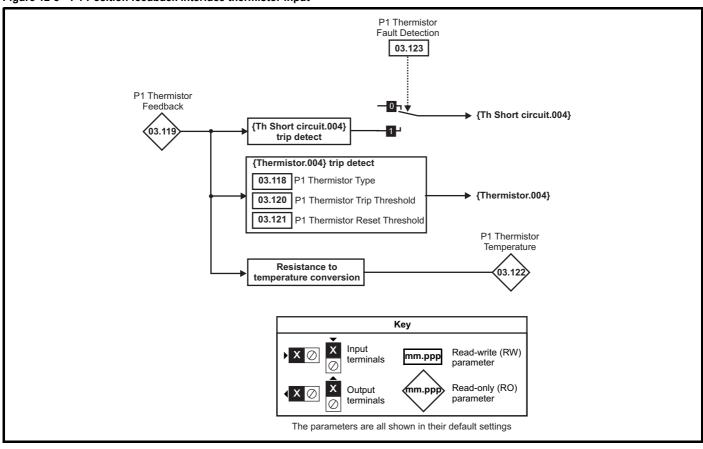
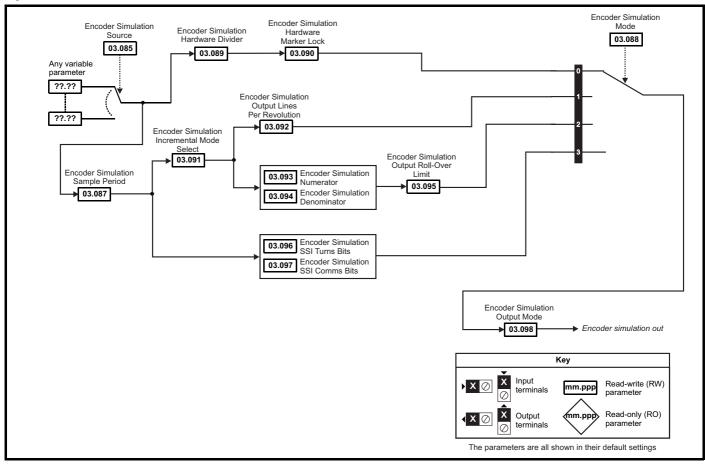




Figure 12-8 P1 Position feedback interface thermistor input







Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					-				-				

			Range			Default							
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
03.001	Open-loop> Frequency Slaving Demand	±1000.0 Hz						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.001	RFC> Final Speed Reference		VM_S	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Speed Feedback		VM_S	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Speed Error		VM_S	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.004	Speed Controller Output		VM_TORQUE	CURRENT %		T		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.005	Zero Speed Threshold	0.0 to 20.0 Hz	0 to 20	00 rpm	1.0 Hz		pm	RW	Num				US
03.006	At Speed Lower Limit	0.0 to 550.0 Hz		000 rpm	1.0 Hz		pm	RW	Num				US
03.007	At Speed Upper Limit	0.0 to 550.0 Hz		000 rpm	1.0 Hz		pm	RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Speed Threshold	0.0 to 550.0 Hz		000 rpm	0.0 Hz		pm	RW	Num				US
03.009	Absolute At Speed Select		Off (0) or On (1)	0.0000 / 1		Off (0) 0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW RW	Bit				US
03.010 03.011	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.0000 to 20			0.0300 s/rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain		0.00 to 65	5.35 s²/rad					Num				US
03.012	Kd1		0.00000 to 0	.65535 1/rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.013	Open-loop> Enable Frequency Slaving	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
00.010	RFC> Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp2		0.0000 to 20	0.0000 s/rad		0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.014	Open-loop> Slaving Ratio Numerator	0.000 to 1.000			1.000			RW	Num				US
	RFC> Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki2		0.00 to 65	5.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	1.00 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
02 045	Open-loop> Slaving Ratio Denominator	0.001 to 1.000			1.000			RW	Num				US
03.015	RFC> Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd2		0.00000 to 0	.65535 1/rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
	Open-loop> Reference Frame Angle	0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	\vdash
03.016	RFC> Speed Controller Gain Select		Off (0) c	or On (1)		Off	⁻ (0)	RW	Bit				US
			. ,	Bandwidth (1),			.,						
03.017	Speed Controller Set-up Method		Kp Gain Tir Low Perfor Std Perfor High Perfor	mance (5),		Disab	led (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.018	Motor And Load Inertia		0.00000 to 100	.,		0.0000	10 kgm ²	RW	Num				US
03.019	Compliance Angle		0.0 to	•		4.	0°	RW	Num				US
03.020	Bandwidth		5 to 10	000 Hz		10	Hz	RW	Num				US
03.021	Damping Factor		0.0 to	0 10.0		1	.0	RW	Num				US
03.022	Hard Speed Reference		VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0	.0	RW	Num				US
03.023	Hard Speed Reference Select		Off (0) c	or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.024	RFC Feedback Mode		Feedback (0), Feedback Sensorless	NoMax (2),		Feedb	ack (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.025	Position Feedback Phase Angle			0.0 to 359.9°			0.0°	RW	Num	ND			US
03.026	Motor Control Feedback Select		P1 Slot 1 (2),	P2 Drive (1), P2 Slot 1 (3), P2 Slot 2 (5),		P1 Dr	ive (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.027	P1 Speed Feedback		VM_SPEED					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.028	P1 Revolution/Pole Pitch Counter		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
03.029	P1 Position		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
03.030	P1 Fine Position		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.031	P1 Marker Mode		0000 to 1111			0100		RW	Bin				US
03.032	P1 Marker Flag		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
03.033	P1 Rotary Turns Bits		0 to 16			16	1000	RW	Num				US
03.034	P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution		1 to 100000		10	024	4096	RW	Num				US
03.035 03.036	P1 Comms Bits	-	0 to 48	2)		0 5V (0)		RW RW	Num				US
	P1 Supply Voltage		/ (0), 8V (1), 15V (Txt	<u> </u>			US
03.037	P1 Comms Baud Rate					300k (2)		RW	Txt				US
03.038	P1 Device Type	100k (0), 200k (1), 300k (2), 400k (3), 500k (4), 1M (5), 1.5M (6), 2M (7), 4M (8) AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD Servo (4), FR Servo (5), SC (6), SC Hiperface (7), EnDat (8), SC EnDat (9), SSI (10), SC SSI (11), SC Servo (12), BiSS (13), Resolver (14), SC SC (15), Commutation Only (16), SC BiSS (17)				6 (0)	AB Servo (3)	RW	Txt				US
03.039	P1 Termination Select		0 to 2			1		RW	Num				US
03.040	P1 Error Detection Level		0000 to 1111		0000 0000	0000	0001	RW	Bin				US
03.041	P1 Auto-configuration Select	Disa	bled (0) or Enable	d (1)		Enabled (1)		RW	Txt				US
03.042	P1 Feedback Filter	Disabled (0), 1	1 (1), 2 (2), 4 (3), 8	(4), 16 (5) ms		Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.043	P1 Maximum Reference		0 to 33,000 rpm		1500) rpm	3000 rpm	RW	Num				US

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	Parameter		Range			Default				т			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e		
03.044	P1 Reference Scaling		0.000 to 4.000			1.000		RW	Num				U
03.045	P1 Reference		±100.0 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	F
03.046	P1 Reference destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	U
03.047	P1 SSI Incremental Mode		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				U
03.048	P1 SSI Binary Mode		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				U
03.049	P1 Additional Power-up Delay		0.0 to 25.0 s			0.0 s		RW	Num				U
03.050	P1 Feedback Lock		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				ι
03.051	P1 Linear Feedback Select		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				U
03.052	P1 Linear Comms Pitch		0.001 to 100.000			0.001		RW	Num				ι
03.053	P1 Linear Line Pitch		0.001 to 100.000			0.001		RW	Num				ι
03.054	P1 Linear Comms And Line Pitch Units	millim	etres (0) or micromet	tres (1)		millimetres (0)		RW	Txt				ι
03.055	P1 Pole Pitch		0.01 to 1000.00 mm	1		10.00 mm		RW	Num				ι
03.056	P1 Feedback Reverse		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				ι
03.057	P1 Normalization Turns		0 to 16			16		RW	Num				ι
03.058	P1 Normalized Position	-214	47483648 to 2147483	3647				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
03.059	P1 Normalized Marker Position		47483648 to 2147483					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	┝
03.060	P1 Calculation Time		0 to 20 µs			5 µs		RW	Num			• •	ι
03.061	P1 Recovery Time		5 to 100 µs			30 µs		RW	Num				l
03.062	P1 Line Delay Time		0 to 5000 ns					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	ι
03.063	P1 Low Speed Update Rate Active		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	-
		None (0)), Hiperface (1), EnDa	at 2 1 (2)							NC		+
03.064	P1 Encoder Protocol Detected	None (0	EnDat 2.2 (3)	at 2.1 (2),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.065	P1 Resolver Poles	2 F	Poles (1) to 20 Poles	(10)		2 Poles (1)		RW					ι
03.066	P1 Resolver Excitation		kHz 3V (1), 6kHz 2V (), 8kHz Fast (5), 6kH 8kHz 2V Fast (7)		6kHz :	3V (0)	6kHz 3V Fast (4)	RW	Txt				ι
03.067	P1 User Comms Enable		0 to 1			0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.068	P1 User Comms Transmit Register		0 to 65535			0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.069	P1 User Comms Receive Register		0 to 65535			0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.070	P1 Position Feedback Signals		000000 to 111111					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
03.071	P1 Error Detected		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.073	P1 Absolute Turns Recovery Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				ι
03.074	P1 Additional Configuration		0 to 511116116			0		RW					
03.075	Initialise Position Feedback		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
03.076	Position Feedback Initialized	000	00000000 to 1111111	1111		000000000		RO	Bin		NC	PT	
03.078	Sensorless Mode Active		Off (0) or	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.079	Sensorless Mode Filter		4 (0), 8 (1), 16 (2),	32 (3), 64 (4) ms	-	4 (0) ms	64 (4) ms	RW	Txt				ι
03.080	Sensorless Position		-2147483648 to	0 2147483647	-		1	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.085	Encoder Simulation Source		0.000 to 59.999		3.016	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	ι
03.086	Encoder Simulation Status	None (0)), Full (1), No Marker	Pulse (2)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.087	Encoder Simulation Sample Period		(0), 1 (1), 4, (2), 16 (. ,	4 (2) ms	0.25	(0) ms	RW	Txt		-		ι
03.088	Encoder Simulation Mode			,	Lines Per Rev	Hardw	/are (0)	RW	Txt				ι
		Haluwale (0),	Lines Per Rev (1), R	alio (2), 331 (3)	(1)								
03.089	Encoder Simulation Hardware Divider		0 to 7			0		RW	Num				ι
03.090	Encoder Simulation Hardware Marker Lock		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				ι
03.091	Encoder Simulation Incremental Mode Select		Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	Off	f (0)	RW	Bit				ι
03.092	Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution Encoder Simulation Numerator		1 to 16384		1024	65536	996	RW RW	Num				ı ı
03.093			1 to 65536			65536		RW	Num				-
	Encoder Simulation Denominator		1 to 65536			65535		RW	Num Num				l
03.095	Encoder Simulation Output Roll-over Limit		1 to 65535			16		RW	Num				ι.
03.096	Encoder Simulation SSI Turns Bits		0 to 16			33		RW					l
3.097	Encoder Simulation SSI Comms Bits	17/2	2 to 48						Num				l
)3.098)3.100	Encoder Simulation Output Mode F1 Freeze Trigger Source	Digital Input 4	0), FD/Binary (1), FR (0), Digital Input 5 (1) Common (4), P1 Zerc	, P1 Marker (2),	[AB/Gray (0) Digital Input 4 (0))	RW RW	Txt Txt				l
)3.101	F1 Freeze Mode		(0), Falling 1st (1), Ri Falling all (3)			Rising 1st (0)		RW	Txt				
03.102	F1 Freeze Position Source	F	P1 (0), P2 (1), Time (2	2)		P1 (0)		RW	Txt				1
03.103	F1 Normalized Freeze Position	-214	47483648 to 2147483	3647				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
								RW	Bit		NC	PT	t

Safety informati		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation		dvance ramete	1)12	gnost		UL lis	
	_					Range			Default		1		_			
	Para	meter		0	L	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
03.105	F2 Freeze Trigge	r Source), P1 Marker (2), o (5), P2 Zero (6)		Digital Input 4	(0)	RW	Txt				US
03.106	F2 Freeze Mode			Risi	ing 1st (0), Fa Fa	lling 1st (1), R lling all (3)	ising all (2),		Rising 1st (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.107	F2 Freeze Positio	on Source			P1 (0),	P2 (1), Time (2)		P1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.108	F2 Normalized Fr	eeze Position			-21474836	48 to 214748	3647				RO	Num	ND		PT	
03.109	F2 Freeze Flag					0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.110	Common Freeze	Source 1		-	P2 Marke	r (3), Disabled			Digital Input 4	(0)	RW	Txt				US
03.111	Common Freeze	Source 2		Digital I		ital Input 5 (1) r (3), Disablec), P1 Marker (2), 1 (4)		Digital Input 4	(0)	RW	Txt				US
03.112	Common Freeze	Mode			00	00 to 1111			0000		RW	Bin				US
03.113	Freeze Input Stat	es				00 to 11					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
03.118	P1 Thermistor Ty	•		DIN44			2), Encoder (3)		DIN44082 (0)	RW	Txt			DT	US
	P1 Thermistor Fe					to 5000 Ω			2200.0		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.120 03.121	P1 Thermistor Tri P1 Thermistor Re	•				to 5000 Ω			3300 Ω 1800 Ω		RW RW	Num Num				US US
03.121						to 5000 Ω) to 300 °C			1800 12		RV	Num	ND	NC	PT	05
	P1 Thermistor Te	•		None			n ar Chart (2)	Nor	ne (0)	Temperatur		Txt	ND	NC	FI	US
03.123	P1 Thermistor Fa			NONE	e (0), Tempera	M SPEED	p or Short (2)			Temperatur	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.127	P2 Revolution/Po		ar			to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
	P2 Position		51			to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
03.130	P2 Fine Position					to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.131	P2 Marker Mode					00 to 1111			0100		RW	Bin				US
	P2 Marker Flag					0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
03.133	P2 Rotary Turns	Bits				0 to 16			16		RW	Num		-		US
03.134	P2 Rotary Lines F				0	to 100000		1	024	4096	RW	Num				US
03.135	P2 Comms Bits					0 to 48			0		RW	Num				US
03.137	P2 Comms Baud	Rate			(0), 200k (1), 3 M (5), 1.5M (6	, ,.	(3), 500k (4), (8) Baud		300k (2) Ba	ud	RW	Txt				US
03.138	P2 Device type), AB (1), FD (Dat (4), SSI (5),		None (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.140	P2 Error Detectio	n Level			00	00 to 1111			00001		RW	Bin				US
03.141	P2 Auto-configura	ation Select			Disabled	(0), Enabled	(1)		Enabled (1)	RW	Txt				US
03.142	P2 Feedback Filte	er		Disab	oled (0), 1 (1),	2 (2), 4 (3), 8	(4), 16 (5) ms		Disabled (0))	RW	Txt				US
03.143	P2 Maximum Ref	erence			0 to	33,000 rpm		150	0 rpm	3000 rpm	RW	Num				US
03.144	P2 Reference Sc	aling			0.0	00 to 4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
03.145	P2 Reference				ł	:100.0 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.146	P2 Reference De	stination			0.00	0 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
03.147	P2 SSI Increment				Off	0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	P2 SSI Binary Mo					0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.149	P2 Additional Pov					0 to 25.0 s			0.0 s		RW	Num				US
	P2 Feedback Loc					0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.151	P2 Linear Feedba					0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.152	P2 Linear Comms					1 to 100.000			0.001		RW RW	Num				US
03.153 03.154	P2 Linear Line Pi		h Inita			1 to 100.000	trop (1)		0.001 Millimetres (0)	RW	Num Txt				US
	P2 Linear Comms P2 Pole Pitch	s And Line Pitc	n Units)) or Microme	.,		Millimetres (RW	Num				US US
	P2 Pole Pitch P2 Feedback Rev	/erse				o 1000.00 mm 0) or On (1)	1		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	P2 Peeuback Rev P2 Normalization				UII	0 to 16			16		RW	Num				US
03.158	P2 Normalized Pc				-21474836	48 to 214748	3647				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.159	P2 Normalized M					48 to 214748					RO	Num	ND		PT	$\left - \right $
03.160	P2 Calculation Ti					to 20 µs			5 µs		RW	Num		-		US
03.161	P2 Recovery Tim					to 100 µs			30 µs		RW	Num				US
03.162	P2 Line Delay Tir					o 5000 ns					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.163	P2 Low Speed Up		ive			0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	\square
03.164	P2 Encoder Proto	ocol Detected		N	one (0), Hiper EnDat 2	face (1), EnD 2.2 (3), BiSS (RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.167	P2 User Comms	Enable				0 to 1			0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.168	P2 User Comms	Transmit Regis	ter		0	to 65535			0		RW	Num		NC	PT	<u> </u>
03.169	P2 User Comms	Receive Regist	ter		0	to 65535		l	0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.171	P2 Error Detected	d			Off	0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	

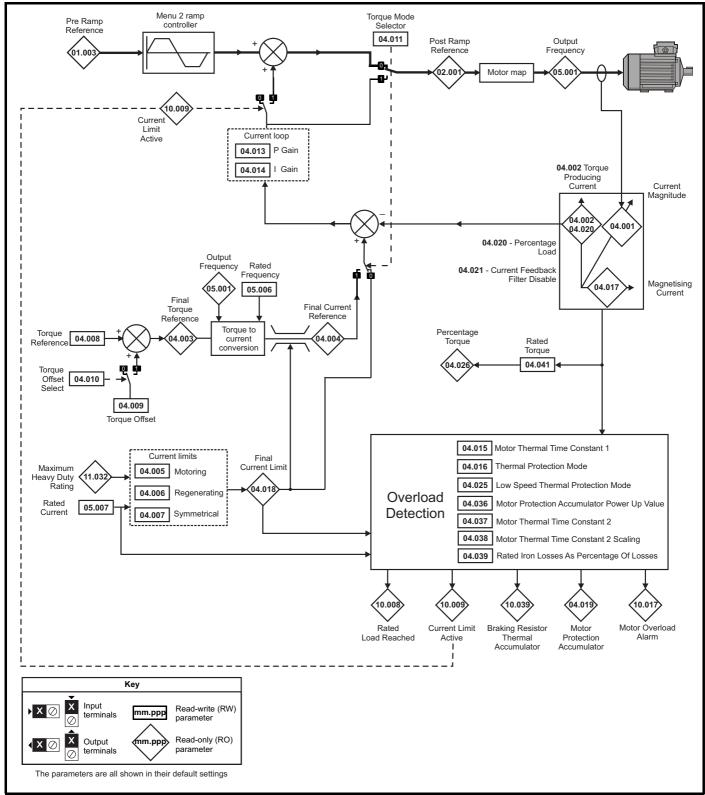
Safety informati	Product on information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation		Advance parameter		agnosti		UL listi nforma	
	Borr	meter		I	1	Range			Default		I		Turn	•		
	Fdid	ameter		0	L	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-	S		Тур	e		
03.172	P2 Status), AB (1), FD ((6), EnDat Alt		Dat (4), SSI (5),), BiSS Alt (9)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.173	P2 Absolute Turn	s Recovery Er	nable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.174	P1 Additional Co	nfiguration			0 to	511116116			0		RW					

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostico	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

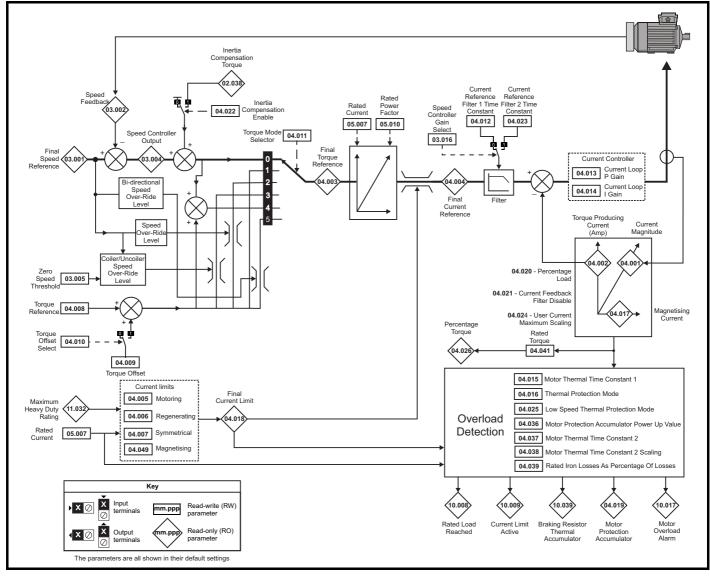
12.5 Menu 4: Torque and current control

Figure 12-10 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram



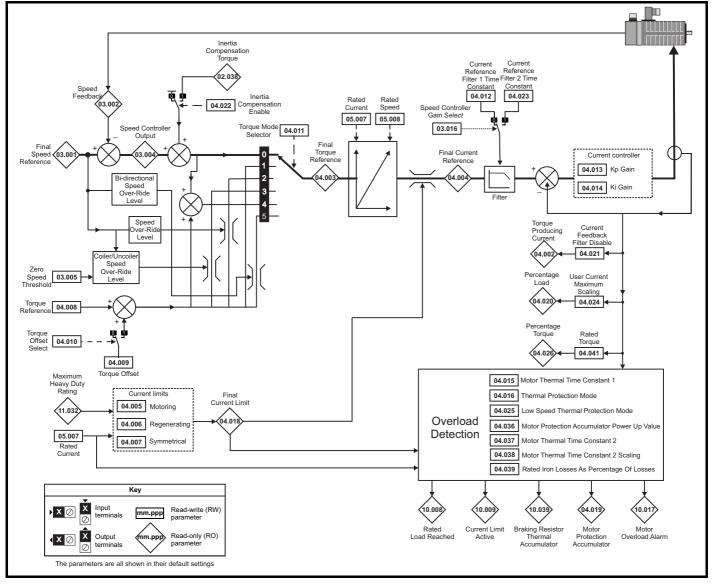
	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters		UL listing information
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Figure 12-11 Menu 4 RFC-A logic diagram



Cofoty	Draduat	Mechanical	Flootrical	Cotting	Decio	Dupping		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advensed		III listing
Safety	Product	Wechanica	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card		Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information





Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					1					-			

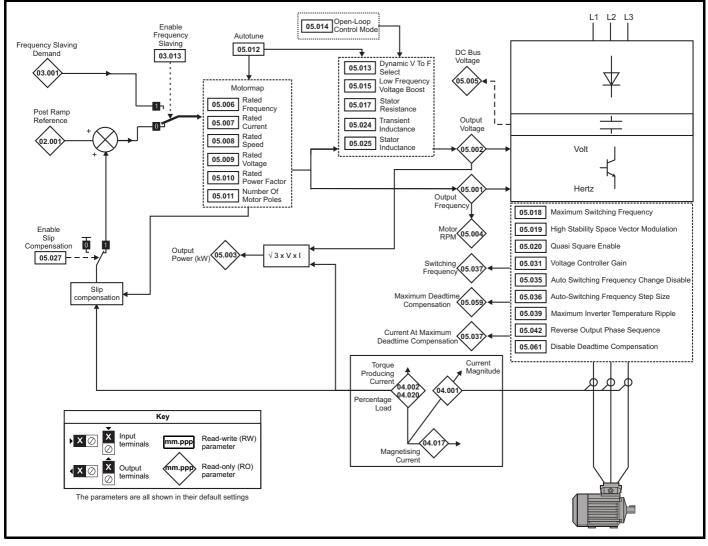
		Range	(\$)		Default(⇔)		I		_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
04.001	Current Magnitude	0.000 to VM_DRIVE_CUP	RENT_UNIPOLAR A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current / Iq	VM_DRIVE_CI	JRRENT A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	VM_TORQUE_C	URRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference	VM_TORQUE_C	URRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	250	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	250	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	250	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.008	Torque Reference	VM_USER_CURREN	T_HIGH_RES %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
04.009	Torque Offset	VM_USER_CU	RRENT %		0.0 %		RW	Num				US
04.010	Torque Offset Select	Off (0) or (On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.011	Torque Mode Selector	0 to 1	0 to 5		0		RW	Num				US
04.012	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant		0.0 to 25.0 ms		0.0	ms	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0 to 300	000	20	1	50	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0 to 300	000	40	20	00	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1.0 to 300	0.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	Motor Trip (0), Motor Drive Current Motor and Drive Current I	Limit (2),		Motor Trip (0)		RW	Bin				US
04.017	Magnetising Current / Id	VM_DRIVE_CU	JRRENT A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	VM_TORQUE_C	URRENT %	-			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to 100	0.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	VM_USER_CL	RRENT %	-			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.021	Current Feedback Filter Disable	Off (0) or (On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.022	Inertia Compensation Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
04.023	Current Reference Filter 2 Time Constant		0.0 to 25.0 ms		0.0	ms	RW	Num				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	0.0 to VM_TORQUE_CUF	RENT_UNIPOLAR %	165.0 %	300	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode	0 to -	I		0		RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	VM_USER_CU	RRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.030	Current Controller Mode		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
04.031	Notch Filter Centre Frequency		50 to 1000 Hz		100) Hz	RW	Num				US
04.032	Notch Filter Bandwidth		0 to 500 Hz		0	Hz	RW	Num				US
04.033	Inertia Times 1000		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-up Value	Power down (0), Zero	(1), Real time (2)	I	Power down (0)	RW	Txt				US
04.037	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2	1.0 to 300	0.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.038	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling	0 to 100) %		0 %		RW	Num				US
04.039	Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses	0 to 100		0 %		RW	Num				US	
04.041	Rated Torque	0.00 to 5000		0.00 N m		RW	Num				US	
04.042	Torque Estimation Minimum Frequency	0 to 100		5 %		RW	Num				US	
04.043	Torque Correction Time Constant		0.00 to 10.00 s		0.0	10 s	RW	Num				US
04.044	Torque Correction Maximum		0 to 100 %		20	%	RW	Num				US
04.045	No-load Core Loss	0.000 to 9999	9.999 kW		0.000 kW		RW	Num				US
04.046	Rated Core Loss	0.000 to 9999	9.999 kW		0.000 kW		RW	Num				US
04.049	Magnetising Current Limit		0.0 to 100.0 %		100	.0 %	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.6 Menu 5: Motor control

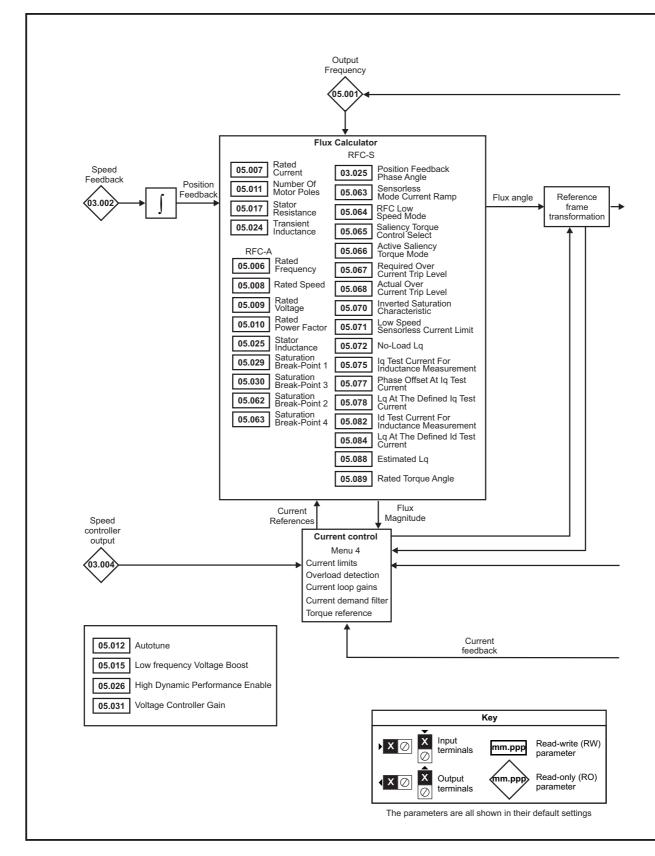
Figure 12-13 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram



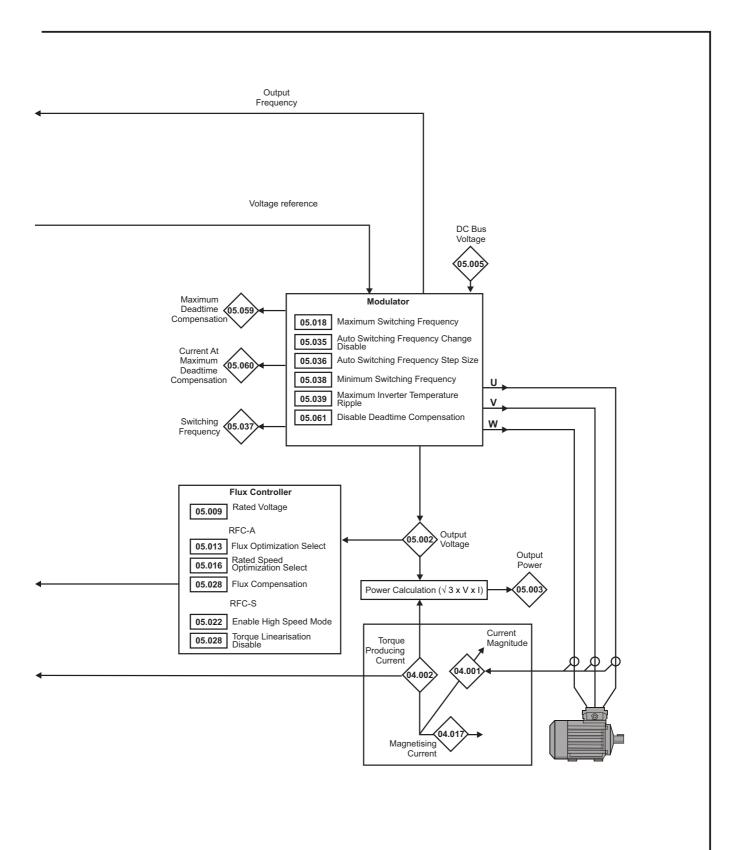
Cafatu	Decalvet	Mashaniaal	Electrical	Catting	Pacia	Dummina		Data	CD Card	Orthograd	Adversed		LH. Bathan
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Unboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	- 3	information

Figure 12-14 Menu 5 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram



Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization	Drive SD Card Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basi parame		Optimization c	Drive communication	SD Card Operation		dvane arame		Diagnos	stics	UL lis	
						Range(\$)			Default(⇔)			_			
	Para	neter		OL		RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
05.001	Output Frequence	cy		VM_SPE FREQ I		±2000).0 Hz				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.002	Output Voltage			INEQ_I		VM_AC_VOLTAGE	ΞV				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.003	Output Power			-		VM_POWER kW					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.004	Motor Rpm			±180000	rpm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.005	D.c. Bus Voltage	•			0 to '	VM_DC_VOLTAGE	V				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.006	Rated Frequency	y			0.0 to 55	0.0 Hz			:: 50.0 :: 60.0		RW	Num				US
05.007	Rated Current			(0.000 to \	M_RATED_CUR	RENT A		Heavy Duty Ra	ating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
05.008	Rated Speed			0 to 3300	0 rpm	0.00 to 330	000.00 rpm	50Hz: 1500 rpm 60Hz: 1800 rpm	50Hz: 1450.00 rpm 60Hz: 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
05.009	Rated Voltage				0 to VI	M_AC_VOLTAGE_	SET	50 H 60 H 5	200 V drive: 23 z - 400 V drive z - 400 V drive 75 V drive: 57 90 V drive: 69	e: 400 V e: 460 V 5 V	RW	Num		RA		US
05.010	Rated Power Fa	ctor			0.000 to	1.000		0.8	350		RW	Num		RA		US
05.011	Number Of Moto	or Poles				tic (0) to 480 Poles	· · /	Autom	atic (0)	6 Poles (3)	RW	Num				US
05.012	Autotune		alaat	0 to 2		0 to 4	0 to 5	0# (0)	0		RW RW	Num Bit		NC		US US
	Open loop: Dyn RFC-A: Flux Op			Off (0) or	UII (1)	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.013	RFC-S: Mininal I mode						Free x4 (-3), Free x3 (-2), Free x2 (-1), Free (0), Constrained (1)			ee (0)	RW	Txt				US
05.014	Open loop: Ope	en-loop Control	l Mode	Ur S (0), I Fixed (Ur Auto Ur I (4 Square	2), (3), 4),			Ur I (4)			RW	Txt				US
00.014	Open loop: Open-loop Control Mode RFC-S: Phasing Test On Enable						Disabled (0), Short, (1), Short Once (2), Long (3), Long Once (4)			Disabled (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Low Frequency	Voltage Boost			0.0 to 2	5.0 %		1	%		RW	Num				US
05.015	Minimal Moveme	ent Phasing Te	st Current				$\begin{array}{c} 1 \ \% \ (0), \ 2 \ \% \ (1), \\ 3 \ \% \ (2), \ 6 \ \% \ (3), \\ 12 \ \% \ (4), \\ 25 \ \% \ (5), \\ 50 \ \% \ (6), \\ 100 \ \% \ (7) \end{array}$			1 % (0)	RW	Txt				US
05.016	Rated Speed Op	timization Sele	ect			Disabled (0), Classic Slow (1), Classic Fast (2), Combined (3), VARs Only (4), Voltage Only (5)			Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
	Minimal Moveme	ent Phasing Te	st Angle				0.00 to 25.00°			0.00°	RW	Num				US
05.017	Stator Resistanc	e		0.112.75		000 to 1000.00000			0.000000 Ω		RW	Num		RA		US
05.018	Maximum Switch	ning Frequency	ý	2 kHz (0		(1), 4 kHz (2), 6 kH kHz (5), 16 kHz (6			8 kHz (4)		RW	Txt		RA		US
05.019	High Stability Sp			Off (0) or	On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
03.019	Rated Speed Op Frequency	timization Mini	imum			0 to 100 %			10 %	-180°	RW	Num				US
05.020	Quasi-square Er			Off (0) or	On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
	Rated Speed Op		imum Load			0 to 100 %	00.0/		50 %		RW	Num				US
05.021	Mechanical Load					0 to 1	00 % Limit (-2), Limit (Servo) (-1), Disable (0), Enable (Servo) (1), Enable (2)) % Disable (0)	RW RW	Num Txt				US US
	Transient Induct	ance		0.0	000 to 50	0.000 mH		0.00	0 mH		RW	Num		RA		US
05.024	Ld						0.000 to 500.000			0.000 mH	RW	Num	-	RA		US
05.025	Stator Inductanc	e		0	00 to 500	10.00 mH	mH	0.0) mH		RW	Num		RA		US
05.026	High Dynamic P		able			Off (0) o	r On (1)	0.00		ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
05 007	Enable Slip Corr	pensation		Off (0) or	On (1)			On (1)			RW	Bit				US
05.027	Flux Control Gai	n				0.1 to 10.0			1.0	1.0	RW	Num				US

Safety information information installation installation started parameters the motor optimization between the motor optimization and the motor optimization opti	Diagnostics UL listing	Diad	PLC param	SD Card		Optimization							Safety
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mornatio	on information installation installation	started pa	arameters	the motor	Optimization	communicatior	Operation	PLC pa	arame	ters	lagno		inform	nation
ſ	Domonoton		R	ange(\$)			Default(⇔)	I		τ			
	Parameter	OL		RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	be		
05 000	Flux Compensation			0 to 2			0		RW	Num				US
05.028	Torque Linearization Disable				Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)	RW	Bit				US
05.029	Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.	0 to 100.0 %	-		50.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.030	Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.	0 to 100.0 %			75.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.031	Voltage Controller Gain			1 to 30			1		RW	Num				US
			0.	00 to 500.00 Nm/A					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.032	Torque Per Amp				0.00 to			1.60 Nm/A	RW	Num				US
					500.00 Nm/A									
05.033	Volts Per 1000 rpm				0 to 10,000 V			98	RW	Num				US
05.034	Percentage Flux			0 to 150.0 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.035	Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable	Enabled ((0), Disabi	led (1), No Rip	ple Detect (2)		Enabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
05.036	Auto-switching Frequency Step Size	2 64-	(0) 2 kU-	1 to 2	6 kH= (2)		2		RW	Num				US
05.037	Switching Frequency			2 kHz (5), 16 k					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
05.038	Minimum Switching Frequency	0 to VM_N	MIN_SWI	TCHING_FRE	QUENCY kHz		4 (2) kHz		RW	Txt				US
05.039	Maximum Inverter Temperature Ripple		2	0 to 60 °C			60 °C		RW	Num				US
05.040	Spin Start Boost	C	0.0 to 10.0)			1.0		RW	Num				US
05.041	Voltage Headroom			0 to :	20 %		(0 %	RW	Num				US
05.042	Reverse Output Phase Sequence			(0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.044	Stator Temperature Source	User (0), P), P1 Slot 1 (2) 3 (4), P1 Slot 4), P1 Slot 2 (3), (5)		User (0)		RW	Txt				US
05.045	User Stator Temperature			0 to 300 °C	(-)		0 °C		RW	Num				
05.046	Stator Temperature			0 to 300 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
05.047	Stator Temperature Coefficient		0 0000) to 0.10000 °C	-1 -1		0.00390 °C-	1	RW	Num				US
05.048	Stator Base Temperature			0 to 300 °C			0 °C		RW	Num				US
05.049	Enable Stator Compensation			(0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.050	Temperature Compensated Stator			to 1000.00000	0.0		()		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.030	Resistance								KO	Num	ND	NC	FI	
05.051	Rotor Temperature Source	User (0), P), PT Slot T (2) 8 (4), P1 Slot 4), P1 Slot 2 (3), (5)		User (0)		RW	Txt				US
05.052	User Rotor Temperature		-5	0 to 300 °C			0 °C		RW	Num				US
05.053	Rotor Temperature		-5	0 to 300 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.054	Rotor Temperature Coefficient		0.00000) to 0.10000 °C	; -1	0.003	390°C ⁻¹	0.00100 °C ⁻¹	RW	Num				US
05.055	Rotor Base Temperature		-5	0 to 300 °C			0 °C		RW	Num				US
05.056	Enable Rotor Compensation		Off	(0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	Temperature compensated rated speed	0.00 to		0.00 to					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.057	Rotor Temperature Compensation	18000.00 rp	111 50	0000.00 rpm	0.000 to 2.000				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
05.059	Maximum Deadtime Compensation		0.00) to 10.000 µs	0.000 10 2.000				RO	Num		NC	PT	US
	Current At Maximum Deadtime												PT	
05.060	Compensation			to 100.00 %					RO	Num		NC	PI	US
05.061	Disable Deadtime Compensation			(0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.062	Saturation Breakpoint 2			0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.063	Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.	0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %		RW	Num				US
	Sensorless Mode Current Ramp				0.00 to 1.00 s			0.20 s	RW	Num				US
05.064	RFC Low Speed Mode				Injection (0), Non-salient (1), Current (2), Current No Test (3)			Current (2)	RW	Txt				US
05.065	Saliency Torque Control Select				Disabled (0), Low (1), High (2), Auto (3)			Disabled (0)	RW	Txt				US
05.066	Active Saliency Torque Mode				Disabled (0), Low (1), High (2)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
05.067	Required Over-current Trip Level				0 to 100 %			0 %	RW	Num		110	D -	US
05.068	Actual Over-current Trip Level				0 to 500 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.070	Inverted Saturation Characteristic				Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)	RW	Bit		_		US
05.071	Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current Limit				0.0 to 1000.0 %			100.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
05.072 05.075	No-load Lq Iq Test Current For Inductance				0.000 to 500.000 mH 0 to 200 %			0.000 mH	RW RW	Num Num		RA		US US
	Measurement													
05.077	Phase Offset At Iq Test Current				±90.0°			0.0°	RW	Num		RA		US

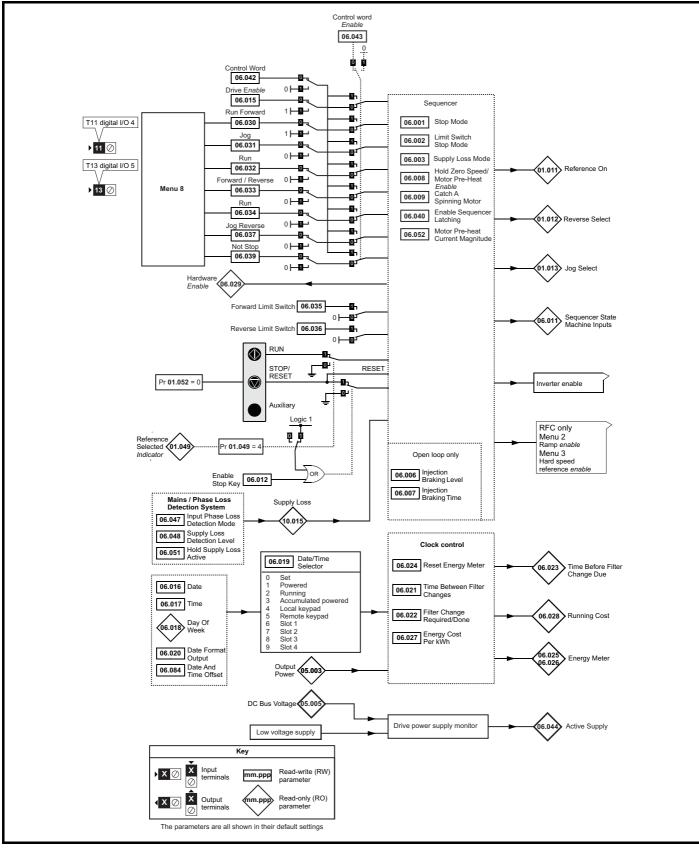
Safety information	Product on information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation		Advano parame		Diagnos	tics	UL lis	
	Para	neter			Ra	nge(\$)			Default(⇔)			Tur	•		
	Fala	neter		OL		RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
05.078	Lq At The Define	ed Iq Test Curre	ent		,		0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.082	Id Test Current fe	or Inductance I	Aeasurement				-100 to 0 %			-100 %	RW	Num				US
05.084	Lq At The Define	ed Id Test Curre	ent				0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.085	Lq Incremental I Current	nductance At D	efined Id				0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.087	User Defined Ra	ited Torque An	gle				0 to 90°			0°	RW	Num				US
05.088	Estimated Lq						0.000 to 500.00 mH)			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.089	Rated Torque Ar	ngle					0 to 90°				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

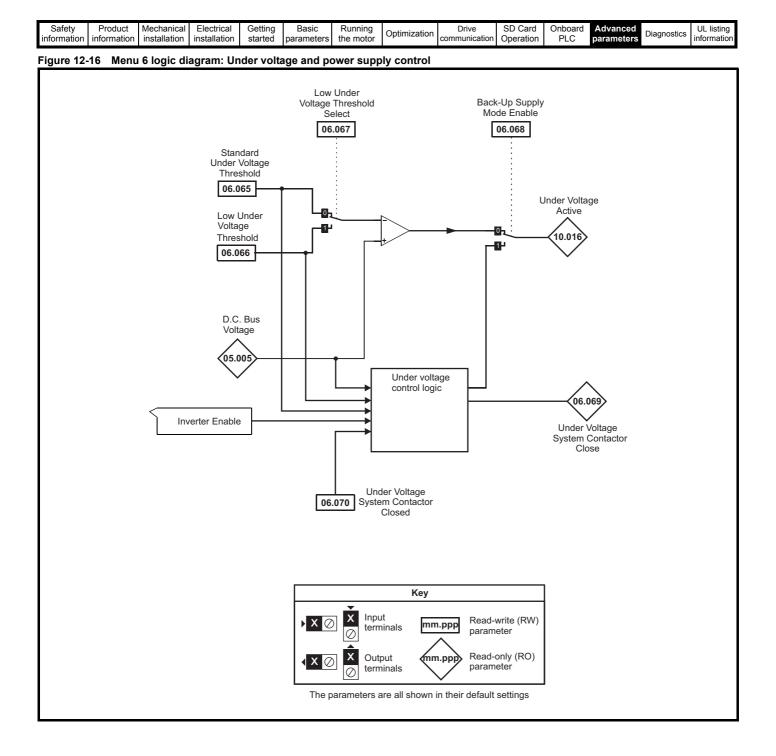
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.7 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

Figure 12-15 Menu 6 logic diagram





Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Drive SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics UL listing information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Drive SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics UL listing information														
	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
information information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization communication Operation PLC parameters information	ounory		moonamoan	2.000.100.1	ootting	200.0	a	Ontimization	5	00 00.0			Diagnostics	or nothing
information installation installation started parameters the motor communication operation recommunication	information	information	installation	installation	etarted	narametere	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PIC	naramotore	Diagnostics	information
	iniomation	information	installation	installation	Starteu	parameters			communication	Operation	I LO	parameters		information

		Range(\$)		Default(⇔)		I					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
		Coast (0), Ramp (1), Ramp d	Coast (0), Ramp (1),			No Ramp						
06.001	Stop Mode	c I (2), dc I (3), Timed dc I (4), Disable (5)	No Ramp (2)	Ramp (1)	Ramp (1)	(2)	RW	Txt				US
06.002	Limit Switch Stop Mode		Stop (0) or Ramp (1)		Stop	o (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.003	Supply Loss Mode	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2)	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2), Limit Stop (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.006	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to 150.0 %		100.0 %			RW	Num		RA		US
06.007	Injection Braking Time	0.0 to 100.0 s		1.0 s			RW	Num				US
06.008	Hold Zero Speed	Off (0) or O	n (1)	Off	(0)	On (1)	RW	Bit				US
06.009	Catch A Spinning Motor	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd	Only (2), Rev Only (3)	Disable (0)	Enab	le (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.010	Enable Conditions	000000000000000 to 1	1111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.011	Sequencer State Machine Inputs	000000 to 1	11111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.012	Enable Stop Key	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.013	Enable Auxiliary Key	Disabled (0), Forward / Rever			Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.015	Drive Enable	Off (0) or O	<i>、</i> ,		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
06.016	Date	00-00-00 to 3			00-00-00		RW	Date	ND	NC	PT	
06.017	Time	00:00:00 to 23	3:59:59				RW	Time	ND	NC	PT	
06.018	Day Of Week	Sunday (0), Monday (1), Tueso Thursday (4), Friday (5					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
06.019	Date/Time Selector	Set (0), Powered (1), Running Local Keypad (4), Ren			Powered (1)		RW	Txt				US
06.020	Date Format	Std (0) or U	.,		Std (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.021	Time Between Filter Changes	0 to 30000 H	Hours		0 Hours		RW	Num				US
06.022	Filter Change Required / Change Done	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC		
06.023	Time Before Filter Change Due	0 to 30000 H					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.024	Reset Energy Meter	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.025	Energy Meter: MWh	-999.9 to 999.					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.026	Energy Meter: kWh	±99.99 k\			0.0		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.027	Energy Cost Per kWh	0.0 to 600			0.0		RW	Num	ND	NO	PT	US
06.028 06.029	Running Cost Hardware Enable	±32000 Off (0) or O					RO RO	Num Bit	ND	NC NC	PT	
06.030	Run Forward	Off (0) of O Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC	FI	
06.031	Jog	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.032	Run Reverse	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.033	Forward/Reverse	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.034	Run	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.035	Forward Limit Switch	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.036	Reverse Limit Switch	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.037	Jog Reverse	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.039	Not Stop	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.040	Enable Sequencer Latching	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.041	Drive Event Flags	00 to 1 ⁴	1		01		RW	Bin		NC		
06.042	Control Word	000000000000000000000000000000 to 2	11111111111111	00	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin		NC		
06.043	Control Word Enable	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.044	Active Supply	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.045	Cooling Fan control	0 to 11			-10		RW	Num				US
06.047	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode	Full (0), Ripple Only (1), Disabled (2)		Full (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.048	Supply Loss Detection Level	0 to VM_SUPPLY_LC	_		0 V drive: 205 0 V drive: 410		RW	Num		RA		US
06.051	Hold Supply Loss Active	Off (0) or O 0 to 100			Off (0)		RW RW	Bit		NC		US
06.052	Motor Pre-heat Current Magnitude						RW	Num				
06.058 06.059	Output Phase Loss Detection Time Output Phase Loss Detection Enable	0.5 s (0), 1.0 s (1), 2.0			0.5 s (0) Disabled (0)		RW	Txt Txt				US US
06.059	Standby Mode Enable	Disabled (0), Phases Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.060	Standby Mode Enable	0000000 to 1	.,		0000000		RW	Bin				US
06.065	Standard Under Voltage Threshold	0 to VM_STD_UND			0 V drive: 230 0 V drive: 375		RW	Num		RA		US
	Law Under Vieltege Threshold			20	0 V drive: 175		RW	Num		RA		US
06.066	Low Under Voltage Threshold	24 to VM_LOW_UNE			0 V drive: 330	V	1.00	num		101		

Safety information	Product on information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation		Advanc paramet		iagnos	tics	UL lis	
	Derer				R	ange(\$)			Default(⇒)			True			
	Parar	neter	-		OL		RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
06.068	Back Up Supply I	Mode Enable			Off ((0) or On (1)			Off (0)	·	RW	Bit				US
06.069	Under-Voltage Sy	ystem Contacto	or Close		Off ((0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.070	Under-Voltage Sy	ystem Contacto	or Closed		Off ((0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.073	Braking IGBT Lov	wer Threshold			0 to VM_DC	_VOLTAGE_	SET V		200 V drive: 3 400 V drive: 7		RW	Num		RA		US
06.074	Braking IGBT Up	per Threshold			0 to VM_DC	_VOLTAGE_	SET V		200 V drive: 3 400 V drive: 7		RW	Num		RA		US
06.075	Low Voltage Brak	king IGBT Thre	shold		0 to VM_DC	_VOLTAGE_	SET V		0V		RW	Num		RA		US
06.076	Low Voltage Brak	king IGBT Thre	shold Select		Off ((0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.084	Date And Time O	Offset			± 2	4.00 Hours			0.00 Hour	'S	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.8 Menu 7: Analog I/O / Temperature Monitoring

Figure 12-17 Menu 7 logic diagram

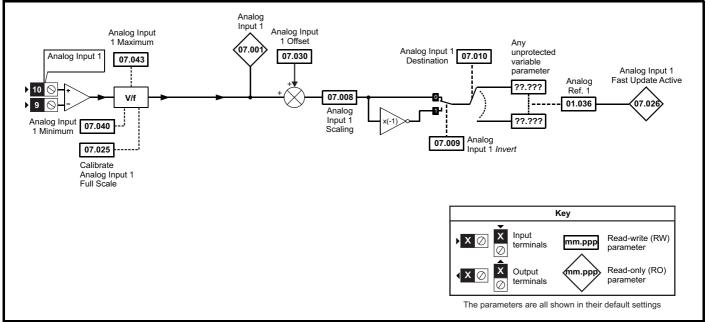
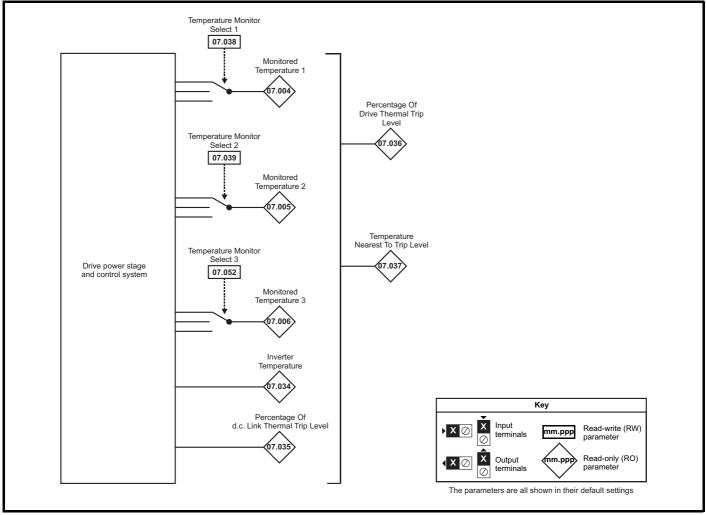


Figure 12-18 Menu 7 thermal monitoring diagram



Salety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization Drive SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics	Safety nformation			Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication		Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	Providence		Range(\$)		Default(⇔))			-			
	Parameter	OL		RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	be		
07.001	Analog Input 1		±100.00 %)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.004	Monitored Temperature 1		±250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.005	Monitored Temperature 2		±250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.006	Monitored Temperature 3		±250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling		0.000 to 10.0	00		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert		Off (0) or On	(1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
07.010	Analog Input 1 Destination		0.000 to 59.9	99		1.036		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.025	Calibrate Analog Input 1 Full Scale		Off (0) or On	(1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
07.026	Analog Input 1 Fast Update Active		Off (0) or On	(1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.030	Analog Input 1 Offset		±100.00 %)		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.033	Power Output		±100.0 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.034	Inverter Temperature		±250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Bus Thermal Trip Level		0 to 100 %)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level		0 to 100 %)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level		0 to 20999)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.038	Temperature Monitor Select 1		0 to 1999			1001		RW	Num				US
07.039	Temperature Monitor Select 2		0 to 1999			1002		RW	Num				US
07.040	Analog Input 1 Minimum		±100.00 %)		-100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.043	Analog Input 1 Maximum		±100.00 %)		100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.051	Analog Input 1 Full Scale		0 to 65535	i				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
07.052	Temperature Monitor Select 3		0 to 1999			1		RW	Num				US

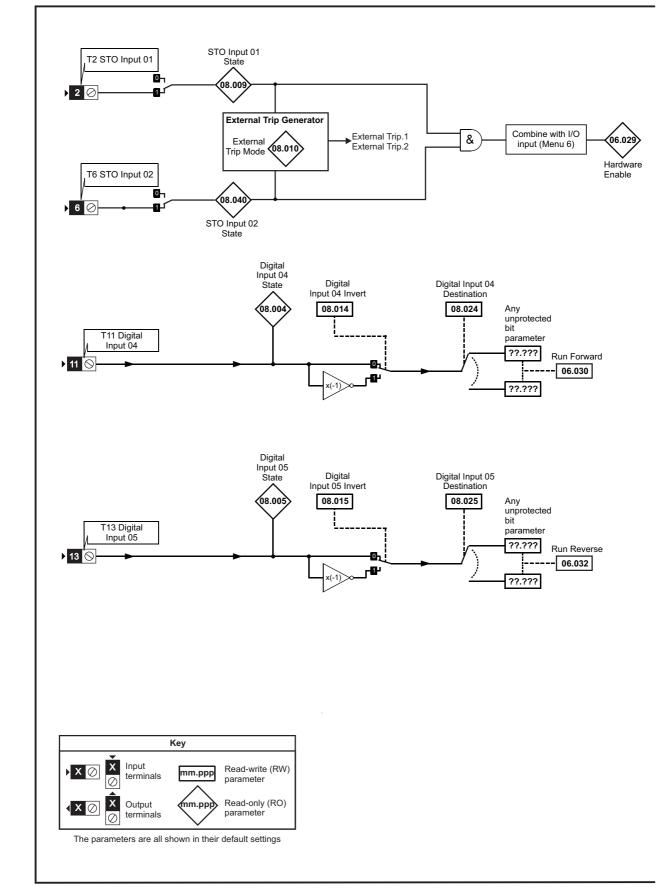
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ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Cafatu	Decalvet	Mashaniaal	Electrical	Catting	Pacia	Dummina		Data	CD Cand	Orthograd	Adversed		LH. Bathan
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Unboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

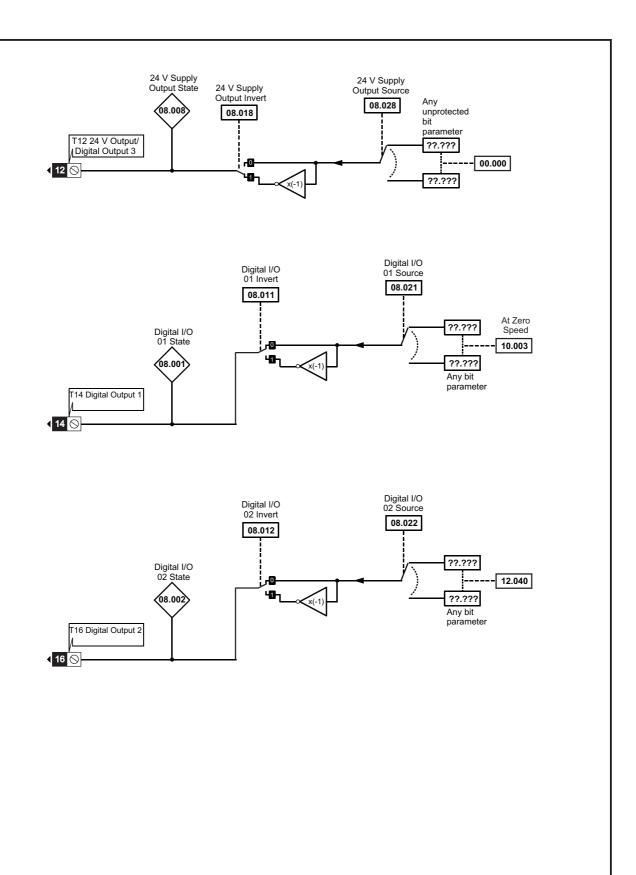
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
information		installation	installation	U U	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation		parameters	Diagnostics	information

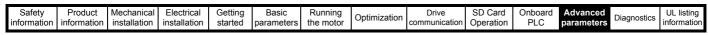
12.9 Menu 8: Digital I/O

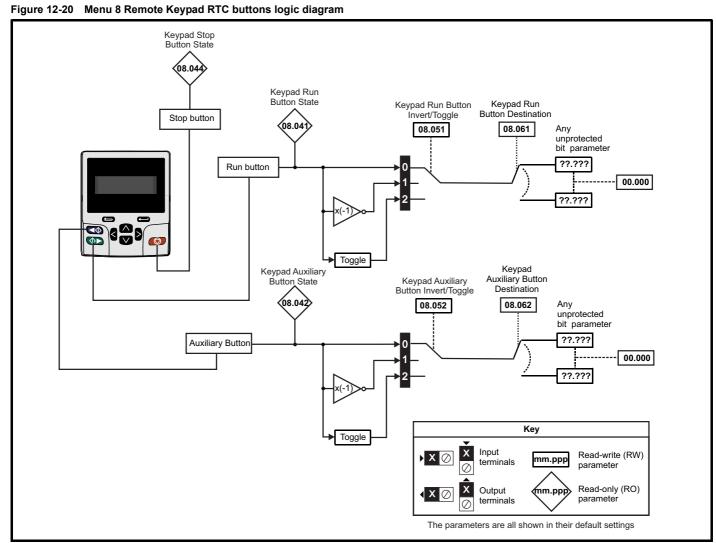
Figure 12-19 Menu 8 Digital input and outputs logic diagram



Safety information	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	5	information







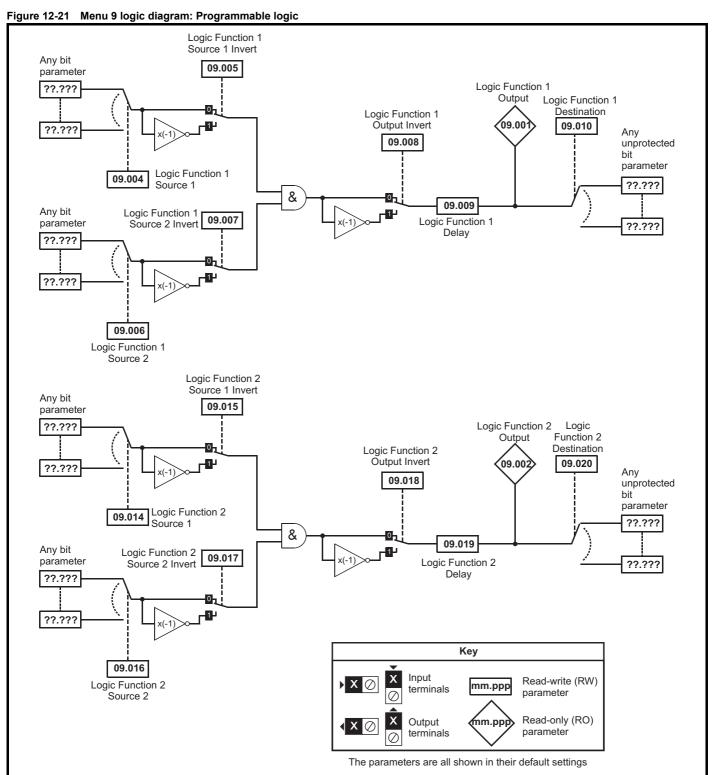
Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization Drive communication SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagram	agnostics UL listin	
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	Parameter	R	ange(\$)		Туро										
	Parameter	OL	OL	OL RFC-A RFC-S				Туре							
08.001	Digital I/O 01 State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.002	Digital I/O 02 State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.004	Digital Input 04 State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.005	Digital Input 05 State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.008	24V Supply Output State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.009	STO Input 01 State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.010	External Trip Mode	Disable (0), STO 1 (1),	STO 2 (2), STO 1 OR STO 2 (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US			
08.011	Digital I/O 01 Invert	Not Inve	rt (0) or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US			
08.012	Digital I/O 02 Invert	Not Inve	rt (0) or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US			
08.014	Digital Input 04 Invert	Not Inve	rt (0) or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US			
08.015	Digital Input 05 Invert	Not Inve	rt (0) or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US			
08.018	24V Supply Output Invert	Not Inve	rt (0) or Invert (1)		RW	Txt				US					
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word		0 to 511					Num	ND	NC	PT				
08.021	Digital I/O 01 Source/Destination	0.00	00 to 59.999	10.003				Num	DE		PT	US			
08.022	Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination	0.00	00 to 59.999		RW	Num	DE		PT	US					
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination	0.00	00 to 59.999		RW	Num	DE		PT	US					
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination	0.00	00 to 59.999	6.032				Num	DE		PT	US			
08.028	24V Supply Output Source	0.00	00 to 59.999		RW	Num			PT	US					
08.040	STO Input 02 State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	Off	(0) or On (1)					Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.042	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.044	Keypad Stop Button State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.046	Drive Reset Button State	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0),	Invert (1) or Toggle (2)	Not Invert (0)			RW	Txt				US			
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0),	Invert (1) or Toggle (2)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US			
08.061	Keypad Run Button Destination	0.00	00 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US			
08.062	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination	0.00	00 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US			
08.071	DI/O Output Enable Register 1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000 to 111111111111111	(000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin			PT	US			
08.072	DI/O Input Register 1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000 to 111111111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT				
08.073	DI/O Output Register 1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000 to 111111111111111	(000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin			PT				

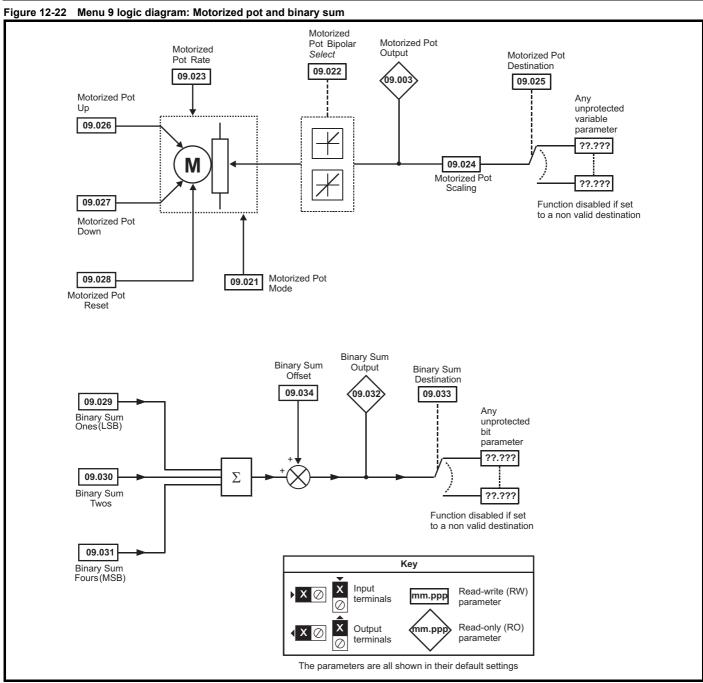
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

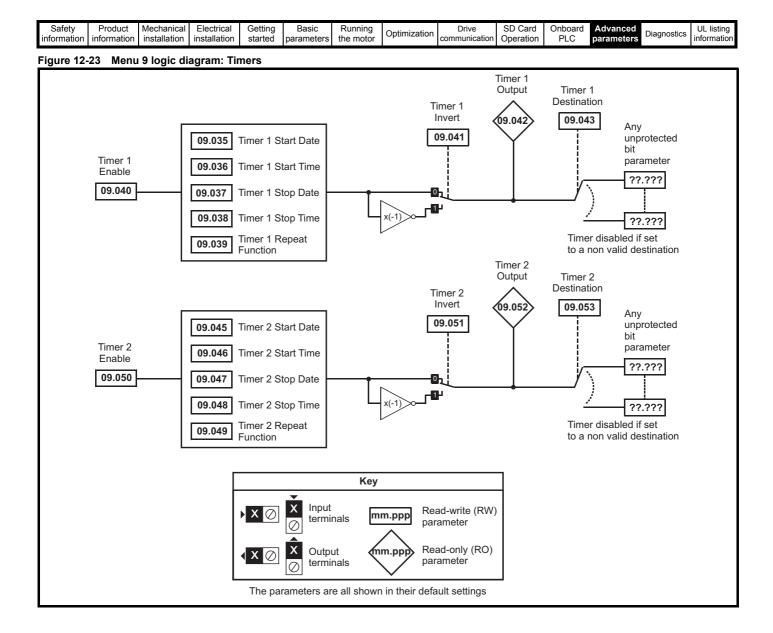
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostico	UL listing
information	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

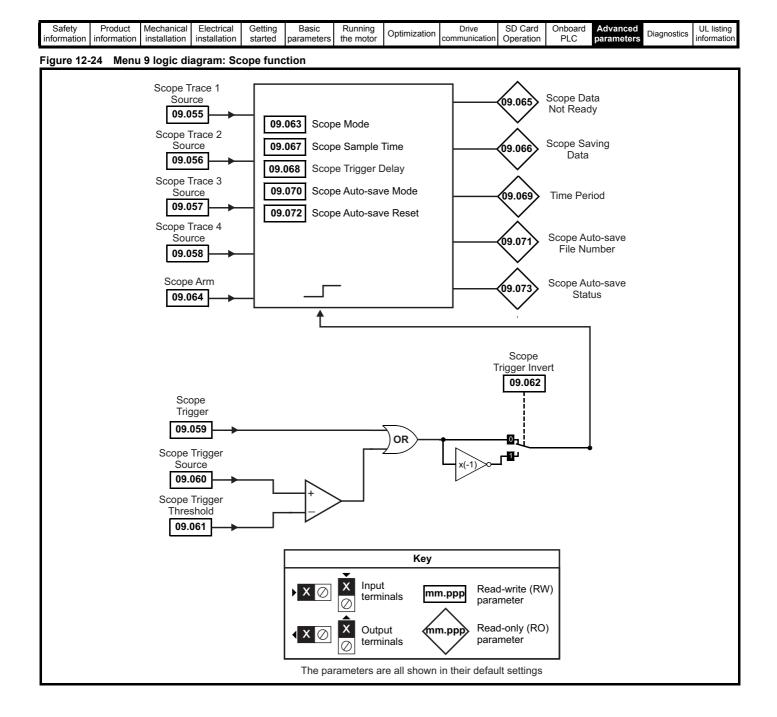
12.10 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers











ľ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	mormation	Information	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters			communication	Operation	FLC	parameters		inionnation

	- .	Range(\$)	Default(⇔)	Туре							
	Parameter	OL RFC-A/S	OL RFC-A RFC-S	туре							
09.001	Logic Function 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
09.003	Motorized Pot Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS		
09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num	DE		DT	US		
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
09.014 09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999 Off (0) or On (1)	0.000	RW RW	Num Bit			PT	US US		
09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert Logic Function 2 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	Off (0) 0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
09.018	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	O.000 Off (0)	RW	Bit			FI	US		
09.017	Logic Function 2 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.018	Logic Function 2 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US		
09.019	Logic Function 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
09.020	Motorized Pot Mode	0 to 4	0.000	RW	Num	JE		11	US		
09.021	Motorized Pot Mode	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.022	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select	0 to 250 s	20 s	RW	Num				US		
09.023	Motorized Pot Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US		
09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling Motorized Pot Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
09.026	Motorized Pot Up	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit	52	NC	• •			
09.027	Motorized Pot Down	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		<u> </u>		
09.028	Motorized Pot Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		<u> </u>		
09.029	Binary Sum Ones	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC				
09.030	Binary Sum Twos	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC				
09.031	Binary Sum Fours	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC				
09.032	Binary Sum Output	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
09.033	Binary Sum Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
09.034	Binary Sum Offset	0 to 248	0	RW	Num				US		
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US		
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US		
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US		
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US		
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function	None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6), Minute (7)	None (0)	RW	Txt				US		
09.040	Timer 1 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.041	Timer 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.042	Timer 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
09.043	Timer 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US		
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US		
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US		
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US		
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function	None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6), Minute (7)	None (0)	RW	Txt				US		
09.050	Timer 2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.051	Timer 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.052	Timer 2 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	-		
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
09.055	Scope Trace 1 Source	0.000 to 59.999	5.001 3.002	RW	Num			PT	US		
09.056	Scope Trace 2 Source	0.000 to 59.999	4.002	RW	Num			PT	US		
09.057	Scope Trace 3 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
09.058	Scope Trace 4 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
09.059	Scope Trigger	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit						
09.060	Scope Trigger Source	0.000 to 59.999	10.001	RW	Num			PT	US		
09.061	Scope Trigger Threshold	-2147483648 to 2147483647	0	RW	Num				US		
09.062	Scope Trigger Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
09.063	Scope Mode	Single (0), Normal (1), Auto (2)	Normal (1)	RW	Txt				US		

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Started parameters the motor Optimization Optimization Drive Communication Operation Operation Optimization Drive SD Card Onboard PLC Parameters Diagnost	UL listing information
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	Parameter	Ran	ge(\$)		Default(⇔)			та			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	be		
09.064	Scope Arm	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.065	Scope Data Not Ready	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.066	Scope Saving Data	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.067	Scope Sample Time	1 t	o 200		4		RW	Num				US
09.068	Scope Trigger Delay	0 to	100 %		100 %		RW	Num				US
09.069	Scope Time Period	0.00 to 20	00000.00 ms				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.070	Scope Auto-save Mode	Disabled (0), Ove	erwrite (1), Keep (2)		Disabled (0))	RW	Txt				US
09.071	Scope Auto-save File Number	0	to 99				RO	Num				PS
09.072	Scope Auto-save Reset	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				-
09.073	Scope Auto-save Status	Disabled (0), Active (1), Stopped (2), Failed (3)				RO	Txt				PS

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
information	information	Installation	Installation	started	parameters	the motor	•	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	•	information

12.11 Menu 10: Status and trips

	Deveneter	Ran	ge(\$)		Default(⇔)				Τ			\neg
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
10.001	Drive OK	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Zero Speed	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum Speed	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.005	Below Set Speed	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.006	At Speed	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.007	Above Set Speed	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.008	Rated Load Reached	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.009	Current Limit Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.010	Regenerating	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.011	Braking IGBT Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.016	Under Voltage Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.017	Motor Overload Alarm	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.019	Drive Warning	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.020	Trip 0	0 to	255	-			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.021	Trip 1	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.022	Trip 2	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.023	Trip 3	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.024	Trip 4	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.025	Trip 5	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.026	Trip 6	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.027	Trip 7		255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.028	Trip 8						RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.029	Trip 9	0 to 255 0 to 255					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.030	Braking Resistor Rated Power				0.050 kW		RW	Num				US
10.031	Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant		1500.000 s		2.000 s		RW	Num				US
10.032	External Trip		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.033	Drive Reset		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts		(3), 4 (4), 5 (5), Infinite (6)		None (0)		RW	Txt				US
10.035	Auto-reset Delay		600.0 s		1.0 s		RW	Num				US
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive ok		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.030	Action On Trip Detection		to 11111		00000		RW	Bin				US
10.037	User Trip		255		00000		RW	Num	ND	NC		03
					0		_				PT	
10.039	Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator		100.0 %				RO RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	–
10.040	Status Word		to 11111111111111					Bin	ND	NC	PT	DC
10.041	Trip 0 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC		PS
10.042	Trip 0 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.043	Trip 1 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.044	Trip 1 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.045	Trip 2 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.046	Trip 2 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.047	Trip 3 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.048	Trip 3 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.049	Trip 4 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.050	Trip 4 Time		to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.051	Trip 5 Date		to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.052	Trip 5 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.053	Trip 6 Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.054	Trip 6 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.055	Trip 7 Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.056	Trip 7 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.057	Trip 8 Date	00-00-00 1	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
	1							1	I	1	I	1

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information

		Ran	ge(\$)		Default(⇔)							
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	be		
10.058	Trip 8 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.059	Trip 9 Date	00-00-00 1	o 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.060	Trip 9 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.061	Braking Resistor Resistance	0.00 to 1	0000.00 Ω		70.00 Ω		RW	Num				US
10.063	Local Keypad Battery Low	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.064	Remote Keypad Battery Low	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.065	Auto-tune Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.066	Limit Switch Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.068	Hold Drive Healthy On Under Voltage	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.069	Additional Status Bits	000000000	to 111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Motor	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Loss		or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Status	Supply Loss (5), Deceler Position (8), Trip (9) Hand (12), Auto	op (2), Scan (3), Run (4), ration (6), dc Injection (7), , Active (10), Off (11), o (13), Heat (14), 15), Phasing (16)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.102	Trip Reset Source	0 to	1023				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time Identifier	-2147483648 to	2147483647 ms				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.104	Active Alarm	None (0), Brake Resisto Ind Overload (3), Auto Tune (5), Limit Swit Load (8), Option Slot 1 (9) Slot 3 (11), Op				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT		
10.105	Hand Off Auto State	Not Active (0), Off (1	1), Hand (2), Auto (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.106	Potential Drive Damage Conditions	0000	to 1111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.107	Auto-tune State	Flux (4), Flux Repeat (5),	nce (1), pLs (2), Ls (3), Ld Lq No-load (6), Lq (7), nertia (9)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation		Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					P					-			

12.12 Menu 11: General drive set-up

11.002 Op 11.017 Ke 11.018 Sta 11.019 Sta 11.021 Pa 11.021 Pa 11.022 Pa 11.023 Dri 11.024 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Ma 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.040 NV 11.041 Loa 11.042 Pa 11.044 Us	Parameter ption Synchronisation Active eypad Defined Node Address tatus Mode Parameter 1 tatus Mode Parameter 2 arameter 00.030 Scaling arameter Displayed At Power-up rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode aximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Version	Range(\$) OL RFC-A / S Not Active (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4), Automatic (5) Not Active (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4) 0.000 to 255 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 0.080 0 to 255 00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 9999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4), User Prog (5), Option App (6)	Default(⇔) OL RFC-A RFC-S Slot 3 (3)	RW RO RO RO RW RW RW RW RO RO RO RO RO RO RO	Txt Txt Num Num Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	Typ ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT	US US US US US US
11.002 Op 11.017 Ke 11.018 Sta 11.019 Sta 11.021 Pa 11.021 Pa 11.021 Pa 11.021 Pa 11.023 Dri 11.030 Us 11.031 Ma 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.040 NV 11.041 Loa 11.042 Pa 11.044 Us	ption synchronisation Active eypad Defined Node Address tatus Mode Parameter 1 tatus Mode Parameter 2 arameter 00.030 Scaling arameter Displayed At Power-up rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode taximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Version	Not Active (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4), Automatic (5) Not Active (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4) 0.000 to 255 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 0.080 0 to 255 00.00.00 to 9.99.99.99 0 to 255 00.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 0.080 0 to 255 00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 9999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	Slot 3 (3) 0.000 0.000 1.000 0.010 0 Open-loop (1) RFC-A (2) RFC-S (3)	RO RO RW RW RW RW RO RO RO RO RO RO	Txt Num Num Num Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT	US US US US
11.017 Ke 11.018 Sta 11.019 Sta 11.021 Pa 11.022 Pa 11.023 Dri 11.024 So 11.025 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.031 Loa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	eypad Defined Node Address eypad Defined Node Address tatus Mode Parameter 1 tatus Mode Parameter 2 arameter 00.030 Scaling arameter Displayed At Power-up rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode aximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Version	Not Active (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4) 0.000 to 255 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 0.080 0 to 255 00.000 to 99.99.99.99 0 to 255 00.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 10.000 0 to 255 00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 9999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 999 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0.000 1.000 0.010 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RO RO RW RW RW RW RO RO RO RO RO RO	Txt Num Num Num Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT	US US US
11.018 State 11.019 State 11.021 Pa 11.022 Pa 11.024 Pa 11.025 So 11.026 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	tatus Mode Parameter 1 tatus Mode Parameter 2 arameter 00.030 Scaling arameter Displayed At Power-up rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode aximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0.000 to 255 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 255 00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 9999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0.000 1.000 0.010 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RO RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RO RW RO RO	Num Num Num Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT PT PT PT	US US US
11.018 State 11.019 State 11.021 Pa 11.022 Pa 11.024 Pa 11.025 So 11.026 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	tatus Mode Parameter 1 tatus Mode Parameter 2 arameter 00.030 Scaling arameter Displayed At Power-up rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode aximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 0.080 0 to 255 00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 9999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0.000 1.000 0.010 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RW RW RW RO RO RO RO RW RO RO RO RO	Num Num Num Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT PT PT PT	US US US
11.019 State 11.021 Pa 11.022 Pa 11.023 Dri 11.024 So 11.025 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	tatus Mode Parameter 2 arameter 00.030 Scaling arameter Displayed At Power-up rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode laximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 0.080 0 to 255 00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 9999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0.000 1.000 0.010 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RW RW RO RO RO RW RW RO RO RO	Num Num Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT PT PT PT	US US US
11.021 Pa 11.022 Pa 11.023 Pa 11.024 Pa 11.025 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.044 Loa 11.044 Us	arameter 00.030 Scaling arameter Displayed At Power-up rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode laximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type	0.000 to 10.000 0.000 to 0.080 0 to 255 00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 99999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	1.000 0.010 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RW RW RO RO RO RW RO RW RO RW RO RW RO RW RO RO RO RO RO RO	Num Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT PT PT	US US
11.022 Pa 11.028 Dri 11.029 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.044 Us	arameter Displayed At Power-up rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode laximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type	0.000 to 0.080 0 to 255 00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 99999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0.010 0 Open-loop (1) RFC-A (2) RFC-S (3)	RW RO RO RW RW RW RO RO RO	Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT	US
11.028 Dri 11.029 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	rive Derivative oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode laximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0 to 255 00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 99999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0 Open-loop (1) RFC-A (2) RFC-S (3)	RO RO RW RW RO RO RO	Num Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT	
11.029 So 11.030 Us 11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	oftware Version ser Security Code ser Drive Mode laximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99 0 to 2147483647 Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 99999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	Open-loop (1) RFC-A (2) RFC-S (3)	RO RW RW RO RO RO	Num Num Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND ND	NC NC NC NC	PT PT PT PT	US
11.031 Us 11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.042 Pa 11.042 Loa 11.044 Us	ser Drive Mode aximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 0.000 to 99999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	Open-loop (1) RFC-A (2) RFC-S (3)	RW RO RO RO	Txt Num Txt	ND ND ND	NC NC NC	PT PT	US
11.032 Ma 11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.035 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa	aximum Heavy Duty Rating rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0.000 to 99999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	(1) RFC-A (2) RFC-S (3)	RO RO RO	Num Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.043 Loa 11.043 Loa	rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0.000 to 99999.999 A 200 V (0), 400 V (1) 0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),		RO RO RO	Txt				
11.033 Dri 11.034 So 11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.043 Loa 11.043 Loa	rive Rated Voltage oftware Sub Version V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0 to 99 0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0	RO	-				, I
11.036 NV 11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	V Media Card File Previously Loaded V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0 to 999 0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0		NU		NC	ΡT	
11.037 NV 11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	V Media Card File Number V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	0 to 999 None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.038 NV 11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	V Media Card File Type V Media Card File Version	None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3),	0		Num		NC	PT	
11.039 NV 11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	V Media Card File Version			RW	Num				
11.040 NV 11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.042 Pa 11.043 Loa 11.044 Us		0 to 9999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.043 Loa 11.044 Us	V Media Card File Checksum	2147483648 to 2147483647		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.044 Us	arameter Cloning	None (0), Read (1), Program (2), Auto (3), Boot (4)	None (0)	RW	Txt		NC		US
	pad Defaults	None (0), Standard (1), US (2)	None (0)	RW	Txt		NC		
	ser Security Status	Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), Read-only Menu 0 (2), Read-only (3), Status Only (4), No Access (5)	All menus (1)	RW	Txt	ND		PT	
11.045 Se	elect Motor 2 Parameters	Motor 1 (0) or Motor 2 (1)	Motor 1 (0)	RW	Txt				US
	efaults Previously Loaded	0 to 2000		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
	nboard User Program: Enable	Reset and Run (-1), Stop (0) or Run (1)	Run (1)	RW	Txt				US
	nboard User Program: Status	-2147483648 to 2147483647		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	nboard User Program: Programming Events	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	nboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	nboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used erial Number LS	0.0 to 100.0 % 000000000 to 999999999		RO RO	Num Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	
	erial Number MS	0 to 99999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	rive Date Code	0 to 65535		RO	Num			PT	
	nboard User Program: Clock Task Scheduled Interval	0 to 262140 ms		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.060 Ma	aximum Rated Current	0.000 to 99999.999 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.061 Ful	ull Scale Current Kc	0.000 to 99999.999 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.062 Po	ower Board Software Version Number	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.063 Pro	roduct Type	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.064 Pro	roduct Identifier Characters	M750		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT]
11.065 Dri	rive Rating And Configuration	00000000 to 99999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	ower Stage Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	[]
	ontrol Board Identifier	0.000 to 65.535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	ternal I/O Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	osition Feedback Interface Identifier ore Parameter Database Version	0 to 255 0.00 to 99.99		R0 R0	Num Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	
	V Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1	0	RW	Num		NC	F1	
	V Media Card Type	None (0), SMART Card (1), SD Card (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
	V Media Card Read-only Flag	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	V Media Card Warning Suppression Flag	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	ł
11.077 NV		0 to 9999	0	RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	· •

ĺ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
						1 · · · · · ·					-			

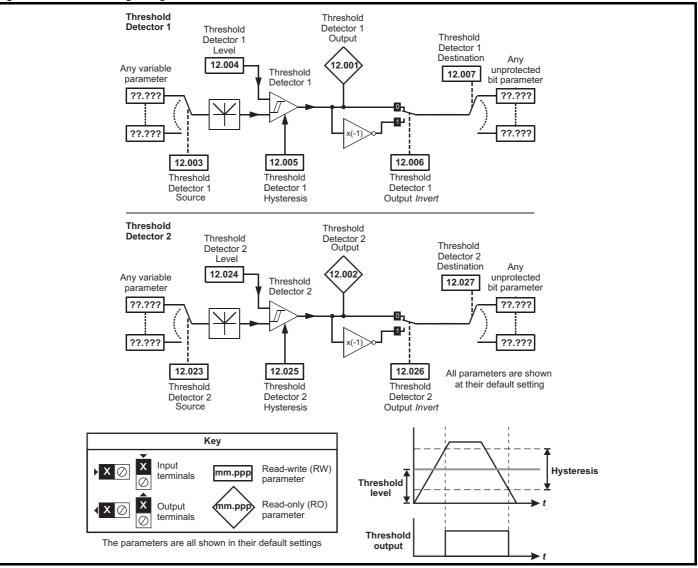
r					D.C. HAN		r					
	Parameter	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔				Тур	e		
		OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			.76	•		
11.079	Drive Name Characters 1-4	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.080	Drive Name Characters 5-8	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.081	Drive Name Characters 9-12	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.082	Drive Name Characters 13-16	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.084	Drive Mode	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2),	RFC-S (3), Regen (4)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
11.085	Security Status	None (0), Read-only (1 No Acces					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.086	Menu Access Status	Menu 0 (0) or Al	I Menus (1)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.090	Keypad Port Serial Address	1 to 1	6		1		RW	Num				US
11.091	Additional Identifier Characters 1	(-2147483648) to -				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT		
11.092	Additional Identifier Characters 2	(-2147483648) to -				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT		
11.093	Additional Identifier Characters 3	(-2147483648) to -		101-		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT		

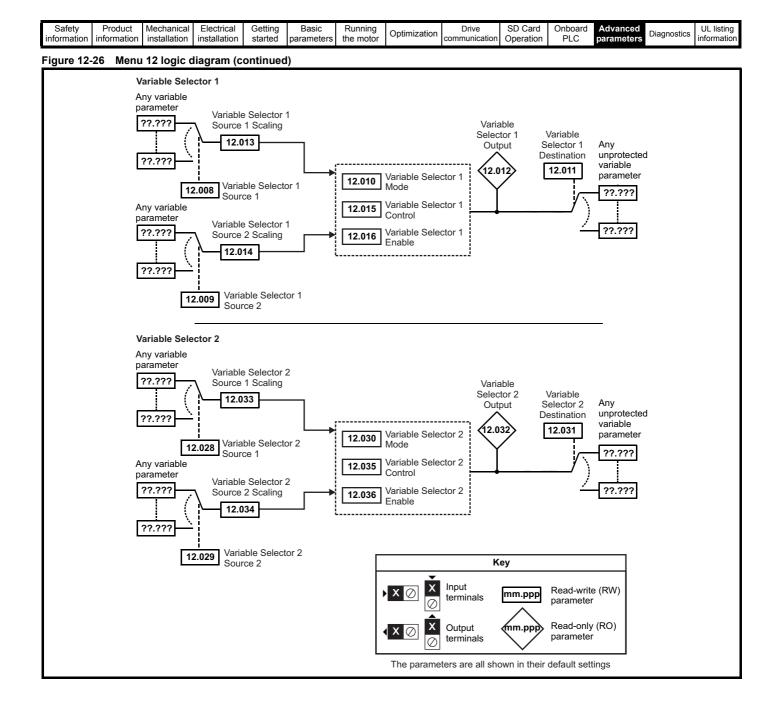
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	0	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	D ¹ <i>U</i>	UL listing
int	formation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
	Ionnation	Information	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	FLC	parameters		monnation

12.13 Menu 12: Threshold detectors, variable selectors and brake control function

Figure 12-25 Menu 12 logic diagram





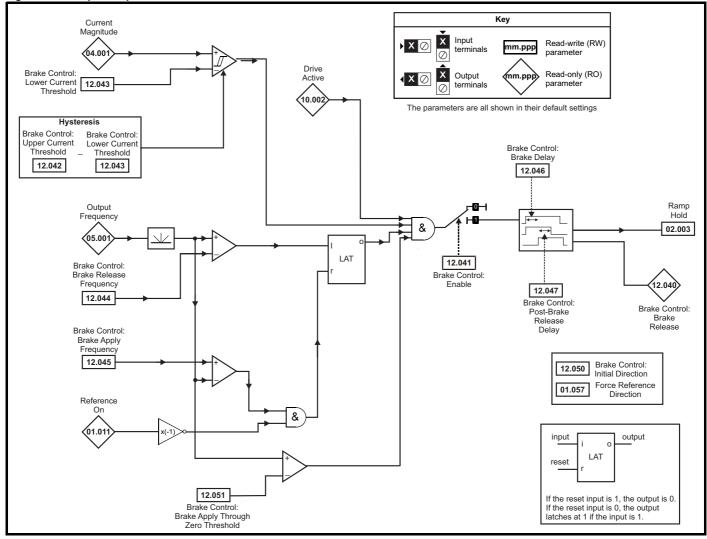
Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimination	mization Drive SD Card Opeoation PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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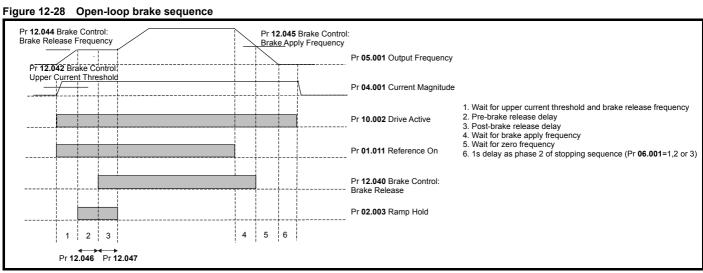
WARNING

Digital Output 2 in default configuration is selected as an output to release a brake. When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered as this may result in the brake being released inadvertently.

Figure 12-27 Open-loop brake function



Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimiza	tation Drive SD Card Onboard Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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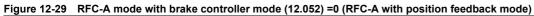


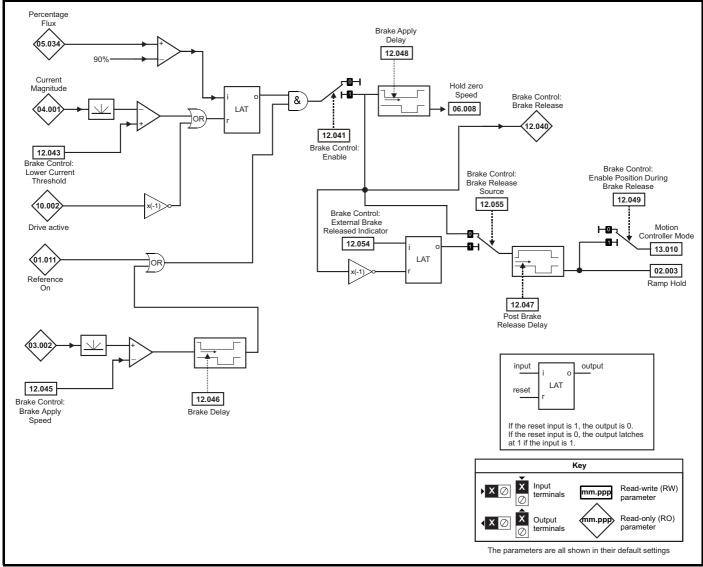
Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimination	mization Drive SD Card Opeoation PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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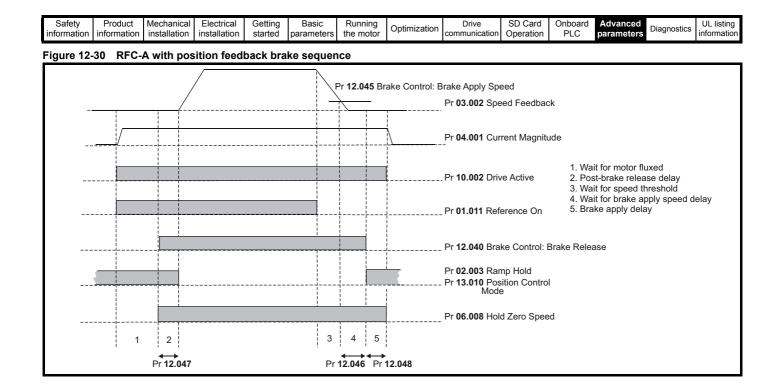


WARNING

Digital Output 2 in default configuration is selected as an output to release a brake. When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered as this may result in the brake being released inadvertently.







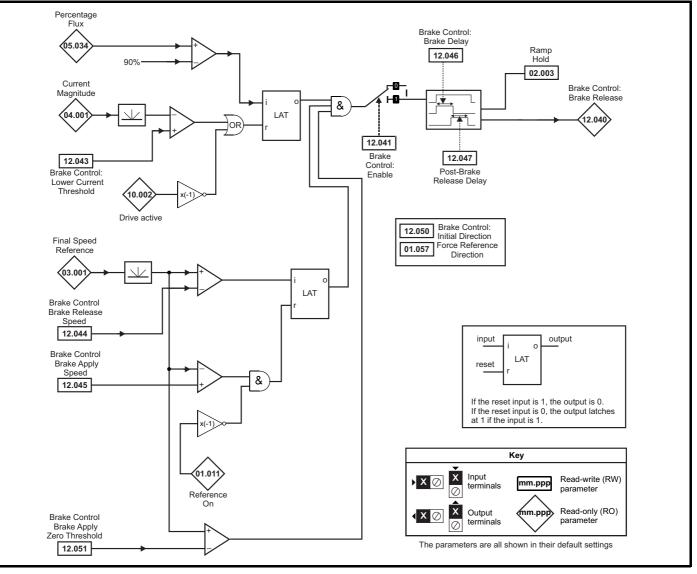
Safety information i	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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WARNING

Digital Output 2 in default configuration is selected as an output to release a brake. When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered as this may result in the brake being released inadvertently.

Figure 12-31 RFC-A mode with brake controller mode (12.052) =1 (RFC-A Sensorless mode)



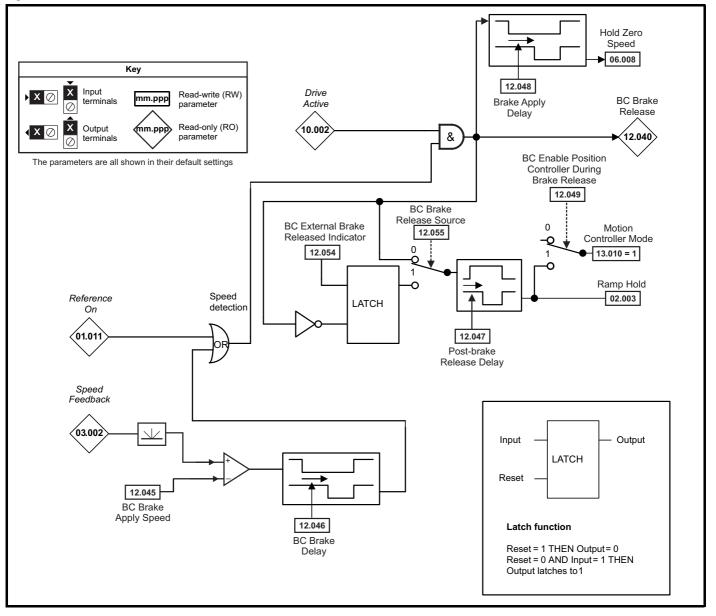
Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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WARNING

Digital Output 2 in default configuration is selected as an output to release a brake. When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered as this may result in the brake being released inadvertently.

Figure 12-32 RFC-S brake function



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listina
ouroup		moonamoan	E.000.100.	ootang	200.0		Optimization	5	00 00.0			Diagnostics	or nothing
information	information	installation	installation	started	narameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PIC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
Information	inionnation	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	FLC	parameters		mormation

			Range(≎)			Default(⇔))	T					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC- S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output		Off (0) or On (1)	-	-			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level		0.00 to 100.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis		0.00 to 25.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2		0.000 to 59.999		0.000			RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode	Divide (5), Tim	2 (1), Add (2), Subtrac e Const (6), Ramp (7 wers (9), Sectional (1), Modulus (8),		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output		±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control		0.00 to 100.00			0.00		RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level		0.00 to 100.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis		0.00 to 25.00 %		0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination		0.000 to 59.999		0.000			RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1		0.000 to 59.999		0.000			RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	Divide (5), Tim	2 (1), Add (2), Subtrac e Const (6), Ramp (7 wers (9), Sectional (1), Modulus (8),		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination		0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US	
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output		±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling		±4.000			RW	Num				US		
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control		0.00 to 100.00			0.00		RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.040	Brake Control: Brake Release		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.041	Brake Control: Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.042	Brake Control: Upper Current Threshold	0 to 200 %			50 %			RW	Num				US
12.043	Brake Control: Lower Current Threshold		0 to 200 %			10 %		RW	Num				US
12.044	Brake Control: Brake Release Frequency	0.0 to 20.0 Hz			1.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
12.044	Brake Control: Brake Release Speed		0 to 200 rpm			10 rpm		RW	Num				US
12.045	Brake Control: Brake Apply Frequency	0.0 to 20.0 Hz			2.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
12.043	Brake Control: Brake Apply Speed		0 to 200) rpm		5	rpm	RW	Num				US
12.046	Brake Control: Brake Delay		0.0 to 25.0 s			1.0 s		RW	Num				US
12.047	Brake Control: Post-brake Release Delay		0.0 to 25.0 s			1.0 s		RW	Num				US
12.048	Brake Control: Brake Apply Delay		0.0 to 2	5.0 s		1.	0 s	RW	Num				US
12.049	Brake Control: Enable Position Control During Brake Release		Off (0) or	On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
12.050	Brake Control: Initial Direction	Ref (0), Forward	d (1), Reverse (2)		R	ef (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.051	Brake Control: Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	0.0 to 20.0 Hz	0 to 200 rpm		1.0 Hz	5 rpm		RW	Num				US
12.052	Brake Control: Mode		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.054	External Brake Released Indicator		Off (0) or	. ,			f (0)	RW	Bit				
12.055	Brake Release Source		Off (0) or	On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US

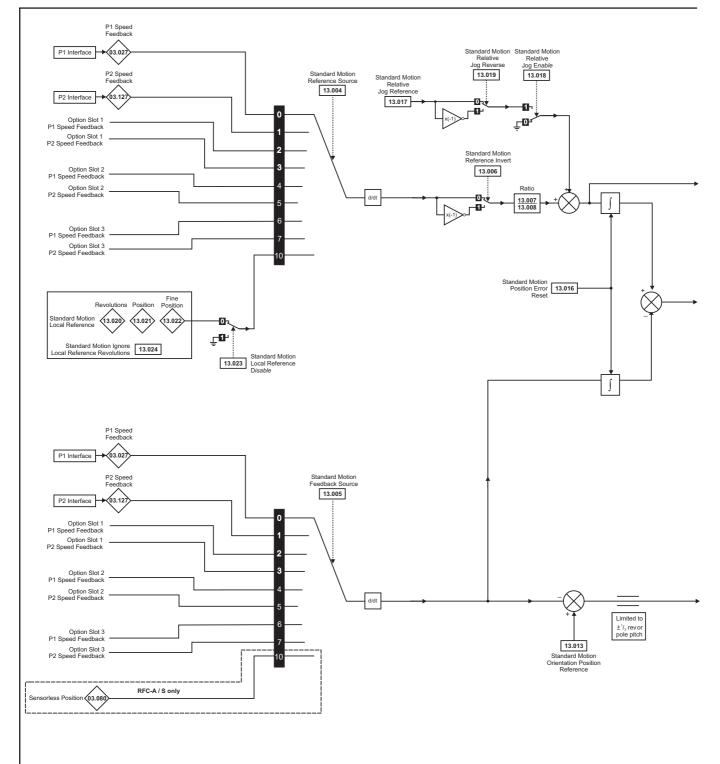
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Cafatu	Decalvet	Mashaniaal	Electrical	Catting	Pacia	Dummina		Data	CD Card	Orchesend	Adversed		LH. Bathan
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Unboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

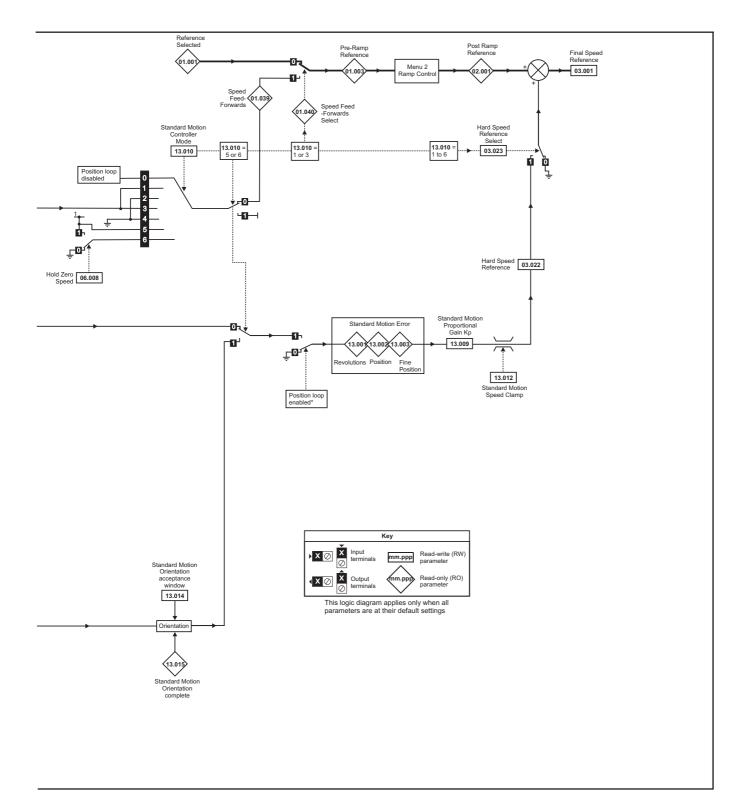
ſ	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.14 Menu 13: Standard motion controller

Figure 12-33 Menu 13 logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication		PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information



*The position controller is disabled and the error integrator is also reset under the following conditions:

- 1. If the drive is disabled (i.e. inhibited, ready or tripped)
- 2. If the position controller mode (Pr 13.010) is changed. The position controller is disabled transiently to reset the error integrator.
- 3. The absolute mode parameter (Pr 13.011) is changed. The position controller is disabled transiently to reset the error integrator.
- 4. One of the position sources is invalid.
- 5. The position feedback initialized parameter (Pr 03.048) is zero.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
									•				

	Parameter	Rai	nge(\$)		Default(⊏	>)			т			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	be		
13.001	Standard Motion Revolutions Error	-32768 te	o 32767 revs				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
13.002	Standard Motion Position Error	-3276	8 to 32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
13.003	Standard Motion Fine Position Error	-3276	8 to 32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
13.004	Standard Motion Reference Source), P1 Slot 1 (2), P2 Slot 1 (3), Slot 2 (5), Local (10)		P1 Drive (0))	RW	Txt				US
13.005	Standard Motion Feedback Source	P1 Drive (0), P2 Drive (1), P1 Slot 1 (2), P2 Slot 1 (3), P1 Slot 2 (4), P2 Slot 2 (5)	P1 Drive (0), P2 Drive (1), P1 Slot 1 (2), P2 Slot 1 (3), P1 Slot 2 (4), P2 Slot 2 (5), Sensorless (10)		P1 Drive (0))	RW	Txt				US
13.006	Standard Motion Reference Invert	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
13.007	Standard Motion Ratio Numerator	0.000	to 10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
13.008	Standard Motion Ratio Denominator	0.000) to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
13.009	Standard Motion Proportional Gain Kp	0.00	to 100.00		25.00		RW	Num				US
13.010	Standard Motion Controller Mode	Disabled (0), Rigid Spd FF (1), Rigid (2), Non-rigid Spd FF(3), Non-Rigid (4)	Disabled (0), Rigid Spd FF (1), Rigid (2), Non-rigid Spd FF (3), Non-Rigid (4), Orientate Stop (5), Orientate (6)		Disabled (())	RW	Txt				US
13.011	Standard Motion Absolute Mode Enable	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
13.012	Standard Motion Speed Clamp	0 to	250 rpm		150 rpm		RW	Num				US
13.013	Standard Motion Orientation Position Reference	0 to	0 65535		0		RW	Num				US
13.014	Standard Motion Orientation Acceptance Window	0 t	o 4096		256		RW	Num				US
13.015	Standard Motion Orientation Complete	Off (0)) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
13.016	Standard Motion Position Error Reset	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
13.017	Standard Motion Relative Jog Reference	0.0 to 4	4000.0 rpm		0.0 rpm		RW	Num				US
13.018	Standard Motion Relative Jog Enable	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
13.019	Standard Motion Relative Jog Reverse	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
13.020	Standard Motion Local Reference Revolutions	0 to 6	5535 revs		0 revs		RW	Num		NC		
13.021	Standard Motion Local Reference Position	0 to	0 65535		0		RW	Num		NC		
13.022	Standard Motion Local Reference Fine Position	0 to	65535		0		RW	Num		NC		
13.023	Standard Motion Local Reference Disable	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
13.024	Standard Motion Ignore Local Reference Revolutions	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
13.026	Standard Motion Sample Rate	Not Activ	e (0), 4ms (1)				RO	Txt				US

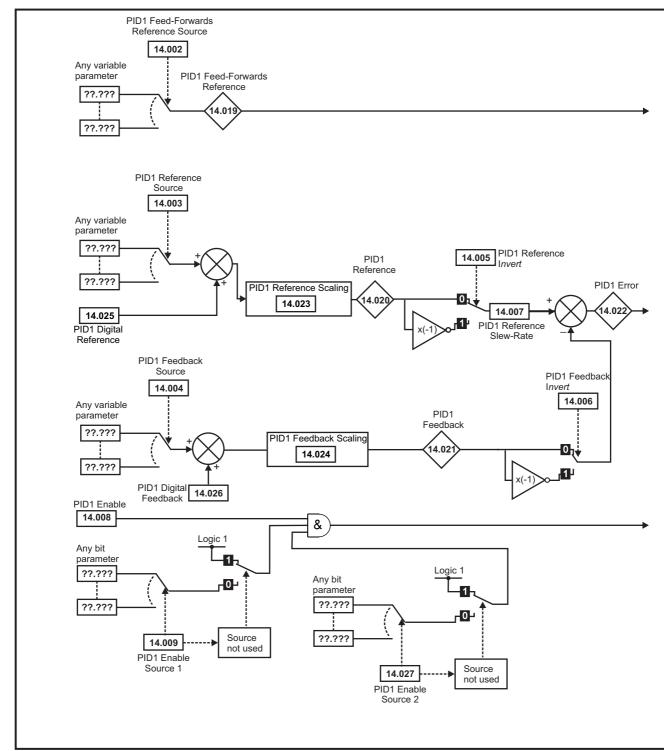
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Cafatu	Decalvet	Mashaniaal	Electrical	Catting	Pacia	Dummina		Data	CD Cand	Orchesend	Adversed		LH. Bathan
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Unboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

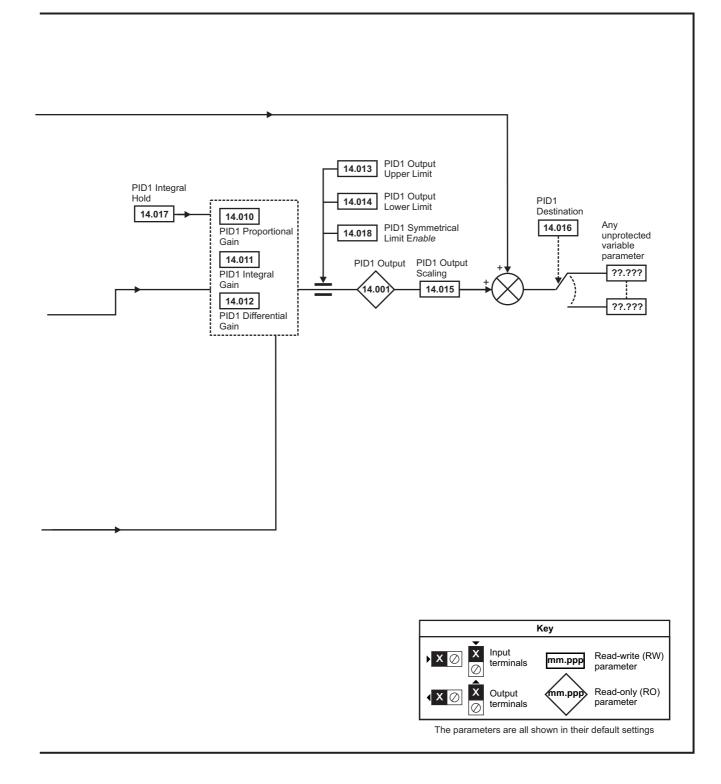
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	-	UL listing
informatio	n information	installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.15 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 12-34 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information



NOTE

The same logic diagram above (Menu 14) can also be used for PID2 as they are the same.

				-									
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina	<u> </u>	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listina
	information	installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	DI C	parameters	Diagnostics	information
iniomation	mormation	Installation	Installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters		iniomation

		Range(\$)	Default(⇔)						
	Parameter	OL RFC-A/S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			Тур	be		
14.001	PID1 Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to 3200.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.011	PID1 Integral Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.500	RW	Num				US
14.012	PID1 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.000	RW	Num				US
14.013	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to 100.00 %	100.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.014	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %	-100.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.015	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.016	PID1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.017	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				
14.018	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.020	PID1 Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.028	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level	0.00 to 100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.029	PID1 Maximum Boost Time	0.0 to 250.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.030	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
14.031	PID2 Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.032	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.033	PID2 Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.034	PID2 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.035	PID2 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.036	PID2 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.037	PID2 Reference Slew Rate Limit	0.0 to 3200.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.038	PID2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.039	PID2 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.040	PID2 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.041	PID2 Integral Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.500	RW	Num				US
14.042	PID2 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.000	RW	Num				US
14.043	PID2 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to 100.00 %	100.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.044	PID2 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %	-100.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.045	PID2 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num			DT	US
14.046	PID2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.047	PID2 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.048	PID2 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit	ND	NO	рт	05
14.049 14.050	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC NC	PT PT	+
	PID2 Reference PID2 Feedback	±100.00 %		RO RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.051		±100.00 %			Num	ND			
14.052	PID2 Error	±100.00 %	1.000	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
14.053	PID2 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.054	PID2 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				
14.055	PID2 Digital Reference	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.056	PID2 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num			DT	US
14.057	PID2 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.058	PID1 Feedback Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num	I			US

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Adva paran	anced neters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Par	ameter			R	lange(\$)			Default(⇔)		J		Туре	
	. u	uniotor			OL	R	FC-A / S	OL RFC-A RFC-S					1990	
14.059	PID1 Mode Sele	ctor			Fbk1 (0), Fbk2 (1), Fbk1 + Fbk2 (2), Min Fbk (3), Max Fbk (4), Av Fbk (5), Min Error (6), Max Error (7)				Fbk1 (0)		RW	Txt		US
14.060	PID1 Feedback S	Square Root E	nable 1						Off (0)		RW	Bit		US

Off (0) or On (1)

Off (0) or On (1)

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

14.061 PID2 Feedback Square Root Enable

14.062 PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 2

US US

RW

RW

Bit

Bit

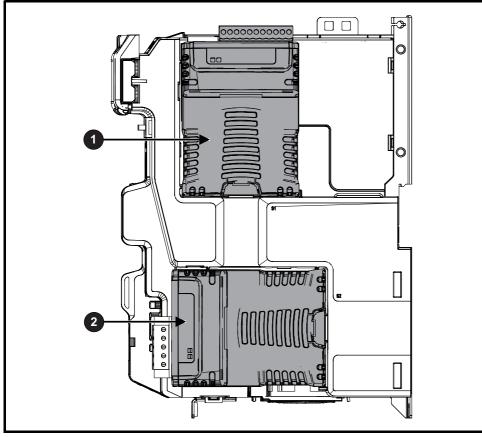
Off (0)

Off (0)

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
--	--	-----------------------	------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------	---------------------	----------------------	--------------	------------------------	----------------------	----------------	------------------------	-------------	------------------------

12.16 Menus 15, 16 and 17: Option module set-up

Figure 12-35 Location of option module slots and their corresponding menu numbers



1. Solutions Module Slot 1 - Menu 15

2. Solutions Module Slot 2 - Menu 16

12.16.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(≎)	Default(⇔)			Тур	е	
mm.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
mm.002	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99		RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT
mm.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
mm.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 9999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
mm.005	Serial Number MS	0 10 33333333		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
mm.006	Module Status	Initialising (0) to Error (3)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT
mm.007	Module Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC	

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
105	SI-Encoder	Feedback
106	SI-Universal Encoder	Feedback
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
304	SI-Applications Compact	
310	MCi210	Automation (Applications)
311	MCi200	
431	SI-EtherCAT	
432	SI-PROFINET RT	
433	SI-Ethernet	
434	SI-PROFINET V2	Fieldbus
443	SI-PROFIBUS	
447	SI-DeviceNet	1
448	SI-CANopen	1

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listina
	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication		PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.17 Menus 17: Ethernet Interface - Set-up

	Parameter	Ran	ge(\$)		Default(⇔)			Tur			
	Farameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	Je		
17.001	Module ID	0 to (65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
17.002	Software Version	0 to 99	9999999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
17.003	Hardware version	0.00 to	655.35				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
17.004	Serial Number LS	00000000	to 99999999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
17.005	Serial Number MS	0 to 99	9999999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
17.006	Status		2), Bootldr - Idle (-1),), Config (2), Error (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
17.007	Reset	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
17.008	Default	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
17.009	Active Alarm Bits	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000	RO	Bin		NC			
17.010	Active IP Address	0 to	255		0.0.0.0		RO	IP		NC	PT	

12.18 Menu 18: Application menu 1

	Parameter	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔)				Ту	20	
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ועי	he	
18.001	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to		0		RW	Num			PS	
18.002 to 18.010	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer	-32768 to	32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	US
18.011 to 18.030	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer	-32768 to		0		RW	Num			US	
18.031 to 18.050	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit	Off (0) or		Off (0)		RW	Bit			US	
18.051 to 18.054	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to	2147483647		0		RW	Num			PS

12.19 Menu 19: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔))			Ти		
	Farameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	he	
19.001	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num			PS
19.002 to 19.010	Application Menu 2 Read-only Integer	-32768 to	32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	US
19.011 to 19.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num			US
19.031 to 19.050	Application Menu 2 Read-write bit	Off (0) or		Off (0)		RW	Bit			US	
19.051 to 19.054	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to	2147483647		0		RW	Num			PS

12.20 Menu 20: Application menu 3

	Parameter	Range	≥(\$)		Default(⇔))			Тур	20	
	rarameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			1 71		
20.001 to 20.020	Application Menu 3 Read-write Integer	-32768 to		0		RW	Num				
20.021 to 20.040	Application Menu 3 Read-write Long Integer	-2147483648 to		0		RW	Num				

RV	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
NE	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

							-						
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Outline in a time	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	D ¹	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
					-				-				

12.21 Menu 21: Second motor parameters

	Baumatan		Range(\$)			Default(⇔)				τ			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	pe		
21.001	M2 Maximum Reference Clamp	VM_POSITIVE_R EF_CLAMP2 Hz		TIVE_REF_ IP2 rpm	50 Hz: 50.0 60 Hz: 60.0	50 Hz: 1500.0 60 Hz: 1800.0	3000.0	RW	Num				US
21.002	M2 Minimum Reference Clamp	VM_NEGATIVE_ REF_CLAMP2 Hz		TIVE_REF_ IP2 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
21.003	M2 Reference Selector		set (1), A2 Prese recision (5), Key			A1 Preset (1)	_	RW	Txt				US
21.004	M2 Acceleration Rate 1	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_ RATE s/100 Hz		ACCEL_RATE 0 rpm	5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
21.005	M2 Deceleration Rate 1	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_ RATE s/100 Hz		ACCEL_RATE 0 rpm	10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
21.006	M2 Rated Frequency	0.0 to 550	0.0 Hz			z: 50.0 z: 60.0		RW	Num				US
21.007	M2 Rated Current	0.000 to V	M_RATED_CUR	RENT A	Maximum	Heavy Duty Rati	ng (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
21.008	M2 Rated Speed	0 to 33000 rpm 0.00 to 33000.00 rpm 0 to VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET V			50 Hz: 1500 rpm 60 Hz: 1800 rpm	50 Hz: 1450.00 rpm 60 Hz: 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
21.009	M2 Rated Voltage	0 to VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET V 0.000 to 1.000			400	200V drive: 230)V drive 50Hz: 40)V drive 60Hz: 40	00 V	RW	Num		RA		US
21.010	M2 Rated Power Factor					850		RW	Num		RA		US
21.011	M2 Number Of Motor Poles	Automatic (0) to 480 Poles (240)			Auton	natic (0)	6 Poles (3)	RW	Txt				US
21.012	M2 Stator Resistance	0.000000 to 1000.000000 Ω				0.000000 Ω		RW	Num		RA		US
21.014	M2 Transient Inductance / Ld	0.000 to 500.000 mH				0.000 mH		RW	Num		RA		US
21.015	Motor 2 Active	C	Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
21.016	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 1		1.0 to 3000.0 s			89.0 s		RW	Num				US
21.017	M2 Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.0000 to 20	00.0000 s/rad		0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
21.018	M2 Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.0000 to 200.0000 s/rad 0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad			0.10 s²/rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
21.019	M2 Speed Controller Differential Feedback		0.00000 to (0.65535 1/rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
	Gain Kd1												
21.020	M2 Position Feedback Phase Angle		B1 Drive (0)	0.0 to 359.9° , P2 Drive (1),		-	0.0°	RW	Num	ND			US
21.021	M2 Motor Control Feedback Select		P1 Slot 1 (2)	, P2 Drive (1), , P2 Slot 1 (3), , P2 Slot 2 (5)		P1 Dr	ive (0)	RW	Txt				US
21.022	M2 Current Controller Kp Gain		0 to 30000		20	1:	50	RW	Num				US
21.023	M2 Current Controller Ki Gain		0 to 30000		40	20	000	RW	Num				US
21.024	M2 Stator Inductance	0.00 to 5000).00 mH		0.0	0 mH		RW	Num		RA		US
21.025	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %			50.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.026	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %			75.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.027	M2 Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MC	TOR2_CURREN	NT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	250	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.028	M2 Regenerating Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MC	TOR2_CURREN	NT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	250	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.029	M2 Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MC	TOR2_CURREN	_	165.0 %	250	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.030	M2 Volts Per 1000 rpm			0 to 10,000 V			98	RW	Num				US
21.032	M2 Current Reference Filter Time Constant 1		0.0 to	25.0 ms		0.0	ms	RW	Num				US
21.033	M2 Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode		0 to 1			0		RW	Num				US
21.034	M2 Current Controller Mode		Off (0)	or On (1)		Off	⁻ (0)	RW	Bit				US
21.035	M2 Notch Filter Centre Frequency		50 to 7	1000 Hz		100) Hz	RW	Num				US
21.036	M2 Notch Filter Bandwidth		0 to 5	500 Hz		0	Hz	RW	Num				US
21.039	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 2		1.0 to 3000.0 s			89.0 s		RW	Num				US
21.040	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling		0 to 100 %			0 %		RW	Num				US
21.041	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 2		0.0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.042	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %		RW	Num	1			US
	M2 Torque Per Amp		0.00 to					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
21.043			500.00 Nm/A	0.00 to			4.00.01. (4						
	M2 Torque Per Amp	500.00 Nm/A					1.60 Nm/A	RW	Num				US
21.044	M2 No-load Core Loss	0.000 to 99999.999 kW				0.000 kW		RW	Num				US
21.045	M2 Rated Core Loss	0.000 to 99999.999 kW				0.000 kW		RW	Num				US
21.046	M2 Magnetising Current Limit	0.0 to 100.0 %				100.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.048	M2 No-load Lq	0.000 to 500.000 mH					0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
RW R	ead / Write RO Read only Num	Number param	eter Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin Binary	paran	neter	FI	Fi	Itered	1
	o default value NC Not copied PT	Protected para		Rating depend		Ű	PS Power-	-		DE		estina	
			101		00				2010	25			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listina
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opumzation	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnootioo	information
monuation	allo	motanation	motanation	0101100	paramotoro				oporation	. 20	paramotoro		

12.22 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

	D		Range(\$)			Default(⇔)				-		-
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Туре		
22.001	Parameter 00.001 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			1.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.002	Parameter 00.002 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			1.006		RW	Num		PT	US
22.003	Parameter 00.003 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			2.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.004	Parameter 00.004 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			2.021		RW	Num		PT	US
22.005	Parameter 00.005 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			1.014		RW	Num		PT	US
22.006	Parameter 00.006 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			4.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.007	Parameter 00.007 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		5.014	3	.010	RW	Num		PT	US
22.008	Parameter 00.008 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		5.015		.011	RW	Num		PT	US
22.009	Parameter 00.009 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		5.013		.012	RW	Num		PT	US
22.010	Parameter 00.010 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		5.004		.002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		5.0	001	3.029	RW	Num		PT	US
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			4.001		RW	Num		PT	US
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			4.002		RW	Num		PT	US
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			4.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			2.004		RW	Num		PT	US
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		0.000		.002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		8.026		.012	RW	Num		PT	US
22.018	Parameter 00.018 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			3.123		RW	Num		PT	US
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			1.010		RW	Num		PT	US
22.023 22.024	Parameter 00.023 Set-up Parameter 00.024 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			1.005		RW	Num		PT	US US
22.024	Parameter 00.025 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999			1.021		RW RW	Num		PT PT	US
22.025	Parameter 00.026 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		1.023		.008	RW	Num Num		PT	US
22.028	Parameter 00.027 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		1.023		.008	RW	Num		PT	US
22.027	Parameter 00.028 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		1.024	6.013	.004	RW	Num		PT	US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.036		RW	Num		PT	US
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.042		RW	Num		PT	US
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.033		RW	Num		PT	US
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.032		RW	Num		PT	US
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		6.009	5.016	0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.030		RW	Num		PT	US
22.035	Parameter 00.035 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.036	Parameter 00.036 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.037	Parameter 00.037 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			4.013		RW	Num		PT	US
22.039	Parameter 00.039 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			4.014		RW	Num		PT	US
22.040	Parameter 00.040 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			5.012		RW	Num		PT	US
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			5.018		RW	Num		PT	US
22.042	Parameter 00.042 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			5.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.043	Parameter 00.043 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		5.0	010	3.025	RW	Num		PT	US
22.044	Parameter 00.044 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			5.009		RW	Num		PT	US
22.045	Parameter 00.045 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			5.008		RW	Num		PT	US
22.046	Parameter 00.046 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			5.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.047	Parameter 00.047 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999		5.0	006	5.033	RW	Num		PT	US
22.048	Parameter 00.048 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.031		RW	Num		PT	US
22.049	Parameter 00.049 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.044		RW	Num		PT	US
22.050	Parameter 00.050 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.029		RW	Num		PT	US
22.051	Parameter 00.051 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			10.037		RW	Num		PT	US
22.052	Parameter 00.052 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.053	Parameter 00.053 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			4.015		RW	Num		PT	US
22.054	Parameter 00.054 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.055	Parameter 00.055 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.056	Parameter 00.056 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.057	Parameter 00.057 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US

Safety information			Electrical Installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimizatior	Drive communicatio	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advan parame		Diagnost		listing mation
	Parameter			OL	Range(≎) RFC-A	RFC-S	OI		ault(⇔) FC-A	RFC-S	_		Туре	•	
			_	-			0			RFC-3					
22.058	Parameter 00.058 S				0.000 to 59.999				.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.059	Parameter 00.059 S				0.000 to 59.999				.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.060	Parameter 00.060 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.061	Parameter 00.061 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.062	Parameter 00.062 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.063	Parameter 00.063 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.064	Parameter 00.064 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.065	Parameter 00.065 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.066	Parameter 00.066 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		0	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.067	Parameter 00.067 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)	-	C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.068	Parameter 00.068 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)	-	C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.069	Parameter 00.069 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.070	Parameter 00.070 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.071	Parameter 00.071 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.072	Parameter 00.072 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.073	Parameter 00.073 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.074	Parameter 00.074 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.075	Parameter 00.075 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.076	Parameter 00.076 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.077	Parameter 00.077 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.078	Parameter 00.078 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.079	Parameter 00.079 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.080	Parameter 00.080 S	et-up			0.000 to 59.999)		C	.000		RW	Num		PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

12.23 Slot 3 Menu 0: Ethernet set-up

	Parame	tor			Range	e(\$)			De	fault(⇔)					Тур	•		
	Falalle	lei			OL	RFC	C-A / S	OL	F	RFC-A	RFC	-S			тур	e		
3.00.001	Module ID				0 to 65	535							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.00.002	Software Versio	n			0 to 999	99999							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.00.003	Hardware versi	on			0.00 to	99.99							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.00.004	Serial Number	LS			00000000 to	99999999	9						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.00.005	Serial Number	MS			0 to 999	99999							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.00.006	00.006 Status				tldr - Update (-2) ising (0), OK (1),								RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.00.007	Reset				Off (0) or	On (1)				Off (0)			RW	Bit		NC		
3.00.008	Default				Off (0) or	On (1)				Off (0)			RW	Bit		NC		
3.00.009	Active Alarm Bi	ts		0000	00000000000000 t	o 11111111	111111111		00000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000)		RO	Bin		NC		
3.00.010					0 to 2	255				0.0.0.0			RO	IP		NC	PT	
RW Re	ead / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number param	eter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary	param	eter	FI	Fil	tered	
ND No	o default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected para	neter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power	-down :	save	DE	De	stinati	วท

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discretion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.24 Slot 3 Menu 2: Ethernet configuration

	Parame	tor			Rang	ge(\$)				I	Default(⇔)					Turn	•		
	Falalite	lei			OL	R	FC-A	S	OL		RFC-A	RF	C-S	-		Тур	e		
3.02.003	Network Status	6			sing (0), Links Dow), No Address (3),									RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.02.004	Network Mess	age Cou	int		0 to 65535	Message	s/s							RO	Bit				US
3.02.005	DHCP Enable				Off (0) o	or On (1)					On (1)			RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.02.006	IP Address				0.0.0.0 to 255	5.255.255	5.255			1	92.168.1.100			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.02.007	Subnet Mask				0.0.0.0 to 255	5.255.255	.255			2	55.255.255.0			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.02.008	Default Gatew	ay			0.0.0.0 to 255	5.255.255	5.255			1	92.168.1.254			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.02.009	Primary DNS				0.0.0.0 to 255	5.255.255	5.255				0.0.0.0			RO	Bin		NC		
3.02.010	Secondary DN	S			0.0.0.0 to 255	5.255.255	5.255				0.0.0.0			RO	IP		NC	PT	
3.02.011	MAC Address			00	:00:00:00:00:00 to	FF:FF:F	F:FF:FF	:FF						RO	Mac	ND	NC	PT	
3.02.018	Protocol Mode	Select			Ethernet/IP (1),	, PROFIN	IET (2)			E	thernet/IP (1)			RW	Txt				US
3.02.019	Active Protoco	I Mode			Ethernet/IP (1)	, PROFIN	IET (2)			E	thernet/IP (1)			RO	Txt		NC	PT	
3.02.020	Priority Protoc	ol		Nor	ne (0), Modbus TC	CP (1), Et	herNet/I	P (2)			None (0)			RW	Txt				US
3.02.021	Web Server Er	nable			Off (0) o	or On (1)					On (1)			RW	Bit				US
3.02.022	Web Server Po	ort			0 to 6	65535					80			RW	Num				US
3.02.024	Ethernet MTU				158 to 15	500 Bytes	5				1500 Bytes			RW	Num				US
3.02.025	Gateway Mode	9		Sw	itch (0), Gateway	(1), Strict	Gatewa	y (2)			Switch (0)			RW	Txt				US
3.02.030	VLAN Enable				Off (0) o	or On (1)					Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
3.02.034	Drive compatit	ility mod	de		Unidrive M (0),	Unidrive	SP (1)			ι	Jnidrive M (0)			RW	Txt				US
3.02.035	Non cyclic ena	ble			Off (0) o	or On (1)					Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
3.02.036	Non cyclic bas	e param	eter		0 to 5	59999					0			RW	Num				US
RW R	ead / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parame	tor	Bit	Bit parar	neter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary	parame	ator	FI	Filt	ered	
	o default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parame		RA	•	ependent	US	User save	PS		-down s		DE		stinati	ion
112 110					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			. tating a	oponaom	30	000. Juve	. 0	. 5000				00	oiuu	0

12.25 Slot 3 Menu 9: Resources

	Parameter	Rang	ge(‡)		Default(⇔)				Туре		
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Type		
3.09.001	Cyclic tx links free	0 to	255				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.002	Cyclic rx links free	0 to	255				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.003	Fieldbus Links Free	0 to	255				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.004	Cyclic Mappings Free	0 to	255				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.008	Background cycles per second	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.010	Synchronous Task % Free	0 to 2	255 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.011	Nonsync link update period	0.00 to	655.35				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.020	Synchronous Task Worst % Free	0 to 2	255 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.021	Max nonsync link update period	0.00 to	655.35				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
3.09.030	PCB Temperature	-128 to	127 °C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

0.6.1	D 1 1		E1 1 1	0.11	D .	ь ·				<u> </u>			
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
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12.26 Slot 3 Menu 10: Easy Mode

	- /	Range(‡)	Default(⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL RFC-A / S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			Ŋ	pe		
3.10.001	Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	On (1)	RW	Bit				US
3.10.002	Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
3.10.003	Default	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
3.10.004	Cyclic Messages Per Second	0 to 65535 Messages/s		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT PT	
3.10.005 3.10.006	Configuration Valid Operational	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)		RO RO	Bit Bit	ND ND	NC NC	PT	
3.10.007	Active Configuration	None (0), Easy Mode (1), Offline (2)		RO	Txt		NO		US
3.10.008	Timeout Count	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.10.009	Data Late Count	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.10.010	Tx1 Link profile	Std (0), Sync (1)	Std (0)	RW	Txt				US
3.10.011	Tx1 Link number	0 to 255	0	RO	Num				US
3.10.012	Tx1 Source parameter	0 to 499999	0	RW	Num			PT	US
3.10.013	Tx1 Parameter count	0 to 10 Unicast (0), Broadcast (1), Multicast1 (2), Multicast2 (3),	0	RW	Num				US
3.10.014	Tx1 Link transmission type	Multicast3 (4), Multicast4 (5), Multicast5 (6), Multicast6 (7), Multicast7 (8), Multicast8 (9), Multicast9 (10), Multicast10 (11)	Unicast (0)	RW	Txt				US
3.10.015	Tx1 Destination address	0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0	RW	IP				US
3.10.016	Tx1 Message Rate	0 to 100 ms	0 ms	RW	Num				US
3.10.019	Tx1 Link status	Disabled (-31), VLAN disabled (-30), Reserved 29 (-29), Reserved 28 (-28), Reserved 27 (-27), Reserved 26 (-26), Reserved 25 (-25), Reserved 24 (-24), Reserved 23 (-23), Invalid DST IP (-22), SYNC unsupported (-21), MEC offset (-20), Invalid x rate (-19), Too many mapping (-18), Link busy (-17), Invalid profile (-16), Invalid mapping (-15), Read only param (-14), Msg mismatch (-13), Msg too long (-12), Attrib NA (-11), Attrib RO (-10), Attrib missing (-9), Timeout (-8), In error (-7), Link num in use (-6), Not editable (-5), Invalid ink num (-4), Invalid args (-3), Too many links (-2), Out of memory (-1), OK (0), Not running (1), OK sync (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.10.020	Tx2 Link profile	Std (0), Sync (1)	Std (0)	RW	Txt				US
3.10.021	Tx2 Link number	0 to 255	0	RW	Num				US
3.10.022	Tx2 Source parameter	0 to 499999	0	RW	Num			PT	US
3.10.023	Tx2 Parameter count	0 to 10	0	RW	Num				US
3.10.024	Tx2 Link transmission type	Unicast (0), Broadcast (1), Multicast1 (2), Multicast2 (3), Multicast3 (4), Multicast4 (5), Multicast5 (6), Multicast6 (7), Multicast7 (8), Multicast8 (9), Multicast9 (10), Multicast10 (11)	Unicast (0)	RW	Txt				US
3.10.025	Tx2 Destination address Tx1 Message Rate	0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255 0 to 100 ms	0.0.0.0 0 ms	RW RW	IP Num				US US
3.10.029	Tx2 Link status	Disabled (-31), VLAN disabled (-30), Reserved 29 (-29), Reserved 28 (-28), Reserved 27 (-27), Reserved 26 (-26), Reserved 25 (-25), Reserved 24 (-24), Reserved 23 (-23), Invalid DST IP (-22), SYNC unsupported (-21), MEC offset (-20), Invalid tx rate (-19), Too many mapping (-18), Link busy (-17), Invalid profile (-16), Invalid mapping (-15), Read only param (-14), Msg mismatch (-13), Msg too long (-12), Attrib NA (-11), Attrib RO (-10), Attrib missing (-9), Timeout (-8), In error (-7), Link num in use (-6), Not editable (-5), Invalid link num (-4), Invalid args (-3), Too many links (-2), Out of memory (-1), OK (0), Not running (1), OK sync (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.10.030	Tx3 Link profile	Std (0), Sync (1)	Std (0)	RW	Txt				US
3.10.031	Tx3 Link number	0 to 255	0	RW	Num	<u> </u>		D =	US
3.10.032 3.10.033	Tx3 Source parameter Tx3 Parameter count	0 to 499999 0 to 10	0	RW RW	Num	<u> </u>		PT	US US
3.10.033	Tx3 Parameter count Tx3 Link transmission type	Unicast (0), Broadcast (1), Multicast1 (2), Multicast2 (3), Multicast3 (4), Multicast4 (5), Multicast5 (6), Multicast6 (7), Multicast7 (8), Multicast8 (9), Multicast9 (10), Multicast10 (11)	Unicast (0)	RW	Num Txt				US
3.10.035	Tx3 Destination address	0.0.0 to 255.255.255	0.0.0.0	RW	IP	-			US
3.10.036	Tx3 Message Rate	0 to 100 ms	0 ms	RW	Num				US
3.10.039	Tx3 Link status	Disabled (-31), VLAN disabled (-30), Reserved 29 (-29), Reserved 28 (-28), Reserved 27 (-27), Reserved 26 (-26), Reserved 25 (-25), Reserved 24 (-24), Reserved 23 (-23), Invalid DST IP (-22), SYNC unsupported (-21), MEC offset (-20), Invalid tx rate (-19), Too many mapping (-18), Link busy (-17), Invalid profile (-16), Invalid mapping (-15), Read only param (-14), Msg mismatch (-13), Msg too long (-12), Attrib NA (-11), Attrib RO (-10), Attrib missing (-9), Timeout (-8), In error (-7), Link num in use (-6), Not editable (-5), Invalid link num (-4), Invalid args (-3), Too many links (-2), Out of memory (-1), OK (0), Not running (1), OK sync (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.10.040	Rx1 Link profile	Std (0), Sync (1)	Std (0)	RW	Txt				US
3.10.041	Rx1 Link number	0 to 255	0	RW	Num				US
3.10.042	Rx1 Destination parameter	0 to 499999	0	RW	Num				US
3.10.043	Rx1 Parameter count	0 to 10 Direct (0) Multicont1 (1) Multicont2 (2) Multicont2 (2)	0	RW	Num				US
3.10.044	Rx1 Source type	Direct (0), Multicast1 (1), Multicast2 (2), Multicast3 (3), Multicast4 (4), Local (5), Multicast5 (6), Multicast6 (7), Multicast7 (8), Multicast8 (9), Multicast9 (10), Multicast10 (11)	Direct (0)	RW	Txt				US

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	_	Rang	je(\$)		Default(⇔)		I		_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			IJ	ре		
3.10.045	Rx1 Timeout	0 to 65	535 ms		100 ms		RW	Num				US
3.10.046	Rx1 Timeout action	Trip (0), Clear outp	ut (1), Hold last (2)		Trip (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.047	Rx1 Timeout event destination	This slot (0), Slot 1 (1)), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3),		This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.048	Rx1 Timeout event type	No Event (0), Event (1), Even	nt1 (2), Event2 (3), Event3 (4)		No Event (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.049	Rx1 Link status	Disabled (-31), VLAN disabl Reserved 28 (-28), Reserved Reserved 25 (-25), Reserved Invalid DST IP (-22), S ^V MEC offset (-20), I Too many mapping (-18), Link Invalid mapping (-15), Msg mismatch (-13), Msg to Attrib RO (-10), Attrib missing Link num in use (-6), Not edit Invalid args (-3), Too many ti OK (0), Not runnin	1 27 (-27), Reserved 26 (-26), 1 24 (-24), Reserved 23 (-23), (NC unsupported (-21), nvalid tx rate (-19), busy (-17), Invalid profile (-16), Read only param (-14), o long (-12), Attrib NA (-11), (-9), Timeout (-8), In error (-7), able (-5), Invalid link num (-4), nks (-2), Out of memory (-1), ig (1), OK sync (2)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.10.050	Rx2 Link profile	1.11	Sync (1)		Std (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.051	Rx2 Link number	0 to			0		RW	Num				US
3.10.052	Rx2 Destination parameter	0 to 4			0		RW	Num				US
3.10.053	Rx2 Parameter count		0 10		0		RW	Num				US
3.10.054	Rx2 Source type	Direct (0), Multicast1 (1), M Multicast4 (4), Local (5), M Multicast7 (8), Multicast8 (9), N	ulticast5 (6), Multicast6 (7),		Direct (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.055	Rx2 Timeout	0 to 65	535 ms		100 ms		RW	Num				US
3.10.056	Rx2 Timeout action	Trip (0), Clear outp	ut (1), Hold last (2)		Trip (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.057	Rx2 Timeout event destination	This slot (0), Slot 1 (1)), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3),		This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.058	Rx2 Timeout event type	No Event (0), Event (1), Even	nt1 (2), Event2 (3), Event3 (4)		No Event (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.059	Rx2 Link status	Disabled (-31), VLAN disabl Reserved 28 (-28), Reserved Reserved 25 (-25), Reserved Invalid DST IP (-22), S' MEC offset (-20), I Too many mapping (-18), Link Invalid mapping (-16), Msg to Attrib RO (-10), Attrib missing Link num in use (-6), Not edit Invalid args (-3), Too many li OK (0), Not runnit	127 (-27), Reserved 26 (-26), 124 (-24), Reserved 23 (-23), (NC unsupported (-21), nvalid tx rate (-19), busy (-17), Invalid profile (-16), Read only param (-14), o long (-12), Attrib NA (-11), (-9), Timeout (-8), In error (-7), able (-5), Invalid link num (-4), nks (-2), Out of memory (-1),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.10.060	Rx3 Link profile	Std (0),	Sync (1)		Std (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.061	Rx3 Link number	0 to	255		0		RW	Num				US
3.10.062	Rx3 Destination parameter	0 to 4	99999		0		RW	Num				US
3.10.063	Rx3 Parameter count	0 tc	0 10		0		RW	Num				US
3.10.064	Rx3 Source type	Direct (0), Multicast1 (1), M Multicast4 (4), Local (5), M Multicast7 (8), Multicast8 (9), N	ulticast5 (6), Multicast6 (7),		Direct (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.065	Rx3 Timeout	0 to 65	535 ms		100 ms		RW	Num	ſ			US
3.10.066	Rx3 Timeout action	Trip (0), Clear outp	ut (1), Hold last (2)		Trip (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.067	Rx3 Timeout event destination	This slot (0), Slot 1 (1)			This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.10.068	Rx3 Timeout event type		nt1 (2), Event2 (3), Event3 (4)		No Event (0)		RW	Txt	ſ			US
3.10.069	Rx3 Link status	Disabled (-31), VLAN disabl Reserved 28 (-28), Reserved Reserved 25 (-25), Reserved Invalid DST IP (-22), S' MEC offset (-20), I Too many mapping (-18), Link Invalid mapping (-15), J Msg mismatch (-13), Msg to Attrib RO (-10), Attrib missing Link num in use (-6), Not edit Invalid args (-3), Too many li OK (0), Not runnii	127 (-27), Reserved 26 (-26), 124 (-24), Reserved 23 (-23), (NC unsupported (-21), nvalid tx rate (-19), busy (-17), Invalid profile (-16), Read only param (-14), o long (-12), Attrib NA (-11), (-9), Timeout (-8), In error (-7), able (-5), Invalid link num (-4), nks (-2), Out of memory (-1),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Information Linformation Linstaliation Linstaliation Listarted Liberameters The motor L' Communication Coberation	Departion F	cation Operatio	Operation		PLC	PI	PLC		Operation	n (ommunication	communica	1011	Optimization	the motor	ers	parameters	ď	Getting started	tion	installation	ation	Mechanical	Product	formation	
information installation installation started parameters the motor	peration	Operation Operatio	Operation	.1011	I LO		I LC	511	Operation		ommunication	communice				.013	parameters		Starteu	uon	installation	auon	installation	inionnation	iomation	

12.27 Slot 3 Menu 11: Synchronization

	Dere	mete	-			R	ange(()			Default(⇔)					True			
	Para	mete	r			OL		RFC-A / S		OL	RFC-A	R	FC-S			Тур	e		
3.11.00	1 Preferred Sy	nc Ma	ster				0 to 4				1			RW	Num				US
3.11.00	2 Master Clock	c Doma	ain				0 to 3				0			RW	Num				US
3.11.00	5 Grandmaste	r MAC	Address			00:00:00:00:00:00:00	00 to FF	:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF						RO	Mac	ND	NC	PT	
3.11.00	6 Synchronisa Grandmaste		ter From			-214748364	8 to 21	47483647 ns						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.11.00	7 Synchronisa	tion Jit	ter Thresh	old		500 t	o 10000	000 ns			1000 ns			RW	Num				US
3.11.00	B Module Synd	chronis	ed Flag			Off	(0) or C	n (1)			Off (0)			RO	Bit				
3.11.00	9 Inhibit Drive	Synchi	ronisation			Off	(0) or C	n (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
3.11.01	0 PTP Date					00-00-	00 to 31	-12-99						RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	
3.11.01	1 PTP Time					00:00:	00 to 2	3:59:59						RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	
3.11.01	5 PTP Delay N	leasur	ement Sel	ect		P2P DE	LAY (1)	, OFF (2)			P2P DELAY (1	1)		RW	Txt				US
3.11.01	6 PTP Sync R	ate					-4 to 0				-4			RW	Num				US
3.11.01	7 In sync wind	ow len	gth			3	8 to 255	S			20 s			RW	Num				US
3.11.02	0 Network Erro	or Cour	nt			0 to	429496	7295						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.11.02	2 Interoption S	ync St	atus			MASTER (0), PRODU	JCER (1), INDEPENDENT	2)					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.11.03	D Easy Mode M	Maximu	um Netwo	rk Delay	'	1	to 100	ms			3 ms			RW	Num				US
3.11.04	0 Rx1 Late Sy	nchron	isation Fra	ame Ac	ion	Trip (1), Do	not use	e (2), Use (3)			Trip (1)			RW	Txt				US
3.11.04	1 Rx1 Late Syl Destination	nchron	isation Fra	ame		This slot (0), Slot	1 (1), S	lot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3)			This slot (0)			RW	Txt				US
3.11.04	2 Rx1 Late Sy	nchron	isation Fra	ame Ev	ent		t (1), Ev Event3 (rent1 (2), Event2 (3) 4)			No Event (0)			RW	Txt				US
3.11.05	0 Rx2 Late Sy	nchron	isation Fra	ame Ac	ion	Trip (1), Do	not use	e (2), Use (3)			Trip (1)			RW	Txt				US
3.11.05	1 Rx2 Late Syl Destination	nchron	isation Fra	ame		This slot (0), Slot	1 (1), S	lot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3)			This slot (0)			RW	Txt				US
3.11.05	2 Rx2 Late Sy	nchron	isation Fra	ame Ev	ent		t (1), Ev Event3 (ent1 (2), Event2 (3) 4)			No Event (0)			RW	Txt				US
3.11.06	0 Rx3 Late Sy	nchron	isation Fra	ame Ac	ion	Trip (1), Do	not use	e (2), Use (3)			Trip (1)			RW	Txt				US
3.11.06	1 Rx3 Late Syl Destination	nchron	isation Fra	ame		This slot (0), Slot	1 (1), S	lot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3)			This slot (0)			RW	Txt				US
3.11.06	2 Rx3 Late Sy	nchron	isation Fra	ame Ev	ent		t (1), Ev Event3 (ent1 (2), Event2 (3) 4)			No Event (0)			RW	Txt				US
RW F	ead / Write	RO	Read on	lly	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	1	Bin	Binary	parame	ter	FI	Filte	red	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

12.28 Slot 3 Menu 15: Modbus

	Devenueter	Rang	le(\$)		Default(⇔)				τ			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
3.15.001	Enable	Off (0) o	r On (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
3.15.002	Reset	Off (0) o	r On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
3.15.003	Default	Off (0) o	r On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
3.15.004	Modbus Configuration Error	No error (0), Port in use Num Conn					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.15.005	Modbus Listening Port	0 to 6	5535		502		RW	Num				US
3.15.006	Maximum Connections	0 to	10		2		RW	Num				US
3.15.007	Maximum Priority Connections	0 te	o 5		0		RW	Num				US
3.15.008	Maximum Connections Per Client	1 to	o 4		2		RW	Num				US
3.15.009	Modbus Timeout	1 to 10	000 ms		100 ms		RW	Num				US
3.15.010	Modbus Timeout Action	Trip (0), No	o action (1)		No action (1)		RW	Txt				US
3.15.011	Modbus Timeout Event Destination	This slot (0), Slot 1 (1), Slo	t 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4)		This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.15.012	Modbus Timeout Event Type	No event (0), Trigger Even Trigger Event 2 (3), Trigger E	Trigger Event 3 (4),		No event (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.15.013	Modbus Register Addressing Mode	Standard (0),	Modified (1)		Standard (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.15.020	Priority Connection 1	0.0.0.0 to 255	.255.255.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP				US
3.15.021	Priority Connection 2	0.0.0.0 to 255	.255.255.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP				US
3.15.022	Priority Connection 3	0.0.0.0 to 255	.255.255.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP				US
3.15.023	Priority Connection 4	0.0.0.0 to 255	.255.255.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

 afety mation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					•								

12.29 Slot 3 Menu 20: EtherNet/IP

	Demonstern	Ran	ge(\$)		Default(⇔)			T			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
3.20.001	Enable EtherNet/IP	Off (0) o	or On (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
3.20.002	Reset	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
3.20.003	Default	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
3.20.004	Configuration error	IDLE event dst (3), Input mapping (5), Output m	st (1), RPI event type (2), IDLE event type (4), apping (6), In cons trig pr (7), trig pr (8)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.20.007	Cyclic data transfers per second	0 to 65535	Messages/s				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.20.011	RPI timeout action		Clear output (2), Hold last (3), tion (4)		Hold last (3))	RW	Txt				US
3.20.012	RPI timeout event destination	This slot (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot	ot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4)		This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.20.013	RPI timeout event type	Trigger Event 2 (3)	nt (1), Trigger Event 1 (2), Trigger Event 3 (4), Event 4 (5)		No event (0))	RW	Txt				US
3.20.015	PLC idle action		Clear output (2), Hold last (3), tion (4)		No Action (4)	RW	Txt				US
3.20.016	PLC idle event destination	This slot (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot	ot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4)		This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
3.20.017	PLC idle event type	Trigger Event 2 (3)	nt (1), Trigger Event 1 (2), Trigger Event 3 (4), Event 4 (5)		No event (0))	RW	Txt				US
3.20.018	Active input assembly object		dCtrll (1), 71-ExtSpdCtrll (2), 73-ExtSpdTqCtrll (4)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.20.019	Active output assembly object	21-ExtSpdCtrIO (2)	20-BscSpdCtrlO (1), , 22-SpdTqCtrlO (3), TqCtrlO (4)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
3.20.020	Input assembly object size	4 to 12	8 Bytes		8 Bytes		RW	Num				US
3.20.021	Output assembly object size	4 to 12	8 Bytes		8 Bytes		RW	Num				US
3.20.024	Input assembly object process time	0 to 65	535 ms				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.20.025	Output assembly object process time	0 to 65	535 ms				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.20.026	Input assembly object consistency enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
3.20.027	Input assembly object consistency trigger parameter	0 to 4	99999		0		RW	Num				US
3.20.028	Output assembly object consistency enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
3.20.029	Output assembly object consistency trigger parameter	0 to 4	99999		0		RW	Num				US
3.20.030	Custom Vendor ID	257 - CT (0), 553	- CT AMERICA (1)		257 - CT (0))	RW	Txt	l	l		US
3.20.031	Custom product code	0 to 6	65535		0		RW	Num	l	l		US
3.20.032	Custom product revision code		65535		0		RW	Num				US
3.20.033	Actual Product Code	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.20.034	Actual Product Revision		5535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
3.20.040	Type of Motor 1		7-SCI (2), 9-Sin PM BL (3), PM BL (4)		7-SCI (2)		RO	Txt			PT	US
3.20.041	Type of Motor 2		7-SCI (2), 9-Sin PM BL (3), PM BL (4)		7-SCI (2)		RO	Txt			PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

							-						
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.30 Slot 3 Menu 21: EtherNet/IP In Mappings

	Parameter	Rang	Je(\$)		Default(⇔)				Turne		
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Туре		
3.21.001	Input mapping parameter 1			1	10040		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.002	Input mapping parameter 2				2001		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.003	Input mapping parameter 3				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.004	Input mapping parameter 4				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.005	Input mapping parameter 5				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.006	Input mapping parameter 6				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.007	Input mapping parameter 7				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.008	Input mapping parameter 8				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.009	Input mapping parameter 9				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.010	Input mapping parameter 10				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.011	Input mapping parameter 11				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.012	Input mapping parameter 12				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.013	Input mapping parameter 13				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.014	Input mapping parameter 14				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.015	Input mapping parameter 15	0 to 49	20000		0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.016	Input mapping parameter 16	01043	99999		0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.017	Input mapping parameter 17				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.018	Input mapping parameter 18				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.019	Input mapping parameter 19				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.020	Input mapping parameter 20				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.021	Input mapping parameter 21				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.022	Input mapping parameter 22				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.023	Input mapping parameter 23				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.024	Input mapping parameter 24				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.025	Input mapping parameter 25				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.026	Input mapping parameter 26				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.027	Input mapping parameter 27				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.028	Input mapping parameter 28				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.029	Input mapping parameter 29				0		RW	Num		PT	US
3.21.030	Input mapping parameter 30				0		RW	Num		PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

							1						
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina	A <i>i</i> i i <i>i</i>	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
				5			Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	-	information

12.31 Slot 3 Menu 22: EtherNet/IP Out Mappings

Parameter					Rang	le(\$)			Default(⇔)					Turne				
Falameter					OL		RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC	C-S			Туре				
3.22.001	Output mappir	ng parar	neter 1						6042		1	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.002	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 2		1021						I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.003 Output mapping parameter 3									0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.004	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 4						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.005	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 5						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.006	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 6						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.007	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 7						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.008	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 8						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.009	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 9						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.010	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 10						0		F	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.011	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 11						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.012 Output mapping parameter 12									0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.013	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 13						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.014	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 14						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.015	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 15						0		F	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.016 Output mapping parameter 16 3.22.017 Output mapping parameter 17					0 to 49	0000			0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
					01048	99999			0		F	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.018	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 18						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.019	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 19						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.020	Output mappir	ng parar	neter 20						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.021	Output mappir	ng parar	neter 21						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.022	Output mappir	ng parar	neter 22						0				Num		PT	US		
3.22.023	Output mappir	ng parar	neter 23						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.024 Output mapping parameter 24						0			I	RW	Num		PT	US				
3.22.025 Output mapping parameter 25							0		I	RW	Num		PT	US				
3.22.026 Output mapping parameter 26								0		I	RW	Num		PT	US			
3.22.027	Output mappir	ng parar	neter 27						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.028	Output mappir	ng parar	neter 28						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
3.22.029 Output mapping parameter 29						0			1	RW	Num		PT	US				
3.22.030 Output mapping parameter 30						0			1	RW	Num		PT	US				
3.22.031	Output mappir	Output mapping parameter 31			mapping parameter 31					0			1	RW	Num		PT	US
3.22.032	Output mappin	ng parar	neter 32						0		I	RW	Num		PT	US		
RW Re	ad / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary p	aram	leter	FI	Filtered			
-	default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save		Power-d			DE	Destinat	tion		
			st ooplou		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	i i i i i g dopondont	55	2 30. 00.0						2000.110			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.32 Slot 3 Menu 23: EtherNet/IP Fault Values

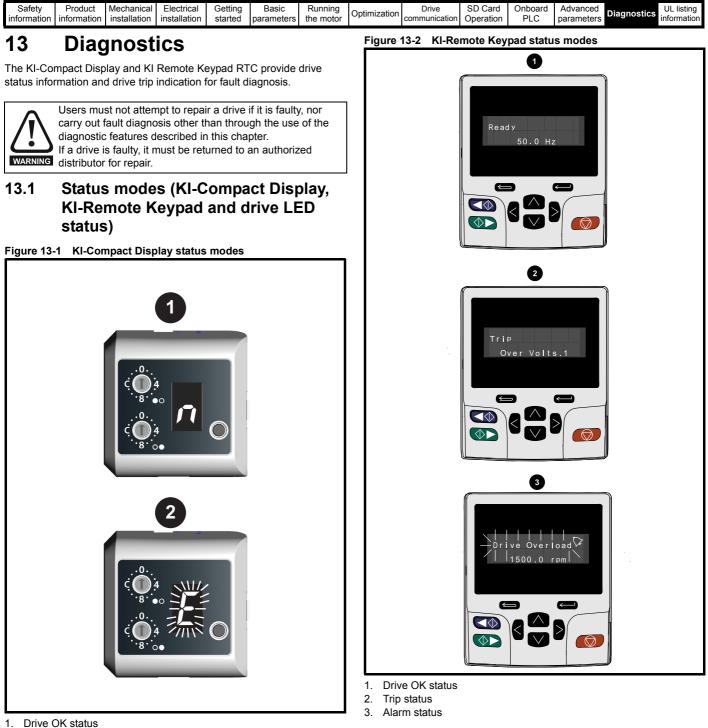
	Parameter	R	ange(\$)		Туре						
	Farameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	Туре				
3.23.001	Output fault value 1						RW	Num		PT	- U
3.23.002	Output fault value 2						RW	Num		PT	- U
3.23.003	Output fault value 3						RW	Num		PT	- U
3.23.004	Output fault value 4						RW	Num		PT	- U
3.23.005	Output fault value 5						RW	Num		PT	- U
3.23.006	Output fault value 6						RW	Num		PT	- U
3.23.007	Output fault value 7						RW	Num		PT	U
3.23.008	Output fault value 8						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.009	Output fault value 9						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.010	Output fault value 10						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.011	Output fault value 11						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.012	Output fault value 12						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.013	Output fault value 13						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.014	Output fault value 14	-					RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.015	Output fault value 15						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.016	Output fault value 16	21474926	48 to 2147483647		0		RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.017	Output fault value 17	-21474630	40 10 2 14/ 40304/		0		RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.018	Output fault value 18						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.019	Output fault value 19	-					RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.020	Output fault value 20						RW	Num		PT	- I
3.23.021	Output fault value 21	-					RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.022	Output fault value 22						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.023	Output fault value 23						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.024	Output fault value 24	-					RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.025	Output fault value 25	-					RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.026	Output fault value 26	-					RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.027	Output fault value 27						RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.028	Output fault value 28	1					RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.029	Output fault value 29	1					RW	Num		PT	- L
3.23.030	Output fault value 30	1					RW	Num		PT	- ι
3.23.031	Output fault value 31	1					RW	Num		PT	- L
3.23.032	Output fault value 32	1					RW	Num		PT	- ι

ND No default value NC Not copied PT Protected parameter RA Rating dependent US User save PS Power-down save DE Destination	RV	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
	NI NI	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save		Destination

12.33 Slot 3 Menu 24: Profinet Set-up

	Bernenten	Rar	nge(\$)		Default(⇔)			τ	_				
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL RFC-A RFC-S				Туре					
3.24.001	Enable Profinet Interface	Off (0)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US		
3.24.002	Reset Profinet	Off (0)) or On (1)	Off (0)				Bit		NC		1	
3.24.003	Profinet Default	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		1	
3.24.004	Configuration error		ing (1), Output mapping (2), Param Config (4)		No error (0)		RO	Txt		NC	PT		
3.24.005	Cyclic data transfers per second	0 to 65535	5 Messages/s				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
3.24.006	Revision counter	0 to 65535						Num	ND		PT	1	
3.24.007	Profile ID	0 to 65535 62976						Num			PT		
3.24.008	Installation Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND		PT	1	
3.24.009	Profinet Timeout Value	1 to	0 10000	100				Num			PT		
3.24.010	Profinet Timeout Action		lear output (2), Hold last (3), action (4)	No action (4)				Txt			PT	US	
3.24.011	Destination For Timeout Event	This slot (0), Slot 1 (1), S	lot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4)		This slot (0)	RW	Txt			PT	US		
3.24.012	Profinet Timeout Event Type	Trigger Event 2 (3	vent (1), Trigger Event 1 (2), a), Trigger Event 3 (4), Event 4 (5)	No Event (0)				Txt			PT	US	
3.24.026	Profinet Input Consistency Enable	Off (0)) or On (1)	Off (0)				Bit				US	
3.24.027	Profinet Input Consistency Trigger	0 to	499999		RW	Num				US			
3.24.028	Profinet Output Consistency Enable	Off (0)) or On (1)		RW	Bit				US			
3.24.029	Profinet Output Consistency Trigger	0 to	499999		RW	Num	1			US			

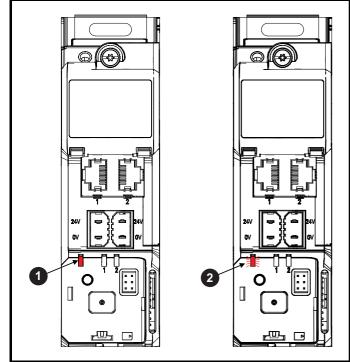
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination



Drive OK status
 Trip status (flashing)

											-		
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Figure 13-3 Location of the status LED



- 1. Non flashing: Normal status
- 2. Flashing: Trip status

13.2 Trip indications

The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, where a KI-Compact Display is being used, a trip or HF (hardware fault) condition is indicated as a scrolling message, with an E prefix followed by a serial communications trip code and sub trip code where relevant. Refer to Table 13-1 for further information.

Table 13-1 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number

Display character	Trip code	Separator	Sub-trip code
	Range 1 to 254	•	Range 1 to 65535
<u>}</u>	Range 1 to 99		

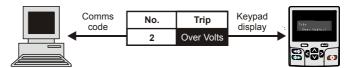
During a trip condition, where a KI-Remote Keypad is being used, the upper row of the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the lower row of the keypad display will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string unless there is space on the second row for both the trip string and the sub-trip number in which case both the trip string and sub-trip information is displayed separated by a decimal place.

If a display is not being used, the drive LED Status indicator will flash with 0.5 s duty cycle if the drive has tripped. Refer to Figure 13-3.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 13-4 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr **10.001** 'Drive OK' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr **10.020** providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF20) do not have trip numbers. The trip number must be checked in Table 13-5 to identify the specific trip.

Example

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 13-4 shows Trip 2 is an Over Volts trip.



- 3. Look up Over Volts in Table 13-4.
- 4. Perform checks detailed under *Diagnosis*.

13.3 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 13-2 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 13-2 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip numbe

Over Volts	OHt dc bus
OI ac	Phase Loss
OI Brake	Power Comms
PSU	OI Snubber
OHt Inverter	Temp Feedback
OHt Power	Power Data
OHt Control	

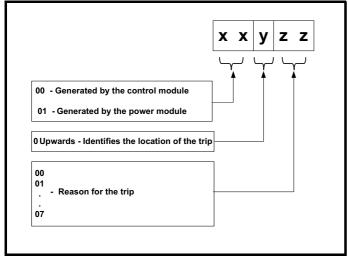
The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a single drive (not part of a multi-power module drive), if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

The y digit is used to identify the location of a trip which is generated by a rectifier module connected to a power module (if xx is non zero). For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit, where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 13-4 Key to sub-trip number



For example, if the drive has tripped and the lower line of the display shows 'OHt Control.2', with the help of Table 13-3 below the trip can be interpreted as; an over temperature has been detected; the trip was generated by fault in the control module, the control board thermistor 2 over temperature. For further information on individual sub-trips, refer to the diagnosis column in Table 13-4.

Table 13-3 Sub-trip identification

Source	хх	у	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	0	01	Control board thermistor 1 over temperature
Control system	00	0	02	Control board thermistor 2 over temperature
Control system	00	0	03	Control board thermistor 3 over temperature

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

13.4 Trips, Sub-trip numbers

Table 13-4 Trip indications

Trip		Diagn	osis				
App Menu Changed	Customizati	on table for an application module has change	ed				
		nu Changed trip indicates that the customization t anged can be identified by the sub-trip number.	able for an application menu has changed. The menu that				
	Sub-trip	Reason					
	1	Menu 18					
	2	Menu 19					
217	3	Menu 20					
	If more than on the next p		rity. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip				
	Recommend	ded actions:					
	Reset the	e trip and perform a parameter save to accept the	new settings				
Autotune 1	Position fee	dback did not change or required speed could	I not be reached				
	The drive ha	s tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip	o can be identified from the sub-trip number.				
	Sub-trip	Reason	Recommended actions				
			Ensure that the motor is free to turn (i.e. mechanical				
	1	The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating	brake is released).				
	I	auto-tune.	Check that the position feedback is selected correctly				
			and operates correctly.				
	2	The motor did not reach the required speed during mechanical load measurement.	Ensure that the motor is free to turn and that the static load plus inertia is not too large for the drive to accelerate within the test time.				
	3	The required commutation signal edge could not be found during a rotating auto-tune with a Commutation Only position feedback device.	Check that the position feedback signals are connected correctly.				
	4	The required movement angle cannot be produced during a minimal movement test.	Reduce the angular movement required.				
11	5	The second part of the minimal movement test during auto-tuning cannot locate the motor flux position accurately.	Reduce the angular movement required.				
	6	The phasing offset angle is measured twice during a stationary auto-tune and the results are not within 30° of each other.	If a minimal movement test is being used and excessive motor movement is occurring during the test reduce the required angle movement. Otherwise try and increase the required angle movement.				
	7	The motor is moving when a phasing test on enable is selected and the drive is enabled, but the motor is still moving at a speed above the zero speed threshold.	Ensure that the motor is stationary before the drive is enabled.				
	8	An auto-tune has been attempted while the AMC is selected.	Set AMC Select (31.001) to zero to deselect the AMC.				
	Recommend	ded actions:					
		he motor is free to turn i.e. mechanical brake was					
		Pr 03.026 and Pr 03.038 are set correctly (or appr	opriate 2 nd motor map parameters)				
		edback device wiring is correct					
		ncoder mechanical coupling to the motor					
Autotune 2		dback direction incorrect					
	The drive has number.	s tripped during a rotating autotune. The cause of	the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip				
	Sub-trip		Reason				
	1	The position feedback direction is incorrect we autotune	hen position feedback is being used during a rotating				
12	2	A SINCOS encoder with comms is being used in the opposite direction to the sine wave base	d for position feedback and the comms position is rotating ed position.				
	Recommend	ded actions:					
		otor cable wiring is correct					
		edback device wiring is correct					
		y two motor phases					
-							

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		communication	Operation	PLC	parameters		information

Autotune 3 Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction The drive has tripped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip number. Reason 1 Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement 2 The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune 3 The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia. Recommended actions for sub-trip 2: • Check motor cable wiring is correct • Check feedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: • Increase the test level • Increase the test level • Increase the test level 14 A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 14 A position feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) <td col<="" th=""><th>Trip</th><th>Diagnosis</th></td>	<th>Trip</th> <th>Diagnosis</th>	Trip	Diagnosis
13 The drive has tripped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip number. 13 Sub-trip Reason 1 Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement 2 The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune 3 The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia. Recommended actions for sub-trip 2: • Check motor cable wiring is correct • Check motor cable wiring is correct • Check feedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: • • Increase the test level • Increase the test level • Increase arried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand commutation signal fail A A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutation sonly encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 14 A position feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotu	•		
13 1 Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement 13 1 The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune 3 The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia. Recommended actions for sub-trip 2: • Check motor cable wiring is correct • Check motor cable wiring is correct • Check feedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: • • Increase the test level • If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand prive encoder U commutation signal fail Autotune 4 Drive encoder U commutation signal fail 14 Aposition feedback device with commutation signal is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions: • • Check feedback device U commutation signal sis being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutation sonly encoder) and the V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signal is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Ser		The drive has tripped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be	
13 2 The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune 3 The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia. Recommended actions for sub-trip 2: • Check motor cable wiring is correct • Check feedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: • • Increase the test level • If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rant of the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rant of the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rant of the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rant of the test with commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 15 Recommended actions:		Sub-trip Reason	
13 3 The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia. 13 3 The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia. 13 Recommended actions for sub-trip 2: • • Check motor cable wiring is correct • • Check feedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: • Increase the test level • If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the use of the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the use of the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the use of the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the use of the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the use of the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating autotune. 14 A position feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Driv		1 Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement	
13 Recommended actions for sub-trip 2: • Check motor cable wiring is correct • Check feedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: • Increase the test level • If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed rand the U commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) 14 A position feedback device U commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutation signal fail 15 A position feedback device with commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions: Recommended actions:		2 The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune	
14 Recommended actions 14 A position feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) 14 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail 15 Autotune 5	42	3 The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia.	
 Check feedback device U, V and W commutation signal wiring is correct Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: Increase the test level If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed ran Autotune 4 Drive encoder U commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions: Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutation signal fail Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions: 	15		
Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: • Increase the test level • If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed ran Autotune 4 Drive encoder U commutation signal fail 14 A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 14 Recommended actions: • Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signal sis being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutation signal fail 15 A position feedback device with commutation signal is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 15 Recommended actions:			
 Increase the test level Increase the test level If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed ran Autotune 4 Drive encoder U commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions: Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) 15 Drive encoder V commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 			
 If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed ran Autotune 4 Drive encoder U commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions: Check feedback device U commutation signal signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions: Check feedback device with commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions: 		·	
14 A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 14 Recommended actions: • Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 15 Recommended actions:		• If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed range	
14 Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 14 Recommended actions: Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail 15 A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. 15 Recommended actions:	Autotune 4	Drive encoder U commutation signal fail	
15 Recommended actions: • Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail Aposition feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions:	14	A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, or Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune.	
Autotune 5 Drive encoder V commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions:			
15A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions:			
15 Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. Recommended actions:	Autotune 5		
	15	Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune.	
 Check teedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) 			
		Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10)	
Autotune 6 Drive encoder W commutation signal fail	Autotune 6	A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, or	
Commutations only encoder) and the W commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune.	16	Commutations only encoder) and the W commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune.	
Recommended actions:			
Check feedback device W commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 11 and 12) Autotune 7 Motor number of poles / position feedback resolution set incorrectly	Autotupo 7		
	Autotune	An Autotune 7 trip is initiated during a rotating autotune, if the motor poles or the position feedback resolution have been	
17 Recommended actions:	17	Recommended actions:	
 Check line per revolution for feedback device Check the number of poles in Pr 05.011 			
Autotune Stopped Autotune test stopped before completion	Autotune Stopped	Autotune test stopped before completion	
The drive was prevented from completing an autotune test, because either the drive enable or the drive run were re		The drive was prevented from completing an autotune test, because either the drive enable or the drive run were removed	
18 Recommended actions:	18	Recommended actions:	
 Check the drive enable signal (terminal 2 &6) were active during the autotune Check the run command was active in Pr 08.005 during autotune 	10		
Brake R Too Hot Braking resistor overload timed out (I ² t)	Brake R Too Hot	Braking resistor overload timed out (I ² t)	
The Brake R Too Hot indicates that braking resistor overload has timed out. The value in Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator (10.039) is calculated using Braking Resistor Rated Power (10.030), Braking Resistor Thermal Time Co (10.031) and Braking Resistor Resistance (10.061). The Brake R Too Hot trip is initiated when Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator (10.039) reaches 100 %.	19	The Brake R Too Hot indicates that braking resistor overload has timed out. The value in Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator (10.039) is calculated using Braking Resistor Rated Power (10.030), Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constar (10.031) and Braking Resistor Resistance (10.061). The Brake R Too Hot trip is initiated when Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator (10.039) reaches 100 %.	
Recommended actions:			
 Ensure the values entered in Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are correct If an external thermal protection device is being used and the braking resistor software overload protection is no required, set Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 or Pr 10.061 to 0 to disable the trip. 		If an external thermal protection device is being used and the braking resistor software overload protection is not	

Safety information		Mechanical Electrica installation installation		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	S UL listing information
-	Trip					Dia	gnosis					
C	CAM	Advanced mo		-								
		The CAM trip in	ndicates tha	t the adva	nced motio	on controller	CAM has de	etected a p	problem.			
		Sub-trip					Reaso					
	99	1	(35.002) >	Cam Tab	le In for the) > <i>AMC Car</i> e start index					n In Segme	ent :
		2				been made	-					
		3		-	-	ent boundary aition In Segr					cition has	
		4			num value.	-	nenii (33.000		change o	n master po	SILIOIT HAS	
Card	Access	SD Card Write	fail									
	185		ne file being lay be incon e not saved f gain. d actions: Card is insta	written ma pplete. If a o non-vola	ay be corru paramete atile memc	ipted. If the t r file is trans ory, and so th	rip occurs w ferred to the	hen the da drive and	ata being this trip o	transferred occurs durin	to the drive g the trans	e then the sfer, the
Cor	d Boot	Replace th		odificatio	noonnot	he caved to	the SD Cor	d				
Car	α Βοοτ	The Menu 0 pa Menu 0 change						a				
	177	The Card Boot and Pr 11.042 new parameter subsequently r Recommende	trip will occ is set for au value. This eset. The ac	ur if a write o or boot occurs wł	e to a Men mode, but nen Pr 11. 0	u 0 paramete the necessa)42 is chang	er has been ry boot file ł ed to Auto (nas not be 3) or Boot	en create (4) mode	d on the SE , but the dri) Card to ta ve is not	
				s correctly	v set. and	then reset th	e drive to cr	eate the n	ecessarv	file on the S	SD Card	
			e-attempt the parameter write to the Menu 0 parameter ard cannot be accessed as it is being accessed by an option module									
Car	d Busy				-	-	-					
	178	The Card Busy accessed by an Recommende • Wait for the	n Option Mo d actions:	dule, such	as one of		ions module	es. No data	a is transf	erred.	ard is alrea	ady being
Card	Compare	SD Card file/d	ata is differ	ent to the	one in th	e drive						
		A compare has parameters on					ard and the	drive. A C	ard Com	pare trip is i	nitiated if t	the
· ·	188	Recommende										
			.000 to 0 an				haa haar	nod for the	00000			
Card D	ata Exists	• Check to e SD Card data				he SD Card	nas been us	sed for the	compare			
		The Card Data already contair	Exists trip in	ndicates th	nat an atte	mpt has bee						vhich
	179	Recommende	d actions:									
			data in data to an alterna		location							
Card D	rive Mode	SD Card para	neter set n	ot compa	tible with	current driv	e mode					
	187	The Card Drive the current driv if the operating Recommende	e mode. Thi mode in the	s trip is als	so produce	d if an attem	ipt is made t	o transfer	paramete			
	107	Ensure theClear the v	destination alue in Pr m	m.000 an	d reset the	rive operatin drive. the same as	-					

Safety nformation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
-	Trip						Dia	gnosis					
Car	d Error	SD Ca	rd data st	ructure e	rror			-					
		data st		the card.	Resetting	the trip wi						een detecter structure. Th	
		Su	Sub-trip Reason										
			1 The required folder and file structure is not present										
	182		2 The <000> file is corrupted.										
			3 Two or more files in the <mcdf\> folder have the same file identification number.</mcdf\>										
Car	rd Full	SD Ca	Replace the SD Card SD Card full										
		• En	ase all the sure the ca	ard is loca		•	e process						
Gal	ra Full		The Card Full trip indicates that an attempt has been made to create a data block on an SD Card, but there is not enough										
			pace left on the card.										
	184	Recon	nmended	ed actions:									
		• De	elete a data	te a data block or the entire SD Card to create space									
			e a differe		d								
Card	No Data		rd data no										
				a trip indic	ates that	an attempt	has been m	ade to acces	ss non-exi	stent file o	r block on	an SD Card.	No dat
	183		is transferred. Recommended actions:										
			sure data l		ber is cor	rect							
Card	Option						lifferent bet	ween sourc	e drive a	nd destina	ation driv	e	
		The Ca drive, t transfe	ard Option out the opti er, but is a v	trip indication modul warning th	tes that p e categori at the dat	arameter o es are diffe a for the o	ata or defau rent betwee ption module	It difference n source and	data is be d destinati ifferent wil	eing transf on drives. Il be set to	erred from This trip d the defau	an SD Card oes not stop It values and	the dat

Ensure the option modules are in the same option module slot as the parameter set stored.

This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive.

This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive

Press the red reset button to acknowledge that the parameters for one or more of the option modules installed will be at

Reason If Drive Derivative (11.028) is different between the source and target drives, this trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD Card is accessed. Data is still transferred, since this is a warning trip; the trip

can be suppressed by entering code 9666 in parameter xx.000, and resetting the drive (this applies the

If Product Type (11.063) is different between the source and target drives or if corruption is detected in

the parameter file, this trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD Card is accessed. This trip can

A Unidrive SP parameter value was found that has no equivalent parameter on the destination drive. Data is still transferred, since this is a warning trip; the trip can be suppressed by entering code 9666 in

If Drive Derivative (11.028) or Product Type (11.063) are different between the source and target drives then this trip is

be reset but no data are transferred in either direction between the drive and the card.

Pr xx.000, and resetting the drive (this applies the warning suppression flag to the card).

initiated either at power-up or when the card is accessed. It will have one of the following sub-trip numbers:

Recommended actions:

their default values

Sub-trip

1

2

3

Recommended actions:Use a different SD Card

.

Ensure the correct option modules are installed.

SD Card data blocks are not compatible with the drive derivative

warning suppression flag to the card).

180

Card Product

175

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostic	UL listing information
	Trip						Dia	gnosis					
Carc	d Rating	SD Ca	rd Trip; Th	e voltag	e and / or	current ra	ating of the	source and	destinati	on drives	are differ	rent	
	186	or volta set to 8 transfe drive. Recon • Re • En	age ratings Byyy) is atte or but is a w mmended a eset the driv sure that th	are differ empted be arning th actions: re to clea he drive ra	ent betwee etween the nat rating s r the trip ating depe	en source e data bloc pecific par ndent para	ata is being and destinat k on an SD ameters with ameters have m.000 to 96	ion drives. T Card and the n the RA attr e transferred	his trip als e drive. Th ibute may d correctly	o applies e Card Ra not be tra	if a compa ating trip do	re (using F pes not sto	Pr mm.000 op the data
Card F	Read Only		rd has the		,	U							
	181	The Ca An SD Recon • Cle	ard Read O Card is rea nmended a	<i>nly</i> trip in ad-only if actions: d only flag	dicates that the read-c	at an attem only flag ha	npt has been as been set. 1 00 to 9777 a		-	-		-	
Ca	rd Slot	SD Ca	rd Trip; Op	otion mo	dule appli	cation pr	ogram trans	fer has fail	ed				
	174	The Ca becaus option Recon	ard Slot trip se the optio module slo nmended a	is initiate n module t number actions:	ed, if the tra e does not	ansfer of a respond o	n option moo orrectly. If th	dule applicat is happens	ion progra this trip is				
Cont	rol Word		itiated fror			•	ule is installe	ed on the co	frect slot				
	35	(Pr 06 . Recon • Ch	043 = On). mmended a leck the val sable the co Bit 12 of the co	ue of Proportions: notrol work notrol work	06.042. rd in <i>Contr</i> bl word set	ol Word E to a one o	2 on the con nable (Pr 06 causes the d	.043) rive to trip o	n Control \	Nord		ord is enat	bled
Curre	ent Offset	Curren	When the			abled, the	trip can only	be cleared l	by setting	dit 12 to z	ero		
	225	The cu error h Recon	rrent feedb as been de Sub-trip 1 2 3 mmended a	ack offse tected.	et is too larg	nase U V W	t flowing in the drive						
Data (Changing		parameters			•							
	97	A user enable mode, will cau or trans drive is Recon	action or a action or a action or a action or a action or transferruse this trip sferring a d s active, and nmended a sure the dri Loading d Changing	file syste Active (1 ing data to be init erivative d so the f actions: ive is not lefaults drive mo ng data f	em write is 0.002) = 1 from an N' tiated if the or user pri trip only oc enabled v	active tha The user V memory drive is e ogram to t ccurs if the when one o	t is changing actions that card or a po nabled durin he drive. It s action is sta of he followin tion feedbac	change driv, sition feedb g the transfe hould be no inted and the ng is being c	e paramete ack device er are writi ted that no en the drive	ers are loa to the dri ng a para one of the	ading defai ve. The file meter or m se actions	ults, chang e system a lacro file to	ging drive actions that the drive,

Trip		Diagnosis					
Derivative ID	Derivative id	entification error					
Berryalive iB		blem with the identifier associated with derivative image which	customizes the drive. The reason for the t				
		sub-trip as follows:					
	Sub-trip	Reason					
	1	There should be a derivative image in the product but this ha	s been erased.				
247	2	The identifier is out of range.					
	3	The derivative image has been changed.					
	Recommend	led actions:					
	Contact the s	upplier of the drive					
erivative Image	Derivative In	nage error					
	The <i>Derivativ</i> the reason fo	<i>e Image</i> trip indicates that an error has been detected in the d r the trip.	erivative image. The sub-trip number indic				
	Sub-trip	Reason	Comments				
	1 to 52	An error has been detected in the derivative image, contact the supplier of the drive.					
	61	The option module fitted in slot 1 is not allowed with the derivative image					
248	62	The option module fitted in slot 2 is not allowed with the derivative image	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed. The image tasks				
	63	The option module fitted in slot 3 is not allowed with the derivative image	will not run.				
	64	The option module fitted in slot 4 is not allowed with the derivative image					
	70	An option module that is required by the derivative image is not fitted in any slot	Occurs when the drive powers-up or th image is programmed. The image task will not run.				
	71	An option module specifically required to be fitted in slot 1 not present					
	72	An option module specifically required to be fitted in slot 2 not present					
	73	An option module specifically required to be fitted in slot 3 not present					
	80 to 81	An error has been detected in the derivative image, contact the supplier of the drive.					
	Recommend						
		upplier of the drive					
Destination		parameters are writing to the same destination parameter					
199		on trip indicates that destination parameters of two or more fur ing to the same parameter.	nctions (Menus 3, 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) within				
199	Recommend	led actions:					
		m.000 to 'Destinations' or 12001 and check all visible paramet	ers in all menus for parameter write conflic				
Drive Size	-	recognition: Unrecognized drive size					
	The Drive Siz connected.	re trip indicates that the control PCB has not recognized the dr	ive size of the power circuit to which it is				
224	Recommend	led action:					

Trip		Diagnosis									
EEPROM Fail	Default parame	eters have been loaded									
	The EEPROM	<i>Fail</i> trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can the sub-trip number.	be								
	Sub-trip	Reason									
	-	The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed									
	2 1	The CRCs applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that a valid stored in a valid stored in the parameters cannot be loaded	set								
		or the derivative image does not allow the previous drive mode									
	4 T	The drive derivative image has changed									
	5 T	The power stage hardware has changed									
	6 T	The internal I/O hardware has changed									
	7 T	The position feedback interface hardware has changed									
	8 T	5									
31	9 T	The checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed									
	If both banks of conditions given data that has be can only be res value. Recommended • Default the	a in the non-volatile memory. f user save parameters or both banks of power down save parameters are corrupted or one of the o in in the table above occurs EEPROM Fail.xxx trip is produced. If this trip occurs it is not possible to een saved previously, and so the drive will be in lowest allowed drive mode with default parameters. Set if Pr mm.000 (mm.000) is set to 10, 11, 1233 or 1244 or if <i>Load Defaults</i> (11.043) is set to a non- d actions: a drive and perform a reset cient time to perform a save before the supply to the drive is removed	use The								
	If the trip pe	If the trip persists - return drive to supplier									
Encoder 1	-	feedback interface power supply overload									
		trip indicates that the drive encoder power supply has been overloaded. Terminals 13 &14 of the 15 can supply a maximum current of 200 mA @ 15 V or 300 mA @ 8 V and 5 V. d actions:	wa								
189	 Disable the For 5 V end Check the e Replace the 	oder power supply wiring termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption coders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encod encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capabi e encoder ernal power supply with higher current capability									
Encoder 2		· (Feedback) wire break									
	The Encoder 2	trip indicates that the drive has detected a wire break on the 15 way D-type connector on the drive. the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.	Th								
	Sub-trip	Reason									
	1	Drive position feedback interface 1 on any input									
	2	Drive position feedback interface 2 on any input									
	11	Drive position feedback interface 1 on the A channel									
400	12	Drive position feedback interface 1 on the B channel									
190	13	Drive position feedback interface 1 on the Z channel									
	connected fIf wire breat	d actions: t the position feedback device type selected in Pr 03.038 is correct for the position feedback device to the P1 interface on the drive. In detection on the drive encoder input is not required, set Pr 03.040 = XXX0 to disable the Encoder le continuity									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical Elect installation install		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	iagnostics	UL listing information
	Frip					Dia	gnosis					
Enc	oder 3	Phase offse	et incorrect w	hile runnir	ng							
			r 3 trip indicate	feedback o	device whi	ch has caus						only) or
		2	Drive position									
	191	 Check e Ensure t Check tt Check tt For a UV the phase For a SII rotation of Repeat the second seco	ded actions: ncoder shield the encoder ca ne encoder sig ne integrity of /W servo enco se rotation of t NCOS encode of the motor, t the offset mea	able is one gnal for nois the encode oder, ensur he motor er, ensure th he encoder surement t	uninterrup se with an er mechani re that the hat motor r rotates cl	oscilloscope cal mounting phase rotation and increme) on of the UV ntal SINCO:	S connecti	ions are c	orrect and tha		ard
Enc	oder 4	Feedback d	evice comms	s failure								
		message tra	r 4 trip indicat insfer time is t d the encoder.	oo long. Th The feedb	iis trip can ack device	also be cau which has	sed due to v	vire break	in the cor	mmunication of	channel be	
	192	2	Drive positi									
		Ensure tCompletCheck th	ded actions: the encoder po the encoder aut the encoder wi the feedback	o-configura			correct					
Enc	oder 5	Checksum	or CRC error									
			r 5 trip indicate a wire break					ne SSI end	oder is no	ot ready. The I	Encoder 5	trip can
		Sub-trip					Reason					
		1	Drive positi	on feedbac	k interface	1						
		2	Drive position	on feedbac	k interface	2						
	193	 Check th Ensure t shield pi Check th Check th If using a Replace 	ded actions: he encoder ca he cable is on gtails to the ca he encoder sig he comms res a Hiperface, E the encoder	e uninterru onnector bli nal for nois olution sett nDat encoo	pted cable ock se with an ing (Pr 03	- remove ar oscilloscope 035)	2				e the lengt	h of any
Enc	oder 6	Encoder ha	s indicated a	n error								
		The Encode	r 6 trip indicate r 6 trip can als					that the po	ower supp	ly has failed to	o an SSI e	encoder.
		Sub-trip		-			Reason					
	194	1	Drive position									
1		2	Drive position	on feedbac	k interface	2						
		For SSI	ded actions: encoders, che the encoder /		-	•		ng (Pr 03.	036)			

Safety Product information information		Getting Basic started parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics UL listi informa				
Trip				Dia	gnosis								
Encoder 7	Set-up parameter	s for position fee	dback de	vice have cl	nanged								
	The <i>Encoder</i> 7 trip which has caused					dback devi	ice has cł	nanged. Th	e feedback device				
	Sub-trip				Reason								
195		e position feedbac											
155	2 Driv	e position feedbac	k interface	2									
	Recommended ac												
		and perform a save 33 and Pr 03.035 a		ectlv or carr	v out an end	oder auto	-configura	ation (Pr 03	. 041 = Enabled)				
Encoder 8	Position feedbac			···) · ···	,		J		,				
	The <i>Encoder</i> 8 trip which has caused					ations time	e exceeds	s 250 μs. T	he feedback devic				
	Sub-trip				Reason								
	1 Driv	e position feedbac	k interface	1									
196	2 Driv	e position feedbac	k interface	2									
	Recommended acEnsure the end	ctions: coder is connected	correctly										
		Ensure that the encoder is compatible Increase baud rate											
Encoder 9	Position feedback		a option	modulo slo	t which do	s not hav	o a food	aack ontio	n modulo installo				
Encoders	The Encoder 9 trip not valid		-					-					
197	Recommended ad	ecommended actions:											
		Check the setting of Pr 03.026 (or Pr 21.021 if the second motor parameters have been enabled)											
		e option slot select			-	tion modu	le installe	d					
Encoder 12	Encoder could no The Encoder 12 tri		•	•		noodor bu	t the ener	odor tupo i	a not recognized				
				ommunicau	-			ouer type is	s not recognized.				
	Sub-trip			4	Reason								
100		e position feedbac											
162	2 DIV	e position reedbac	K Interface	Z									
	Recommended ad	ctions:											
		der setup paramet											
Encoder 40		he encoder suppo		-	6 4								
Encoder 13	Data read from th The Encoder 13 tri		-	-	-		anao dur	ing outo or	opfiguration No				
	parameters will be number indicate th	modified with the	data read	from the end	oder as a re	sult of aut	o configu	-	-				
	Sub-trip				Re	ason							
	x1	Rotary line	es per revo	olution error									
	x2	Linear cor	nms pitch	error									
163	x3	Linear line	pitch erro	r									
103	x4	Rotary tur											
	x5	Communie											
	x6	Calculatio		•									
	x7	Line delay	measure	d is longer th	an 5 µs								
		c tions: der setup parame he encoder suppo											

			Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Trip	Diagnosis
External Trip	An External trip is initiated
	An <i>External Trip</i> has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip string. See table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038 .
	Sub-trip Reason
	1 External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low
	2 External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low
	3 External Trip (10.032) = 1
6	
	Recommended actions:
	 Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage (on terminals 2 & 6) equals to 24 V. Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminals 2 & 6, equates to 'on'.
	 If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to OFF (0).
	Check the value of Pr 10.032.
	• Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.
	Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms
HF01	Data processing error: CPU address error
	The <i>HF01</i> trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.
	Recommended actions:
HF02	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: DMAC address error
HFV2	The <i>HF02</i> trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has
	failed.
	Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF03	Data processing error: Illegal instruction
	The <i>HF03</i> trip indicates that an illegal instruction has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has
	failed.
	Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF04	Data processing error: Illegal slot instruction
	The <i>HF04</i> trip indicates that an illegal slot instruction has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.
	Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF05	Data processing error: Undefined exception
	The <i>HF05</i> trip indicates that an undefined exception error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive
	has failed.
	Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF06	Data processing error: Reserved exception
	The HF06 trip indicates that a reserved exception error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive
	has failed.
	Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF07	Data processing error: Watchdog failure
	The <i>HF07</i> trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.
	Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF08	Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash
	The <i>HF08</i> trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has
	failed.
	Recommended actions:
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive

	Product prmation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters		tics UL listing information
Trip)						Dia	gnosis					
HF09	9	Data p	rocessing	error: F	ree store o	overflow							
			-09 trip ind	icates that	at a free st	ore overflo	w has occu	red. This trip	indicates	that the	control PC	B on the	drive has
		failed.											
			imended a										
HF1(0		rdware fau										
	0	-	-				/stem error	ror has occu	rred This	trin indica	tes that th	e control	PCB on the
		drive ha	as failed.				ig system en					e control	
			nmended a										
			rdware fau		•	•							
HF11	1	-	rocessing					an failed Th	ia tria indi	aataa tha	t the centr		n the drive
		has fail	•	icates tha	at access to	o the drive	EEPROMI	as failed. Th	lis trip indi	cates tha	t the contro		n the drive
		Recom	nmended a	actions:									
			rdware fau			-							
HF12	2	-	rocessing										
							stack over fl 8 on the drive	ow has occu e has failed.	rred. The	stack can	be identifi	ed by the	e sub-trip
		Sub	-trip		St	ack							
		1	Bac	ckground	tasks								
		2	2 Tim	ed tasks									
		3	B Mai	in system	interrupts			_					
]					
			imended a										
HF13	<u>ہ</u>		rdware fau			•		ducero					
HIF IS	ວ	-	-			-	ble with har	atible with the	hardwar	- This tri	n indicates	that the	control PCB
			•				•	al ID code of					CONTION
			nmended a			-							
		• Re-	-program t	he drive v	with the lat	est versio	n of the drive	e firmware fo	r <i>Digitax F</i>	ID M753			
			rdware fau						0				
HF14	4	-	rocessing		-								
		The HF has fail		icates that	at a CPU re	egister bai	nk error has	occurred. Th	is trip indi	cates tha	t the contro	ol PCB o	n the drive
			nmended a		ant the own	aliar of the	- drive						
HF1	5		rdware fau rocessing			•	eunve						
		The HF	-				has occurre	ed. This trip i	ndicates th	hat the co	ntrol PCB	on the dr	rive has
		failed.											
			nmended a										
	•		rdware fau			•	e drive						
HF10	6		rocessing				occurrod Th	nis trip indica	toe that th	o control	DCB on th	o drivo b	as failed
			mended a				occurred. II	lis trip indica		econtion		e unve n	as lalleu.
					act the our	plior of the	o drivo						
HF17	7		rdware fau			•		ard is out o	fspecific	ation			
		-	-					ol board logic	-		ion. This tr	ip indicat	tes that the
			PCB on th					5					
		Recom	nmended a	actions:									
L		• Hai	rdware fau	lt – Conta	act the sup	plier of the	e drive						

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization Drive Communication SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Trip		Diagnosis							
HF18	Data process	ing error: Internal flash memory has failed							
	The <i>HF18</i> trip indicates that the internal flash memory has failed when writing option module parameter data. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.								
	Sub-trip	Reason							
	1	Programming error while writing menu in flash							
	2	Erase flash block containing setup menus failed							
	3	Erase flash block containing application menus failed							
	Recommended actions:								
	fault - Contact the supplier of the drive.								
HF19	Data process	ing error: CRC check on the firmware has failed							
	The <i>HF19</i> trip indicates that the CRC check on the drive firmware has failed.								
	Recommended actions:								
	 Re-program the drive Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive 								
HF20	Data processing error: ASIC is not compatible with the hardware								
	The <i>HF20</i> trip from the sub-t	indicates that the ASIC version is not compatible with the drive firmware. The ASIC version can be identified rip number.							
	Recommende	ed actions:							
	Hardware	fault - Contact the supplier of the drive							
HF23 to HF25	Hardware fau	lt							
	Recommende	ed actions:							
	If this trip	occurs please consult the drive supplier.							

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
	Trip						Dia	agnosis							
	ictance	Induct	ance meas	suremen	t out of ra	nge or m		ion not dete	ected						
		This tri being a saturat	This trip occurs in RFC-S mode when the drive has detected that the motor inductances are not suitable for the operation being attempted. The trip is either caused because the ratio or difference between Ld and Lq is too small or because the saturation characteristic of the motor cannot be measured. If the inductance ratio or difference is too small this is because one of the following conditions is true:												
			(<i>No-load Lq</i> (05.072)- <i>Ld</i> (05.024)) / <i>Ld</i> (05.024) < 0.1												
			(<i>No-load Lq</i> (05.072) - <i>Ld</i> (05.024)) < (K / <i>Full Scale Current Kc</i> (11.061))H												
		where:	where:												
			Rated vol	tage (11	.033)	К									
		200 V				0.007									
		400 V				0.014									
		575 V				0.017									
		690 V	690 V 0.0209												
		measu applied (11.06	red value o d in the d a 1)).	of Ld doe xis of the	s change s motor in e	ufficiently ach direct	due to satur ion the indu	eured this is to ration to be n ctance must	neasured. fall chang	When ha	If of Rated	Current (05	5.007) is		
			The specific reasons for each of the sub-trips are given in the table below:												
			Sub-trip Reason												
	8	1													
	-	2	2 The saturation characteristic of the motor cannot be measured when the drive has been started in sensorless mode.												
		3	The inductance ratio or difference is too small when an attempt is made to determine the location of the motor flux during a stationary auto-tune in RFC-S mode. This trip is also produced when the inductance ratio or inductance difference is too small when carrying out a phasing test on starting in RFC-S mode. If position feedback is being used the measured value for <i>Position Feedback Phase Angle</i> (03.025) may not be reliable. Also the measured values of <i>Ld</i> (05.024) and <i>No-load Lq</i> (05.072) may not correspond to the d and q axis respectively.												
		4	is init	The direction of the flux in the motor is detected by the change of inductance with different currents. This trip is initiated if the change cannot be detected when an attempt is made to perform a stationary auto-tune when position feedback is being used, or to perform a phasing test on starting in RFC-S mode.											
		Recon	Recommended actions for sub-trip 1:												
		• En	Ensure that <i>RFC Low Speed Mode</i> (05.064) is set to Non-salient (1), Current (2) or Current No test (3).												
		Recon	Recommended actions for sub-trip 2:												
		• En	Ensure that <i>RFC Low Speed Mode</i> (05.064) is set to Non-salient (1), Current (2) or Current No test (3).												
		Recon	Recommended actions for sub-trip 3:												
			one. The tri												
		Recon	nmended a	actions f	or sub-trip	4 :									
								movement o feedback de			ion signals	or absolute	position.		
Inducto	or Too Hot		gen induc				-				-				
		Inducto	or Thermal	Time Co	<i>nstant</i> (Pr (94.015). P	r 04.019 disj	overload ba plays the ind I 9 gets to 10	uctor temp						
	93		nmended a			20 / 102 101									
					nt through	the induct	or has not d	handed							
			sure the R		-		or has not cl t zero.	nangeu.							
I/O O	verload		output ov			,									
		The I/C	Overload	trip indic			rrent drawn following cor	from 24 V us nditions:	ser supply	or from th	ne digital or	utput has ex	ceeded		
	26	• Th • Th	e combine	d maximu d maximu	um output o	current fro	•	mA. and 2 is 100 and +24 V ou) mA					
		• Ch	eck total lo eck contro eck output	l wiring is	correct										

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation		parameters	Diagnostics	information
						•						•		

information information in	stallation Installatio	n started parameters	the motor	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters Diagnostics informa			
Trip			Dia	agnosis						
Island	Island condition	on detected in regen n	node							
		ndicates that the AC m erate. The sub-trip indic			inverter wo	ould be	an 'islanded' power supply if it			
	Sub-trip			Descript	ion					
	1	Island detection syste	m has been enabled	and detecte	d an island	d conditi	on			
160	2	The minimum synchro and been simulating it	•			•	has been below this threshold			
	Recommended	d actions: supply / supply connect	ions to the region dri							
Keypad Mode		en removed when the			oference fi	rom the	keynad			
Keypad Mode	The Keypad Mo	ode trip indicates that th	e drive is in keypad	mode [Refere	ence Selec	<i>tor</i> (01.	014) = 4 or 6 or M2 reference disconnected from the drive.			
34	Recommended	d actions:								
	Change Re	eypad and reset <i>ference Selector</i> (01.01	· ·	rence from ar	nother sou	rce				
Line Sync	-	on to the power suppl	-							
		trip indicates that the in	verter has lost the sy	nchronizatio/	n with the a	ac supp	ly in Regen mode.			
39	Recommended									
		supply / supply connect	- -	ve						
Motor Too Hot	-	t overload timed out (r 05.007) and <i>Motor Thermal</i>			
20	Time Constant will trip on Moto Recommended Ensure the Check the I Gheck the I If seen duri rating of the Tune the R Check feed Ensure the	(Pr 04.015). Pr 04.019 or Too Hot when Pr 04.0 d actions: load is not jammed / sti oad on the motor has n ng an auto-tune test in e drive ated Speed (Pr 05.008) back signal for noise motor rated current is r n be disabled and curre	displays the motor te 19 gets to 100 %. icking ot changed RFC-S mode, ensur (RFC-A mode only) not zero	emperature a	s a percen Rated Curre	tage of t	the maximum value. The drive r 05.007 is ≤ Heavy duty curre g thermal protection mode			
Name Plate	Electronic nan	neplate transfer has fa	ailed							
	reason for the t	e trip is initiated if an ele rip can be identified fro		er.	een the dri	ive and	the motor has failed. The exact			
	Sub-trip			Reason						
		Not enough memory spa Communication with end	•	lansier						
		The transfer has failed								
	_		ored object has failed	d						
176	 4 The checksum of the stored object has failed Recommended actions: Ensure that the device encoder memory has at least 128 bytes to store the nameplate data When writing the motor object (Pr mm.000 = 11000), ensure that the device encoder memory has at least 256 bytes to store all the nameplate data. When transferring between option module and encoder, ensure that the option slot has a feedback option module installed. Check if the encoder has been initialized in <i>Position Feedback Initialized</i> (03.076). Verify the encoder wiring. 									
OHt Brake	-	over-temperature								
101	The OHt Brake thermal model. Recommended	over-temperature trip in d actions:	-				een detected based on softwar			
	Check brak	ing resistor value is gre	ater than or equal to	the minimun	n resistanc	e value				

	IechanicalElectricalinstallationinstallation	Getting Bas started parame	0	r Optimizatio	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostic	s UL listing information			
Trip				D	iagnosis								
OHt Control	Control stage over	er temperature	e										
	This OHt Control t Thermistor location			tage over-te	mperature ha	s been det	tected. Fro	om the sub	o-trip 'xxyzz	ː', the			
	Source	XX	У	ZZ			Descript	ion					
	Control system	00	0	01	Control board	thermisto	r 1 over te	emperature	•				
	Control system	00	0	02	Control board	thermisto	r 2 over te	emperature	•				
23	Control system	00	0	03	Compact brak	e resistor	thermisto	r					
	Recommended actions:												
	 Check enclosu Check enclosu Increase venti Reduce the dr 	 Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly Check enclosure ventilation paths 											
OHt dc bus	DC bus over tem The OHt dc bus tri												
	includes a thermal output current and this parameter rea before tripping. If t Source Control system It is also possible i From this source t	DC bus ripple ches 100 % the he motor does xx 00 n a multi-powe	The estimat en an OHt do not stop in 1 y 2 r module syst	ed tempera bus trip wit 0 seconds t 2z 00 tem for DC t	ture is displayin n sub-trip 200 ne drive trips i DC bus ther bus over-temp	ed as a pe is initiated mmediate mal mode erature to	ercentage I. The driv Iy. Descrip I gives trip be detected	of the trip l e will atten otion o with sub- ed from wit	level in Pr (npt to stop trip 0 thin the pov	07.035. If the motor wer stage.			
	Source	XX	У	zz			Descrip	otion					
	Control system	01	0	00	Power stage	e gives trip	with sub-	trip 0					
27	Control system 01 0 00 Power stage gives trip with sub-trip 0 Recommended actions: • Check the AC supply voltage balance and levels • Check the AC supply voltage balance and levels • Check DC bus ripple level Reduce duty cycle • Reduce motor load Check the output current stability. If unstable; Check the motor map settings with motor nameplate (Pr 05.006, Pr 05.007, Pr 05.008, Pr 05.009, Pr 05.010, Pr 05.011) – (All Modes) Disable slip compensation (Pr 05.027 = 0) – (Open loop) Disable dynamic V to F operation (Pr 05.013 = 0) - (Open loop) Select fixed boost (Pr 05.014 = Fixed) – (Open loop) Select high stability space vector modulation (Pr 05.020 = 1) – (Open loop) Disconnect the load and complete a rotating auto-tune (Pr 05.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Auto-tune the rated speed value (Pr 05.016 = 1) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Add a speed feedback filter value (Pr 03.042) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Add a current demand filter (Pr 04.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Add a current demand filter (Pr 04.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Add a current demand filter (Pr 04.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Check encoder signals for noise with an oscilloscope (RFC-A, RFC-S) Check encoder signals for noise with an oscilloscope (RFC-A, RFC-S)												

		tting Bas rted parame		timization	Drive communication	SD Card Onboard Operation PLC	Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information					
Trip				Dia	gnosis							
OHt Inverter	Inverter over temper	ature base	ed on thermal mo	del								
	This trip indicates that trip indicates which me						oftware thermal model. The sub					
	Source	хх	y zz	: :		Description						
	Control system	00	1 00) Inv	erter therma	l model						
	Control system 00 3 00 Braking IGBT thermal model											
21	 Reduce the select Ensure Auto-switc Reduce duty cycle Increase accelera Reduce motor loa Check DC bus rip Ensure all three in 											
OHt Power	Reduce the brakin Power stage over ter	-										
	location which is indicating the over-temperature is identified by 'zz'. The thermistor numbering is different for a single module type drive (i.e. no parallel board fitted) and a multi-module type drive (i.e. parallel board fitted with one or more power modules) as shown below: Single module type drive: Source xx y zz Description											
	Power system	01	0	ZZ	Thermist		•					
	Power system	01 0 zz Thermistor location defined by zz in the power 01 Rectifier number zz Thermistor location defined by zz in the rectifier										
	Multi-module type system:											
	Source		xx	У	ZZ		Description					
	Power system	power	module number	0	01	U phase power device						
	Power system	power	module number	0	02	2 V phase power device						
	Power system	power	module number	0	03	W phase power	r device					
22	Power system	power	module number	0	04	Rectifier						
22	Power system	power	module number	0	05	General power	system					
	Power system	power	module number	0	00	Braking IGBT						
	Note that the power module that has caused the trip cannot be identified except for the braking IGBT temperature measurement Recommended actions: Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly Force the heatsink fans to run at maximum speed Check enclosure ventilation paths Check enclosure door filters Increase ventilation Reduce the drive switching frequency Reduce duty cycle Increase acceleration / deceleration rates Use S ramp (Pr 02.006) Reduce motor load											

Safety information	Product information													UL listing information	
-	Trip								Diagno	sis					
	DI ac	I	nstan	taneous ou	Itput ov	ver curren	t detected	1	-						
		Т	he ins	stantaneous e trip was ir	drive o	output curre			M_DRI	/E_CUI	RRENT[MA	X]. This t	rip canno	t be reset	until 10 s
				Source		ХХ		У	zz			De	scription		
			Cor	ntrol system		00		0	00		tantaneous				
			Pov	wer system	Pov	ver module	number	0	00	AC	current ex	ceeds VN	1_DRIVE_	CURREN	IT[MAX].
	3	F • •	Recommended actions: Acceleration/deceleration rate is too short If seen during auto-tune reduce the voltage boost Check for short circuit on the output cabling Check integrity of the motor insulation using an insulation tester Check feedback device wiring												
		• • • • •													03.015)
OI	Brake	E	Brakin	g IGBT ove	er curre	ent detect	ed: short	circuit p	otectio	n for th	e braking	IGBT act	ivated		
				<i>Brake</i> trip i ed.This trip							ing IGBT o	r braking	IGBT prot	ection ha	s been
				Source		XX		У		ZZ		D	escriptio	n	
			Po	wer system	Po	wer modul	e number	0		00	Braking IC	GBT insta	ntaneous	over-curre	ent trip
	4	F • •	Ch Ch	nmended a eck brake n eck braking eck braking	esistor resisto	wiring or value is (in or equ	al to the	minimu	m resistan	ce value			
C	DI dc	F	ower	module ov	/er cur	rent detec	ted from I	GBT on	state vo	ltage n	nonitoring				
				<i>dc</i> trip indic where the t											below
				Source		X	¢		У		ZZ				
				ontrol syster		0			0		00				
	109		P	ower systen	n P	ower mod	ule numbe	r	0		00				
		•	Dis Re	mended a sconnect the place the d	e motor rive	cable at th	ie drive en	id and ch	eck the	motor a	nd cable in	sulation v	with an ins	ulation te	ster
OI S	nubber			er over-cu											
1				<i>Snubber</i> tr trip can be	•				ition has	been o	betected in	the rectifi	ier snubbe	er circuit.	The reason
1				Source		xx	У		ZZ				scription		
	92		For a	parallel poved the fault.			Rectifier no		00 er will b		ctifier snubt is it is not p				
1	J-	F	Recom	nmended a	ctions:										
		• • •	En Ch Ch Ch	sure the inte sure the mo eck for sup eck for sup eck the mot tall an outp	otor cab ply volta ply distu tor and	le length d age imbala urbance su motor cab	oes not ex nce ch as noto e insulatio	ching fror on with ar	n a DC c	rive		itching fre	equency		
Option	n Disable	C	Install an output line reactor or sinusoidal filter Option module does not acknowledge during drive mode changeover												
				o <i>tion Disabl</i> as been sto	•		•				-		nat commi	unications	with the
	215	F •	Re	mended tr set the trip he trip persi		place the o	otion modu	ıle							

Safety information		echanical Electrica stallation installatio		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnosti	UL listing information		
1	Ггір					Dia	gnosis							
Out Ph	ase Loss	Output phase	loss detecte	əd										
		The Out Phase	e Loss trip ind	licates that	at phase lo	ss has beer	detected a	t the drive	output.					
		Sub-trip				Rea	ason							
		1	U phase det											
		2	V phase det											
		3	W phase de					to run.						
	98	4	Output phas	e loss de	tected whe	en the drive	is running.							
Over	^r Speed	refers to physic Recommende • Check mot • To disable Motor speed h In open loop m	If Pr 05.042 = 1 the physical output phases are reversed, and so sub-trip 3 refers to physical output phase V and sub-trip refers to physical output phase W. Recommended actions: • Check motor and drive connections • To disable the trip set <i>Output Phase Loss Detection Enable</i> (06.059) = 0 Motor speed has exceeded the over speed threshold In open loop mode, if the <i>Output Frequency</i> (05.001) exceeds the threshold set in <i>Over Speed Threshold</i> (03.008) in eith											
		direction an Ou Over Speed Th threshold is the In RFC-A and	ver Speed trip preshold in Pr en equal to 1.	is production 03.008 in 2 x the va	ced. In RF n either dir alue set in l	C-A and RF ection an O Pr 01.006	C-S mode, i <i>ver Speed</i> tr	f the Spee ip is produ	ed Feedba uced. If Pr	ick (03.002 0 3.008 is) exceeds set to 0.0	the the		
		when the enco								ver Speeu		e produced		
	7	Reduce the	motor is not l e <i>Speed Con</i> ncoder is bein cription relate his is caused	<i>troller Pro</i> ng used s es to a sta if the spe	portional C et Pr 03.04 andard Ove eed is allow	Gain (03.010 47 to 1 er Speed trip)) to reduce b, however in	י n RFC-S n	node it is _l	possible to	produce	an Over		
Ove	r Volts	DC bus voltag	je has excee	ded the p	oeak level	or maximu	m continuc	ous level f	for 15 sec	onds				
		The Over Volts VM_DC_VOLT									rive as sh	iown below.		
		Voltage rati	ng VM_D	C_VOLT	AGE[MAX] VM_D	C_VOLTAG	E_SET[M	AX]					
		200		415			410							
		400		830			815							
		575		990			970							
		690		1190)		1175							
		Sub-trip Ident	ification											
	2	Source	XX	C C	У				zz					
		Control system	00)	0	VM_DC	antaneous tr _VOLTAGE	MAX].		0				
		Control system	00)	0		e delayed tri _VOLTAGE			DC bus vo	oltage is a	bove		
		 Decrease f Check non Check for s 	d actions: eceleration ra the braking re ninal AC supp supply disturb or insulation	esistor val bly level bances wł	ue (staying	cause the D								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters		UL listing information	
1	rip						Dia	ignosis						
Phas	e Loss	Supply	y phase los	s										
		detecte loss is phase before	ed directly fi detected us loss is also tripping unl	rom the sing this detected ess bit 2	supply whe method the d by monite t of <i>Action</i>	ere the drive e drive trip oring the ri On Trip De	ve has a thyi s immediate ople in the D	n input phase ristor base c ly and the x C bus voltag 037) is set to s zero.	harge syst < part of th ge in which	em (Fram e sub-trip case the	ne size 8 a is set to 0 drive atter	nd above) 1. In all siz mpts to sto). If phase zes of drive op the drive	
			Source		XX		У	,			zz			
			ntrol system		00		0				cted from I		-	
		Powe	Power system (1) Power module number Rectifier number (2) 00: Phase loss detected directly from the supply											
	32	phase (2) For	 Input phase loss detection can be disabled when the drive required to operate from the DC supply or from a single obase supply in <i>Input Phase Loss Detection Mode</i> (06.047). For a parallel power-module system the rectifier number will be one as it is not possible to determine which rectifier has 											
			etected the fault.											
			This trip does not occur in regen mode.											
		 Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Re Re Re 	 Recommended actions: Check the AC supply voltage balance and level at full load Check the DC bus ripple level with an isolated oscilloscope Check the output current stability Check for mechanical resonance with the load 											
Dheei			sable the ph											
Phasi	ng Error			-			t phase and	gie in Pr 03.02 !	5 (or Pr 21	020 if the	second m	notor man	is being	
	198	used) i Recon • Ch • Ch • Ch • Pe • Sp the If sens without Recon • En	is incorrect inmended a neck the end eck the end eck the end rform an au urious <i>Phas</i> e over-spee	if positio ctions: coder wir coder sig coder me to-tune sing Errod d thresh rol is bei ctions: e motor	n feedback ing nals for no echanical c to measure or trips can old in Pr 0 ng used th parameter	t is being t oise with an oupling the enco sometime 3.008 to a is indicate s are set-t	ised and the n oscilloscop der phase au s be seen in value greate s that signifi	e drive is una	able to con ually enter lic applicat	trol the m the corre tions. This	otor correc ct phase a s trip can b	ngle into F e disablec	Pr 03.025 d by setting	
Power	Comms							n power, co						
			er Comms to the comms to the common term of the common set of the			municatio	ns problem v	within the po	wer syster	n of the d	rive. The re	eason for	the trip can	
			of drive	х	x	У				ZZ				
	90	-	le power le system	0	1	Rectifier number*	00: Excess	sive commur	nications e	rrors dete	cted by the	e rectifier i	module.	
		detecte Recon	parallel po ed the fault. nmended a Irdware faul	ctions:				vill be one a	s it is not p	oossible to	o determine	e which re	ctifier has	

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor	Optimization Drive communication Operation Operation PLC Data Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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Trip					Diagnosis
Power Data	Power system	m configurat	ion data e	rror	
	The Power Da	a <i>ta</i> trip indicat	es that the	ere is an erro	r in the configuration data stored in the power system.
	Source	XX	У	zz	Description
	Control system	00	0	02	There is no data table to be uploaded to the control board
	Control system	00	0	03	The power system data table is bigger than the space available in the control pod to store it.
	Control system	00	0	04	The size of the table given in the table is incorrect.
	Control system	00	0	05	Table CRC error.
220	Control system	00	0	06	The version number of the generator software that produced the table is too low. i.e. a table from a newer generator is required that includes features that have been added to the table that may not be present.
	Control system	00	0	07	The power board data table does not match the power board hardware identifier.
	Power system	01	0	00	The power data table used internally by the power module has an error. (For a multi-power module drive this indicates any error with the code tables in the power system).
	Power system	system 01 0 01 system on power up has an error.			
	Power system	01	0	02	The power data table used internally by the power module does not match the hardware identification of the power module.
	Decembra				
Power Down Save		fault – Conta	ct the sup	olier of the di	ive
Power Down Save	Hardware Power down	fault – Conta save error			
	Hardware Power down	fault – Conta save error own Save trip			ive has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non-
Power Down Save 37	Hardware Power down The Power Do	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory.			
	Hardware Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory. ed actions:	indicates	that an error	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non-
	Hardware Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory. ed actions: 1001 save in	indicates Pr mm.0	that an error	
37	Hardware Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend Perform a Internal power	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory. ed actions: a 1001 save in er supply fau	indicates Pr mm.0 0	that an error 00 to ensure	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non-
37	Hardware Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend Perform a Internal power	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory. ed actions: 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that	indicates Pr mm.0 It one or mo	that an error 00 to ensure	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up.
37	Hardware Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory. ed actions: 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo	that an error 00 to ensure	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded.
37	Hardware Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip	fault – Conta save error bwn Save trip ory. ed actions: a 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx 00	indicates Pr mm.0 It one or mo	that an error 00 to ensure pre internal p zz	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up.
37	Hardware Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory. ed actions: 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo	that an error 00 to ensure ore internal pr 22 00	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded.
37 PSU	Hardware Power down The Power Do volatile memor Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control system Power system	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory. ed actions: a 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx 00 Power module number	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo y 0 Rectifier number*	that an error 00 to ensure ore internal pr 22 00	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description Internal power supply overload Rectifier internal power supply overload
37 PSU	Hardware Power down The Power down The Power Do volatile memor Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control system Power system * For a paralle	a fault – Conta save error bwn Save trip ory. ed actions: a 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx 00 Power module number el power-modu ault.	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo y 0 Rectifier number*	that an error 00 to ensure ore internal pr 22 00	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description
37 PSU	Hardware Power down The Power down The Power Do volatile memory Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control system Power system * For a paralle detected the f Recommend • Remove a	and the fault – Conta save error bwn Save trip ory. ed actions: a 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx 00 Power module number el power-modu ault. ed actions: any option mo	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo y 0 Rectifier number* ule system dules and	that an error 00 to ensure ore internal pr zz 00 the rectifier perform a re	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description Internal power supply overload Rectifier internal power supply overload number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h set
37 PSU	Hardware Power down The Power down The Power Do volatile memory Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control system Power system * For a paralle detected the f Recommend • Remove a • Remove a	any option moder control	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo y 0 Rectifier number* ule system dules and ection and	that an error 00 to ensure ore internal pr zz 00 the rectifier perform a re perform a re	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description Internal power supply overload Rectifier internal power supply overload number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h set set
37 PSU 5	Hardware Power down The Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control system Power system * For a paralle detected the f Recommend . Remove a . Remove a . Hardware	a fault – Conta save error bwn Save trip ory. ed actions: a 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx 00 Power module number el power-modu ault. ed actions: any option mo encoder conne fault within th	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo y 0 Rectifier number* ule system dules and ection and he drive -	that an error 00 to ensure ore internal pr zz 00 the rectifier perform a re perform a re re turn the dri	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description Internal power supply overload Rectifier internal power supply overload number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h
37 PSU	Hardware Power down The Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control system Power system * For a paralle detected the f Recommend • Remove a • Remove a • Hardware Z4V internal The total user	fault – Conta save error own Save trip ory. ed actions: 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx 00 Power module number el power-modu ault. ed actions: any option mo encoder conne fault within th power supply load of the di	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo y 0 Rectifier number* ule system dules and he drive – y overload rive and op	that an error 00 to ensure the internal pro- zz 00 the rectifier perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description Internal power supply overload Rectifier internal power supply overload number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h set set set ve to the supplier
37 PSU 5	Hardware Power down The Power down The Power Do volatile memor Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control system Power system * For a paralle detected the f Recommend Remove a Remove a Hardware Z4V internal The total user consists of the	a fault – Conta save error bwn Save trip own Save trip own Save trip own Save trip own Save trip ed actions: a 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx 00 Power module number el power-modu ault. ed actions: any option mo fault within the power supply load of the digital	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo y 0 Rectifier number* ule system dules and he drive – y overload rive and op	that an error 00 to ensure the internal pro- zz 00 the rectifier perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description Internal power supply overload Rectifier internal power supply overload number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h set set set ve to the supplier
37 PSU 5	Hardware Power down The Power down The Power Do volatile memo Recommend Perform a Internal power The PSU trip Source Control system Power system Power system * For a paralle detected the f Recommend Remove a Remove a Hardware Z4V internal The total user consists of the Recommend	a fault – Conta save error bwn Save trip own Save trip own Save trip own Save trip own Save trip ed actions: a 1001 save in er supply fau indicates that xx 00 Power module number el power-modu ault. ed actions: any option mo fault within the power supply load of the digital	indicates Pr mm.00 It one or mo y 0 Rectifier number* ule system dules and ection and he drive – I y overload rive and op outputs ar	that an error 00 to ensure the internal pro- zz 00 the rectifier perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re perform a re	has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in non- that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. ower supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description Internal power supply overload Rectifier internal power supply overload number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier h set set set ve to the supplier

Trip		Diagnosis									
Reserved	Reserved trips	-									
Reserved		bers are reserved trip numbers for future use. These trips should not be used by the user application									
01	programs.										
95	Trip Numbe	er Description									
104 – 108	01	Reserved resettable trip									
161, 165-168	95	Reserved resettable trip									
170 – 173 222	104 - 108	Reserved resettable trip									
228 - 246	170 - 173	Reserved resettable trip									
	228 - 246	Reserved non-resettable trip									
Resistance	Measured resis	stance has exceeded the parameter range									
	involving measu higher than the <i>Current Kc</i> (11.0 measurement n then sub-trip 3 i the drive inverte measurement fa	es that either the value being used for motor stator resistance is too high or that an attempt to do a test uring motor stator resistance has failed. The maximum for the stator resistance parameters is generally maximum value that can be used in the control algorithms. If the value exceeds ($V_{FS} / v2$) / <i>Full Scale</i> 061), where V_{FS} is the full scale DC bus voltage then this trip is initiated. If the value is the result of a nade by the drive then sub-trip 1 is applied, or if it is because the parameter has been changed by the is applied. During the stator resistance section of auto-tuning an additional test is performed to measure er characteristics to provide the compensation necessary for dead-times. If the inverter characteristic ails then sub-trip 2 is applied.									
	Sub-trip	Reason									
	1	Measured stator resistance exceeded the allowed range									
33	2	It was not possible to measure the inverter characteristic The stator resistance associated with the presently selected motor map exceeds the allowed ra									
	 presently set Check the r Ensure the 	Check that the value that has been entered in the stator resistance does not exceed the allowed range (for the presently selected motor map) Check the motor cable / connections Check the integrity of the motor stator winding using a insulation tester Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the drive terminals Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the motor terminals Ensure the stator resistance of the motor falls within the range of the drive model									
	 Select fixed Replace the 	I boost mode (Pr 05.014 = Fixed) and verify the output current waveforms with an oscilloscope e motor									
Slot3 Different	1	ace in slot 3 has changed									
		<i>rent</i> trip indicates that the Ethernet interface in slot 3 has changed / not found. The reason for the trip can be sub-trip number.									
	Sub-trip	Reason									
	1	No module was installed previously									
	2	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up menu for this option slot has been									
		changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu. A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this option slot has been									
254	3	changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.									
254	4	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this option slot									
		have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus.									
	>00	>99 Shows the identifier of the module previously installed.									
	>99 Recommended										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information

Trip			Diagnosis						
Slot3 Error	Ethernet inter	face in slot 3 has detected a fa	5						
			nterface in slot 3 on the drive has detected an error. The reason for the tri						
		d by the sub-trip number.							
	Sub-trip	Trip string	Description						
	100	Link Loss	Network link has been lost						
	101	E/IP Timeout	An EtherNet/IP RPI timeout trip has occurred						
	102	E/IP Read Param	Invalid read consistency parameter						
	103	E/IP Write Param	Invalid write consistency parameter						
	104	E/IP Fault	An unexpected EtherNet/IP error has occurred						
	105	Modbus Timeout	The Modbus connection has timed out						
	106	DA-RT Timeout	DA-RX Rx link has timeout						
	107	DA-RT Rx Late	Rx data was received late						
	108	INIT Switch	Ethernet switch initialisation error						
	109	INIT PTP	IEEE1588 (Precision Time Protocol) initialisation error						
	110	INIT DA-RT	Cyclic data initialisation error						
	111	INIT Modbus	Modbus TCP initialisation error						
	112	INIT SMTP	Email (SMTP) initialisation error						
	113	INIT EtherNet/IP	Ethernet/IP initialisation error						
	114	INIT TCP/IP	TCP/IP initialisation error						
	115	Ethernet Failure	Ethernet controller initialisation error						
	116	E/IP PLC IDLE	Ethernet/IP PLC Idle						
	117	Sync Task ORun	Synchronous task overrun						
	118	INIT Param Chann	Parameter channel initialization error						
	119	Link Overload	Too many links to be handled in the same cycle						
	120	Mcast Over Limit	Too many multicast addresses being used						
	121	Init Profinet	Profinet initialisation error						
252	122	Profinet Start	Profinet start error						
	123	Profinet Plug	Profinet failed to load the slots						
	124	Invalid IM	Invalid Identification and Maintenance data						
	125	CPM Watchdog	Profinet cyclic timeout error						
	200	Software Fault	Software Fault						
	201	BG Overrun	Background task overrun						
	202	Firmware Invalid	Firmware is not compatible for the hardware version						
	203	Drive Unknown	Unknown drive type						
	204	DriveUnsupported	Unsupported drive type Unknown drive mode						
	205	Mode Unknown							
	206	Mode Unsupported	Unsupported drive mode						
	207	FLASH Error	Corrupted Non-volatile FLASH						
		Database Init	Database initialization error						
	209 210	File System Init Mem Allocation	File system initialization error Memory allocation error						
	210								
	211	Filesystem Error Config Save	File system error Configuration file save error						
	212	Over Temperature	Option module over temperature						
	213	Drive Timeout	The drive has not responded within watchdog period						
	214	eCMP Comms Error	eCMP communication failure						
	215	TO eCMP Slot1	eCMP communication to slot 1 timeout						
	210	TO eCMP Slot2	eCMP communication to slot 1 timeout						
	217	EEPROM Error	EEPROM Initialisation error						
	Recommende	d actions:							
			tring or from sub-trip number and resolve the error.						
			fault - Contact the supplier of the drive.						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnosti	UL listing information
٦	Trip						Dia	ignosis					
Slo	ot3 HF				t 3 hardwa								
			ot3 HF trip b-trip numb		that the E	thernet int	erface in slo	t 3 cannot op	perate. The	e reason f	or the erro	r can be ic	lentified by
		Sub-	trip					Reason					
		1	The	module ca	ategory ca	nnot be ide	entified						
		2	All th	e require	d customiz	ed menu t	able informa	ation has not	been sup	plied or th	ie tables si	upplied are	e corrupt
		3	Ther	e is insuff	ficient mem	ory availa	ble to alloca	te the comm	s buffers f	for this mo	odule		
		4	The	module h	as not indio	cated that	it is running	correctly du	ring drive I	oower-up			
		5	Mod	ule has be	een remove	ed after po	wer-up or it	has stopped	l working				
2	250	6	The	module h	as not indio	cated that	it has stoppe	ed accessing	drive par	ameters o	luring a dri	ve mode o	change
		7	The	module h	as failed to	acknowle	dge that a re	equest has b	een made	to reset t	the drive pr	rocessor	
		8	The	drive faile	d to correc	tly read th	e menu tabl	e from the m	odule dur	ing drive p	ower up		
		9	The	drive faile	d to upload	d menu tal	oles from the	e module and	d timed ou	t (5 s)			
		10) Men	u table CF	RC invalid								
			nmended										
					terface is i act the sup		,						
Slot3	Not Fitted				t 3 has bee								
		The S/	ot3 Not Fit	<i>ted</i> trip in	dicates that	t the Ethe	rnet interfac	e in slot 3 or	the drive	has been	removed	since the I	ast power-
		up.											
2	253		nmended										
					iterface is i act the sup								
Slot3 V	Natchdog				dog servi								
							met interface	e installed in	slot 3 has	started th	e option w	atchdog fu	inction and
:	251				vatchdog c	orrectly.							
			nmended		act the sup	olior of the	drivo						
Slot A	pp Menu				mization c								
								slot has req	uested to	customize	e the applie	cation mer	nus 18, 19
				•	er indicate	s which of	otion slot has	s been allow	ed to cust	omize the	menus.		
:	216		nmended										
SlotX	Different				of the Appli slot X has			igured to cu	stomize th	e applicat	tion menus	18, 19 an	id 20
SIOLA	Different	•		•		•		ption slot X	on the driv	e is a diffe	erent type t	o that inst	alled when
		param	eters were	last save	d on the dr	ive. The s	ub-trip numb	er gives the					
				for the tr	ip can be io	dentified b	y the sub-tri						
		Su	b-trip					Reason					
					e was insta	•	,						
								ed, but the s been loaded			option slot	has been	
	204 209							ed, but the a			r this optio	n slot has	been
	209 214							been loaded ed, but the se			o monu fo	r this optic	n alat
								eters have b					IT SIOL
		:						sly installed.					
		Recon	nmended	actions.									ı
					sure the co	rrect optic	n modules a	are installed	in the corr	ect option	slots and	re-apply th	ne power
		• Co	onfirm that	the curre	ntly installe	d option n		rect, ensure					
		ре	rform a us	er save in	n Pr mm.00	0.							

	echanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the motor Optimization Drive communication Operation PLC Data Data Data Drive Drive Drive Drive Communication Operation PLC Data Diagnostics UL listing information										
Trip	Diagnosis										
SlotX Error	Option module in option slot X has detected a fault										
202 207 212	The <i>SlotX Error</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive has detected an error. The reason for the error can be identified by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: See the relevant <i>Option Module User Guide</i> for details of the trip										
SlotX HF	Option module X hardware fault										
	The <i>SlotX HF</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot X cannot operate. The possible causes of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip Reason										
	1 The module category cannot be identified										
	2 All the required customized menu table information has not been supplied or the tables supplied are corrupt										
	3 There is insufficient memory available to allocate the comms buffers for this module										
	4 The module has not indicated that it is running correctly during drive power-up										
200	5 Module has been removed after power-up or it has stopped working										
200 205	6 The module has not indicated that it has stopped accessing drive parameters during a drive mode change										
210	7 The module has failed to acknowledge that a request has been made to reset the drive processor										
	8 The drive failed to correctly read the menu table from the module during drive power up										
	9 The drive failed to upload menu tables from the module and timed out (5 s)										
	10 Menu table CRC invalid										
	 Recommended actions: Ensure the option module is installed correctly Replace the option module Replace the drive 										
SlotX Not Fitted	Option module in option slot X has been removed										
203 208	The <i>SlotX Not Fitted</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive has been removed since the last power up. Recommended actions:										
213	 Ensure the option module is installed correctly. Re-install the option module. To confirm that the removed option module is no longer required perform a save function in Pr mm.000. 										
SlotX Watchdog	Option module watchdog function service error										
201 206	The <i>SlotX Watchdog</i> trip indicates that the option module installed in Slot X has started the option watchdog function and then failed to service the watchdog correctly.										
211	Recommended actions: Replace the option module										
Soft Start	Soft start relay failed to close, soft start monitor failed										
	The Soft Start trip indicates that the soft start relay in the drive failed to close or the soft start monitoring circuit has failed.										
226	Recommended actions:										
Stored HF	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Hardware trip has occurred during last power down										
221	The Stored HF trip indicates that a hardware trip (HF01 –HF20) has occurred and the drive has been power cycled. The sub-trip number identifies the HF trip i.e. stored HF.17.										
	Recommended actions:										
	Enter 1299 in Pr mm.000 and press reset to clear the trip										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimizati	on Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
1	Trip						[Diagnosis					
	rray RAM	RAM a	llocation	error				•					
		parame	eter RAM e highest s	than is all	owed. The	RAM allo	cation is c	ivative image c hecked in orde calculated as (r of resulti	ng sub-tri	ip numbers	, and so the	e failure
		P	arameter	size	Value			Paramet	ter type		Value	7	
			1 bit		1000			Vola			0		
			8 bit		2000			User			100		
			16 bit 32 bit		3000 4000			Power-do	wn save		200		
			64 bit		4000 5000								
			04 51		0000								
	227			Sub	-array			Menus		Valu	е		
4	221		ations me					18-20		1			
			ative image					29		2			
			program in					30		3			
			n slot 1 se n slot 1 ap	•				15 25		4			
		-	n slot 1 ap	-				16		6			
			n slot 2 ap					26		7			
			n slot 3 se	-				17		8			
		Option	n slot 3 ap	plications				27		9			
			n slot 4 se					24		10	10		
		Option	n slot 4 ap	plications				28					
Temp	Feedback	Interna	al thermis	tor has f	ailed								
		sub-tri	o number. urce	edback trip indicates that an internal thermistor has failed. The thermistor location can be ider. xx y zz							e identified	by the	
		Contr	ol PCB	00)	0	(01: Control PCB thermistor 1 02: Control PCB thermistor 2 03: Compact brake resistor thermistor					
	218	sy	ower stem	Power n num		0	(00: Temperature feedback provided via power system comm					mms.
			ower stem	01 Rectifier number* Always zero									
		detecte	ed the faul	t.	lule system	n the rectif	ier numbe	r will be zero a	s it is not p	possible t	o determine	e which rec	tifier has
			nmended										
Th Br	rake Res		rdware fai		act the sup	plier of the	eurive						
	lake Nes	The <i>Th</i> overhe	Brake Re	es is initiat	ted, If hard			resistor therma must be disable					
	10	• Ch • Ch		resistor v ng resistor	0		n or equal	to the minimur	n resistan	ce value			
Th Sho	ort Circuit		thermisto	-									
		The Th	n Short Cir	<i>cuit</i> trip in	dicates that			tor connected to ub-trip number.		e is short o	circuit or lov	w impedano	ce i.e.
		Su	b-trip					Sourc	e				
	25		4	Position f	eedback in	terface							
		• Ch	nmended eck therm place mot	istor cont	inuity thermistor								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Trip	Diagnosis							
Thermistor	Motor thermistor over-temperature							
	The <i>Thermistor</i> trip indicates that the motor thermistor connected to the drive has indicated a motor over temperature. The location of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.							
	Sub-trip Source							
24	4 Position feedback interface							
	Recommended actions: Check motor temperature Check <i>Threshold Level</i> (07.048) Check thermistor continuity 							
Undefined	Drive has tripped and the cause of the trip is Undefined							
110	The <i>Undefined</i> trip indicates that the power system has generated but did not identify the trip from the power system. The cause of the trip is unknown.							
	Recommended actions:							
	Hardware fault – return the drive to the supplier							

Safety information Product installation Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optime	imization Drive communication Operation Operation PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing
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Trip	Diagnosis											
User Program	On board user program error											
		The User Program trip indicates that an error has been detected in the onboard user program image. The reason for the tri										
		ified by the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip	Reason	Comments									
	1	Divide by zero										
	2	Undefined trip										
	3	Attempted fast parameter access set-up with non-existent parameter										
	4	Attempted access to non-existent parameter										
	5	Attempted write to read-only parameter										
	6	Attempted an over-range write										
	7	Attempted read from write-only parameter										
	30	The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in the image or the image header version is less than 5.	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed. The image tasks will not run									
	31	The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive.	As 30									
	32	The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed	As 30									
	33	The ID code within the image is not valid	As 30									
	40	The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended	Onboard User Program: Enable (11.047) is reset to zero when the trip is initiated									
	41	Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been assigned.	As 40									
	52	Customized menu table CRC check failed	As 30									
	53	Customized menu table changed	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed and the table has changed. Defaults are loaded for the user program menu and the trip will keep occurring until drive parameters are save									
	80	Image is not compatible with the control board	Initiated from within the image code									
249	81	Image is not compatible with the control board serial number	As 80									
	100	Image has detected and prevented attempted pointer access outside of the IEC task's heap area.										
	101	Image has detected and prevented misaligned pointer usage.										
	102	Image has detected an array bounds violation and prevented its access.										
	103	Image has attempted to convert a data type to or from an unknown data type, has failed and has shut itself down.										
	104	Image has attempted to use an unknown user service function. User program has invoked a "divide" service with a										
	200	denominator of zero. (Note that this is raised by the downloaded image and has therefore been given a distinct error code despite being the same fundamental problem as sub-trip 1.)										
	201	Parameter access is not supported. An attempt to read database other than the host drive.										
	202	Parameter does not exist. Database was host drive but the specified parameter does not exist.										
	203	Parameter is read-only.										
	204	Parameter is write-only.										
	205	Unknown parameter error.										
	206	Invalid bit present in parameter. The parameter does not contain the specified bit.										
	207	Parameter format lookup failed. Failed to get parameter information data.										
	208	An over-range write has been attempted.										

	echanical Electrical Getting Started Basic parameters the motor Optimization Optization Optimiza								
Trip	Diagnosis								
User Prog Trip	Trip generated by an onboard user program								
	This trip can be initiated from within an onboard user program using a function call which defines the sub-trip number.								
96	Recommended actions:								
	Check the user program								
User Save	User Save error / not completed								
36	The User Save trip indicates that an error has been detected in the user save parameters saved in non-volatile memory. For example, following a user save command, If the power to the drive was removed when the user parameters were being saved.								
50	Recommended actions:								
	 Perform a user save in Pr mm.000 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. Ensure that the drive has enough time to complete the save before removing the power to the drive. 								
User Trip	User generated trip								
40 -89	These trips are not generated by the drive and are to be used by the user to trip the drive through an application program.								
112 -159	Recommended actions:								
	Check the user program								
Voltage Range	Supply voltage out of range detected in Regen mode								
	The <i>Voltage Range</i> trip is initiated, if the Regen <i>Minimum Voltage</i> (03.026) is set to a non-zero value and the supply voltage is outside the range defined by <i>Regen Maximum Voltage</i> (03.027) and <i>Regen Minimum Voltage</i> (03.026) for more than 100 ms.								
	Recommended actions:								
169	Ensure the supply voltage is operating within the drive specification.								
	Ensure Pr 03.026 and Pr 03.027 are set correctly								
	 Check the supply voltage waveform using an oscilloscope Reduce the level of supply disturbance 								
	Set Maximum Voltage (03.027) to zero to disable the trip.								
Watchdog	Control word watchdog has timed out								
	The Watchdog trip indicates that the control word has been enabled and has timed out.								
	Recommended actions:								
30	Once Pr 06.042 bit 14 has been changed from 0 to 1 to enable the watchdog, this must be repeated every 1 s or a Watchdog trip will be initiated. The watchdog is disabled when the trip occurs and must be re-enabled if required when the trip is reset.								

Safety Produ information information			Running Optimization Drive communication	SD Card Onboard Operation PLC	Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information		
Table 13-5 Ser	ial communications look up ta	ıble		· I			
No	Trip	No	Trip	No	Trip		
1	Reserved 001	93	Inductor Too Hot	192	Encoder 4		
2	Over Volts	94	Rectifier Set-up	193	Encoder 5		
3	OI ac	95	Reserved 95	194	Encoder 6		
4	OI Brake	96	User Prog Trip	195	Encoder 7		
5	PSU	97	Data Changing	196	Encoder 8		
6	External Trip	98	Out Phase Loss	197	Encoder 9		
7	Over Speed	99	CAM	198	Phasing Error		
8	Inductance	100	Reset	199	Destination		
9	PSU 24V	101	OHt Brake	200	Slot1 HF		
10	Th Brake Res	102	Cloning	201	Slot1 Watchdog		
11	Autotune 1	103	Inter-connect	202	Slot1 Error		
12	Autotune 2	104 - 108	Reserved 104 - 108	203	Slot1 Not Fitted		
13	Autotune 3	109	OI dc	204	Slot1 Different		
14	Autotune 4	110	Undefined	205	Slot2 HF		
15	Autotune 5	111	Configuration	206	Slot2 Watchdog		
16	Autotune 6	112 - 159	User Trip 112 - 159	207	Slot2 Error		
17	Autotune 7	160	Island	208	Slot2 Not Fitted		
18	Autotune Stopped	161	Reserved 161	209	Slot2 Different		
19	Brake R Too Hot	162	Encoder 12	210	Slot3 HF		
20	Motor Too Hot	163	Encoder 13	211	Slot3 Watchdog		
21	OHt Inverter	164	Encoder 14	212	Slot3 Error		
22	OHt Power	165 - 168	Reserved 165 - 168	213	Slot3 Not Fitted		
23	OHt Control	169	Voltage Range	214	Slot3 Different		
24	Thermistor	170 - 173	Reserved 170 - 173	215	Option Disable		
25	Th Short Circuit	174	Card Slot	216	Slot App Menu		
26	I/O Overload	175	Card Product	217	App Menu Changed		
27	OHt dc bus	176	Name Plate	218	Temp Feedback		
28	An Input Loss 1	177	Card Boot	220	Power Data		
30	Watchdog	178	Card Busy	221	Stored HF		
31	EEPROM Fail	179	Card Data Exists	222	Reserved 222		
32	Phase Loss	180	Card Option	223	Rating Mismatch		
33	Resistance	181	Card Read Only	224	Drive Size		
34	Keypad Mode	182	Card Error	225	Current Offset		
35	Control Word	183	Card No Data	226	Soft Start		
36	User Save	184	Card Full	227	Sub-array RAM		
37	Power Down Save	185	Card Access	228 - 246	Reserved 228 - 246		
38	Low Load	186	Card Rating	247	Derivative ID		
39	Line Sync	187	Card Drive Mode	248	Derivative Image		
40 -89	User Trip 40 - 89	188	Card Compare	249	User Program		
90	Power Comms	189	Encoder 1	255	Reset Logs		
91	User 24V	190	Encoder 2				
92	Ol Snubber	191	Encoder 3	255	Reset Logs		

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
					•				•		•		

The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

Table 13-6 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HFxx	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur. If an KI-Keypad is installed it will show the trip, but the keypad will not function.
1	Stored HF trip	{Stored HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> (mm.000) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {Slot1 HF}, {Slot2 HF}, {Slot3 HF} or {Slot4 HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEPROM Fail}	This can only be reset if Parameter mm.000 is set to 1233 or 1244, or if <i>Load Defaults</i> (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
4	SD Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
4	Internal 24V and position feedback interface power supply	{PSU 24V} and {Encoder 1}	These trips can override {Encoder 2} to {Encoder 6} trips.
5	Trips with extended reset times	{OI ac}, {OI Brake}, and OI dc}	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	{Phase Loss} and {Oht dc bus}	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {Phase Loss}. 000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oht dc bus} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

13.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF25} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on Stored HF. The sub-trip code is the number of the original HF trip. Enter 1299 in **mm.000** to clear the Stored HF trip.

Safety informatio		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation		Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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13.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the KI-Remote Keypad display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the first row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the first row. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "Auto Tune and Limit Switch" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

Table 13-7 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Brake Resistor	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
Ind Overload	Regen inductor overload. <i>Inductor Protection</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive</i> <i>Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
Limit Switch	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.

13.7 Status indications

Table 13-8 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0.	Disabled
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active.	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
Run	The drive is active and running.	Enabled
Scan	The drive is enabled in Regen mode and is trying to synchronize to the supply.	Enabled
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected.	Enabled
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated.	Enabled
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking.	Enabled
Position	Positioning / position control is active during an orientation stop.	Enabled
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display.	Disabled
Active	The regen unit is enabled and synchronized to the supply.	Enabled
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled
Heat	The motor pre-heat function is active.	Enabled
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'.	Enabled

 Table 13-9
 Option module and SD Card and other status indications at power-up

	•	•				
First row string	Second row string	Status				
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded				
Drive param	eters are being loade	d from an SD Card				
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded				
User progra	m is being loaded fror	n an SD Card to the drive				
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded				
User progra slot X	m is being loaded fron	n an SD Card to the option module in				
Writing To	NV Card	Data being written to SD Card				
	0	rd to ensure that its copy of the drive e drive is in Auto or Boot mode				
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage				
The drive is after power-	U 1	sor in the power stage to respond				
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module				
The drive is	waiting for the Option	s Modules to respond after power-up				
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database				
At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held by the drive because an option module has changed or because an applications module has requested changes to the parameter structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option						

modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed

13.8 Programming error indications

Following are the error message displayed on the drive keypad when an error occurs during programming of drive firmware.

Table 13-10 Programming error indications

Error String	Reason	Solution
Error 1	There is not enough drive memory requested by all the option modules.	Power down drive and remove some of the option modules until the message disappears.
Error 2	At least one option module did not acknowledge the reset request.	Power cycle drive.
Error 3	The boot loader failed to erase the processor flash.	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive.
Error 4	The boot loader failed to program the processor flash.	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive.
Error 5	One option module did not initialize correctly. Option module did not set Ready to Run flag.	Remove faulty option module.

1	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Drive communication	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	l
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13.9 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr **10.020** and Pr **10.029** inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 13-5 is the value transmitted.

NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a value of 255 in Pr 10.038.

13.10 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help in diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency / speed reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Frequency slaving demand / Final speed ref
03.002	Speed feedback
03.003	Speed error
03.004	Speed controller output
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr **10.037**.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

14 UL listing information

This section is intended to be used in conjunction with the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

14.1 Scope

All models are cUL Listed to Canadian and US requirements. The UL file reference is: NMMS / 7. E171230.

14.2 Applicant and Listee

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd The Gro Pool Road Newtown Powys SY16 3BE UK.

14.3 Manufacturer

Products are manufactured at several sites worldwide. Primary manufacturing site: Nidec Industrial Automation UK Ltd Unit 79 Mochdre Industrial Estate Newtown Powys SY16 4LE UK. The Manufacturing Location Code is: 8D14 **14.4** Model numbers

Model numbers are listed within the 'Ratings' section (Chapter 2 - Product Information) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

14.5 Safety information

Appropriate installation warnings, cautions and notes are located in the Chapter 1 *Safety information* on page 8.

14.6 Adjustments

The *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide* gives details of all safety-relevant adjustments intended for the user. The identification or function of each control or indicating device and fuse is clearly marked in the diagrams in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

Maintenance adjustments are also described in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*. They should only be made by qualified personnel. Clear warnings are provided where excessive adjustment could lead to a hazardous state of the Power Drive System (PDS), Complete Drive Module (CDM) or Basic Drive Module (BDM). Any special equipment necessary for making adjustments is specified and described in the 'Mechanical Installation' (Chapter 3) of the Digitax *HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

14.7 Ratings

The electrical ratings are listed within the 'Ratings' section (Chapter 2 - Product Information) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

14.8 Short circuit current rating

All drives:

5 kA when protected by Listed fuses as specified in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

100 kA when protected by recognized supplemental fuses as specified in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

14.9 Overvoltage category

The Over Voltage Category is OVC III.

OVC III applies to equipment permanently connected in fixed installations (Downstream of and including the main distribution board).

14.10 Input current, fuse ratings and cable sizes

Electrical installation shall be in accordance with the US National Electrical Code, the Canadian Electrical Code and any additional local codes, as required.

The ground (earth) connections and the DC power connections must use UL Listed ring terminals sized according to the field wiring. Only one cable is permitted to be connected to each field wiring terminal.

The recommended cable sizes and fuse ratings are shown in the 'Technical Data' (Chapter 6) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide.*

Opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, the equipment should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC), The Canadian Electrical Code, and any additional local codes.

14.11 Motor cable size and maximum length

The recommended motor cable sizes and maximum length are shown in the 'Technical Data' (Chapter 6) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

14.12 Multiple wiring arrangements

The drives are able to operate from either a single phase or a threephase AC supply.

Additionally, the drives are able to operate from a DC supply with a range from 24 Vdc up to the maximum rated DC supply voltage.

It is possible for the drive to go from operating on a normal line power supply voltage to operating on a much lower supply voltage without interruption. The wiring arrangements are shown in the 'Electrical installation' (Chapter 4) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

14.13 External 24 V supply

An external 24 Vdc supply is required to power the low voltage circuits within the drive. The low voltage circuits are isolated from the live circuits.

The 24 V supply must be protected by a supplemental fuse.

Refer to the 'Electrical installation' (Chapter 4) of the *Digitax HD M75X* Series Installation and Technical Guide.

14.14 Common DC bus systems

Multiple drives can be connected together via a common DC bus. For further details, refer to 'Multi axis system design' (Chapter 5) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	Drive	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	communication	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

14.15 Solid state short circuit protection

Integral solid state short circuit protection is provided. However, this does not provide branch circuit protection.

In the event of a ground (earth) fault within the drive, the input protective devices (fuses or circuit breaker) provide overcurrent protection in the usual way.

All AC drives incorporate solid state short circuit protection. If a ground (earth) fault occurs in the motor circuit, the solid-state protection operates, the inverter trips and all power switches (IGBTs) are switched off within a very short time, typically less than 10 μ s. The total trip time is unlikely to exceed 100 μ s.

In the event of failure of the solid state short circuit protection, one or more of the inverter power devices then fails either open or short circuit. If the failure mode is open-circuit, the fault is interrupted. If the failure mode is short-circuit, the input protection devices (fuses or circuit breaker) clear the fault and open the circuit.

14.16 Motor overload protection

All models incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device.

14.17 Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention

All drives incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device. The protection level is adjustable and the method of adjustment is described in Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 76.

The protection levels are expressed as a percentage of full load current. In order for the motor protection to work properly, the motor rated current must be entered into Pr **00.046** or Pr **05.007**. The motor overload protection levelsmay be adjusted below 250 % (RFC-S/RFC-A) or 165 % (Open loop) if required

The drives are provided with user terminals that can be connected to a motor thermistor to protect the motor from high temperature, in the event of a motor cooling fan failure.

14.18 Enclosure rating

All drives are Open Type.

14.19 Mounting

Drives may be mounted

- Singly
- Side by side
- Stacked one above another when fitted with a rear vent kit

The drives are equipped with a rear vent that allows heated air to be exhausted from the rear of the drive rather than the through the top. This mounting arrangement provides the following benefits:

- Reduction in enclosure size.
- Allow vertical stacking of drives.
- Reduce the need for a secondary enclosure fan.

Refer to the 'Mechanical Installation' (Chapter 3) of the *Digitax HD M75X* Series Installation and Technical Guide.

For compact multi axis installations, the rear venting kit allows drives to be vertically mounted one above the other, where this is the case, a minimum clearance of 100 mm (3.94 in) should be maintained between drives.

A current derating must be applied to the drive if the rear vent kit is installed. Derating information is provided in the 'Technical Data' (Chapter 6) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*. Failure to do so may result in nuisance tripping.

14.20 Operating temperature

The drives are suitable for use up to 40 °C (104 °F) surrounding air temperature. Operation up to 55 °C (131 °F) is permitted with de-rated output. Refer to the 'Technical Data' (Chapter 6) of the *Digitax HD M75X* Series Installation and Technical Guide.

14.21 Pollution degree

Drives are designed for operation in a pollution degree 2 environment or better (dry, non-conductive pollution only).

14.22 Plenum rating

The drives are not suitable for installation in a compartment (duct) handing conditioned air.

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